City of STATESBORO, GEORGIA



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2015

City of Statesboro, Georgia



Prepared by Cindy West, Finance Director and the Finance Department

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2015

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Independent Auditor's: Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*



Introduction

CITY OF STATESBORO

COUNCIL
Phil Boyum
Sam Lee Jones
Jeff Yawn
Travis L. Chance
John Riggs



Jan J Moore, Mayor Robert Cheshire, Interim City Manager Sue Starling, City Clerk

50 East Main Street • P.O. Box 348
Statesboro. Georgia 30459-0348

February 5, 2016

To The Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Citizens of the City of Statesboro:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Statesboro, Georgia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 is submitted herewith. This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department. Responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the report rests with the City's management. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; that the statements and underlying financial data have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

City management's narrative on the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, is included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of this report, immediately following the independent auditor's report. The letter of transmittal is written to compliment the MD&A and the financial statements, and should be read from that perspective and in conjunction with all other CAFR sections.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of Statesboro was created by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia on December 19, 1803. The City operates under the Council/Manager form of government, providing the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets and drainage, community development, community services and general administrative services. The City also operates three public utilities (a water and sewer system and a natural gas distribution system) and provides sanitation collection and disposal services. The City and Bulloch County jointly operate a transfer station for transport of solid waste and an inert landfill.

The City reports a 2015 estimated population of 30,367, which is based upon the July 1, 2015 Statesboro, Georgia Population Data and Demographics. This is less than 1% of the total State of Georgia population. 33.1% of the Bulloch County population lives below the federal poverty level as compared to 18.3% in the State of Georgia. However, this number is impacted by the fact that

20,517 university students, when filling out census forms, do not have significant earned income. Georgia Southern University's Bureau of Business Research and Economic Development in a recent study confirmed that the non-student population has a much higher per capita income than the census for this reason; and, the university student population has a considerable amount of disposable income, though little earned income, as they are predominantly supported financially by parents.

The City of Statesboro is the county seat of Bulloch County, Georgia, located in the southeastern corner of the state. It is included on the southern leg of the Savannah River Parkway, a four-lane connector between Savannah and Augusta. It is located 53 miles west of Savannah, 76 miles south of Augusta, 121 miles east of Macon, 144 miles southwest of Charleston, SC, 168 miles north of Jacksonville, FL, and 199 miles southeast of Atlanta. Statesboro is 10 miles from Interstate 16, and is located on US Highways 301, 80, and 25, and State Routes 73, 46, 67, and 24.

The City is approximately 15.22 square miles with an average elevation of 240 feet above sea level, the terrain being mostly flat. The climate is seasonal, but moderate, with mild winters and warm, humid summers. The average high is 58 degrees in January and 91 degrees in July. The average annual rainfall is 47.0" and the relative humidity is 53% in January and 75% in July.

Statesboro is served by the Heart of Georgia Railway Company and numerous common freight carriers. The City and Bulloch County jointly own the Statesboro Municipal Airport that is located approximately 30 minutes from Interstate 16. It is 45 minutes from the Savannah/Hilton Head International Airport, which is serviced by 5 major airlines. The City of Statesboro also is located approximately fifty miles from the Georgia Ports Authority's Savannah terminal, and is within a reasonable distance of the ports of Charleston, Beaufort, Brunswick, and Jacksonville.

There are three institutions of higher learning located in the greater Statesboro area: Georgia Southern University (GSU) within the city limits, and Ogeechee Technical College, and East Georgia State College located just outside the city on US Highway 301 South. Accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools and Georgia's largest and most comprehensive center of higher education south of Atlanta, Georgia Southern offers more than 121 undergraduate and graduate degree programs through the doctoral level in its nine Colleges. The University's 20,517 students come from 48 U.S. states and 88 nations.

East Georgia State College-Statesboro (EGSC-S) provides students an opportunity to complete college level course work and transfer to another university-level institution or state college to complete their chosen degrees. EGSC-S students are able to take advantage of many of the benefits of Georgia Southern University, including library use, cultural events, campus meal plans, intramural sports, fitness extension facilities, athletic tickets, marching band, and more. Students attending EGSC-S are also eligible to enroll in health and physical education classes through Georgia Southern University.

Ogeechee Technical College is accredited by the Commission of the Council on Occupational Education and adheres to statewide curriculum standards established by the Georgia Department of Technical and Adult Education. OTC offers 110 programs of study including 31 diploma programs, 59 certificate programs, and 20 Associate degrees in conjunction with Georgia Southern University and East Georgia State College. Ogeechee Technical College graduated over 1,100

students in 2015. There are 15 public schools, 3 private and parochial schools, 1 home school association, and 1 charter school in Bulloch County educating the county's 10,342 students. A total of 577 seniors graduated from these schools in 2015.

Statesboro is a leader in health care in southeast Georgia with East Georgia Regional Medical Center, a 150-bed hospital, employing approximately 756 staff and 89 physicians representing a wide range of specialties. The hospital is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, a distinction that is awarded only to those healthcare facilities that maintain the highest standards of quality.

The City is served by 6 local radio stations, WHKN, WMCD, WPMX, WPTB, WWNS and WVGS, and one daily newspaper, the *Statesboro Herald*. In addition, the *Savannah Morning News* reports on the news in Statesboro. Statesboro is covered locally by Northland Cable TV, which is located in the city. Northland Communications allows the City of Statesboro to access channel 96. The City of Statesboro will continue to grant access to GSU and other educational institutions to promote performing arts and our open government efforts. Three television stations in Savannah also cover Statesboro regularly: WTOC (CBS), WJCL (ABC), and WSAV (NBC).

The City has 121.4 miles of roads of which 121.33 are paved. Natural gas is sold to 3,783 customers while water and sewer service is provided by the City to over 13,800 customers with an average daily water consumption of 3.063 million gallons. Statesboro has 194 miles of sanitary sewer and 237 miles of water mains with 1,596 fire hydrants. The City maintains a Class 3 ISO rating with 2 fire stations.

Utilities are provided by the following within the City:

City of Statesboro Water and Sewer, Sanitation and Natural Gas

Excelsior EMC Electricity
Georgia Power Company Electricity

Frontier Communications
Bulloch Rural Telephone
Northland Cable TV
Telecommunications
Telecommunications
Telecommunications

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Statesboro has an economy comprised of an industrial base, a growing university, expanding retail activity, and a regional medical center. The City has a highly diversified economy with several major industries located in the area and is a regional shopping center and health care provider for eight surrounding Georgia counties (Effingham, Screven, Jenkins, Emanuel, Candler, Evans, Tattnall, and Toombs).

The 2015 Statesboro per capita income was \$12,431 or 29.8% of the State of Georgia per capita income. Per capita income is total personal income (including wages, dividends, interest, rent, and government payments) divided by the total population. It is commonly used as an indicator of the quality of consumer markets and the economic wellbeing of a community. As noted above, this figure is actually skewed lower by the high number of university students who do not report earned income, but have considerable disposable income.

The area offers many educational and vocational opportunities that provide a competitive advantage for a strong workforce. The July 2015 unemployment rate was 8.9%, above the State of Georgia at 6.4% and the national rate of 5.3%. Approximately 40% of the Bulloch County civilian labor force is employed by the government sector including one of the City's largest employers, Georgia Southern University. Other government employers include Bulloch County, Bulloch County Board of Education, Ogeechee Technical College, and the City of Statesboro. Major private sector employers in the City include East Georgia Regional Medical Center and Wal-Mart Supercenter.

The City and County are experiencing moderate growth with the City approving 112 new building permits in 2014, and 70 in 2015. The cost of housing in Bulloch County is among the lowest in the nation. The average residential sales price is \$136,300. The median value of owner occupied units was \$136,800.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For The Year. In FY 2015, The Engineering Department expended \$1,567,883 in SPLOST funds to finance drainage improvements, street repaving, street striping and installation and repairs of sidewalks.

SPLOST dollars totaling \$1,116,442 were expended to purchase police vehicles, software for a new records management system, renovations to Fire Station 1 and other fire equipment.

The City's Water and Sewer Department expended \$1,151,560 in SPLOST funds to finance emergency sewer line repairs, emergency well repairs, and water and sewer extensions.

The City's Natural Gas Department expended \$400,749 in SPLOST funds to upgrade meters to a Flex Net Radio read system.

The City expended \$123,807 in SPLOST funds to install Fiber Optic Cable as part of an Economic Development project.

For The Future. Public Safety has budgeted \$1,428,220 for police vehicles and conversions, personal protection equipment, small tools and equipment, and software for a new records management system.

The Water and Sewer Department has budgeted \$1,180,000 for water and sewer rehab projects, extension of water and sewer lines to unserved areas, upgrade meters to a Flex Net Radio read system, replace ultraviolet Disinfection System, and SCADA Equipment.

The Natural Gas Department has budgeted \$1,039,250 for gas system expansion, relocating a natural gas pipeline at Highway 301 North River Crossing, and to upgrade meters to a Flex Net Radio read system.

The Solid Waste Disposal fund has \$318,000 of SPLOST dollars budgeted for equipment replacement.

In FY 2016, landfill closure/post-closure expenses, equipment and air rights in the Wayne County Landfill will continue to be funded by 2013 SPLOST in the amount of \$1,795,833.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal control structure. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, the reliability of financial statements, and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal control structure adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis and reported on the same basis at the fund financial reporting level. However, at the government-wide financial reporting level, these activities are presented on the accrual basis.

The City's enterprise funds account for the cost of services using an "economic resources" measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with the funds are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the proprietary funds.

Budgeting Controls. Budgets have been adopted and appropriated at the fund level for each City governmental fund. Budgetary control is maintained at the line-item level by the rendering of monthly reports of revenues and expenditures. Major variances between budget and actual are reviewed monthly with the City Council on an exceptions basis. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end for budgetary purposes and are subject to reappropriation in the following year.

Long-term Financial Planning. The City of Statesboro maintains a flexible, yet thorough five year capital improvement plan whereby capital needs are identified several years before funding and implementation, to allow adequate time for planning. This plan also provides for the orderly replacement of facilities and equipment. The City's current five year plan has identified \$55,551,391 in projected expenditures through FY 2021. In FY 2016, the City has budgeted \$11,721,720 in projected expenditures, with \$431,169 being funded from the 2007 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax and \$5,782,051 being funded from the 2013 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. The projects funded from the 2007 and 2013 SPLOST include \$1,870,000 in street and drainage projects, \$675,857 for fire equipment and station renovations, \$752,363 for police vehicles, equipment and software, \$1,180,000 for water and sewer projects, \$1,039,250 for natural gas projects, \$295,000 for solid waste equipment, and \$1,795,833 for solid waste disposal projects.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. State law requires annual audits of the accounting records by independent certified public accountants selected by the City Council. This requirement has been met, and the auditor's opinion is included in this report. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the

financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The auditor's examination encompassed the basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Awards. In 2015, the City received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting, A government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This is the eleventh consecutive year the City has received this award.

For the first time, the City participated in the submission of the Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) in addition to the CAFR. In order to receive an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability and reader appeal. The award is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has given an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Also in 2015, the City received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014 from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). This award is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting. It is presented to governments whose budgets adhere to program standards and its attainment represents significant achievement by the organization in providing a budget document that clearly presents financial, accounting, and policy information. In order to receive this award a government must publish a budget document which meets program criteria as a policy document, financial plan, operations guide, and as a communications device. This is the eleventh consecutive year the City has received this award. Both the Certificate of Achievement and the Distinguished Budget award are valid for a period of one year.

Acknowledgments. We wish to express our gratitude and appreciation to the members of the staff of the City of Statesboro Finance Department for their assistance and support in the preparation of this report. We wish to acknowledge the guidance and technical support provided by our independent auditors, Lanier, Westerfield, Deal & Proctor, CPAs.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert Charline

Robert Cheshire

Acting City Manager

Cindy S. West

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Statesboro Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA MAYOR AND COUNCIL

Jan J. MooreMayor



In office since January 2014 Current term expires December 2017

Phil BoyumDistrict 1



In office since 2013 Current term expires December 2017

Gary L. Lewis District 2



In office since January 1998 Current term expires December 2015

William P. Britt District 3



In office since January 2004 Current term expires December 2015

John Riggs District 4



In office since January 2010 Current term expires December 2017

Travis L. ChanceDistrict 5



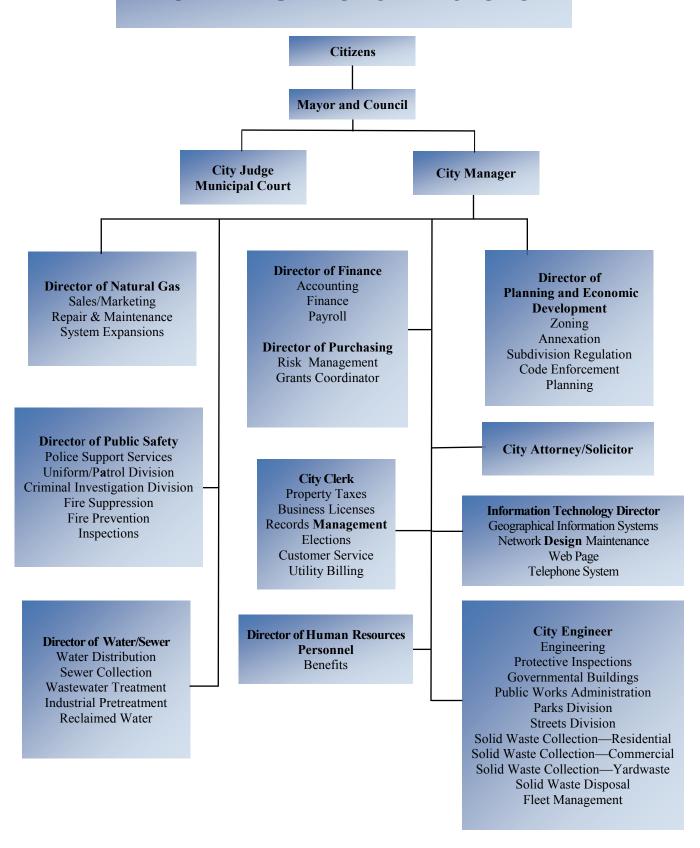
In office since January 2008 Current term expires December 2015

CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA APPOINTED PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

As of June 30, 2015

		LENGTH OF TIME WITH
NAME	POSITION	CITY
Robert Cheshire	Interim City Manager	1 years
Cindy West	Finance Director	18 years
Sue Starling	City Clerk	25 years
Alvin Leaphart	Staff Attorney	3 years
Jason Boyles	Interim City Engineer/Public Works Director	14 years
Wendell Turner	Public Safety Director	22 years
Steve Hotchkiss	Natural Gas Director	24 years
Mandi Cody	Director of Planning & Development	6 years
Wayne Johnson	Water/Wastewater Director	33 years
Bryant Tatum	Information Technology Director	7 years
Jeff Grant	Human Resources Director	5 years

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR THE CITY OF STATESBORO





Financial

LANIER, WESTERFIELD, DEAL & PROCTOR

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
201 SOUTH ZETTEROWER AVENUE
P.O. BOX 505
STATESBORO, GEORGIA 30459
PHONE (912) 489-8756
FAX (912) 489-1243

MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WILLIAM RUSSELL LANIER, CPA JOSEPH S. WESTERFIELD, CPA RICHARD N. DEAL, CPA, CGMA KAY S. PROCTOR, CPA, CFE, CGMA LEE ANN LANE, CPA JENNIFER GROOMS, CPA WILLIAM BLAKE BLOSER, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Statesboro, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Statesboro, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Statesboro, Georgia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Statesboro Fire Service Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1-F to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2015, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Statesboro, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, schedule of SPLOST expenditures, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of SPLOST expenditures are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of SPLOST expenditures are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Statesboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Statesboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lanier, Westerfield, Oool + Yrotor

Statesboro, GA February 5, 2016



Management's Discussion and Analysis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the City of Statesboro, Georgia's (the City's) annual financial report, the City's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City had total net position (assets exceeded liabilities) of \$84,417,143 at 2015 fiscal year-end. That is \$7,471,527 or 9.7%, higher than the total net position of \$76,945,616 at 2014 fiscal year-end. Fiscal year 2013 had seen a \$4,137,245 or 5.7%, increase in total net position.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Capital assets, net of related debt, of \$73,421,094 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets. The figure for fiscal year 2014 was \$67,405,136. That is an increase of \$6,015,458 or 8.9%. There was an increase of \$7,220,969 or 12% for fiscal year 2014.
 - (2) Net position of \$5,976,041 is restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations. That is \$498,574 or 7.7%, less than the fiscal year 2014 amount of \$6,474,615. That was \$1,122,124 (or 14.8%) less than fiscal year 2013's \$7,596,739.
 - (3) Unrestricted net position of \$5,020,008 represents the portion available to maintain the City's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors. This is a \$1,954,143(or 63.7%) increase over the fiscal year 2014 total of \$3,065,865. That amount was a \$1,961,600 (or 39%) decrease over fiscal year 2013's figure of \$5,027,465. FY 2013 had seen a \$1,405,641 (or 11.8%) increase over FY 2012's amount. In fiscal year 2015, unrestricted net position for business-type activities increased by \$1,384,545 or 40.8%. The unrestricted net position for the governmental activities in fiscal year 2015 increased by \$569,598 or 173.3%.
- The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$6,511,472, compared to \$6,483,513 in fiscal year 2014. This is a \$27,959 (or .4%) increase. The fiscal year 2014 ending fund balance for governmental funds showed a decrease of \$869,502 (or 11.8%).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,387,427. That compares to \$614,769 for fiscal year 2014 and \$313,505 for fiscal year 2013.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the government-wide statement of net position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as

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diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by sales and property taxes from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, and public works. Business-type activities include the natural gas distribution system, the water and wastewater systems, and the solid waste collection and disposal systems.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 13 & 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all other (non-major) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The City has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 15-21 of this report.

Individual fund information for non-major governmental funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

2. Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City's proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. These enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization for gas, water and wastewater utilities; and for solid waste collection and disposal systems.

The basic enterprise fund financial statements are presented on pages 22-25 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 26 of this report.

Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying note disclosures, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget presentations and information on its pension plan. The budgetary comparison statement is included as a basic financial statement for the General Fund and the Statesboro Fire Service Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules for all other governmental funds can be found in a later section of this report. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget. During the fiscal year, the Mayor and City Council adopted by resolution four budget amendments, or revisions, to the original budget resolution.

As discussed, the City reports major funds in the basic financial statements. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in this section of this report beginning on page 55.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The City's net position at fiscal year 2015 was \$84,417,143, compared to the fiscal year 2014 figure of \$76,945,616. The following table provides a summary of the City's net position:

Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities					Business-typ	e Act	ivities	Total				
	2015 2014			2015	2014	2015	2014						
Assets:													
Current assets	\$	10,353,335	\$	8,712,057	\$	8,195,778	\$	6,868,249	\$ 18,549,113	\$	15,580,306		
Capital assets		28,969,977		27,385,359		60,220,272		56,081,488	89,190,249		83,466,847		
Other Noncurrent assets		520,951		-		4,461,951		4,722,522	4,982,902		4,722,522		
Total Assets		39,844,263		36,097,416		72,878,001		67,672,259	112,722,264		103,769,675		
Deferred Outflows of Revenues		379,207		-		146,625		-	525,832				
Liabilities:													
Current liabilities		3,513,883		2,051,581		2,848,779		2,656,239	6,362,662		4,707,820		
Long-term liabilities		3,576,819		3,446,952		17,956,546		18,669,287	21,533,365		22,116,239		
Total Liabilities		7,090,702		5,498,533		20,805,325		21,325,526	27,896,027		26,824,059		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		674,230		-		260,696		-	934,926				
Net Position:													
Net Investment in													
capital assets		27,032,739		25,244,149		46,388,355		42,160,987	73,421,094		67,405,136		
Restricted		5,184,794		5,683,327		791,247		791,288	5,976,041		6,474,615		
Unrestricted		241,005		(328,593)		4,779,003		3,394,458	5,020,008		3,065,865		
Total net position	\$	32,458,538	\$	30,598,883	\$	51,958,605	\$	46,346,733	\$ 84,417,143	\$	76,945,616		

The current ratio divides the current assets by the current liabilities, and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. For fiscal year 2015, the current ratio for governmental activities is 2.9 and 2.9 for business type activities. For fiscal year 2014, the current ratio for governmental activities was 4.2 and for business type activities 2.6. For the City, overall, the current ratio for fiscal year 2015 is 2.9, compared to 3.3 for fiscal year 2014. For fiscal year 2013, the current ratio for governmental activities was 4.2 and for business type activities 3.1.

Net position for fiscal year 2015 increased by \$1,859,655 for governmental activities, and increased by \$5,611,872 for business-type activities. Net position for fiscal year 2014 decreased by \$153,345 for governmental activities and increased by \$4,290,590 for business type activities.

Note that in fiscal year 2015, 83.3%, and in fiscal year 2014, 82.5% of the governmental activities' net position were invested in capital assets. On the business type activities, the City has spent 89.3% of its net position in fiscal year 2015, and 91% in fiscal year 2014 on capital assets. This is not unusual, as the business type activities are primarily utilities, which are very capital-intensive

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Ending net position

operations. Expansion of these systems is necessary for the continued growth of the City and for its financial position, as these utility systems generate considerable revenues for all the City's operations. 87.0% in fiscal year 2015, and 87.6% in fiscal year 2014 of the City's total net position were included in capital assets.

The following table provides a summary of the changes in net position, with comparative data for both fiscal years 2015 and 2014:

		2015	nary of Changes in	rect I osmon	2014							
	Governmental	Business		Percentage	Governmental	Business		Percentage				
	Activities	Activities	Total	of Total	Activities	Activities	Total	of Total				
Revenues:												
Program:												
Charges for services	\$ 3,562,310	\$ 21,507,346	\$ 25,069,656	58%	\$ 3,551,658	\$ 20,383,519	\$ 23,935,177	58%				
Operating grants	25,181	-	25,181	0%	50,339	-	50,339	0%				
Capital grants and contributions	5,967,791	2,696,272	8,664,063	20%	4,569,169	3,656,562	8,225,731	20%				
General:												
Taxes	9,296,695	-	9,296,695	22%	8,842,161	-	8,842,161	21%				
Other	103,482	60,273	163,755	0%	(22,549)	269,588	247,039	1%				
Total revenues	18,955,459	24,263,891	43,219,350	100%	16,990,778	24,309,669	41,300,447	100%				
Program Expenses:												
General government	1,590,793	-	1,590,793	5%	2,095,218	-	2,095,218	6%				
Municipal court	567,015	-	567,015	2%	565,829	-	565,829	2%				
Public safety	10,146,941	-	10,146,941	28%	9,607,582	-	9,607,582	26%				
Public works	3,016,792	-	3,016,792	8%	3,047,404	-	3,047,404	8%				
Community development	727,449	-	727,449	2%	941,487	-	941,487	2%				
Parks and cemetries	443,169	-	443,169	1%	459,438	-	459,438	1%				
Engineering	411,919	-	411,919	1%	316,680	-	316,680	1%				
Planning and zoning	374,778	-	374,778	1%	380,512	-	380,512	1%				
Community services	297,890	-	297,890	1%	281,110	-	281,110	1%				
Interest	24,249	-	24,249	0%	51,909	-	51,909	0%				
Water and sewer	-	8,803,477	8,803,477	25%	-	8,795,084	8,795,084	24%				
Reclaimed water system	-	40,145	40,145	0%	-	23,748	23,748	0%				
Gas	-	3,551,858	3,551,858	10%	-	4,273,768	4,273,768	11%				
Solid waste collection	-	2,793,705	2,793,705	8%	-	2,612,595	2,612,595	7%				
Solid waste disposal		2,956,029	2,956,029	8%		3,710,838	3,710,838	10%				
Total expenses	17,600,995	18,145,214	35,746,209	100%	17,747,169	19,416,033	37,163,202	100%				
Excess (deficiency)	1,354,464	6,118,677	7,473,141		(756,391)	4,893,636	4,137,245					
Transfers	506,355	(506,355)			603,046	(603,046)						
Change in net position	1,860,819	5,612,322	7,473,141		(153,345)	4,290,590	4,137,245					
Prior period adjustment	(1,164)	(450)	(1,614)		-	-	-					
Beginning net position	30,598,883	46,346,733	76,945,616		30,752,228	42,056,143	72,808,371					

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Bulloch County (including the City of Statesboro) is one of only eight counties out of 159 in Georgia that do not receive any of the 1% Local Option Sales Tax (LOST). A local Constitutional Amendment was passed by the Georgia General Assembly in the 1981 Session (Georgia Laws, 1981, p. 1931) which called for a referendum on the question of whether or not the local option sales tax should go to the Bulloch County Board of Education, with a dollar for dollar reduction in the school property tax. (Boards of Education in Georgia are limited to a maximum millage rate of 20.) The referendum passed on November 2, 1982. Since that time, this money has gone to the Board of Education. Since most Georgia counties and cities negotiate a formula to distribute this sales tax among the county and city governments in that county, this puts both the City of Statesboro and Bulloch County government at a distinct disadvantage relative to almost all the other cities and counties in the state. It means that we have to rely more heavily on the local property tax and user fees than these other cities and counties. For example, if the City and County had equally split this approximately \$10,393,589 in local option sales taxes in fiscal year 2015, the City would have had \$5,196,794 in additional revenue. That is more than the City collected in property taxes. In effect, the City could have done away with its property tax levy totally if not for this local legislation and referendum in the early 1980's.

However, the City of Statesboro and Bulloch County (and the other cities in the county) do share the proceeds of a 1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST), which has passed referendums in both 2006 for a six-year term and in 2012 (beginning collections in 2013) for a six-year term. In fiscal year 2015, sales taxes of \$5,504,731 out of \$18,955,459 in total governmental funds revenues, or 29.0%, were received from the 2013 SPLOST. \$1,213,318 in 2007 SPLOST funds, and \$1,983,637 in 2013 SPLOST funds was transferred to the business-type funds for capital projects (water and sewer, gas and solid waste collection and disposal systems). Similarly, in fiscal year 2014, \$4,247,118 in sales taxes represented 24.9% of the \$17,080,784 in governmental funds revenues.

The City is heavily reliant on taxes to support governmental activities operations. In total, taxes make up 49% of revenues as compared to 52% in fiscal year 2014. Property taxes provided \$4,432,213 or 23.4% of the City's total governmental activities revenue as compared to 24.3% in fiscal year 2014.

Also, note that program revenues covered 54.3% in fiscal year 2015, and 46% in fiscal year 2014 of governmental operating expenses. This means that the government's taxpayers and the City's other general revenues funded the remaining 45.7% in fiscal year 2015, and 54% in fiscal year 2014 of the governmental activities. As this document, the general economy and the local businesses have a major impact on the City's revenue streams.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

The public safety function comprises 57.7% of the City's total governmental activity expenses and 28.4% of the total City expenses in fiscal year 2015. In fiscal year 2014, the figures were 54.1% and 25.9% respectively. In fiscal year 2015, general government totaled 9.0% of the total governmental activity expense, and 4.5% of the total City expenses. In fiscal year 2014, general government totaled 11.8% of the total governmental activity expenses, and 5.6% of the total City expenses. Of the total \$17.6 million of governmental expenses, depreciation is 12.4% of that total. In fiscal year 2014, the numbers were \$17.7 million and 12.3% respectively.

The following table presents the cost of each of the City's programs, including the net costs (i.e., total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net costs illustrate the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

		Governme	ntal A	Activities					
		20	15		2014				
		otal Cost of	1	Net Cost of	Total Cost of]	Net Cost of		
		Services		Services	Services		Services		
General Government	\$	1,590,793	\$	870,881	\$ 2,095,218	\$	1,328,608		
Municipal Court		567,015		567,015	565,829		565,829		
Public Safety		10,146,941		6,860,713	9,607,582		6,344,827		
Public Works		3,016,792		(1,892,663)	3,047,404		(813,191)		
Community Development		727,449		439,217	941,487		847,229		
Parks and Cemeteries		443,169		443,169	459,438		459,438		
Engineering		411,919		307,304	316,680		274,059		
Planning and Zoning		374,778		127,938	380,512		236,185		
Community Services		297,890		297,890	281,110		281,110		
Interest		24,249		24,249	51,909		51,909		
Total	\$	17,600,995	\$	8,045,713	\$ 17,747,169	\$	9,576,003		

For fiscal year 2015 and 2014, all functions required a subsidy from general revenues except for public works. In fiscal year 2015 and 2014, \$4,446,394 and \$3,581,680, respectively, in SPLOST revenue received from the County was included in program revenue for public works.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Revenues vs. Expenses

For fiscal year 2013, operating revenues for utility funds were 10.9% higher than 2012 and operating expenses were 7.5% higher than fiscal year 2012. Within the total business type activities of the City, these activities reported \$2,873,872 in operating income, or an increase of 36.5% compared to fiscal year 2012. After transfers in and out between other funds, these funds reported a gain of \$5,419,524 or an increase of \$4,503,520, compared to fiscal year 2012. The primary reason for this increase was a \$3,279,667 increase in transfers from the 2007 SPLOST fund for capital projects.

For fiscal year 2014, operating revenues for utility funds were 1.6% higher than 2013 and operating expenses were 8.6% higher than fiscal year 2013. Within the total business type activities of the City, the activities reported \$1,716,733 in operating income, or a decrease of 40.3% compared to fiscal year 2013. After transfers in and out between other funds, these funds reported a gain of \$4,292,780 or a decrease of \$1,126,744, compared to fiscal year 2013. The primary reason for this decrease was a \$2,454,271 decrease in transfers from the 2007 and 2013 SPLOST funds for capital projects.

For fiscal year 2015, operating revenues for utility funds were 5.4% higher than 2014 and operating expenses were 6.2% lower than fiscal year 2014. Within the total business type activities of the City, the activities reported \$3,987,893 in operating income, or an increase of 132.3% compared to fiscal year 2014. After transfers in and out between other funds, these funds reported a gain of \$5,529,827 or an increase of \$1,237,047, compared to fiscal year 2014. The primary reason for this increase was a \$499,690 increase in transfers from the 2007 and 2013 SPLOST funds for capital projects.

Each specific fund reported the following operating income or loss:

		2015			2014	14		
	Amo	ount	Percent Change	Am	ount	Percent Change		
Water and Sewer Fund	\$	2,236,668	99.8%	\$	1,119,568	(20.3)%		
Reclaimed Water/Sewer Fund	\$	3,415	141.6%	\$	(8,205)	(354.0)%		
Gas Fund	\$	1,681,520	20.1%	\$	1,400,536	(0.7)%		
Solid Waste Collection Fund	\$	705,284	(-11.1)%	\$	793,039	(6.5)%		
Solid Waste Disposal Fund	\$	(638,994)	59.8%	\$	(1,588,205)	(100.4)%		

The operating income for the water and sewer fund increased by 99.8% in fiscal year 2015. This is primarily due to an increase in both water and sewer charges from three new apartment complexes built during the previous fiscal year. Also, tap fees were higher due to another apartment complex built in FY 2015.

The gas fund's operating income for fiscal year 2015 increased by 20.1% from the prior year. The cost of Natural Gas was less than the previous years resulting in larger gross profits for the gas fund.

The solid waste collection fund's operating income decreased by 11.1% from 2014.

Finally, the solid waste disposal fund's operating loss decreased by 59.8% from fiscal year 2014. The revenues do not cover all expenses, and SPLOST Funds is therefore used to make up the difference.

The City transfers resources from its enterprise funds to the general fund for the following reasons:

• Since the City does partial indirect cost allocation, the transfers help cover the General Fund's indirect costs that could be charged to the enterprise funds as indirect costs. These costs include the various staff divisions, such as personnel, finance, purchasing, and records, as well as part of the City Manager's time.

- If these enterprise funds were privately owned, the City would be entitled to a franchise fee equal to 5% of the gross revenues, similar to CATV, electricity, or telephone service providers. These transfers offset some of these costs.
- If these enterprise funds were privately owned, the City would be entitled to property taxes on the property in service, net of
 accumulated depreciation, similar to CATV, electricity, or telephone service providers. These transfers are made in lieu of
 property taxes.
- If these enterprise funds were privately owned, their approved rate tariffs would include a reasonable return on shareholder equity. Since the City's taxpayers are in fact the investors who started and financed these operations, they are being rewarded with a comparable return on equity in the form of lower property taxes. This return can be made while still maintaining retail rates that are at or below the surrounding market prices offered by private utility companies. For example, the City's natural gas system rates are considerably lower than any investor-owned utility or private gas marketer in our geographic area.
- Hosting a sizable regional university, as well as being the county seat, results in a considerable amount of state and county property not being subject to property taxation. However, services such as police, fire, street repair and cleaning, and traffic signalization must be provided and expanded as needed, and must be funded from general revenues. Transfers from the enterprise funds help offset this burden, while sharing it more equitably among all citizens and institutions.

The solid waste disposal fund recognized a transfer in from the 2013 SPLOST fund of \$1,327,745 in fiscal year 2015, which was used for the purchase of landfill space (air rights) in the Wayne County Solid Waste Landfill, for post-closure costs for our Lakeview Landfill, and equipment for the Transfer Station.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$6,511,472 in fiscal year 2015, compared to \$6,483,513 in fiscal year 2014, and \$7,353,015 in fiscal year 2013. Of these year-end totals, \$5,115,811 (or 78.6%) in fiscal year 2015 and \$6,029,375(or 93%) in fiscal year 2014 was restricted for specific purposes and not available for continuing city service requirements.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show an increase in fiscal year 2015 of \$27,959 or .4% compared to a decrease in fiscal year 2014 of \$869,502 or 11.8%. The fiscal year 2014 decrease is primarily the result of 2007 SPLOST and 2013 SPLOST Funds being spent on road projects, water and sewer projects, and other various capital projects.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$842,867 in fiscal year 2015. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$252,717 in fiscal year 2014, and increased by \$45,065 in fiscal year 2013 and increased by \$320,941 in fiscal year 2012.

Total taxes for the general fund were \$8,529,214, or 4.7% higher than in fiscal year 2014. Total property taxes in fiscal year 2015 were \$4,438,796 compared to \$4,159,037 in fiscal year 2014. In fiscal year 2014, total taxes were \$8,142,460, or 2.8% higher than the \$7,918,039 in fiscal year 2013.

The general fund's total expenditures increased by \$43,640 in fiscal year 2015 compared to an increase of \$6,592 in fiscal year 2014.

The General Fund's ending unassigned fund balance of \$1,387,427 represents the equivalent of 9.9% of the \$14,028,099 in annual expenditures and transfers out budgeted for the next fiscal year. The City's overall cash flow varies little from month to month. The only real peak is in the December-February timeframe, when property taxes become due, then delinquent. The reason for this is that the utility revenues are consistent on a monthly basis, and other General Fund revenues come in during months when property taxes do not. Given this relatively stable cash flow environment, the City has set a target for unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of 17% of the next fiscal year's budgeted General Fund expenditures and transfers out. This provides more than adequate cash flow to

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handle these monthly fluctuations, while providing a cushion against any major unexpected events. The unassigned fund balance is at 9.9%, below the 17% target set for unassigned fund balance. The governing body has adopted a conservative General Fund budget for fiscal year 2016, and should begin replenishing this fund balance to a level equal to the targeted amount over an anticipated five-year period.

The Statesboro Fire Service Fund was created in fiscal year 2008. This fund accounts for the operations of the Statesboro Fire Department, which serves all the citizens of Statesboro and county citizens within the five-mile fire district. This fund had a fund balance of \$594,713 at year-end compared to \$774,496 at the end of fiscal year 2014. This represents a \$179,783 or 23.2% decrease.

The 2007 SPLOST fund's ending restricted fund balance was \$1,221,130 for fiscal year 2015.

The 2013 SPLOST fund's ending restricted fund balance was \$2,746,085 for fiscal year 2015. This is an increase of \$2,017,912 over fiscal year 2014. The reason is the City began receiving 2013 SPLOST funds mid-year of fiscal year 2014. Also, the City was spending the 2007 SPLOST for major roads and water and sewer projects.

The Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. Each of the fund statements give detailed information about their financial condition.

Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund – Overall, the City recognized revenues equal to 104.8% of budgeted revenues in the final appropriated budget. The total expenditure budget was increased through budget amendments by \$220,092. Overall, the City recognized expenditures equal to \$342,891 less than, or 97.1% of budgeted expenditures in the final appropriated budget. In summary, the budget was underspent by 2.9% while revenue estimates were 4.8% over.

On the revenue side of the budget, automobile taxes came in \$165,177 more than budgeted. Franchise fees came in \$60,631 less than budgeted. Property taxes came in \$362,419 more than budgeted. Licenses and permits came in \$56,340 more than budgeted. Charges for services came in \$70,375 less than budgeted. Fines and Forfeitures came in \$41,571 more than budgeted. In total, General Fund revenues came in \$502,504 more than the budgeted amount.

On the expenditure side, the Governing Body, City Manager's Office, City Clerk, Human Resources, Police, Engineering and Planning and Zoning costs were considerably below the budgeted amounts. Overall, the General Fund expenditures were \$342,891 less than budgeted.

Fund Balance was budgeted to increase by \$1,509. However, the fund balance increased by \$842,867 which was \$841,358 more than budgeted.

The fiscal year 2016 Budget for the General Fund has used very conservative revenue projections to build the fund balance as discussed earlier.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental (including the fleet management internal service fund) and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015 was \$28,969,977 and \$60,220,272 respectively, for a total of \$89,190,249. That compares to fiscal year 2014 numbers of \$27,385,359 and \$56,081,488 respectively, for a total of \$83,466,847. The fiscal year 2015 totals in this net investment were a 5.8% increase for governmental and a 7.4% increase for business-type activities. The overall increase was 6.9% for the City as a whole. See Note 3D for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

	Capital Assets												
	Governmental Activities					Business Activities				Total			
		2015	2014			2015		2014		2015		2014	
Non-depreciable assets:													
Land	\$	1,643,316	\$	1,636,113	\$	554,410	\$	554,410	\$	2,197,726	\$	2,190,523	
Construction in progress		1,954,527		750,054		11,906,632		9,399,991		14,611,213		10,150,045	
Total non-depreciable		3,597,843		2,386,167		12,461,042		9,954,401		16,808,939		12,340,568	
Depreciable assets:													
Buildings		15,323,557		14,929,430		2,905,109		2,896,959		18,228,666		17,826,389	
Improvements other than buildings		808,548		769,284		70,342,653		67,690,875		71,151,201		68,460,159	
Machinery, equipment and furniture		12,581,840		11,618,280		14,528,185		13,371,828		27,110,025		24,990,108	
Infrastructure		17,568,395		16,559,084		-				17,568,395		16,559,084	
Total depreciable assets		46,282,340		43,876,078		87,775,947		83,959,662		134,058,287		127,835,740	
Less accumulated depreciation		20,910,206		18,876,886		40,016,717		37,832,575		60,926,923		56,709,461	
Book value - depreciable assets		25,372,134		24,999,192		47,759,230		46,127,087		73,131,364		71,126,279	
Percentage depreciated		45%		43%		46%		45%		45%		44%	
Total Capital Assets	\$	28,969,977	\$	27,385,359	\$	60,220,272	\$	56,081,488	\$	89,940,303	\$	83,466,847	

At June 30, 2015, the depreciable capital assets for governmental activities were 45% depreciated. This percentage is higher than the fiscal year 2014 amount of 43%.

The major increase in capital assets in fiscal year 2015 was several road and drainage projects, the acquisition of vehicles and equipment for the police and streets department, and the fire station construction project using SPLOST proceeds.

In the City's business type activities, 46% of the asset values were depreciated at June 30, 2015 and 45% at June 30, 2014. The major increase in capital assets in fiscal year 2015 was the construction of several water and sewer and gas fund projects and the purchase of solid waste collection equipment.

Long-term Debt

In fiscal year 2012, the capital leases decreased by \$287,044, the bonded debt decreased by \$462,575, and the notes payable decreased by \$95,394. Combined, this represented a decrease in long-term debt of \$845,013.

In fiscal year 2013, the capital leases increased by \$1,260,012, primarily from financing a \$1,500,000 aerial fire truck purchase. The bonded debt decreased by \$477,575 and the notes payable decreased by \$179,630. Combined, this represented an increase in long-term debt of \$602,807.

In fiscal year 2014, the capital leases decreased by \$470,529, the bonded debt decreased by \$487,575 and the notes payable decreased by \$187,035. Combined, this represented a decrease in long-term debt of \$1,145,139.

In fiscal year 2015, the capital leases decreased by \$203,972, the bonded debt decreased by \$492,575 and the notes payable decreased by \$194,817. Combined, this represented an decrease in long-term debt of \$891,364.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) *June 30, 2015*

	Governm Activit		Business-		Totals				
	2015	2014	2015	 2014	2015		2014		
Capital Leases	\$ 1,937,238	\$ 2,141,210	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,937,238	\$	2,141,210		
Revenue bonds (including unamortized premium)	-	-	12,918,209	13,410,784	12,918,209		13,410,784		
Notes Payable		-	3,274,036	3,468,853	3,274,036		3,468,853		
Landfill closure and postclosure care	-	-	1,745,872	1,867,000	1,745,872		1,867,000		
Other post employment benefits	1,675,146	1,357,521	696,772	576,214	2,371,918		1,933,735		
Compensated absences	547,996	539,250	239,432	 235,325	787,428		774,575		
Total	\$ 4,160,380	\$ 4,037,981	\$ 18,874,321	\$ 19,558,176	\$ 23,034,701	\$	23,596,157		

See Note 3G for additional information about the City's long-term debt.

Economic Conditions Affecting the City

As of July 2015, the local unemployment rate was 8.9%, which was higher than the state rate of 6.4% and the national rate of 5.3%. Our local economy is experiencing the effects of the national recession, declines in the financial markets, and the recent credit crunch caused by substandard home mortgages. New residential construction and home sales have declined significantly.

As in the past, a strong industrial base, a growing regional public university, a regional medical center and increasing medical specialties, and a regional retail base influence Statesboro's economy. This diversification should continue to help the local economy weather the current recession better than the nation as a whole.

The outlook long-term is considerably more upbeat. Coastal Georgia is projected to be one of the hottest real estate markets in the country over the next decade, as thousands of baby boomers seek inexpensive, warmer climates for retirement. That will fuel the housing, medical, and retail segments of our local economy as well. Georgia Southern University should continue its student body expansion. The new industrial park puts us in a prime position to benefit from additional industrial investment as the weakened dollar continues to attract capital to the United States. With our recent investments in water, sewer, natural gas, and roads, this community should be in an excellent position to benefit from these economic opportunities.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City's Finance Department at 50 East Main Street, Statesboro, Georgia, 30458, or call (912) 764-5468.



Basic Financial Statements

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	I				
	Governmental Activities	Primary Governme Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit	
Assets	Activities	Activities	Total	Cint	
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,239,907	\$ 2,431,653	\$ 10,671,560	\$ 505,712	
Receivables:					
Accounts	201,113	2,344,668	2,545,781	-	
Taxes	186,969	-	186,969	-	
Hotel/motel taxes	69,369	-	69,369	-	
Intergovernmental	2,016,739	708,595	2,725,334	28,043	
Notes	236,805	-	236,805	44,662	
Other	214,869	-	214,869	-	
Internal balances	(1,485,997)	1,485,997	-	-	
Inventory	157,939	360,376	518,315	-	
Prepaid items	515,622	163,238	678,860	3,039	
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents		701,251	701,251		
Total Current Assets	10,353,335	8,195,778	18,549,113	581,456	
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents	-	4,260,521	4,260,521	-	
Net pension asset	520,951	201,430	722,381		
Capital Assets:					
Nondepreciable capital assets	3,597,843	12,461,042	16,058,885	-	
Depreciable capital assets, net	25,372,134	47,759,230	73,131,364	8,855	
Total Noncurrent Assets	29,490,928	64,682,223	94,173,151	8,855	
Total Assets	39,844,263	72,878,001	112,722,264	590,311	
		,,			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Resources related to pensions	379,207	146,625	525,832		
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	1,831,641	994,088	2,825,729	3,167	
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	140,299	61,577	201,876	2,509	
Intergovernmental payable	110,618	26,437	137,055	2,50.	
Accrued interest payable	110,010	147,651	147,651		
Claims payable	437,733	147,031	437,733		
Unearned revenue	163,750	_	163,750	_	
Other payables	246,281	-	246,281	-	
Compensated absences payable	109,599	47,886	157,485	-	
Capital leases payable	473,962	47,000	473,962	_	
Notes payable		202,889	202,889	_	
Revenue bonds payable	-	500,000	500,000	-	
	-	701,251		-	
Customer deposits	-		701,251	-	
Landfill post-closure care costs Fotal Current Liabilities	3,513,883	167,000	167,000	5 670	
	3,313,883	2,848,779	6,362,662	5,676	
Long-Term Liabilities:	429 207	191,546	620.042		
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	438,397		629,943	-	
Other post employment benefits payable	1,675,146	696,772	2,371,918	-	
Capital leases payable (net of current portion)	1,463,276	-	1,463,276	-	
Revenue bonds payable, net of unamortized		10 410 000	10 410 200		
premium (net of current portion)	-	12,418,209	12,418,209	-	
Notes payable (net of current portion)	-	3,071,147	3,071,147	-	
Landfill post-closure care costs (net of current portion)		1,578,872	1,578,872		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	3,576,819	17,956,546	21,533,365	-	
Γotal Liabilities	7,090,702	20,805,325	27,896,027	5,676	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<7.4.220	260.606	024.026		
Resources related to pension	674,230	260,696	934,926		
Net Position	07.000.7	12.000.05-	70.101.0 0	0	
Net investment in capital assets	27,032,739	46,388,355	73,421,094	8,85	
Restricted for:			_		
Capital projects	3,996,808	-	3,996,808	-	
Program purposes	1,187,986	-	1,187,986	-	
Revenue bond retirement	-	791,247	791,247	-	
Unrestricted	241,005	4,779,003	5,020,008	575,780	
Fotal Net Position	\$ 32,458,538	\$ 51,958,605	\$ 84,417,143	\$ 584,635	
** * *		,,,,,,,,,	. , . , , ,		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
		Operating Grants,					Primary Government					
D		Charges for	Contrib			tal Grants	Governmental	Business-Type		m	Component	
Program/Function	Expenses	Services and Sales	and In	iterest	and C	ontributions	Activities	Activities		Total	Unit	
Primary Government	\$ 1,590,793	\$ 719,912	\$		\$		\$ (870,881) \$ -	\$	(870,881)	dr.	
General government	\$ 1,590,793 567,015		э	-	Þ	-	(567,015		э	(567,015)	5 -	
Municipal court		2,490,943		25,181		770,104					-	
Public safety	10,146,941 3,016,792			25,181		4,909,455	(6,860,713			(6,860,713)	-	
Public works	3,016,792 727,449			-		288,232	1,892,663 (439,217			1,892,663 (439,217)	-	
Community development Parks and cemeteries	443,169			-		200,232	(443,169			(443,169)	-	
Engineering	411,919			-		-	(307,304			(307,304)	-	
Planning and zoning	374,778			-		-	(127,938	*		(127,938)	-	
Community services	297,890			-		-	(297,890	*		(297,890)	-	
Interest	24,249			-		-	(24,249			(24,249)	-	
interest	24,249						(24,245	<u> </u>		(24,249)		
Total Governmental Activities	17,600,995	3,562,310	-	25,181		5,967,791	(8,045,713	-	_	(8,045,713)		
Business-Type Activities:												
Water and sewer	8,803,476	10,403,692				2,620,031		4,220,247		4,220,247		
Reclaimed water system	40,145			-		2,020,031	-	3,415		3,415	-	
Gas	3,551,858			-		-	-	1,674,786		1,674,786	-	
Solid waste collection	2,793,705			-		76,241	-	792,321		792,321	-	
Solid waste disposal	2,956,029			-		70,241	-	(632,364)		(632,364)	-	
Solid waste disposal	2,930,029	2,323,003	-					(032,304)		(032,304)		
Total Business-Type Activities	18,145,214	21,507,346		-		2,696,272		6,058,404		6,058,404		
Total - Primary Government	\$ 35,746,209	\$ 25,069,656	\$	25,181	\$	8,664,063	(8,045,713	6,058,404		(1,987,309)	-	
Component Unit												
Downtown Statesboro												
Development Authority	\$ 187,073	\$ 10,813	\$	231,915	\$	-	-	-		-	55,655	
	(-										
		General Revenues										
		Property taxes levied for:										
		General purposes					4,432,213			4,432,213	-	
		Hotel/motel taxes					774,064			774,064	-	
		Insurance premium ta	axes				1,531,963			1,531,963	-	
		Franchise taxes					1,765,369			1,765,369	-	
		Other taxes					793,086			793,086	-	
		Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets					19,355			54,739	-	
		Investment earnings					-	344		344	1,659	
		Miscellaneous					84,127	24,545		108,672	-	
		Total General Rever	nues				9,400,177	60,273		9,460,450	1,659	
		Transfers					506,355	(506,355)		-		
		Total General Revenues and Transfers					9,906,532	(446,082)		9,460,450	1,659	
		Change in Net Positi	ion				1,860,819	5,612,322		7,473,141	57,314	
		Net Position Beginni	ing of Year				30,597,719	46,346,283		76,944,002	527,321	
	Net Position End of Year											

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2015

	General		Statesboro Fire Service		2007 SPLOST		2013 SPLOST	Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Assets													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	353,305	\$	584,552	\$	1,911,667	\$ 3,581,747	\$	382,135	\$	6,813,406		
Receivables:													
Accounts		46,468		35,585		-	-		-		82,053		
Taxes		186,969		-		-	-		-		186,969		
Hotel/motel taxes		-		-		-	-		69,369		69,369		
Intergovernmental		52,460		12,433		-	1,769,643		182,203		2,016,739		
Interfund		2,848,959		-		-	-		-		2,848,959		
Notes		-		-		-	-		236,805		236,805		
Other		-		-		-	-		214,869		214,869		
Prepaid items		255,626		39,390							295,016		
Total Assets	\$	3,743,787	\$	671,960	\$	1,911,667	\$ 5,351,390	\$	1,085,381	\$	12,764,185		
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	168,393	\$	40,720	\$	365,016	\$ 800,322	\$	352,057	\$	1,726,508		
Intergovernmental payable		110,618		-		-	-		-		110,618		
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes		94,756		36,527		-	-		-		131,283		
Interfund payable		1,435,353		-		325,521	1,804,983		303,969		3,869,826		
Unearned revenue		163,750		_		-	-		-		163,750		
Other liabilities		123,417				-			122,864		246,281		
Total Liabilities		2,096,287		77,247		690,537	2,605,305		778,890		6,248,266		
Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,447	_	-		-			-		4,447		
Fund Balances													
Nonspendable		255,626		39,390		-	-		-		295,016		
Assigned		-		_		-	-		29,593		29,593		
Unassigned		1,387,427		-		-	-		(316,375)		1,071,052		
Restricted:													
Special revenue funds		-		555,323		-	-		593,273		1,148,596		
Capital projects funds						1,221,130	2,746,085				3,967,215		
Total Fund Balances		1,643,053		594,713		1,221,130	2,746,085		306,491		6,511,472		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of													
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	3,743,787	\$	671,960	\$	1,911,667	\$ 5,351,390	\$	1,085,381	\$	12,764,185		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position Are Different Because:		
Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 6,511,472
Capital assets used in governmental activities (excludes internal service funds) are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 48,780,008 (20,672,369)	28,107,639
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:		
Property taxes		4,447
The net pension asset is not an available resource for governmental funds and therefore is not reported in the funds.		488,265
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions is not reported in the governmental funds: Deferred outflows of revenues	\$ 355,414	
Deferred inflows of revenues	 (631,928)	(276,514)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the operation and maintenance of the vehicle fleet, information technology, workers' compensation, health insurance, and wellness program to individual funds. Certain assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities columns in the statement of net position.		1,543,090
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are reported on the fund balance sheet but eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position: Interfund receivables Interfund payables	\$ 2,434,474 (2,434,474)	_
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases, compensated absences and other post employment benefits payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds but are reported on the statement of net position: Capital leases payable	\$ (1,818,178)	
Other post employment benefits payable Compensated absences	 (1,585,698) (515,985)	(3,919,861)
Net Position Of Governmental Activities		\$ 32,458,538

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Gen	eral	Statesl Fir Serv	e	 2007 SPLOST	s	2013 PLOST	Gove	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues											
Property taxes		38,796	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,438,796
Insurance premium taxes		31,963		-	-		-		-		1,531,963
Franchise taxes	1,7	65,369		-	-		-		-		1,765,369
Other taxes	7	93,086		-	-		-		-		793,086
Hotel/motel taxes		-		-	-		-		774,064		774,064
Intergovernmental		-		-	208,230		5,504,731		275,759		5,988,720
Licenses and permits	Ģ	82,677		-	-		-		-		982,677
Fines and forfeitures	1,1	47,171		-	-		-		171,333		1,318,504
Charges for services	1	86,625	1.0	74,504	_		_		-		1,261,129
Investment earnings		-	-,-	-	3,901		352		_		4,253
Miscellaneous		64,929		19,198	-		-		_		84,127
Miscollatious		01,727		17,170	 						01,127
Total Revenues	10,9	10,616	1,0	93,702	 212,131		5,505,083		1,221,156		18,942,688
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government	1,5	14,518		-	-		-		-		1,514,518
Municipal court	4	76,371		-	-		-		-		576,371
Public safety	5,6	95,016	3,3	67,795	-		-		196,779		9,259,590
Public works	2,0	30,080		-	-		-		-		2,030,080
Community development		78,134		-	-		-		625,588		703,722
Parks and cemeteries	3	67,113		-	_		-		-		367,113
Engineering		66,351		_	_		_		_		366,351
Planning and zoning		67,044		_	_		_		_		367,044
Community services		82,010		_	_		_		_		182,010
Capital Outlay		-		_	1.681.699		1,046,027		508,781		3,236,507
Debt Service:					1,001,077		1,040,027		300,701		3,230,307
Principal retirement	1	02,676			66,822		300,000				469,498
•	1			-	00,822		300,000		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		24,249			 						24,249
Total Expenditures	11,3	303,562	3,3	67,795	 1,748,521		1,346,027		1,331,148		19,097,053
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over											
(Under) Expenditures	(3	392,946)	(2,2	74,093)	 (1,536,390)		4,159,056		(109,992)		(154,365)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale											
of capital assets		32,010		-	-		-		-		32,010
Issuance of capital leases		-		-	-		-		146,466		146,466
Transfers in	2,6	43,302	2,0	94,310	-		-		95,499		4,833,111
Transfers out	(1,4	39,499)			 (1,213,318)		(2,141,144)		(35,302)		(4,829,263)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,2	235,813	2,0	94,310	 (1,213,318)		(2,141,144)		206,663		182,324
Net Change in Fund Balances	8	342,867	(1	79,783)	(2,749,708)		2,017,912		96,671		27,959
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	8	300,186	7	74,496	 3,970,838		728,173		209,820		6,483,513
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,6	543,053	\$ 5	94,713	\$ 1,221,130	\$	2,746,085	\$	306,491	\$	6,511,472

City of Statesboro, Georgia Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activitie Statement of Activities are Differen				
Net Change In Fund Balance - Total Governm	ental Funds		\$	27,959
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expe However, in the statement of activitie assets is allocated over their estimate depreciation expense. This is the am exceeded depreciation expense in the	es, the cost of those d useful lives as ount by which capitalized capital outlay			
	Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (2,154,858) 3,096,426	-	941,568
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not current financial resources are not rep in the funds.	*			
	Property taxes: Unavailable revenue @ 6/30/15 Unavailable revenue @ 6/30/14	\$ 4,447 (11,030)	-	(6,583)
Elimination of transfers between governmental fur	nds: Transfers in Transfers out	\$ 1,474,801 (1,474,801)		-
Governmental funds do not report the cost of dispis reported on the statement of activiti	•			(14,707)
The internal service funds used by management to the costs of self-insurance, fleet mana technology to individual funds are no wide statement of activities. Governs and related internal service fund reve	agement and information t reported in the government- mental fund expenditures			649,007
Other financing sources for the inception of capita on the fund level operating statement liability on the governmental-wide fin	but are reported as a			(146,466)
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expendi governmental funds, but the repayme liabilities in the statement of net posi-	nt reduces long-term			469,498
The change in the net pension asset and pension redeferred inflows is reported on the goactivities but not in the governmental	overnment-wide statement of			212,882
Compensated absences and other post employmen statement of activities, do not require resources and therefore are not report in governmental funds.	the use of current financial			
5	Compensated absences liability @ 6/30/15 Compensated absences liability @ 6/30/14	\$ (515,985) 517,111	-	1,126
	OPEB liability @ 6/30/15 OPEB liability @ 6/30/14	\$ (1,585,698) 1,312,233		(273,465)
Change In Net Position of Governmental Activ	ities		\$ 1	,860,819

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive
Revenues	Duaget	Duugei	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 3,561,200	\$ 3,561,200	\$ 3,923,619	\$ 362,419
Automobiles	350,000	350,000	515,177	165,177
Franchise	1,826,000	1,826,000	1,765,369	(60,631)
Insurance premium	1,498,000	1,498,000	1,531,963	33,963
Alcoholic beverage	693,000	693,000	698,554	5,554
Other	120,000	120,000	94,532	(25,468)
Licenses and permits	736,915	926,337	982,677	56,340
Charges for services	257,000	257,000	186,625	(70,375)
Fines and forfeitures	1,092,400	1,105,600	1,147,171	41,571
Miscellaneous	54,825	70,975	64,929	(6,046)
Total Revenues	10,189,340	10,408,112	10,910,616	502,504
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government				
Governing body	267,658	267,658	238,924	28,734
City manager's office	152,933	87,933	64,255	23,678
City clerk's office	195,004	195,004	171,586	23,418
Elections	7,150	15,190	15,189	1
Financial administration	400,786	487,221	475,083	12,138
Legal	90,879	160,879	157,722	3,157
Human resources	185,762	231,082	187,827	43,255
Government buildings	183,417	183,417	164,638	18,779
General administration fees	37,004	46,060	39,294	6,766
Total general government	1,520,593	1,674,444	1,514,518	159,926
Municipal court	518,089	587,964	576,371	11,593

(continued)

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(continued)

						(COIII	ilucu)
Dublic cofets		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Public safety Police	\$	5,728,328	\$	5,705,328	\$ 5,638,930	\$	66,398
Emergency management	Ψ	5,000	Ψ	5,000	5,000	Ψ	-
Animal control		42,000		58,397	51,086		7,311
Total public safety		5,775,328		5,768,725	5,695,016		73,709
Streets/public works		2,025,809		2,036,409	2,030,080		6,329
Parks and cemeteries		384,801		384,801	367,113		17,688
Engineering		413,888		401,310	366,351		34,959
Planning and zoning		396,233		399,233	367,044		32,189
Community services							
Arts Center		126,000		127,797	148,210		(20,413)
Other		33,900		33,900	33,800		100
Total community services		159,900		161,697	182,010		(20,313)
Community development		84,250		84,400	78,134		6,266
Debt Service:							
Principal retirement		118,500		118,500	102,676		15,824
Interest and fiscal charges		28,970		28,970	24,249		4,721
Total Debt Service		147,470		147,470	126,925		20,545
Total Expenditures		11,426,361		11,646,453	11,303,562		342,891
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(1,237,021)		(1,238,341)	(392,946)		845,395
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		2,649,750		2,649,750	2,643,302		(6,448)
Transfers out		(1,416,500)		(1,439,500)	(1,439,499)		1
Sale of capital assets		4,000		29,600	32,010		2,410
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,237,250		1,239,850	1,235,813		(4,037)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	229	\$	1,509	842,867	\$	841,358
Fund Balances Beginning of Year					800,186		
Fund Balances End of Year					\$ 1,643,053		

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statesboro Fire Service Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	1,070,000	\$	1,074,504 19,198	\$	4,504 19,198	
Total Revenues		1,070,000		1,093,702		23,702	
Expenditures Current: Public safety - Fire		2 572 527		2 267 705		205 742	
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		3,573,537 (2,503,537)		3,367,795 (2,274,093)		205,742	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		2,144,000		2,094,310		(49,690)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(359,537)	\$	(179,783)	\$	179,754	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				774,496			
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	594,713			

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2015

			В	Business-ty Enterp								vernmental ctivities -
	Water and Sewer	Reclaimed Water System	G	as		lid Waste collection		lid Waste Disposal		Total		rnal Service Funds
Assets												
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 1,153,680	\$ -	\$	847,968	\$	363,141	\$	66,864	\$	2,431,653	\$	1,426,501
Accounts	497,087	7,831		209,863		139,908		60,824		915,513		119,060
Unbilled accounts	691,967	=		259,509		282,122		195,557		1,429,155		-
Intergovernmental	708,595	-		-		-		-		708,595		-
Interfund	1,440,776	_		-		_		_		1,440,776		-
Inventory	264,928	=		95,448		=		-		360,376		157,939
Prepaid items	87,206	116		31,195		24,310		20,411		163,238		220,606
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents	463,615			102,530		135,106		=-		701,251		-
Total Current Assets	5,307,854	7,947	1,	546,513		944,587		343,656		8,150,557		1,924,106
Noncurrent Assets:	4.260.521									4 260 521		
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents	4,260,521	-		22.022		25.752		15.045		4,260,521		22.696
Net pension asset	126,900	=		22,933		35,752		15,845		201,430		32,686
Capital Assets:	252.001			70.004				100 105		554.410		
Land	352,981	-		78,004		=		123,425		554,410		177.077
Construction in progress	10,288,088	0.67.500		618,544		1 050 557		1.704.200		11,906,632		176,275
Depreciable capital assets, net	40,296,386	867,509		948,389		1,852,557		1,794,389		47,759,230		686,063
Total Noncurrent Assets	55,324,876	867,509	4,	667,870		1,888,309		1,933,659		64,682,223		895,024
Total Assets	60,632,730	875,456	6,	214,383		2,832,896		2,277,315		72,832,780		2,819,130
Deferred Outflows of Resources												
Resources related to pensions	92,372			16,693		26,025		11,535		146,625		23,793
Liabilities Current Liabilities:												
	614,056	600		205,497		131,727		42,208		994,088		105,133
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	41,064	600		5,306		10,437		42,208		61,577		9,016
	41,004	=		26,437		10,437		4,770		26,437		9,010
Intergovernmental payable Compensated absences payable	29,193	-		7,194		7,348		4,151		47,886		6,402
Notes payable	175,540	-		27,349		7,346		4,131		202,889		0,402
Capital leases payable	175,540	-		27,349		-		-		202,869		23,812
Revenue bonds payable	500,000	-		-		-		-		500,000		23,612
Customer deposits	463,615	-		102,530		135,106		-		701,251		-
Landfill post-closure care costs	403,013	-		102,550		155,100		167,000		167,000		-
Accrued interest payable	146,095	-		1,556		-		167,000		147,651		-
	140,093	-		1,550		-		-		147,031		427 722
Claims payable Interfund payable	-	5,423		-		-		-		5,423		437,733 414,486
Total Current Liabilities	1,969,563	6,023		375,869		284,618		218,129		2,854,202		996,582
	1,707,303	0,023		313,007		204,010		210,127	_	2,034,202		770,302
Long-Term Liabilities:	116,774			28,776		29,394		16,602		191,546		25,609
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion) Other post employment benefits payable		-						57,185		696,772		
Landfill post-closure care costs (net of current portion)	453,941	-		75,552		110,094		1,578,872		1,578,872		89,448
Capital leases payable (net of current portion)	-	=		-		=		1,370,072		1,370,072		95,248
Notes payable (net of current portion)	2,888,676	-		182,471		-		-		3,071,147		93,240
Revenue bonds payable, net of unamortized premium (net of current portion)	12,418,209									12,418,209		
				286,799		120 499		1 652 650				210 205
Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	15,877,600	6.022				139,488	-	1,652,659		17,956,546	-	210,305
	17,847,163	6,023		662,668		424,106		1,870,788	_	20,810,748		1,206,887
Deferred Inflows of Resources Resources related to pension	164,237	_		29,680		46,272		20,507		260,696		42,302
The second secon				,		,						,
Net Position												
Net investment in capital assets	37,315,358	867,509	4,	435,117		1,852,557		1,917,814		46,388,355		743,278
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	791,247	-		-		-		-		791,247		-
Unrestricted	4,607,097	1,924	1,	103,611		535,986		(1,520,259)		4,728,359		850,456
Total Net Position	\$ 42,713,702	\$ 869,433	\$ 5,	538,728	\$	2,388,543	\$	397,555		51,907,961	\$	1,593,734
	Some amounts report											
		fferent because cert ided with business-			nu asset	is dilu				50,644		
	Net position of busin								d.	51,958,605		

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water and Sewer	Reclaimed Water System	Gas	Solid Waste Collection	Solid Waste Disposal	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 10,403,692	\$ 43,560	\$ 5,226,644	\$ 3,509,785	\$ 2,323,665	\$ 21,507,346	\$ 6,005,194
Miscellaneous	11,778		5,093	6,660	1,014	24,545	1,901
Total Operating Revenues	10,415,470	43,560	5,231,737	3,516,445	2,324,679	21,531,891	6,007,095
Operating Expenses							
Salaries	2,200,751	=	367,212	572,484	253,718	3,394,165	523,395
Employee benefits	920,982	=	120,169	301,643	133,734	1,476,528	209,743
Purchased services	1,772,277	18,920	192,906	1,176,082	2,315,043	5,475,228	728,675
Materials and supplies	539,837	2,533	102,051	132,479	46,480	823,380	107,551
Cost of sales	-	-	2,431,287	=	-	2,431,287	400,216
Indirect cost allocation	942,586	-	166,023	158,020	-	1,266,629	-
Depreciation	1,775,375	18,692	160,660	446,291	214,698	2,615,716	23,883
Claims and administrative fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,782,049
Other	26,994		9,909	24,162		61,065	4,640
Total Operating Expenses	8,178,802	40,145	3,550,217	2,811,161	2,963,673	17,543,998	5,780,152
Operating Income (Loss)	2,236,668	3,415	1,681,520	705,284	(638,994)	3,987,893	226,943
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Intergovernmental	2,396,924	_	_	76,241	_	2,473,165	_
Investment earnings	344	=	=	=	=	344	=
Interest expense	(677,115)	=	(6,596)	-	=	(683,711)	=
Gain on sale of capital assets	<u> </u>			7,919	27,465	35,384	2,052
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	1,720,153		(6,596)	84,160	27,465	1,825,182	2,052
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers	3,956,821	3,415	1,674,924	789,444	(611,529)	5,813,075	228,995
Capital contributions	223,107	-	-	_	-	223,107	-
Transfers in	1,151,560	=	427,180	282,474	1,335,741	3,196,955	502,507
Transfers out	(1,567,310)		(875,000)	(1,005,000)	(256,000)	(3,703,310)	<u> </u>
Change in Net Position	3,764,178	3,415	1,227,104	66,918	468,212	5,529,827	731,502
Net Position Beginning of Year	38,949,524	866,018	4,311,624	2,321,625	(70,657)		862,232
Net Position End of Year	\$ 42,713,702	\$ 869,433	\$ 5,538,728	\$ 2,388,543	\$ 397,555		\$ 1,593,734

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net revenue of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities.

\$2,495 \$ 5,612,322

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water and Sewer	Reclaimed Water System	Gas	Solid Waste Collection	Solid Waste Disposal	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Cash received from customers	\$ 10,295,329	\$ 39,484	\$ 5,302,074	\$ 3,551,576	\$ 2,292,669	\$ 21,481,132	\$ 6,007,720
Cash payments to employees for services	(3,094,448)	(167)	(486,967)	(859,322)	(384,270)	(4,825,174)	(688,070)
Cash payments for goods and services	(3,235,513)	(21,453)	(2,921,666)	(1,463,721)	(2,483,127)	(10,125,480)	(1,309,857)
Cash payments for claims and administrative fees							(3,800,245)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	3,965,368	17,864	1,893,441	1,228,533	(574,728)	6,530,478	209,548
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Advances from (to) other funds	(111,044)	(17,864)	709,609	61,903	(341,577)	301,027	209,121
Transfers in (out)	(1,567,310)		(875,000)	(1,005,000)	(256,000)	(3,703,310)	345,000
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital							
Financing Activities	(1,678,354)	(17,864)	(165,391)	(943,097)	(597,577)	(3,402,283)	554,121
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	7,919	27,465	35,384	2,052
Capital contributions and grants	2,885,059	-	-	76,241	-	2,961,300	-
Payments on capital lease	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
Transfers in from capital projects funds	1,151,560	-	427,180	282,474	1,335,741	3,196,955	157,507
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(480,000)	-	-	-	-	(480,000)	-
Principal paid on notes payable	(168,274)	-	(26,543)	-	-	(194,817)	-
Interest paid on debt	(695,086)	-	(6,793)	-	=	(701,879)	-
Payments for capital acquisitions	(4,265,038)		(1,738,433)	(615,856)	(135,173)	(6,754,500)	(681,368)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related							
Financing Activities	(1,571,779)		(1,344,589)	(249,222)	1,228,033	(1,937,557)	(521,809)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Investment earnings	344					344	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash							
and Cash Equivalents	715,579	-	383,461	36,214	55,728	1,190,982	241,860
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	5,162,237		567,037	462,033	11,136	6,202,443	1,184,911
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 5,877,816	\$ -	\$ 950,498	\$ 498,247	\$ 66,864	\$ 7,393,425	\$ 1,426,771

(continued)

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			• .	pe Activities - rise Funds			Governmental
	Water and Sewer	Reclaimed Water System	Gas	Solid Waste Collection	Solid Waste Disposal	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	ı						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 2,236,668	\$ 3,415	\$ 1,681,520	\$ 705,284	\$ (638,994)	\$ 3,987,893	\$ 226,943
Adjustments:							
Depreciation	1,775,375	18,692	160,660	446,291	214,698	2,615,716	23,883
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Accounts receivable	(123,234)	(3,960)	61,907	13,426	(32,010)	(83,871)	625
Materials and supplies inventory	(11,008)	-	(3,563)	-	-	(14,571)	(12,032)
Prepaid items	(32,777)	(116)	(8,284)	(14,936)	(3,551)	(59,664)	(48,048)
Net pension asset/obligation	(198,676)	-	(35,904)	(55,974)	(24,807)	(315,361)	(41,458)
Deferred outflows related to pensions	(20,880)	-	(3,773)	(5,883)	(2,608)	(33,144)	(15,056)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred							
Inflows of Resources:							
Accounts payable	89,966	(167)	(5,229)	41,958	3,075	129,603	28,880
Accrued payroll	6,833	-	(439)	1,615	821	8,830	5,248
Compensated absences payable	(339)	-	(1,684)	5,829	301	4,107	9,872
Other post employment benefits payable	76,110	-	12,534	22,946	8,968	120,558	44,160
Deferred inflows related to pensions	164,237	-	29,680	46,272	20,507	260,696	42,302
Sales taxes payable	-	-	(2,414)	-	-	(2,414)	-
Customer deposits	3,093	-	8,430	21,705	-	33,228	-
Accrued landfill postclosure costs	-	-	-	-	(121,128)	(121,128)	-
Claims payable							(55,771)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 3,965,368	\$ 17,864	\$ 1,893,441	\$ 1,228,533	\$ (574,728)	\$ 6,530,478	\$ 209,548



Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

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The City of Statesboro (the "City") was chartered by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, community development, community services and general administrative services. The City also operates three public utilities (water and sewer system and gas system) and provides sanitation services. The City and Bulloch County jointly operate a transfer station for transport of solid waste and an inert landfill.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities at the government-wide financial reporting level and to its enterprise funds at the fund reporting level, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, levies their taxes or issues their debt.

The component unit columns included on the government-wide financial statements identify the financial data of the City's discretely presented component unit. It is reported separately to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

A brief description of the City's discretely presented component unit follows:

Downtown Statesboro Development Authority (the Authority) – The Authority is a public corporation created in 1981. The primary purpose of the Authority is to promote industry and trade in the downtown area. The City Council appoints one board member and provides its primary funding. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the City and the City has a financial burden relationship with the Authority. There are no separate financial statements for the Authority.

Related Organizations

The Housing Authority of the City of Statesboro, Georgia is considered a related organization based upon the criteria in GASB Statement 14. The Housing Authority is a legally separate entity and the City does not appoint any of its board members. The City of Statesboro, Georgia is not able to impose its will upon the Housing Authority and a financial benefit/burden relationship does not exist between them. Therefore, based upon the criteria above, the Housing Authority of the City of Statesboro, Georgia is a related organization and is excluded from the reporting entity.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The primary government and the component unit are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and City's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with service charges to external customers.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the City.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the City. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds.

Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

Fund Accounting - The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City uses two categories of funds: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds - Government funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The City reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The General Fund – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund's fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of the State of Georgia.

Statesboro Fire Service Fund – This fund accounts for revenues collected from city taxpayers and taxpayers in the county's five mile fire district used to fund the City's fire department.

2007 SPLOST Fund – This fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax collected pursuant to a 2007 referendum for various capital improvements within the City.

2013 SPLOST Fund – This fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax collected pursuant to a 2013 referendum for various capital improvements within the City.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds and internal service funds. The City's major enterprise funds consist of:

Water and Sewer Operating Fund - This fund accounts for the water and sewer provided to the City's constituents.

Reclaimed Water System Fund – This fund accounts for the reclaimed water provided for irrigation to the City's constituents.

Gas Operating Fund – This fund accounts for the gas services provided to the City's constituents.

Solid Waste Collection Fund – This fund accounts for the solid waste collection program.

Solid Waste Disposal Fund – This fund accounts for the solid waste disposal program.

The City's internal service funds account for the City's health insurance, workers compensation insurance, wellness, fleet management, and information technology programs.

1-C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statements of net position. The statements of changes in fund net position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – **Exchange Transactions** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Revenues - Non-exchange Transactions - Non-exchange transactions in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, sales taxes, interest and federal and state grants.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

1-E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1-E-1 Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Georgia law authorizes the City to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the State of Georgia or of any other states
- Obligations of the United States Government
- Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States Government or United States Government agency
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government
- Prime bankers' acceptances
- The State of Georgia local government investment pool (i.e., Georgia Fund I)
- Repurchase agreements
- Obligations of the other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-2 Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectable, where applicable. Unbilled water, sewer, gas, and solid waste charges are accrued as receivables and revenue at June 30, 2015.

1-E-3 Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/interfund payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns on the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances on this statement. These amounts are ultimately eliminated from the total column on the statement of net position.

1-E-4 Consumable Inventories

On the government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method).

1-E-5 Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2015, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable, as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

1-E-6 Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent sinking funds required by enterprise fund revenue bonds and designated as such by management, customer utility deposits, funds held specifically for water and sewer system improvements, and funds designated for capital purchases.

1-E-7 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the City fund financial statements.

Capital assets utilized by proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the proprietary funds' statement of net position.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, water and sewer lines and gas lines. The City has capitalized all general infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) acquired after June 30, 1980. Water and sewer lines and gas lines are classified as "improvements other than buildings". Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by enterprise funds is capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, right-of-ways and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings	15 – 40 years	15 - 40 years
Improvements other than buildings	8-40 years	15 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years	5 – 15 years
Infrastructure	12 – 25 years	

At the inception of capital leases at the governmental fund reporting level, expenditures and an "other financing source" of an equal amount are reported at the net present value of future minimum lease payments.

1-E-8 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The City only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is resources related to pensions reported at the government-wide level for governmental and business-type activities and at the fund level for proprietary funds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents and acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has an item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. The City also has deferred inflows of resources related to its pension plan reported at the government-wide level for governmental and business-type activities and at the fund level for proprietary funds.

1-E-9 Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due."

1-E-10 Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of those funds. However, compensated absences that will be

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

1-E-11 Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

On the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund type statement of net position, bond premiums and discounts are netted against bonds payable and bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred. On the government-wide and proprietary fund type statement of activities, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

At the governmental fund reporting level, bond premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses, separately from the face amount of the bonds issued. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expenditure.

1-E-12 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e. items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed—Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Council also may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned—Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City Council's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the City Council has authorized the City's finance director to assign balances.

Unassigned—Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

1-E-13 Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water, sewer, gas, solid waste, and the insurance benefits, information technology, and fleet management programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of each fund and include administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1-E-14 Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

1-E-15 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and the after non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported as general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated. Transfers between funds reported in the business type activities column are eliminated. Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are eliminated from the total column.

1-E-16 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1-E-17 Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-F. Restatements

Effective for the year ended June 30, 2015, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68. Implementation of this new accounting standard required a restatement of beginning net position for net pension liabilities (assets) and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions. These items were previously not required to be booked by the City.

The above restatement had the following impact on previously reported balances.

Statement of Activities		iness-type ctivities	Total			
Net Position, July 1, 2014, as previously reported	40	6,346,733	\$76,945,616			
Balance of net pension obligation at July 1, 2014, as res	stated by actuary		(294,656)		(113,931)	(408,587)
Balance of deferred outflows - resources related to pen	sions at July 1, 2014	4	293,492		113,481	406,973
Net Position, July 1, 2014, as restated			\$30,597,719	40	6,346,283	\$76,944,002
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Enterprise Funds	Water and Sewer	Gas	Solid Waste Collection		lid Waste Disposal	Total
Net Position, July 1, 2014, as previously reported	\$ 38,949,808	\$4,311,675	\$ 2,321,705	\$	(70,622)	\$45,512,566
Balance of net pension obligation at July 1, 2014	(71,776)	(12,971)	(20,222)		(8,962)	(113,931)
Balance of deferred outflows - resources related to pensions at July 1, 2014	71,492	12,920	20,142		8,927	113,481
Net Position, July 1, 2014, as previously reported	\$ 38,949,524	\$4,311,624	\$ 2,321,625	\$	(70,657)	\$45,512,116
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Internal Service Funds						
Net Position, July 1, 2014, as previously reported						
Balance of net pension obligation at July 1, 2014						
Balance of deferred outflows - resources related to pen		8,737				
Net Position, July 1, 2014, as restated				\$	29,066	

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

2-A. Budgetary Information – The City adopts an annual operating budget for the general fund and each special revenue fund. A project budget is adopted for each capital projects fund. The budget resolution reflects the total of each department's appropriation in each fund.

All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget generally is the department level within each individual fund. The City Manager may approve budget transfers within departments. Any change in total to a fund or departmental appropriation within a fund requires City Council approval.

During the year, the City Council approved budget revisions.

All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

2-B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2015, expenditures exceeded appropriations for the following departments within the general fund:

Arts Center \$20,413

These over expenditures were funded primarily by under expenditures in other departments.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following special revenue funds and these over expenditures were funded by additional revenues over amounts budgeted.

	<u>Overexpenditures</u>
Confiscated assets fund	\$ 3,391
Hotel/motel tax fund	55,588

2-C. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

The Hotel/Motel tax special revenue fund had a deficit fund balance of \$287,057 at June 30, 2015, which will be reduced by future Hotel/Motel tax revenue. The 2013 CDBG capital projects fund had a deficit fund balance of \$29,318 at June 30, 2015, which will be reduced by future grant revenue.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

3-A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (i.e., checking and certificates of deposits) was \$15,633,332 and the bank balance was \$15,704,136. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$15,454,136 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Cash & Cash Equivalent Reconciliation:

	Cash and	
	Cas	h Equivalents
Fund Reporting Level:		
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	\$	6,813,406
Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position		2,431,653
Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position - Restricted		4,961,772
Internal Service Fund Statement of Net Position		1,426,501
Total	\$	15,633,332

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued))

3-B. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2015, consisted of taxes, interest, accounts (billings for user charges, including unbilled utility receivables), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants.

Receivables and payables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectibility. The allowances for uncollectibles netted against receivables at June 30, 2015 follow:

	Allowance			
	For			
Fund	Uncollectibles			
General	\$	26,962		
Water and Sewer		266,956		
Gas		120,820		
Solid Waste Collection		136,564		
Solid Waste Disposal	d Waste Disposal			

3-C. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on or about September 20 of each year and are due and payable within 60 days of the tax bill mailing date. The City bills and collects its own property taxes.

Property tax revenues at the fund reporting level are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables (i.e. collectible in 60 days). For the year ended June 30, 2015, property taxes were levied on October 1, 2014 and were due December 20, 2014.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity (including the fleet management and information technology internal service funds) for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2014	Additions	Deductions	6/30/2015
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,636,113	\$ 7,203	\$ -	\$ 1,643,316
Construction in progress	750,054	1,222,823	18,350	1,954,527
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	2,386,167	1,230,026	18,350	3,597,843
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	14,929,430	394,127	-	15,323,557
Improvements other than buildings	769,284	39,264	-	808,548
Machinery and equipment	11,618,280	1,123,686	160,126	12,581,840
Infrastructure	16,559,084	1,009,311		17,568,395
Total capital assets being depreciated	43,876,078	2,566,388	160,126	46,282,340
Total capital assets	46,262,245	3,796,414	178,476	49,880,183
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	4,001,010	367,585	-	4,368,595
Improvements other than buildings	231,321	31,080	-	262,401
Machinery and equipment	7,748,591	860,031	145,421	8,463,201
Infrastructure	6,895,964	920,045		7,816,009
Total accumulated depreciation	18,876,886	2,178,741	145,421	20,910,206
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 27,385,359	\$ 1,617,673	\$ 33,055	\$ 28,969,977

The following table presents the changes in capital assets for the City's enterprise funds:

Governmental activities depreciation expense:

1 1	
General governement	\$ 105,722
Municipal court	12,277
Public safety	866,540
Public works	956,401
Parks and cemeteries	75,516
Engineering	14,557
Planning and zoning	3,934
Community development	22,131
Community services	97,780
Fleet management internal service fund	 23,883
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,178,741

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2014	Additions	Deductions	6/30/2015
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 554,410	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 554,410
Construction in progress	9,399,991	5,408,905	2,902,264	11,906,632
Total capital assets not being depreciated	9,954,401	5,408,905	2,902,264	12,461,042
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	2,896,959	8,150	-	2,905,109
Improvements other than buildings	67,690,875	2,651,778	-	70,342,653
Machinery and equipment	13,371,828	1,587,931	431,574	14,528,185
Total capital assets being depreciated	83,959,662	4,247,859	431,574	87,775,947
Total capital assets	93,914,063	9,656,764	3,333,838	100,236,989
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	1,142,632	98,585	-	1,241,217
Improvements other than buildings	28,879,796	1,656,642	-	30,536,438
Machinery and equipment	7,810,147	860,489	431,574	8,239,062
Total accumulated depreciation	37,832,575	2,615,716	431,574	40,016,717
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 56,081,488	\$ 7,041,048	\$ 2,902,264	\$ 60,220,272

The following table presents the changes in capital assets for the City's component unit:

	Balance 7/1/2014	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2015
Component Unit - Downtown Statesboro	7/1/2014	7 Kiditions	Deddetions	0/30/2013
Development Authority:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 77,122	\$ -	\$ 77,122	
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	115,607	=	115,607	=
Improvements other than buildings	12,552	-	-	12,552
Machinery and equipment	5,676			5,676
Total capital assets being depreciated	210,957		115,607	18,228
Total Capital Assets	210,957		192,729	18,228
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	5,395	1,541	6,936	-
Improvements other than buildings	4,184	837	-	5,021
Machinery and equipment	3,895	457		4,352
Total accumulated depreciation	13,474	2,835	6,936	9,373
Component unit capital assets, net	\$ 197,483	\$ (2,835)	\$185,793	\$ 8,855

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-E. - Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances at June 30, 2015, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting period, and (3) payments between funds are made. The City expects to repay all interfund balances within one year.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$ 10,021
	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	242,552
	Capital Improvements Program Fund	49,525
	Fleet Management Fund	358,941
	2007 SPLOST Fund	325,521
	2013 SPLOST Fund	1,804,983
	2013 Community Block Grant	1,871
	Information Technology Fund	55,545
Water and Sewer Operations Fund	General Fund	1,435,353
	Reclaimed Water Fund	5,423
		\$ 4,289,735

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

	Transfers From:							
				Water and				
				Sewer	Gas			
		2007	2013	Operating	Operating			
Transfer to:	General Fund	SPLOST Fund	SPLOST Fund	Fund	Fund			
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 817,000	\$ 875,000			
Statesboro Fire Service Fund	1,344,000	· -	-	750,310	-			
Capital Improvements Fund	95,499	-	-	-	-			
Water and Sewer Operating Fund	-	922,848	228,712	-	-			
Natural Gas Fund	-	-	427,180	-	-			
Solid Waste Collection Fund	-	282,474	-	-	-			
Solid Waste Disposal Fund	-	7,996	1,327,745	-	-			
Fleet Management Fund	-	-	-	-	-			
Information Technology Fund			157,507					
	\$ 1,439,499	\$ 1,213,318	\$ 2,141,144	\$ 1,567,310	\$ 875,000			

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

		Transfers From:						
	So	Solid Waste						
	C	ollection	So	lid Waste	Hot	tel/ Motel		
Transfer to:		Fund	Disposal Fund		Tax Fund		Total	
General Fund	\$	660,000	\$	256,000	\$	35,302	\$ 2,643,302	
Statesboro Fire Service Fund		-		-		-	2,094,310	
Capital Improvements Fund		-		-		-	95,499	
Water and Sewer Operating Fund		-		-		-	1,151,560	
Natural Gas Fund		-		-		-	427,180	
Solid Waste Collection Fund		-		-		-	282,474	
Solid Waste Disposal Fund		-		-		-	1,335,741	
Fleet Management Fund		345,000		-		-	345,000	
Information Technology Fund		-		-			157,507	
	\$.	1,005,000	\$	256,000	\$	35,302	\$ 8,532,573	

Transfers are used to report revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, to segregate money for anticipated capital projects (e.g., SPLOST approved projects); to report enterprise fund transfers for the equivalent of franchise fees and property taxes as if the utility funds were privately owned; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

All City transfers either occur on a regular basis or are consistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

3-F. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care

State and federal laws and regulations required the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Effective July 1, 1997, the City stopped accepting waste into its landfill. The remaining accrued landfill postclosure care costs liability at June 30, 2015, was \$1,745,872. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2015. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, unexpected mitigation requirements, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

3-G. Long-Term Debt

Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds - During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the City issued revenue bonds of \$15,040,000. The City issued the Series 2010 Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds to advance refund Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1995, with an outstanding balance of \$215,000, and ten Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA) notes with an outstanding balance of \$6,132,934. Additionally, a portion of the net proceeds was deposited into the Water and Sewer System Fund Construction Account. The amount of outstanding bonds at June 30, 2015 was \$12,695,000.

The City pledges income derived from the constructed or acquired assets to pay debt service. The revenue bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds require principal payments each April 1 and interest is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 each year.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to amortize all obligations outstanding, as of June 30, 2015 follow:

Primary Government							
Year	I	Principal	-	Interest	Total		
2016	\$	500,000	\$	541,021	\$	1,041,021	
2017		520,000		521,021		1,041,021	
2018		535,000		505,421		1,040,421	
2019		560,000		485,446		1,045,446	
2020		575,000		465,846		1,040,846	
2021-2025		3,325,000		1,887,005		5,212,005	
2026-2030		4,105,000		1,088,030		5,193,030	
2031-2035		2,575,000		213,636		2,788,636	
Total	\$1	2,695,000	\$	5,707,426	\$	18,402,426	

Notes Payable – The City has entered into a number of notes with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA), and One Georgia Authority with balances at June 30, 2015, as follows:

One Georgia Authority, payable in quarterly installments of \$8,334 including interest at 3% through April 1, 2022	\$ 209,820
GEFA (2006-L25WJA), payable in monthly installments of \$10,381 including interest at 4.28% through April 1, 2028	1,228,390
GEFA (2006-L25WJB), payable in monthly installments of \$4,857 including interest at 4.28% through April 1, 2028	574,727
GEFA (2007-L31WJ), payable in monthly installments of \$3,247 including interest at 4.10% through March 1, 2029	401,390
GEFA (2008-L05WJ), payable in monthly installments of \$6,705 including interest at 4.10% through July 1, 2029	\$ 859,709 3,274,036

Annual debt service requirements to amortize all notes payable outstanding, as of June 30, 2015 follow:

Primary Government						
Year]	Principal		Interest		Total
2016	\$	202,889	\$	132,711	\$	335,600
2017		211,378		124,222		335,600
2018		220,141		115,459		335,600
2019		229,301		106,299		335,600
2020		238,827		96,773		335,600
2021-2025		1,247,876		331,627		1,579,503
2026-2030		923,624		69,162		992,786
Total	\$	3,274,036	\$	976,253	\$	4,250,289

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Capital Leases – The City currently has the following outstanding capital leases.

Capital Lease – City Hall - In 1995 the Downtown Statesboro Development Authority provided for the issuance of a Revenue Bond in the amount of \$1,500,000 to provide for the acquisition, renovation, and equipping of the old Jaeckel Hotel for the purpose of converting it to the new Statesboro City Hall.

The Bond bears an interest rate of 70% of the prime rate but can never be less than 4.2% or more than 10.5%. Interest on the Bond is paid to Sea Island Bank by the City of Statesboro semi-annually on the first day of June and the first day of December beginning June 1, 1997. Principal payments are made in annual installments on December 1, each year beginning in 1997 and ending in 2022.

Upon payment in full of the debt the Downtown Statesboro Development Authority will convey the property to the City without further consideration.

The total cost for the project under the capital lease was \$1,733,719. Depreciation expense on the building for the year was \$43,343 and accumulated depreciation was \$975,217 at June 30, 2015.

The lease requires annual payments as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 78,000	\$ 25,788	\$ 103,788
2017	82,500	22,417	104,917
2018	87,500	18,848	106,348
2019	93,000	15,057	108,057
2020	98,000	11,046	109,046
2021-2022	214,000	9,114	223,114
Total	\$ 653,000	\$ 102,270	\$ 755,270

Capital Lease – Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) –The City has entered into lease agreements with GMA to purchase the following equipment:

	Cost
Side Dresser	\$ 72,000
Pierce Aerial Pumper Fire Truck	1,500,000
2012 F350 Truck	31,775
2012 F250 Truck	25,264
Hot Patch Trailers	43,406
Motorola APX Radios	24,997
2015 Dodge Ram 5500	119,060
2015 F350 Truck	31,257
2015 Freightliner Truck	115,209
	\$ 1,962,968

Depreciation expense on the above equipment for the year was \$161,745 and accumulated depreciation was \$424,772 at June 30, 2015.

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The leases require annual payments without interest as follows:

Year	Principal			
2016	\$ 395,962			
2017	381,563			
2018	373,141			
2019	66,786			
2020	66,786			
Total	\$ 1,284,238			

Changes in Long-term Debt - Changes in the City's long-term obligations consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Primary Government Governmental Activities	Outstanding 7/1/2014	A	dditions	Re	eductions	Outstanding 6/30/2015	ounts Due One Year
Capital lease - City Hall	\$ 726,500	\$	-	\$	73,500	\$ 653,000	\$ 78,000
Capital lease - GMA	1,414,710		265,526		395,998	1,284,238	395,962
Other post employment benefits	1,357,521		317,625		-	1,675,146	-
Compensated absences	 539,250		21,929		13,183	547,996	109,599
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 4,037,981	\$	605,080	\$	482,681	\$ 4,160,380	\$ 583,561
Business-Type Activities							
Water and sewer revenue bonds	\$ 13,175,000	\$	-	\$	480,000	\$ 12,695,000	\$ 500,000
Unamortized bond premium	235,784		-		12,575	223,209	-
	 13,410,784		-		492,575	 12,918,209	500,000
Notes payable - water fund	3,232,490		-		168,274	3,064,216	175,540
Notes payable - gas fund	236,363		-		26,543	209,820	27,349
Capital lease - GMA	-		-		-	-	-
Landfill closure and							
post-closure care	1,867,000		-		121,128	1,745,872	167,000
Other post employment benefits	576,214		120,558		-	696,772	-
Compensated absences	 235,325		4,107			 239,432	 47,886
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 19,558,176	\$	124,665	\$	808,520	\$ 18,874,321	\$ 917,775
Component Unit							
Downtown Statesboro							
Development Authority							
Notes payable	\$ 82,327	\$		\$	82,327	\$ 	\$

The capital lease obligations for governmental funds will be paid from the General Fund and SPLOST Funds and for proprietary funds from the fund which incurred the capital lease obligation. The compensated absences and other post-employment benefits liability for governmental funds will be paid from the General Fund and for business-type activities from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. Principal and interest payments related to notes payable for the City's Water and Sewer System are financed from income derived from the operation of the Water and Sewer System. Principal and interest payments related to notes payable for the City's gas system are financed from income derived from this system. The landfill post-closure care liability will be retired from the solid waste disposal fund.

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-H. Pensions

Plan Description - The City's defined benefit pension plan, the City of Statesboro Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (the GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for cities in the State of Georgia. The City is assigned the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan. The GMEBS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report can be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

Benefits provided - The classes of eligible employees for retirement benefits are regular employees with the exception of part-time firefighters employed or reemployed on or after June 20, 2012, elected or appointed members of the governing authority, and the City Attorney employed on December 13, 2011 meeting the eligibility requirements of the Plan that are applicable to eligible regular employees. Normal retirement qualifications for regular employees are attainment of age 65 and the completion of 5 years of total credited service. Normal retirement qualifications for Public Safety employees only are attainment of age 55 and completion of 25 years of total credited service. The regular employee calculation for the Split Final Average Formula is 1.25% of Final Average Earnings up to the amount of covered compensation plus 2% of Final Average Earnings in excess of said covered compensation, multiplied by years of Total Credited Service as an eligible regular employee. The Alternative Split Final Average Earnings Formula is 1% of Final Average Earnings up to the amount of covered compensation plus 1.75% of Final Average Earnings in excess of said covered compensation, multiplied by years of Total Credited Service as an eligible regular employee. Unless otherwise specified in an addendum to the adoption agreement, Final Average Earnings is defined as the monthly average of Earnings paid to a participant by the City for the 60 consecutive months of Credited Service preceding the participant's most recent termination in which the participant's earnings were the highest, multiplied by 12. The formula for elected or appointed members of the governing authority is \$35 per month for each year of total credited service as an elected or appointed member of the governing authority or municipal legal officer or major fraction thereof (6 months and 1 day). The City elects to provide for a variable annual cost-of-living adjustment not to exceed 5%. Disability retirement benefits shall be computed in the same manner as the Normal Retirement benefit, based upon the participant's accrued benefit as of his disability retirement date. In-service death benefits are payable to the participant's pre-retirement beneficiary, actuarially equivalent to the reserve required for the participant's anticipated normal retirement benefit, provided the participant meets eligibility conditions. Terminated vested death benefits are payable to the participant's pre-retirement beneficiary, equal to the decreased monthly retirement benefit that would have otherwise been payable to the participant had he elected a 100% joint and survivor benefit, under the plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	80
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	105
Active employees	288
	473

Contributions - The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10). The estimated minimum annual contribution under these standards is \$153,989. This minimum contribution has been determined as the sum of 1) the normal cost (including administrative expenses), 2) the 30-year level percentage of payroll amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability or the 10-year level percentage of payroll amortization of the surplus, and 3) interest on these amounts from the valuation date to the date contributions are paid (assumed monthly). The GMEBS Board of Trustees has adopted an actuarial funding policy that requires a different funding level than the estimated minimum annual contribution to minimize fluctuations in annual contribution amounts and to accumulate sufficient funds to secure benefits under the Plan. If the employer contributes the recommended contribution developed under the actuarial funding policy each year, the Plan will meet applicable state funding standards.

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of September 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015.

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability (asset) in the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25	percent
Salary increases	5.15	percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75	percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-distinct rates, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of a actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
		- 0 - 1
Domestic equity	50%	5.95%
International equity	15%	6.45%
Fixed income	25%	1.55%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
Cash	<u> </u>	-
Total	100%	

Discount rate- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2013	\$ 19,555,668	\$19,147,081	\$ 408,587
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	435,063	=	435,063
Interest	1,490,160	-	1,490,160
Differences between expected and actual experience	94,118	-	94,118
Contributions - employer	-	556,107	(556,107)
Contributions - employee	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	2,183,124	(2,183,124)
Benefit payments	(655,592)	(655,592)	-
Administrative expense	-	(34,589)	34,589
Other changes	(445,667)	-	(445,667)
Net changes	918,082	2,049,050	(1,130,968)
Balances at September 30, 2014	\$ 20,473,750	\$21,196,131	\$ (722,381)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate- The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 –percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1 – percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	-6.75%	Rate (7.75%)	-8.75%
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,467,419	\$ (722,381)	\$ (3,318,420)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$281,635. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows			
	of Resources			of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	78,430	\$	(371,390)		
Changes of assumptions		-		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments		-		(563,536)		
Employer contributionns after measurement rate		447,402				
Total	\$	525,832	\$	(934,926)		

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2016	\$ 247,926
2017	(199,476)
2018	(199,476)
2019	(199,476)
2020	(58,592)
	\$ (409,094)

3-I. Defined Contribution Plan

The City sponsors a defined contribution retirement plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for the Municipal Court Judge and the City Attorney. The plan is administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The City Council is responsible and has authority to amend the plan provisions. The City contributes 4 percent of salary to the plan. The employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The City made \$5,880 in contributions to the plan during the year ended June 30, 2015.

3-J. Fund Equity

As of June 30, 2015, governmental fund balances are composed of the following:

	Ge	eneral Fund	esboro Fire Service	 07 SPLOST		013 LOST	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items	\$	255,626	\$ 39,390	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	295,016
Restricted:										
Capital projects		-	-	1,221,130	2,7	46,085		-		3,967,215
Fire protection		-	555,323	-		-		-		555,323
Police		-	-	-		-		366,489		366,489
Community development		-	-	-		-		226,784		226,784
Assigned										
Capital projects		-	-	-		-		29,593		29,593
Unassigned		1,387,427	-	-				(316,375)		1,071,052
Total fund balances	\$	1,643,053	\$ 594,713	\$ 1,221,130	\$ 2,7	46,085	\$	306,491	\$	6,511,472

Net investment in capital assets on the government-wide statement of net position as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Governmental	Business Type	Component	
	Activities	Activities	Unit	
Cost of capital assets	\$ 49,880,183	\$ 100,236,989	\$ 18,228	
Less accumulated depreciation	20,910,206	40,016,717	9,373	
Book value	28,969,977	60,220,272	8,855	
Less capital related debt	1,937,238	16,192,245	-	
Plus unspent bond proceeds	-	2,360,328	=	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 27,032,739	\$ 46,388,355	\$ 8,855	

Note 4 – Other Notes

4-A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the city carries commercial insurance.

Pursuant to Title 34, Chapter 9, Article 4 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the City of Statesboro became a member of the Georgia Municipal Association Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund (GMAWCSIF). The liability of the fund to the employees of any employer (City) is specifically limited to such obligations as are imposed by applicable state laws against the employer for workers' compensation and/or employer's liability.

Employees that qualify are covered for wage replacement and medical benefits when injured in the process of performing their job duties. The coverage is provided by GMAWCSIF and the City of Statesboro participates in the pool or group with other Georgia Cities. This lessens exposure due to the grouped resources that GMAWCSIF provides.

The fund is to defend, in the name of and on behalf of the members, any suits or other proceedings which may at any time be instituted against them on account of injuries or death within the purview of the Workers' Compensation Law of Georgia, or on the basis of employer's liability, including suits or other proceedings alleging such injuries and demanding compensation therefore, although such suits, other proceedings, allegations or demands be wholly groundless, false or fraudulent. The Fund is to pay all costs assessed against members in any legal proceedings defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

The City's responsibilities relating to the workers' compensation pool is to pay all costs, other than those referenced in the above paragraph regarding litigation. The City prepays an estimated annual premium based upon claims experience. Then an audit is conducted of actual experience, with the difference in the premium being paid or refunded as applicable.

In fiscal year 2006, based on prior years loss experience and claims, the City elected to self insure a portion of its workers' compensation claims by increasing the deductible to \$50,000 per occurrence and thereby significantly decreasing the annual premium.

In January 1991 the City elected to establish a self-insurance fund (an internal service fund) to cover all employee health insurance claims. The City makes payments to this fund on a monthly basis based on estimated premiums provided by the third party administrator to fund this program. Amounts are also withheld from employees by payroll deduction and paid to the self-insurance fund.

A third party administrator pays all claims from funds provided to them from the self-insurance fund's bank account. The City carries specific reinsurance for claims from one individual within one year exceeding \$60,000.

The claims liability of \$437,733 reported at June 30, 2015 for the Internal Service Funds represents known claims incurred on or prior to June 30, 2015 and an estimate for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Changes in the funds' claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Be	ginning of	Cu	rrent Year]	End of				
	Fis	Fiscal Year		Claims and Changes		Claim	Fis	cal Year				
Date	I	Liability		Liability in Estimates		in Estimates		Payments		Liability		
2013	\$	699,350	\$	\$ 3,223,870		3,485,028	\$	438,192				
2014		438,192		4,053,459		3,898,147		493,504				
2015		493,504		3,782,049		3,837,820		437,733				

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, and there have been no settlements that exceed the City's insurance coverage during the past three years.

Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

4-B. Contingent Liabilities

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The City was a defendant in several lawsuits at June 30, 2015. In the opinion of City management, the outcome of these contingencies will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

4-C. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the ten county coastal Georgia area, is a member of the Coastal Regional Commission of Georgia(RC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the City paid \$30,554 in such dues. Membership in an RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-33, which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Coastal Regional Commission of Georgia, 1181 Coastal Drive SW, Darien, Georgia 31305.

4-D. Hotel-Motel Lodging Tax

The City has levied a 6% lodging tax. A summary of the transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015 follows:

		Percentage of tax receipts
Lodging tax receipts Disbursements to the:	\$ 774,964	
Statesboro Convention and Visitors Bureau for promotion of tourism	(256,553)	33%
Statesboro Arts Council for performing arts center	(215,720)	28%
Downtown Statesboro Development Authority for promotion of tourism	(153,315)	20%
City of Statesboro for administrative costs	(38,521)	5%
Georgia Southern University for Shooting Complex	 (110,855)	14%
Total	\$ -	100%

All expenditures were for promotion of tourism as required by O.C.G.A. 48-13-51.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

4-E. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description. The City sponsors a single-employer post-retirement medical plan. The plan provides medical, prescription and death benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. At June 30, 2015, five retired employees were eligible to participate. Since the plan has no assets, reporting another employee benefit trust fund in the accompanying financial statements is not required nor was a separate or stand-alone report issued.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. Plan members are not required to contribute; however, plan members receiving healthcare benefits pay for 50% of the health care insurance premium for individual and family coverage if the employee had 10 to 25 years of service at retirement and the City pays 100% of coverage if the employee has 25 or more years of service.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City made no contributions and instead elected to continue funding on a *pay-as-you-go* basis, which amounted to \$86,979 for 2015. These costs are recognized as an expense when claims or premiums are paid.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other post-retirement benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB Obligation.

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 555,340
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	77,349
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(107,527)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	525,162
Contributions Made	(86,979)
Increase in Net Obligation	438,183
Net OPEB Obligation (BOY)	1,933,735
Net OPEB Obligation (EOY)	\$ 2,371,918

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013-2015 is as follows:

OPEB Cost					
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB		
Ended	Cost	Contributed	Obligation		
6/30/2013	\$ 560,750	22%	\$ 1,483,888		
6/30/2014	560,750	20%	1,933,735		
6/30/2015	525,162	17%	2,371,918		

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Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,220,218 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,220,218. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$11,459,420 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 36.8%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and includes the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing the benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan assets at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after ten years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using a standard balanced portfolio expectation for retirement plan asset returns. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2014 was 30 years.

4-F. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 5, 2016, the date that the financial statements were available for issue. No subsequent events were noted.



Supplementary Information

City of Statesboro, Georgia Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	 2015 (1)
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 435,063
Interest	1,490,160
Changes of benefit items	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	94,118
Changes of assumptions	(445,667)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(655,592)
Net change in total pension liability	 918,082
Total pension liability-beginning	 19,555,668
Total pension liability-ending (a)	\$ 20,473,750
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions-employer	\$ 556,107
Contributions-employee	-
Net investment income	2,183,124
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(655,592)
Administrative expense	(34,589)
Other	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2,049,050
Plan fiduciary net position-beginning	19,147,081
Plan fiduciary net position-ending (b)	\$ 21,196,131
Net pension liability (asset)-ending (a)-(b)	\$ (722,381)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.53%
Covered-employee payroll	10,848,107
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	-6.66%

(1) Only fiscal year 2015 was available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full 10-year trend is compiled.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions

Amounts reported for the Fiscal Year ending in 2015 and later reflect the following assumption changes based on the results of an actuarial experience study covering the period January 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014:

- · The mortality table for disabled participants was changed to remove the two-year set-forward for males and the one-year set-forward for females.
- The turnover rates were updated to introduce select rates for service less than five years and to reduce the ultimate rate by 15% and to assume no turnover on or after age 55. The select period rates were further constrained to not be less than the ultimate rates.
- The retirement rates where normal retirement is only available on or after age 65 were changed from the prior assumption of 100% at age 65 to the new assumption of 60% at ages 65 to 69 and 100% at age 70. Where normal retirement is available prior to age 65, the rates were changed from the prior assumption of 100% at earliest unreduced age, but not below age 60, to the new assumption of 10% at ages 55 to 59, 20% at age 60, 25% at age 61, 35% at age 62, 40% at age 63, 45% at age 64, 50% at ages 65 to 69, and 100% at age 70.
- · The inflation and cost-of-living adjustment assumptions were decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The salary increase assumption was changed from select period rates during the first five years of service, followed by age-related rates to an assumption based on new service-related rates. Under the prior assumption, the salary increases ranged from 4.00% to 11.00% and included inflation assumption of 3.50%. Under the new assumption, the salary increases range from 3.75% to 8.00% and include an inflation assumption of 3.25%.

Benefit changes

Effective November 6, 2013, the Plan was amended to allow the City Attorney to participate and to grant prior service credit to the City Manager.

City of Statesboro Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	*
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	*
Contribution deficiency (excess)	*
Covered-employee payroll	*
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	*

^{*2015} information will be determined after fiscal year end and will be included in the 2016 valuation report

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date The actuarially determined contribution rate was determined as of January 1, 2015,

with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially determined contribution rate will be reported for the fiscal year ending

June 30, 2016.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization Method Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining Amortization Period N/A

Asset Valuation Method Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus

the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is

adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Net Investment Rate of Return 7.75%

Projected Salary Increases 3.25% plus service based merit increases

Cost of Living Adjustments 3.25%

Retirement Age See changes of assumptions in the Notes to Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension

Liability (Asset)

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with sex-distinct rates, set forward two

years for males and one year for females.



Nonmajor Governmental Funds By Fund Type

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - By Fund Type June 30, 2015

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets	4 202 425	Φ.	d 202.425
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 382,135	\$ -	\$ 382,135
Receivables: Hotel/motel taxes	60.260		60.260
Intergovernmental	69,369	182,203	69,369 182,203
Notes	236,805	162,203	236,805
Lease		214,869	214,869
Total Assets	\$ 688,309	\$ 397,072	\$ 1,085,381
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 6,656	\$ 345,401	\$ 352,057
Interfund payable	252,573	51,396	303,969
Other	122,864	-	122,864
Total Liabilities	382,093	396,797	778,890
Fund Balances			
Restricted	593,273	-	593,273
Assigned	-	29,593	29,593
Unassigned	(287,057)	(29,318)	(316,375)
Total Fund Balances	306,216	275	306,491
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 688,309	\$ 397,072	\$ 1,085,381

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Hotel/motel taxes	\$ 774,064	\$ -	\$ 774,064
Intergovernmental	25,181	250,578	275,759
Fines and forfeitures	171,333		171,333
Total Revenues	970,578	250,578	1,221,156
Expenditures			
Current:	107.770		104 770
Public safety	196,779	-	196,779
Community development	625,588	=	625,588
Capital Outlay:			
General government	-	-	-
Public works	-	435,264	435,264
Parks and cemeteries	=	18,925	18,925
Engineering	-	54,592	54,592
Total Expenditures	822,367	508,781	1,331,148
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	148,211	(258,203)	(109,992)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	-	95,499	95,499
Transfers out	(35,302)	-	(35,302)
Issuance of capital lease	<u> </u>	146,466	146,466
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(35,302)	241,965	206,663
Net Change in Fund Balances	112,909	(16,238)	96,671
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	193,307	16,513	209,820
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 306,216	\$ 275	\$ 306,491



General Fund

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 353,305	\$ 103
Receivables:		
Taxes	186,969	284,015
Accounts	46,468	64,869
Intergovernmental	52,460	72,032
Interfund	2,848,959	2,510,934
Prepaid items	 255,626	 185,417
Total Assets	\$ 3,743,787	\$ 3,117,370
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 168,393	\$ 234,859
Intergovernmental payable	110,618	-
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	94,756	85,679
Other liabilities	123,417	92,986
Interfund payable	1,435,353	1,736,380
Unearned revenue	 163,750	 156,250
Total Liabilities	 2,096,287	 2,306,154
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 4,447	 11,030
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable	255,626	185,417
Unassigned	 1,387,427	614,769
Total Fund Balances	 1,643,053	 800,186
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 3,743,787	\$ 3,117,370

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Revenues		
Taxes:		
Property	\$ 3,923,619	\$ 3,647,594
Automobiles	515,177	511,443
Franchise	1,765,369	1,740,726
Insurance premium	1,531,963	1,466,120
Alcoholic beverage	698,554	693,278
Other	94,532	83,299
Licenses and permits	982,677	861,217
Intergovernmental	-	16,206
Charges for services	186,625	231,591
Fines and forfeitures	1,147,171	1,076,898
Miscellaneous	64,929	38,985
Total Revenues	10,910,616	10,367,357
Expenditures		
Current:		
General government		
Governing body	238,924	178,039
City manager's office	64,255	139,113
City clerk's office	171,586	180,712
Elections	15,189	26,185
Financial administration	475,083	397,723
Legal	157,722	88,335
Information technology	-	477,665
Human resources	187,827	157,761
Government buildings	164,638	156,417
General administration fees	39,294	37,126
Total general government	1,514,518	1,839,076
Municipal court	576,371	555,185
Public safety:		
Police	5,638,930	5,241,916
Emergency management	5,000	5,000
Animal control	51,086	57,383
Total public safety	5,695,016	5,304,299
		(continued)

General Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	ued)

	2015	2014
Streets/public works	\$ 2,030,080	\$ 1,987,420
Parks and cemeteries	367,113	369,113
Engineering	366,351	410,968
Planning and zoning	367,044	366,749
Community services: Arts Center Other	148,210 33,800	133,858 35,200
Total community services	182,010	169,058
Community development	78,134	86,208
Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	102,676 24,249	119,937 51,909
Total Debt Service	126,925	171,846
Total Expenditures	11,303,562	11,259,922
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(392,946)	(892,565)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets	2,643,302 (1,439,499) 32,010	2,580,146 (1,444,000) 9,136
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,235,813	1,145,282
Net Change in Fund Balances	842,867	252,717
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	800,186	547,469
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,643,053	\$ 800,186



Major Capital Projects Funds

City of Statesboro, Georgia 2007 SPLOST Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,911,667	\$ 4,447,111
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 365,016	\$ 47,677
Interfund payable	325,521	428,596
Total Liabilities	690,537	476,273
Fund Balances		
Restricted	1,221,130	3,970,838
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,911,667	\$ 4,447,111

City of Statesboro, Georgia 2007 SPLOST Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Revenues Intergovernmental - Sales taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,638,408
Intergovernmental	208,230	261,099
Investment earnings	3,901	7,791
Total Revenues	212,131	1,907,298
Expenditures		
Capital outlay:		
Public safety	512,658	1,139,908
Public works	1,145,381	745,944
Planning and zoning	23,660	19,673
Debt Service-Principal	66,822	66,822
Total Expenditures	1,748,521	1,972,347
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(1,536,390)	(65,049)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers out	(1,213,318)	(2,060,504)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,749,708)	(2,125,553)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	3,970,838	6,096,391
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,221,130	\$ 3,970,838

City of Statesboro, Georgia 2013 SPLOST Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,581,747	\$ 612,222
Intergovernmental receivable	1,769,643	1,624,162
Total Assets	\$ 5,351,390	\$ 2,236,384
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 800,322	\$ 117,767
Interfund payable	1,804,983	1,390,444
Total Liabilities	2,605,305	1,508,211
Fund Balances		
Restricted	2,746,085	728,173
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,351,390	\$ 2,236,384

City of Statesboro, Georgia 2013 SPLOST Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Revenues Intergovernmental - sales taxes	\$ 5,504,731	\$ 2,608,710
Investment earnings	352	25
•		
Total Revenues	5,505,083	2,608,735
Expenditures		
Capital outlay:		
General government	-	127,543
Municipal court	18,100	-
Community development	1,596	797,458
Public safety	603,784	18,800
Public works	422,547	-
Debt Service-Principal	300,000	300,000
Total Expenditures	1,346,027	1,243,801
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	4,159,056	1,364,934
Other Financing (Uses)		
Transfers out	(2,141,144)	(636,761)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,017,912	728,173
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	728,173	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 2,746,085	\$ 728,173



Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2015

	Imp	Capital rovements gram Fund		2013 CDBG Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds			
Assets	' <u>-</u>				'			
Receivables: Lease	\$	214,869	\$	_	\$	214,869		
Intergovernmental		-		182,203		182,203		
Total Assets	\$	214,869	\$	182,203	\$	397,072		
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	135,751	\$	209,650	\$	345,401		
Interfund payable		49,525		1,871		51,396		
Total Liabilities		185,276	_	211,521		396,797		
Fund Balances								
Assigned		29,593		-		29,593		
Unassigned		-		(29,318)		(29,318)		
Total Fund Balance		29,593		(29,318)		275		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	214,869	\$	182,203	\$	397,072		

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Capital Improvements Program Fund	2013 CDBG Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds			
Revenues	Φ.		4 25 5 5 5			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 250,578	\$ 250,578			
Expenditures						
Capital Outlay:						
Engineering	54,592	=	54,592			
Parks and cemeteries	18,925	-	18,925			
Public works	155,368	279,896	435,264			
Total Expenditures	228,885	279,896	508,781			
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(228,885)	(29,318)	(258,203)			
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in	95,499	-	95,499			
Issuance of capital lease	146,466		146,466			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	241,965		241,965			
Net Change in Fund Balances	13,080	(29,318)	(16,238)			
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	16,513		16,513			
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 29,593	\$ (29,318)	\$ 275			

City of Statesboro, Georgia Capital Improvements Program Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015		2014		
Assets					
Lease receivable	\$	214,869	\$	68,403	
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	135,751	\$	749	
Interfund payable		49,525		51,141	
Total Liabilities		185,276		51,890	
Fund Balances					
Assigned		29,593		16,513	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	214,869	\$	68,403	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Capital Improvements Program Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015			2014
Revenues	\$		\$	
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay				
General government		-		26,312
Public works		155,368		91,835
Community services		10.025		14,272
Parks and cemeteries		18,925		10,670
Engineering		54,592		8,801
Total Expenditures		228,885		151,890
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(228,885)		(151,890)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in		95,499		100,000
Issuance of capital lease		146,466		68,403
Issuance of capital fease		110,100		00,103
Total Other Financing Sources		241,965		168,403
Net Change in Fund Balances		13,080		16,513
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		16,513		
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	29,593	\$	16,513

City of Statesboro, Georgia 2013 CDBG Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015			2014		
Assets						
Intergovernmental receivable	\$	182,203	\$			
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		209,650		-		
Interfund payable		1,871				
Total Liabilities	\$	211,521	\$	-		
Fund Balances Unassigned		(29,318)		_		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	182,203	\$	-		

City of Statesboro, Georgia 2013 CDBG Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2014		
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	250,578	\$	10,000
Expenditures Capital outlay: Public works		279,896		10,000
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(29,318)		
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	(29,318)	\$	



Major Special Revenue Funds

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statesboro Fire Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014	2014		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 584,5	552 \$ 654,6	541		
Receivables:					
Accounts	35,5	585 31,1	116		
Intergovernmental	12,4	118,7	728		
Prepaid items	39,3	37,7	708		
Total Assets	\$ 671,9	960 \$ 842,1	193		
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 40,7	720 \$ 24,3	340		
Unearned revenue	-	- 14,2	249		
Accrued payroll	36,5	527 29,1	108		
Total Liabilities	77,2	247 67,6	597		
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	39,3	390 37,7	708		
Restricted	555,3				
Total Fund Balances	594,7	713 774,4	196		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 671,9	960 \$ 842,1	193		

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Statesboro Fire Service Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

		2015		2014
Revenues Charges for services	\$	1,074,504	\$	1,076,430
Intergovernmental	T	-	,	23,773
Miscellaneous		19,198		156
Total Revenues		1,093,702		1,100,359
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety - Fire		3,367,795		2,971,918
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(2,274,093)		(1,871,559)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		2,094,310		2,105,786
Transfers out				(6,475)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,094,310		2,099,311
Net Change in Fund Balances		(179,783)		227,752
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		774,496		546,744
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	594,713	\$	774,496



Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2015

	Confiscated Assets				CDBG		Department of Hotel/Motel Multiple CDBG Justice Grant Tax Grant		<u>.</u>		<u> </u>		-		0.	Spec	Total onmajor ial Revenue Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	267,470	\$	_	\$	80,821	\$		\$	_	\$	33,844	\$	382,135			
Receivables:	Ψ	207,470	Ψ		Ψ	00,021	Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ	33,044	Ψ	302,133			
Hotel/motel taxes		-		-		-		69,369		-		-		69,369			
Notes				236,805						-				236,805			
Total Assets	\$	267,470	\$	236,805	\$	80,821	\$	69,369	\$	-	\$	33,844	\$	688,309			
Liabilities and Fund Balances																	
Liabilities																	
Accounts payable	\$	2,444	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,212	\$	6,656			
Interfund payable		-		10,021		-		242,552		-		-		252,573			
Other		8,990						113,874		-				122,864			
Total Liabilities		11,434		10,021				356,426		-		4,212		382,093			
Fund Balances																	
Restricted		256,036		226,784		80,821		-		-		29,632		593,273			
Unassigned	1					-		(287,057)		-				(287,057)			
Total Fund Balances		256,036		226,784		80,821		(287,057)		-		29,632		306,216			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	267,470	\$	236,805	\$	80,821	\$	69,369	\$	-	\$	33,844	\$	688,309			

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Confiscated Assets	CDBG	Department of Justice Grant	Hotel/Motel Tax	Multiple Grant	Technology Fee Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues		_					
Hotel/motel taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 774,064	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 774,064
Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures	71,585	-	- 24,998	-	25,181	- 74,750	25,181 171,333
rines and foriettures	/1,363		24,996			74,730	171,333
Total Revenues	71,585		24,998	774,064	25,181	74,750	970,578
Expenditures Current:							
Public safety	60,376	-	36,671	-	25,145	74,587	196,779
Community development				625,588			625,588
Total Expenditures	60,376		36,671	625,588	25,145	74,587	822,367
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	11,209		(11,673)	148,476	36	163	148,211
Other Financing Uses Transfers out				(35,302)			(35,302)
Net Change in Fund Balances	11,209	-	(11,673)	113,174	36	163	112,909
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	244,827	226,784	92,494	(400,231)	(36)	29,469	193,307
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 256,036	\$ 226,784	\$ 80,821	\$ (287,057)	\$ -	\$ 29,632	\$ 306,216

City of Statesboro, Georgia Confiscated Assets Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	 2015	2014		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 267,470	\$	254,076	
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities Accounts payable Other liabilities	\$ 2,444 8,990	\$	9,249	
Total Liabilities	 11,434		9,249	
Fund Balances Restricted	256,036		244,827	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 267,470	\$	254,076	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Confiscated Assets Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2014)

		2015								2014	
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)			Actual	
Revenues											
Fines and forfeitures	\$	15,000	\$	60,000	\$	71,585	\$	11,585	\$	188,829	
Expenditures Current:											
Public safety		15,000		56,985		60,376		(3,391)		9,714	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	3,015	=	11,209	\$	8,194		179,115	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						244,827	i			65,712	
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	256,036	ŀ		\$	244,827	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014		
Assets Notes receivable	\$ 236,805	\$	254,193	
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities Interfund payable	\$ 10,021	\$	27,409	
Fund Balances Restricted	226,784		226,784	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 236,805	\$	254,193	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2014)

	2015							2014
	Original and		Po	riance ositive gative)		Actual		
Revenues Sale of lots	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures Current: Community development		-		-		-		<u>-</u> _
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-		-	\$			-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				226,784				226,784
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	226,784			\$	226,784

City of Statesboro, Georgia Department of Justice Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 80,821	\$ 92,706
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 212
Fund Balances Restricted	80,821	92,494
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 80,821	\$ 92,706

City of Statesboro, Georgia Department of Justice Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2014)

		2014						
		ginal and Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive Negative)	Actual		
Revenues				_	_		_	
Fines and forfeitures	\$	75,000	\$	24,998	\$ (50,002)	\$	34,588	
Expenditures Current: Public safety		75,000		36,671	38,329		43,512	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	ı	(11,673)	\$ (11,673)	\$	(8,924)	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				92,494			101,418	
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	80,821		\$	92,494	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Hotel/Motel Tax Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Taxes receivable	\$ 69,369	\$ 72,208
Prepaid items	 -	 5,000
Total Assets	\$ 69,369	\$ 77,208
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Other liabilities	\$ 113,874	\$ 69,496
Interfund payable	 242,552	 407,943
Total Liabilities	 356,426	 477,439
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable	-	5,000
Unassigned	(287,057)	(405,231)
Total Fund Balances	(287,057)	(400,231)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 69,369	\$ 77,208

City of Statesboro, Georgia *Hotel/Motel Tax Fund*

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2014)

_	2015						2014	
	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Actual (Negative)			Actual
Revenues Hotel/motel taxes	\$	720,000	\$	774,064	\$	54,064	\$	728,017
	Ф	720,000	Ф	774,004	Þ	34,004	Ф	720,017
Expenditures Current: Community development		570,000		625,588		(55,588)		841,150
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		150,000		148,476		(1,524)		(113,133)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out		(36,000)		(35,302)		698		(35,146)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	114,000		113,174	\$	(826)		(148,279)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				(400,231)				(251,952)
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	(287,057)			\$	(400,231)

City of Statesboro, Georgia Multiple Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015		2014	
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$	_	\$		
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities Interfund payable	\$	-	\$	36	
Fund Balances Unassigned				(36)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$		\$	-	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Multiple Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2014)

	 2015						2014	
	Priginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual	1	Variance Positive Negative)	 Actual
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 13,500	\$	27,130	\$	25,181	\$	(1,949)	\$ 53,496
Expenditures Current:								
Public safety	13,500		27,130		25,145		1,985	 53,496
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$	-		36	\$	36	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year					(36)			 (36)
Fund Balances End of Year				\$	-			\$ (36)

City of Statesboro, Georgia Technology Fee Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2015 and 2014

	 2015	 2014
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,844	\$ 33,875
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 4,212	\$ 4,406
Fund Balances Restricted	 29,632	 29,469
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 33,844	\$ 33,875

City of Statesboro, Georgia
Technology Fee Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2014)

	2015				2014			
		ginal and Final Budget		Actual]	Variance Positive Jegative)		Actual
Revenues								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	88,000	\$	74,750	\$	(13,250)	\$	82,105
Expenditures								
Public safety		87,934		74,587		13,347		73,121
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	66		163	\$	97		8,984
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				29,469				20,485
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	29,632			\$	29,469



Major Enterprise Funds

City of Statesboro, Georgia Water and Sewer Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

Assets 2015 Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,153,680 \$ Receivables: Accounts 497,087 497,087 1 Dubilled accounts 691,967 1 Dubilled accounts 1 Dubiled accounts	(20,807) 493,041 572,779 973,623 1,329,732 253,920 54,429 460,522 4,117,239
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,153,680 \$ Receivables: Accounts 497,087 497,087 Unbilled accounts 691,967 1ntergovernmental 708,595 Interfund 1,440,776 Materials and supplies inventory 264,928 Prepaid items 87,206 87,206 Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents 463,615 Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: \$ 3,307,854 Net pension asset Restricted Assets: 126,900 Restricted Assets: 4,260,521	493,041 572,779 973,623 1,329,732 253,920 54,429 460,522 4,117,239
Receivables: 497,087 Accounts 497,087 Unbilled accounts 691,967 Intergovernmental 708,595 Interfund 1,440,776 Materials and supplies inventory 264,928 Prepaid items 87,206 Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents 463,615 Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: 5,307,854 Noncurrent Assets: 126,900 Restricted Assets: 226,900 Cash and cash equivalents 4,260,521	493,041 572,779 973,623 1,329,732 253,920 54,429 460,522 4,117,239
Accounts	572,779 973,623 1,329,732 253,920 54,429 460,522 4,117,239
Unbilled accounts 691,967 Intergovernmental 708,595 Interfund 1,440,776 Materials and supplies inventory 264,928 Prepaid items 87,206 Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents 463,615 Total Current Assets 5,307,854 Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset Net pension asset 126,900 Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	572,779 973,623 1,329,732 253,920 54,429 460,522 4,117,239
Intergovernmental 708,595 Interfund 1,440,776 Materials and supplies inventory 264,928 Prepaid items 87,206 Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents 463,615	973,623 1,329,732 253,920 54,429 460,522 4,117,239
Materials and supplies inventory 264,928 Prepaid items 87,206 Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents 463,615 Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset 126,900 Restricted Assets: 4,260,521	1,329,732 253,920 54,429 460,522 4,117,239
Prepaid items 87,206 Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents 463,615 Total Current Assets 5,307,854 Noncurrent Assets: 126,900 Restricted Assets: 2 Cash and cash equivalents 4,260,521	54,429 460,522 4,117,239
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents 463,615 Total Current Assets 5,307,854 Noncurrent Assets: 126,900 Restricted Assets: 20,000 Cash and cash equivalents 4,260,521	4,117,239
Total Current Assets 5,307,854 Noncurrent Assets: 20,900 Net pension asset 126,900 Restricted Assets: 20,900 Cash and cash equivalents 4,260,521	4,117,239
Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset 126,900 Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents 4,260,521	-
Net pension asset 126,900 Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents 4,260,521	4,722,522
Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents 4,260,521	4,722,522
Cash and cash equivalents 4,260,521	4,722,522
·	4,722,522
Capital Assets:	
Land 352,981	352,981
Buildings 1,163,881	1,155,731
Improvements other than buildings 64,092,473	61,478,380
Machinery and equipment 7,402,509	6,735,977
Less accumulated depreciation (32,362,477) Construction in progress 10,288,088	(30,675,031) 9,399,754
Construction in progress 10,260,000	9,399,734
Total Capital Assets 50,937,455	48,447,792
Total Noncurrent Assets 55,324,876	53,170,314
Total Assets 60,632,730	57,287,553
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Resources related to pensions 92,372	71,492
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable 614,056	524,090
Accrued payroll 41,064	34,231
Accrued interest payable 146,095	151,491
Current portion of notes payable 175,540	168,280
Current portion of revenue bonds payable 500,000	480,000
Customer deposits 463,615 Compensated absences payable 29,193	460,522
Compensated absences payable 29,193	29,261
Total Current Liabilities 1,969,563	1,847,875
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Net pension obligation -	71,776
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion) 116,774	117,045
Other post employment benefits payable 453,941	377,831
Notes payable (net of current portion) 2,888,676 Revenue bonds payable, net of unamortized premium (net of current portion) 12,418,209	3,064,210 12,930,784
Total Long-Term Liabilites 15,877,600	16,561,646
Total Liabilities 17,847,163	18,409,521
	10,100,021
Deferred Inflows of Resources Resources related to pensions 164,237	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets 37,315,358	34,763,654
Restricted for revenue bond retirement 791,247	791,288
Unrestricted 4,607,097	3,394,582
Total Net Position \$ 42,713,702 \$	38,949,524

City of Statesboro, Georgia Water and Sewer Opearating Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For The Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

0	2015	2014
Operating Revenues Water sales	\$ 4,282,985	\$ 4,095,675
Sewer charges	4,608,335	4,282,512
Penalties	132,265	133,922
Reconnecting charges	144,222	113,221
Service fees	325,973	157,227
Tap fees	731,575	232,545
Rental income	178,337	162,581
Miscellaneous	11,778	37,068
Total Operating Revenues	10,415,470	9,214,751
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	2,200,751	2,183,415
Employee benefits	920,982	1,027,061
Purchased services:	0.400	10.552
Training Description	9,498	10,573
Dues and certification Repairs and maintenance	12,212	5,320
Inspections	406,592 58,483	311,872 49,954
Contracted services	25,518	76,851
Laboratory services	24,330	34,863
Electricity	826,707	803,331
Telephone	55,302	30,542
Insurance	76,207	73,498
Equipment rental	5,095	7,556
Engineering fees	10,510	22,174
Tippage fees	169,209	154,579
Travel	26,362	27,849
Advertising	1,056	3,001
Postage	65,196	66,261
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	22,453	17,229
Materials and supplies	337,036	300,893
Chemicals	79,796	84,358
Gasoline, oil, etc. Small equipment	67,014	97,182
Indirect cost allocation	33,538 942,586	48,635 909,574
Depreciation Depreciation	1,775,375	1,715,049
Bad debts	20,262	26,638
Other	6,732	7,209
Total Operating Expenses	8,178,802	8,095,467
Operating Income	2,236,668	1,119,284
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	_	_
Intergovernmental	2,396,924	3,507,130
Investment earnings	344	1,045
Interest expense	(677,115)	(696,065)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	1,720,153	2,812,110
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	3,956,821	3,931,394
Capital contributions	223,107	149,432
Transfers in	1,151,560	1,651,358
Transfers out	(1,567,310)	(1,553,786)
Change in Net Position	3,764,178	4,178,398
Net Position Beginning of Year	38,949,524	34,771,126
Net Position End of Year	\$ 42,713,702	\$ 38,949,524

Reclaimed Water System Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015	2014			
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Accounts receivable	\$	7,831	\$	3,871		
Prepaid insurance	-	116		-		
Total Current Assets		7,947		3,871		
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital Assets:						
Improvements other than buildings		934,580		934,580		
Less accumulated depreciation		(67,071)		(48,379)		
Total Capital Assets		867,509		886,201		
Total Noncurrent Assets						
Total Assets		875,456		890,072		
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		600		767		
Interfund payable		5,423		23,287		
Total Current Liabilities		6,023		24,054		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		867,509		886,201		
Unrestricted		1,924		(20,183)		
Total Net Position	\$	869,433	\$	866,018		

Reclaimed Water System Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015	2014		
Operating Revenues	¢	12.500	¢	15 5 4 2	
Charges for services	\$	43,560	\$	15,543	
Operating Expenses					
Purchased services:					
Insurance		23		112	
Electricity		18,897		4,945	
Materials and supplies:					
Parts and materials		128		-	
Chemicals		2,405		-	
Depreciation		18,692		18,691	
Total Operating Expenses		40,145		23,748	
Change in Net Position		3,415		(8,205)	
Net Position Beginning of Year		866,018		874,223	
Net Position End of Year	\$	869,433	\$	866,018	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Gas Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current Assets:	\$ 847,968	\$ 472,937
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 847,968	\$ 472,937
Accounts	209,863	277,561
Unbilled accounts	259,509	253,718
Interfund	237,307	709,609
Inventory	95,448	91,885
Prepaid items	31,195	22,911
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents	102,530	94,100
	102,550	71,100
Total Current Assets	1,546,513	1,922,721
Noncurrent Assets:		
Net pension asset	22,933	
Capital Assets:		
Land	78,004	78,004
Buildings	317,389	317,389
Improvements other than buildings	4,995,019	4,995,019
Machinery and equipment	673,082	572,649
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,037,101)	(2,896,134)
Construction in progress	1,618,544	237
Total Capital Assets	4,644,937	3,067,164
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,667,870	3,067,164
Total Assets	6,214,383	4,989,885
D.C. 10 (8) CD		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	16 602	12.020
Resources related to pensions	16,693	12,920
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	205,497	210 726
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	5,306	210,726 5,745
Accrued interest payable	1,556	1,753
* *		
Compensated absences payable	7,194	7,531
Sales tax payable	26,437	28,851
Customer deposits	102,530	94,100
Notes payable	27,349	26,544
Total Current Liabilities	375,869	375,250
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Net pension obligation	-	12,971
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	28,776	30,123
Other post employment benefits payable	75,552	63,018
Notes payable (net of current portion)	182,471	209,819
Total Long-Term Liabilities	286,799	315,931
Total Liabilities	662,668	691,181
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Resources related to pensions	29,680	
Not Position		
Net Position	4 405 115	2 020 001
Net investment in capital assets	4,435,117	2,830,801
Unrestricted	1,103,611	1,480,823
Total Net Position	\$ 5,538,728	\$ 4,311,624

City of Statesboro, Georgia Gas Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues	2013	2014
Charges for services	\$ 5,112,192	\$ 5,567,740
Penalties	69,224	58,386
Reconnecting charges	4,085	1,975
Tap fees	4,816	400
Transport fees	29,877	30,102
Service fees	6,450	4,360
Miscellaneous	5,093	3,797
Total Operating Revenues	5,231,737	5,666,760
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	367,212	352,690
Employee benefits	120,169	137,414
Purchased Services:		
Training	150	-
Dues and certification	2,160	2,204
Repairs and maintenance	96,394	96,957
Contracted services	2,777	1,577
Electricity	11,813	13,186
Telephone	10,615	6,428
Insurance	21,904	18,482
Equipment rental	2,939	3,618
Engineering fees	7,654	4,322
Water heater program	13,859	19,785
Travel	9,490	8,822
Advertising	4,771	1,155
Postage	77	211
Franchise fee	8,303	9,294
Materials and supplies:	4.540	4.505
Uniforms	4,543	4,537
Materials and supplies	68,684	64,093
Chemicals	-	10,103
Gasoline, oil, etc.	20,880	23,335
Small equipment	7,944	6,779
Cost of sales	2,431,287	3,234,407
Indirect cost allocation	166,023	86,602
Depreciation	160,660	132,865
Bad debts	7,848	10,440
Other	2,061	16,969
Total Operating Expenses	3,550,217	4,266,275
Operating Income	1,681,520	1,400,485
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Gain on sale of assets	_	5,000
Interest expense	(6,596)	(7,384)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(6,596)	(2,384)
Income Before Transfers	1,674,924	1,398,101
The second second	107 100	
Transfers in Transfers out	427,180 (875,000)	(900,000)
Change in Net Position	1,227,104	498,101
Net Position Beginning of Year, as Restated	4,311,624	3,813,523
Net Position End of Year	\$ 5,538,728	\$ 4,311,624

City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Collection Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

Assets Current Assets:	2014
Current Assets:	
1	363,141 \$ 348,632
Receivables:	
	139,908 153,343
	282,122 282,113
Interfund	- 61,903
1	24,310 9,374
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents 1	135,106 113,401
Total Current Assets 9	944,587 968,766
Noncurrent Assets:	
Net pension asset	35,752 -
Capital Assets:	<u> </u>
Buildings	74,602 74,602
• • • •	560,769 4,194,444
Less accumulated depreciation (2,7	782,814) (2,586,054
Total Capital Assets 1,8	352,557 1,682,992
Total Noncurrent Assets 1,8	388,309 1,682,992
Total Assets 2,8	332,896 2,651,758
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
	26,025 20,142
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable 1	131,727 89,769
Accrued payroll	10,437 8,822
Compensated absences payable	7,348 6,183
Customer deposits 1	135,106 113,401
Total Current Liabilities 2	284,618 218,175
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Net pension obligation	- 20,222
	29,394 24,730
	110,094 87,148
Total Long-Term Liabilities 1	139,488 132,100
Total Liabilities 4	424,106 350,275
Total Diabilities	330,273
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Resources related to pensions	46,272 -
Net Position	
	352,557 1,682,992
	535,986 638,633
<u> </u>	030,033
Total Net Position \$ 2,3	\$ 2,321,625

City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Collection Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues		
Sanitation charges	\$ 3,461,124	\$ 3,351,840
Penalties	48,661	51,858
Miscellaneous	6,660	2,743
Total Operating Revenues	3,516,445	3,406,441
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	572,484	567,876
Employee benefits	301,643	329,687
Purchases services:		
Training	1,804	995
Dues and certification	545	390
Repairs and maintenance	291,069	301,223
Electricity	5,975	3,062
Telephone	12,610	6,345
Insurance	21,636	18,548
Tippage fees	840,300	779,958
Travel	475	1,744
Advertising	1,668	917
Materials and supplies:		0.4.5
Uniforms	6,813	9,267
Materials and supplies	3,828	7,870
Gasoline, oil, etc.	119,478	157,150
Chemicals	2,360	2,743
Indirect cost allocation	158,020	-
Depreciation	446,291	367,733
Bad debts	20,419	51,758
Other	3,743	6,216
Total Operating Expenses	2,811,161	2,613,482
Operating Income	705,284	792,959
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Intergovernmental	76,241	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	7,919	
Income Before Transfers	789,444	792,959
Transfers in	282,474	20,675
Transfers out	(1,005,000)	(613,000)
Change in Net Position	66,918	200,634
Net Position Beginning of Year, as Restated	2,321,625	2,120,991
Net Position End of Year	\$ 2,388,543	\$ 2,321,625

City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Disposal Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015		2014
Assets				
Current Assets:	_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	66,864	\$	11,136
Receivables:		50.0 2. 1		7 4.004
Accounts		60,824		51,036
Unbilled accounts		195,557		173,335
Interfund		-		38,268
Prepaid items	-	20,411		16,860
Total Current Assets		343,656		290,635
Noncurrent Assets:				
Net pension asset		15,845		-
Capital Assets:				
Land		123,425		123,425
Buildings		1,349,350		1,349,350
Improvements other than buildings		264,814		227,129
Infrastructure		225,697		225,697
Machinery and equipment		1,721,781		1,698,714
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,767,253)		(1,626,976)
Total Capital Assets		1,917,814		1,997,339
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,933,659		1,997,339
Total Assets		2,277,315		2,287,974
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Resources related to pensions		11,535		8,927
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		42,208		39,133
Accrued payroll		4,770		3,949
Compensated absences payable		4,151		4,090
Interfund payable		-,101		379,845
Landfill postclosure care costs		167,000		167,000
Total Current Liabilities		218,129		594,017
I one Town I obilities				, in the second second
Long-Term Liabilities: Net pension obligation				8,962
Compensated absences payable		16 602		16,362
1 1 2		16,602		,
Other post employment benefits payable Landfill postclosure care costs (net of current portion)		57,185 1,578,872		48,217 1,700,000
		1,570,072		
Total Long-Term Liabilities		1,652,659		1,773,541
Total Liabilities		1,870,788		2,367,558
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Resources related to pensions		20,507		-
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		1,917,814		1,997,339
Unrestricted		(1,520,259)		(2,067,996)
Total Net Position	\$	397,555	\$	(70,657)
A VVIII A 1 VVI A VIDINIVIA	Ψ	371,333	Ψ	(10,031)

City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Disposal Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues	2013	2014
Tippage fees	\$ 2,296,446	\$ 2,088,922
Penalties	27,219	34,710
Miscellaneous	461	
Total Operating Revenues	2,324,126	2,123,632
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	253,718	250,048
Employee benefits	133,734	147,434
Purchased services:		
Training	1,880	668
Dues and certification	750	1,020
Repairs and maintenance	84,600	176,876
Contracted services	11,782	3,664
Electricity	9,794	9,918
Telephone	9,128	3,742
Insurance	26,754	18,690
Equipment rental	249	469
Transportation and disposal	711,872	720,140
Air rights	1,318,128	1,184,410
Advertising	299	330
Special projects/programs	-	48,000
Waste reduction	25,328	39,062
Enforcement and monitoring	113,333	122,000
Travel	1,146	399
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	4,411	3,778
Materials and supplies	8,911	17,538
Gasoline, oil, etc.	32,670	43,926
Chemicals	488	423
Depreciation	214,698	231,444
Postclosure care costs	-	686,214
Miscellaneous	(553)	1,679
Total Operating Expenses	2,963,120	3,711,872
Operating (Loss)	(638,994)	(1,588,240)
Non-Operating Revenues		
Non-Operating Revenues Gain on sale of capital assets	27,465	219,935
Total Non-Operating Revenues	27,465	219,935
Loss before Transfers	(611,529)	(1,368,305)
Transfers in	1,335,741	1,031,707
Transfers out	(256,000)	(240,000)
Change in Net Postion	468,212	(576,598)
Net Position Beginning of Year, as Restated	(70,657)	505,941
Net Position End of Year	\$ 397,555	\$ (70,657)



Internal Service Funds

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2015

	Health Insurance	Fleet Management	Workers Compensation	Wellness Program	Information Technology	Total
Assets					8.	-
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,349,849	\$ 15,026	\$ -	\$ 57,876	\$ 3,750	\$ 1,426,501
Accounts receivable	-	119,060	-	-	-	119,060
Inventory	-	157,939	-	-	-	157,939
Prepaid items		4,680	173,822	-	42,104	220,606
Total Current Assets	1,349,849	296,705	173,822	57,876	45,854	1,924,106
Noncurrent Assets:						
Net pension asset		15,508			17,178	32,686
Capital Assets:						
Construction in progress	-	-			176,275	176,275
Depreciable capital assets, net		686,063				686,063
Total Capital Assets		686,063			176,275	862,338
Total Noncurrent Assets		701,571			193,453	895,024
Total Assets	1,349,849	998,276	173,822	57,876	239,307	2,819,130
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Resources related to pensions		11,289			12,504	23,793
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	18,255	64,746	-	-	22,132	105,133
Accrued payroll	-	4,351	-	-	4,665	9,016
Claims payable	413,907	-	23,826	-	-	437,733
Compensated absences payable	-	4,767	-	-	1,635	6,402
Captial lease payable	-	23,812	-	-	-	23,812
Interfund payable		358,941			55,545	414,486
Total Current Liabilities	432,162	456,617	23,826		83,977	996,582
Long-Term Liabilities						
Capital lease payable (net of current portion)	-	95,248	-	-	-	95,248
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	-	19,067	-	-	6,542	25,609
Other post employment benefits payable		54,550			34,898	89,448
Total Long-Term Liabilities		168,865			41,440	210,305
Total Liabilites	432,162	625,482	23,826		125,417	1,206,887
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Resources related to pensions		20,071			22,231	42,302
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	_	567,003	-	-	176,275	743,278
Unrestricted	917,687	(202,991)	149,996	57,876	(72,112)	850,456
Total Net Position	\$ 917,687	\$ 364,012	\$ 149,996	\$ 57,876	\$ 104,163	\$ 1,593,734

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Health Insurance			Workers Wellness Compensation Program			Information Technology		Total	
Operating Revenues			_							
Charges for services	\$ 3,811,10	8 \$	937,584	\$	552,702	\$	17,760	\$	686,040	\$ 6,005,194
Miscellaneous			1,901		-					 1,901
Total Operating Revenues	3,811,10	8	939,485		552,702		17,760		686,040	 6,007,095
Operating Expenses										
Salaries	-		248,328		-		-		275,067	523,395
Employee benefits	-		105,865		-		-		103,878	209,743
Purchased services	-		140,138		306,163		965		281,409	728,675
Materials and supplies	-		28,617		-		-		78,934	107,551
Cost of sales	-		400,216		-		-		-	400,216
Depreciation	-		23,883		-		-		-	23,883
Claims and administrative fees	3,592,25	3	-		189,796		-		-	3,782,049
Miscellaneous			4,544		-		-		96	 4,640
Total Operating Expenses	3,592,25	3	951,591		495,959		965		739,384	 5,780,152
Operating Income (Loss)	218,85	5	(12,106)		56,743		16,795		(53,344)	226,943
Non-Operating Revenue										
Gain on sale of capital assets			2,052							 2,052
Income (Loss) before Transfers	218,8	55	(10,054)		56,743		16,795		(53,344)	228,995
Transfers in			345,000				-		157,507	 502,507
Change in Net Position	218,85	5	334,946		56,743		16,795		104,163	731,502
Net Position Beginning of Year, as Restated	698,83	2	29,066		93,253		41,081		_	 862,232
Net Position End of Year	\$ 917,68	7 \$	364,012	\$	149,996	\$	57,876	\$	104,163	\$ 1,593,734

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

]	Health Insurance	Ma	Fleet anagement	Vorkers apensation	Vellness rogram	 formation echnology	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Cash received from customers	\$	3,811,733	\$	939,485	\$ 552,702	\$ 17,760	\$ 686,040	\$ 6,007,720
Cash payments to employees for services		-		(349,414)	-	-	(338,656)	(688,070)
Cash payments for goods and services		-		(580,836)	(347,645)	(965)	(380,411)	(1,309,857)
Cash payments for claims and administrative fees		(3,592,727)		-	 (207,518)	 -	 -	 (3,800,245)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		219,006		9,235	(2,461)	16,795	 (33,027)	 209,548
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities								
Advances from (to) other funds		-		153,576	-	-	55,545	209,121
Transfers in (out)				345,000	 	 	 -	 345,000
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities				498,576	 	 	 55,545	 554,121
Cash Flows from Capital and								
Related Financing Activities								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		2,052	-	-	-	2,052
Transfers in from capital projects funds		-		(505.262)	-	-	157,507	157,507
Purchases of capital assets		-		(505,363)	 -	 	 (176,275)	 (681,638)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related		-		(503,311)		 	(18,768)	(522,079)
Financing Activities								
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		219,006		4,500	(2,461)	16,795	3,750	241,590
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		1,130,843		10,526	2,461	41,081		1,184,911
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	1,349,849	\$	15,026	\$ _	\$ 57,876	\$ 3,750	\$ 1,426,501

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	lealth surance	<u>Ma</u>	Fleet nagement	Vorkers npensation	Vellness Program	formation echnology	 Total
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 218,855	\$	(12,106)	\$ 56,743	\$ 16,795	\$ (53,344)	\$ 226,943
Adjustments:							
Depreciation	-		23,883	-	-	-	23,883
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred							
Outflows of Resources:							
Accounts receivable	625		-	-	-	-	625
Materials and supplies inventory	-		(12,032)	-	-	-	(12,032)
Prepaid items	37,682		(2,144)	(41,482)	-	(42,104)	(48,048)
Net pension asset/obligation	-		(24,280)	-	-	(17,178)	(41,458)
Deferred outflows related to pensions	-		(2,552)	-	-	(12,504)	(15,056)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred				-	-		-
Inflows of Resources:							
Accounts payable	(107)		6,855	-	-	22,132	28,880
Accrued payroll	_		583	-	-	4,665	5,248
Claims payable	(38,049)		-	(17,722)	-	-	(55,771)
Compensated absences payable	-		1,695	-	-	8,177	9,872
Other post employment benefits payable	-		9,262	-	-	34,898	44,160
Deferred inflows related to pensions	 		20,071	 	 	 22,231	 42,302
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 219,006	\$	9,235	\$ (2,461)	\$ 16,795	\$ (33,027)	\$ 209,548

Health Insurance Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		_
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,349,849	\$ 1,130,843
Accounts receivable	_	625
Prepaid items	 	 37,682
Total Current Assets	1,349,849	1,169,150
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Claims payable	413,907	451,956
Accounts payable	 18,255	 18,362
Total Current Liabilities	 432,162	 470,318
Net Position		
Unrestricted	\$ 917,687	\$ 698,832

Health Insurance Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2014			
Operating Revenues Premiums - City and employees	\$	3,811,108	\$	3,808,028	
Operating Expenses Claims and administrative fees		3,592,253		3,840,976	
Change in Net Position		218,855		(32,948)	
Net Position Beginning of Year		698,832		731,780	
Net Position End of Year	\$	917,687	\$	698,832	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Fleet Management Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015		2014
Assets		2013		2014
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,026	\$	10,526
Lease receivable		119,060		-
Inventory		157,939		145,907
Prepaid items		4,680		2,536
Total Current Assets		296,705		158,969
Noncurrent Assets:				
Net pension asset		15,508		-
Capital Assets:				
Buildings		529,585		135,458
Equipment		464,488		359,902
Less accumulated depreciation		(308,010)		(309,127)
Construction in progress		-		18,350
Total Capital Assets		686,063		204,583
Total Noncurrent Assets		701,571		204,583
Total Assets		998,276		363,552
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Resources related to pensions		11,289		8,737
resources related to pensions		11,209		0,737
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:		64746		<i>57</i> 901
Accounts payable		64,746		57,891
Accrued payroll		4,351 4,767		3,768
Compensated absences payable Capital lease payable		23,812		4,428
Interfund payable		358,941		205,365
Total Current Liabilities				271,452
Total Current Liabilities		456,617		271,432
Long-Term Liabilities				
Net pension obligation		-		8,772
Capital leases payable (net of current portion)		95,248		-
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)		19,067		17,711
Other post employment benefits payable		54,550		45,288
Total Long-Term Liabilities		168,865		71,771
Total Liabilites		625,482		343,223
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Resources related to pensions		20,071		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		567,003		204,583
Unrestricted		(202,991)		(175,517)
Total Net Position	\$	364,012	\$	29,066
A COMPANIE OF A CONTROLL	Ψ	301,012	Ψ	27,000

Fleet Management Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues	* 007.704	4 077 070
Parts sales and labor charges	\$ 937,584	\$ 955,872
Miscellaneous	1,901	5,141
Total Operating Revenues	939,485	961,013
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	248,328	235,043
Employee benefits	105,865	110,857
Purchased services:		
Training	7,110	3,639
Dues and certification	293	146
Repairs and maintenance	27,728	10,857
Contracted services	71,447	73,909
Electricity	18,127	15,433
Telephone	2,587	1,148
Advertising	1,801	857
Insurance	3,612	4,626
Equipment rental Travel	1,111	972 6.727
Materials and supplies:	6,322	6,737
Uniforms	2,463	2,340
Materials and supplies	19,341	22,897
Gasoline, oil, etc.	6,813	7,500
Cost of sales	400,216	432,209
Depreciation	23,883	19,566
Miscellaneous	4,544	1,382
Total Operating Expenses	951,591	950,118
Operating Income (Loss)	(12,106)	10,895
Non-Operating Revenues		
Gain on sale of capital assets	2,052	2,664
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(10,054)	13,559
Transfers in	345,000	
Change in Net Position	334,946	13,559
Net Position Beginning of Year, as Restated	29,066	15,507
Net Position End of Year	\$ 364,012	\$ 29,066

City of Statesboro, Georgia Workers Compensation Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015		2014	
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	2,461
Prepaid insurance		173,822		132,340
Total Current Assets		173,822		134,801
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Claims payable		23,826		41,548
Net Position				
Unrestricted	\$	149,996	\$	93,253

City of Statesboro, Georgia Workers Compensation Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues		
Premiums	\$ 552,702	\$ 451,187
Operating Expenses Premiums	206 162	247 160
Claims	306,163 189,796	247,160 212,483
Ciums	100,700	212,403
Total Operating Expenses	495,959	459,643
Change in Net Position	56,743	(8,456)
Net Position Beginning of Year	93,253	101,709
Net Position End of Year	\$ 149,996	\$ 93,253

City of Statesboro, Georgia Wellness Program Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

Assets	2015	2014
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 57,876	\$ 41,081
Net Position Unrestricted	\$ 57,876	\$ 41,081

Wellness Program Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues		
Wellness dues	\$ 17,760	\$ 22,302
Operating Expenses		
Repairs and maintenance	965	290
Miscellaneous		990
Total Operating Expenses	965	1,280
Change in Net Position	16,795	21,022
Net Position Beginning of Year	41,081	20,059
Net Position End of Year	\$ 57,876	\$ 41,081

Information Technology Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	2015	
Assets		_
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,750
Prepaid items		42,104
Total Current Assets		45,854
Noncurrent Assets:		
Net pension asset		17,178
Capital Assets:		
Construction in progress		176,275
Total Noncurrent Assets		193,453
Total Assets		239,307
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Resources related to pensions		12,504
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		22,132
Accrued payroll		4,665
Compensated absences payable		1,635
Interfund payable		55,545
Total Current Liabilities		83,977
Long-Term Liabilities		
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)		6,542
Other post employment benefits payable		34,898
1 1 7 1 7		,
Total Long-Term Liabilities		41,440
Total Liabilites		125,417
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Resources related to pensions		22,231
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		176,275
Unrestricted		(72,112)
Total Net Position	\$	104,163

Information Technology Fund Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2015	
Operating Revenues		
Indirect costs for GIS	\$ 165,000	
Device/User Charges	521,040)
Total Operating Revenues	686,040)
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	275,067	7
Employee benefits	103,878	3
Purchased services:		
Training	6,561	1
Travel	2,068	3
Dues and certification	3,090)
Repairs and maintenance	2,773	3
Contracted services	213,458	3
Telephone	47,634	1
Advertising	308	3
Insurance	5,517	7
Materials and supplies:		
Materials and supplies	77,519	•
Gasoline, oil, etc.	725	
Small equipment	690)
Other	96	<u> </u>
Total Operating Expenses	739,384	1
Operating Income (Loss)	(53,344	1)
Transfers in	157,507	7
Change in Net Position	104,163	3
Net Position Beginning of Year		
Net Position End of Year	\$ 104,163	3



Downtown Statesboro

Development Authority

Downtown Statesboro Development Authority Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2	2015		2014	
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	505,712	\$	395,778	
Intergovernmental receivable		28,043		17,794	
Note receivable		44,662		-	
Prepaid items		3,039		1,677	
Total Current Assets		581,456		415,249	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Buildings		-		115,607	
Improvements other than buildings		12,552		12,552	
Equipment		5,676		5,676	
Less accumulated depreciation		(9,373)		(13,474)	
Construction in progress				77,122	
Total Capital Assets		8,855		197,483	
Total Assets		590,311		612,732	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes		2,509		2,437	
Accounts payable		3,167		647	
Notes payable				13,375	
Total Current Liabilities		5,676		16,459	
Long-Term Liabilities					
Notes payable (net of current portion)				68,952	
Total Liabilities		5,676		85,411	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		8,855		115,156	
Unrestricted		575,780		412,165	
Total Net Position	\$	584,635	\$	527,321	

Downtown Statesboro Development Authority Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues		
Intergovernmental:		
City of Statesboro	\$ 78,000	\$ 80,000
City of Statesboro - Hotel/ Motel tax	153,315	145,473
Other	600	-
Rental income	3,000	22,373
Miscellaneous	 7,813	 26,263
Total Operating Revenues	242,728	274,109
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	80,478	71,635
Employee benefits	5,659	5,845
Purchased services:		
Training	3,258	2,836
Dues and subscriptions	2,367	2,380
Repairs and maintenance	2,958	2,207
Contracted services	21,860	3,550
Bank charges	80	128
Electricity	2,091	2,921
Telephone	3,588	4,845
Advertising	11,100	7,468
Postage	49	50
Printing	776	609
Insurance	6,327	3,635
Annual meeting	2,601	952
Travel	2,475	1,516
Facade grants	18,564	5,297
Fountain grant	-	5,000
Special events	9,394	9,086
Materials and supplies	1,643	995
Depreciation	2,835	27,409
Miscellaneous	7,775	4,429
Miscenaneous	 1,113	 4,429
Total Operating Expenses	 185,878	 162,793
Operating Income	 56,850	 111,316
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	1,659	178
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(423)	(238,270)
Interest expense	 (772)	 (8,587)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	 464	 (246,679)
Change in Net Position	57,314	(135,363)
Net Position Beginning of Year	 527,321	 662,684
Net Position End of Year	\$ 584,635	\$ 527,321

Downtown Statesboro Development Authority Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 232,479
Cash payments to employees for services	(86,065)
Cash payments for goods and services	(95,748)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	 50,666
Cash Flows from Capital and	
Related Financing Activities	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	185,370
Interest paid on notes payable	(772)
Principal paid on notes payable	 (82,327)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related	
Financing Activities	 102,271
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Investment earnings	1,659
Increase in note receivable	(45,875)
Payments received on note receivable	 1,213
Net Cash Provided by (used in) Investing Activities	 (43,003)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	109,934
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	395,778
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 505,712

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Downtown Statesboro Development Authority Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities

Operating Income	\$ 56,850
Adjustments:	
Depreciation	2,835
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:	
Intergovernmental receivable	(10,249)
Prepaid items	(1,362)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	2,520
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	 72
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 50,666

City of Statesboro, Georgia Schedule of SPLOST Expenditures From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

2007 SPLOST

	Original Current					E	xpenditures		Estimated		
	Estimated Costs		Estimated Costs		Prior Years		Current Year		Total	Percentage of Completion	
	 Costs		Costs	10015						Completion	
Joint City/County Solid Waste Disposal	\$ 7,000,000	\$	7,347,455	\$	7,347,455	\$	-	\$	7,347,455	100%	
Cemetery Expansion	900,000		900,000		887,828		-		887,828	99%	
Waste and Sewer Projects	9,860,000		7,277,388		5,784,335		922,848		6,707,183	92%	
Street and Drainage Projects	5,307,500		4,686,236		2,523,071		937,151		3,460,222	74%	
Public Safety Facilities and Equipment	4,200,000		4,241,069		3,324,037		603,140		3,927,177	93%	
Solid Waste Handling Equipment	 1,400,000		1,130,928		707,397		290,470		997,867	88%	
	\$ 28,667,500	\$	25,583,076	\$	20,574,123	\$	2,753,609	\$	23,327,732	91%	

Reconciliation of current year expenditures to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances:

Total 2007 SPLOST fund expenditures per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

in Fund Balances	\$ 1,748,521
Transfer to other funds	1,213,318
Less Intergovernmental revenue from other sources	(208,230)
Total current year expenditures per above	\$ 2,753,609

City of Statesboro, Georgia Schedule of SPLOST Expenditures From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

2013 SPLOST

	Original	Current			Estimated		
	Estimated Costs	Estimated Costs	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Percentage of Completion	
Roads / Streets	\$7,370,012	\$7,370,012	\$ -	\$ 422,547	\$ 422,547	6%	
Public Safety Facilities and Equipment	5,771,142	5,771,142	318,800	921,884	1,240,684	21%	
Facility Improvements	587,190	587,190	127,543	-	127,543	22%	
Water / Sewer Projects	9,000,000	9,000,000	35,684	228,712	264,396	3%	
Natural Gas Projects	2,677,500	2,677,500	-	427,180	427,180	16%	
Solid Waste Handling Equipment	1,350,000	1,350,000	-	-	-	0%	
Economic Development	2,160,000	2,160,000	797,458	159,103	956,561	44%	
Joint City/County Solid Waste Disposal	10,775,000	10,775,000	601,077	1,327,745	1,928,822	18%	
	\$39,690,844	\$39,690,844	\$1,880,562	\$3,487,171	\$ 5,367,733	14%	

Reconciliation of current year expenditures to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances:

Total 2013 SPLOST fund expenditures per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances	\$ 1,346,027
Transfer to other funds	2,141,144
Total current year expenditures per above	\$ 3,487,171



Statistical Section

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Statistical Section

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Statesboro's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, not disclosures, and supplementary information. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

Conter	nts	<u>Page</u>
Financ	cial Trends	S-1
	These tables contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing the City's current financial performance by placing it in historical perspective.	
Reveni	ue Capacity	S-10
	These tables contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the City's two most significant local revenue sources, the property and sales taxes.	
Debt C	Capacity	S-18
	These tables present information that may assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Econoi	mic & Demographic Information	S-22
	This table offers economic and demographic indicators that are commonly used for financial analysis and that can inform one's understanding the City's present and ongoing financial status.	
Operat	ting Information	S-24
	These tables contain service and infrastructure indicators that can inform one's understanding how the information in the City's financial statements relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	
Source	•	

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Government-wide Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense)Revenue by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year 2015	5		Fiscal Year 2014	l		Fiscal Year 2013			Fiscal Year 2012			Fiscal Year 2011	
		Program	Net (Expense)/												
	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1												
Function/Program															
Governmental Activities															
General government	\$ 1,590,793	\$ 719,912	\$ (870,881)	\$ 2,095,218	\$ 766,610	\$ (1,328,608)	\$ 1,961,130	\$ 678,909	\$ (1,282,221)	\$ 1,934,249	\$ 656,558	\$ (1,277,691)	\$ 2,368,425	\$ 927,986	\$ (1,440,439
Municipal court	567,015	-	(567,015)	565,829	-	(565,829)	567,964	-	(567,964)	556,554	-	(556,554)	622,589	-	(622,589
Public safety	10,146,941	3,286,228	(6,860,713)	9,607,582	3,262,755	(6,344,827)	9,098,016	3,535,427	(5,562,589)	9,119,781	3,750,528	(5,369,253)	8,806,859	3,718,363	(5,088,496
Public works	3,016,792	4,909,455	1,892,663	3,047,404	3,860,595	813,191	2,732,868	4,480,151	1,747,283	2,807,901	4,159,318	1,351,417	2,634,834	4,372,241	1,737,407
Community development	727,449	288,232	(439,217)	941,487	94,258	(847,229)	864,315	-	(864,315)	622,364	12,859	(609,505)	553,860	-	(553,860
Parks and cemeteries	443,169	-	(443,169)	459,438	-	(459,438)	442,998	-	(442,998)	427,882	-	(427,882)	458,607	-	(458,607
Engineering	411,919	104,615	(307,304)	316,680	42,621	(274,059)	439,610	482,485	42,875	437,128	375,947	(61,181)	597,136	352,570	(244,566
Planning and zoning	374,778	246,840	(127,938)	380,512	144,327	(236,185)	308,038	-	(308,038)	273,996	-	(273,996)	477,485	-	(477,485
Community services	297,890	-	(297,890)	281,110	-	(281,110)	264,449	100,000	(164,449)	269,663	-	(269,663)	519,484	-	(519,484
Interest on long-term debt	24,249		(24,249)	51,909		(51,909)	22,064		(22,064)	27,512		(27,512)	42,893		(42,893
Subtotal Governmental Activities	17,600,995	9,555,282	(8,045,713)	17,747,169	8,171,166	(9,576,003)	16,701,452	9,276,972	(7,424,480)	16,477,030	8,955,210	(7,521,820)	17,082,172	9,371,160	(7,711,012
Business-type Activities															
Water and sewer	8,803,476	13,023,723	4,220,247	8,795,084	12,834,245	4,039,161	8,695,892	10,262,621	1,566,729	8,177,825	8,771,522	593,697	7,668,906	9,565,811	1,896,905
Reclaimed Water	40,145	43,560	3,415	23,748	15,543	(8,205)	23,376	26,606	3,230	21,359	26,149	4,790	927	1,944	1,017
Gas	3,551,858	5,226,644	1,674,786	4,273,768	5,662,963	1,389,195	3,718,441	5,131,134	1,412,693	3,528,771	4,597,727	1,068,956	4,169,752	5,204,257	1,034,505
Solid waste collection	2,793,705	3,586,026	792,321	2,612,595	3,403,698	791,103	2,339,949	3,222,984	883,035	2,183,140	2,900,086	716,946	2,005,386	2,701,765	696,379
Solid waste disposal	2,956,029	2,323,665	(632,364)	3,710,838	2,123,632	(1,587,206)	2,931,680	2,156,748	(774,932)	2,884,566	1,959,947	(924,619)	2,828,187	1,782,842	(1,045,345
Subtotal Business-type Activities	18,145,213	24,203,618	6,058,405	19,416,033	24,040,081	4,624,048	17,709,338	20,800,093	3,090,755	16,795,661	18,255,431	1,459,770	16,673,158	19,256,619	2,583,461
Total Primary Government	\$ 35,746,208	\$ 33,758,900	\$ (1,987,308)	\$ 37,163,202	\$ 32,211,247	\$ (4,951,955)	\$ 34,410,790	\$ 30,077,065	\$ (4,333,725)	\$ 33,272,691	\$ 27,210,641	\$ (6,062,050)	\$ 33,755,330	\$ 28,627,779	\$ (5,127,551

	Fiscal Year 2010				Fiscal Year 2009	·		Fiscal Year 2008			Fiscal Year 2007		Fiscal Year 2006			
		Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/	
	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	
Function/Program																
Governmental Activities																
General government	\$ 2,364,710	\$ 661,459	\$ (1,703,251)	\$ 2,683,348	\$ 765,661	\$ (1,917,687)	\$ 2,266,551	\$ 782,058	\$ (1,484,493)	\$ 2,110,223	\$ 620,563	\$ (1,489,660)	\$ 1,861,605	\$ 572,414	\$ (1,289,191)	
Municipal court	603,544	-	(603,544)	697,203	-	(697,203)	635,975	-	(635,975)	639,563	-	(639,563)	415,176	-	(415,176)	
Public safety	8,935,759	4,084,378	(4,851,381)	8,465,499	3,255,928	(5,209,571)	7,978,175	3,843,208	(4,134,967)	7,154,050	3,081,888	(4,072,162)	6,552,311	3,217,236	(3,335,075)	
Public works	2,530,638	4,942,553	2,411,915	2,452,550	2,121,763	(330,787)	2,531,841	2,424,054	(107,787)	2,272,342	4,094,204	1,821,862	2,005,572	1,727,145	(278,427)	
Community development	534,041	-	(534,041)	539,771	-	(539,771)	495,059	4,500	(490,559)	484,187	-	(484,187)	413,832	-	(413,832)	
Parks and cemeteries	514,166	-	(514,166)	533,706	-	(533,706)	528,039	684,374	156,335	478,762	-	(478,762)	352,504	17,744	(334,760)	
Engineering	850,662	284,887	(565,775)	760,687	100,637	(660,050)	701,021	153,737	(547,284)	701,041	332,604	(368,437)	728,455	445,368	(283,087)	
Planning and zoning	326,066	-	(326,066)	285,709	-	(285,709)	241,067	-	(241,067)	210,291	-	(210,291)	117,322	-	(117,322)	
Community services	284,557	-	(284,557)	535,258	5,500	(529,758)	349,975	6,250	(343,725)	807,676	18,750	(788,926)	314,091	-	(314,091)	
Interest on long-term debt	34,202		(34,202)	30,966		(30,966)	46,241		(46,241)	67,886		(67,886)	66,886		(66,886)	
Subtotal Governmental Activities	16,978,346	9,973,277	(7,005,069)	16,984,697	6,249,489	(10,735,208)	15,773,944	7,898,181	(7,875,763)	14,926,021	8,148,009	(6,778,012)	12,827,754	5,979,907	(6,847,847)	
Business-type Activities																
Water and sewer	6,906,526	8,750,086	1,843,560	6,557,573	6,931,624	374,051	6,394,274	7,898,918	1,504,644	5,990,457	8,317,809	2,327,352	5,679,698	7,563,594	1,883,896	
Reclaimed Water			-		-	-	-		-				-	-	-	
Gas	4,293,665	5,294,826	1,001,161	5,040,258	6,053,741	1,013,483	5,299,783	6,224,982	925,199	5,833,902	6,277,707	443,805	6,837,031	7,543,421	706,390	
Solid waste collection	2,094,925	2,605,201	510,276	2,026,631	2,538,590	511,959	1,968,174	2,471,249	503,075	1,891,991	2,359,448	467,457	1,769,572	2,236,029	466,457	
Solid waste disposal	3,103,903	1,969,726	(1,134,177)	3,284,953	2,075,990	(1,208,963)	3,614,938	2,290,392	(1,324,546)	3,455,805	2,360,360	(1,095,445)	3,179,109	2,109,065	(1,070,044)	
Subtotal Business-type Activities	16,399,019	18,619,839	2,220,820	16,909,415	17,599,945	690,530	17,277,169	18,885,541	1,608,372	17,172,155	19,315,324	2,143,169	17,465,410	19,452,109	1,986,699	
Total Primary Government	\$ 33,377,365	\$ 28,593,116	\$ (4,784,248)	\$ 33,894,112	\$ 23,849,434	\$ (10,044,678)	\$ 33,051,113	\$ 26,783,722	\$ (6,267,390)	\$ 32,098,176	\$ 27,463,333	\$ (4,634,843)	\$ 30,293,164	\$ 25,432,016	\$ (4,861,148)	

¹ Net (expense)/revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues of a function or program. It indicates the degree to which a function or program supports itself with its own fees and grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. A number in parentheses are net expenses, indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, meaning that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Government-wide Program Revenues by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2011
Governmental Activities					
Charges for Services:					
General Government	\$ 719,912	\$ 766,610	\$ 678,909	\$ 656,558	\$ 658,209
Public Safety	2,490,943	2,598,100	2,329,080	2,468,175	2,501,127
Engineering	104,615	42,621	482,485	375,947	352,570
Planning and Zoning	246,840	144,327	127.200	104 000	106.407
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	25,181	50,339	127,208 5,659,290	196,009	186,407
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,967,791	4,569,169	3,039,290	5,258,521	5,672,847
Subtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues	9,555,282	8,171,166	9,276,972	8,955,210	9,371,160
Business-type Activities					
Charges for Services:	40 400 400	0.488.400	0.540.500	0.544.054	
Water and Sewer	10,403,692	9,177,683	9,542,530	8,561,971	9,011,417
Reclaimed Water System Gas	43,560 5,226,644	15,543 5,662,963	26,606 5,131,134	26,149 4,597,727	1,944 5,204,257
Solid Waste Collection	3,509,785	3,403,698	3,222,984	2,900,086	2,701,765
Solid Waste Conection Solid Waste Disposal	2,323,665	2,123,632	2,156,748	1,959,947	1,782,842
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,323,003	2,123,032	2,130,748	1,939,947	1,702,042
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,696,272	3,656,562	720,091	209,551	554,394
Subtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues	24,203,618	24,040,081	20,800,093	18,255,431	19,256,619
-	21,203,010	21,010,001	20,000,093	10,200,101	17,230,017
Primary Government	25.000.050	22 025 155	22.570.475	21.545.550	22.214.131
Charges for Services	25,069,656 25,181	23,935,177 50,339	23,570,476 127,208	21,546,560 196,009	22,214,131 186,407
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	8,664,063	8,225,731	6,379,381	5,468,072	6,227,241
Capital Grants and Contributions	8,004,003	0,223,731	0,379,381	3,408,072	0,227,241
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 33,758,900	\$ 32,211,247	\$ 30,077,065	\$ 27,210,641	\$ 28,627,779
Governmental Activities	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2009	Fiscal Year 2008	Fiscal Year 2007	Fiscal Year 2006
Charges for Services:					
General Government	\$ 661,459	\$ 672,700	\$ 689,222	\$ 518,673	\$ 468,630
Public Safety	2,576,214	2,752,193	2,388,834	2,172,221	1,789,377
Engineering	284,887	100,637	153,737	332,604	445,368
Operating Grants and Contributions	134,935	162,191	359,659	156,840	103,784
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,315,782	2,561,768	4,306,729	4,967,671	3,172,748
Subtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues	9,973,277	6,249,489	7,898,181	8,148,009	5,979,907
Business-type Activities					
Charges for Services:					
Water and Sewer	8,045,383	6,792,832	7,267,501	6,696,230	6,912,432
Reclaimed Water	-	-	-	-	-
Gas	5,276,270	6,008,260	6,179,396	6,232,576	7,496,631
Solid Waste Collection	2,605,201	2,538,590	2,471,249	2,359,448	2,236,029
Solid Waste Disposal	1,969,726	2,073,273	2,290,392	2,333,218	2,109,065
Operating Grants and Contributions	18,556	48,198	45,586	72,373	46,790
Capital Grants and Contributions	704,703	138,792	631,417	1,621,579	651,162
Subtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues	18,619,839	17,599,945	18,885,541	19,315,424	19,452,109
Primary Government					
Charges for Services	21,419,140	20,938,485	21,440,331	20,644,970	21,457,532
Operating Grants and Contributions	153,491	210,389	405,245	229,213	150,574
Capital Grants and Contributions	7,020,485	2,700,560	4,938,146	6,589,250	3,823,910
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 28,593,116	\$ 23,849,434	\$ 26,783,722	\$ 27,463,433	\$ 25,432,016

¹ Program revenues are related to specific activities of the City. Their sources is either fees, fines, charges for services or grants restricted to a specific purpose.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Government-wide General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2009	Fiscal Year 2008	Fiscal Year 2007	Fiscal Year 2006
Net (Expense), Total Primary Government (see page S-1)			# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #			# (F.005.050)	40.505.000			
Governmental activities	\$ (8,045,713)		\$ (7,424,480)				\$ (10,735,209)			
Business activities	6,058,405	4,624,048	3,090,755	1,459,770	2,583,461	2,220,820	690,530	1,608,372	2,143,169	1,986,699
Total Primary Government	(1,987,308)	(4,951,955)	(4,333,725)	(6,062,050)	(5,127,551)	(4,784,248)	(10,044,678)	(6,267,391)	(4,634,842)	(4,861,148)
General revenues and other changes in net position										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes	4 422 212	4 120 721	2.016.102	2 945 125	2 022 544	2.000.151	2 705 200	2 720 220	2 260 812	2 100 275
Property taxes levied for general purposes	4,432,213	4,130,721	3,816,182	3,845,135	3,833,544	3,960,151	3,785,398	3,720,220 422,526	3,360,813	3,188,375 376,838
Hotel/motel taxes	774,064	728,017	553,966	526,504	473,055	439,838	456,994	422,526 1.240.647	405,157	/
Insurance premium taxes	1,531,963	1,466,120	1,415,987	1,333,111	1,221,874	1,258,448	1,270,366	, .,	1,189,372	1,136,795
Franchise taxes	1,765,369 793,086	1,740,726 776,577	1,897,448	1,974,408 818,160	1,815,932 773,241	1,688,915 751,225	1,587,617 812,149	1,432,343 785,555	1,310,552 791,653	1,221,274 741,913
Other taxes	19,355		798,934		377	4,641		(18,855)	16,310	28,230
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(61,690)	28,465	16,597	14,063	4,641	(17,225) 12,624	(18,855)	148,643	28,230 192,461
Investment earnings	84,127	39,141	37,437	39,801	136,829	56,671	38,698	49,403	79,184	84,203
Miscellaneous Transfers from (to) business-type activities	506,355	603,046	(2,311,318)	676,249	1,471,179	1,369,524	2,389,521	1,111,704	2,250,677	1,859,492
Transfers from (to) business-type activities	300,333	003,040	(2,311,316)	070,249	1,4/1,1/9	1,309,324	2,369,321	1,111,704	2,230,077	1,039,492
Subtotal Governmental Activities	9,906,532	9,422,658	6,237,101	9,229,965	9,740,094	9,533,886	10,336,142	8,813,430	9,552,361	8,829,581
Business-type Activities:										
Gain (loss) on the sale of capital assets	35,384	224,935	190,287	16,839	36,125	4,708	66,753	74,269	16,118	58,641
Investment earnings	344	1,045	4,411	11,822	4,414	4,153	9,316	58,365	143,201	147,984
Miscellaneous	24,545	43,608	69,463	94,586	186,479	248,261	163,021	188,561	149,983	109,252
Transfers from (to) governmental activities	(506,355)	(603,046)	2,311,318	(676,249)	(1,471,179)	(1,369,524)	(2,389,521)	(1,111,704)	(2,250,677)	(1,859,492)
Subtotal Business-type Activities	(446,082)	(333,458)	2,575,479	(553,002)	(1,244,161)	(1,112,402)	(2,150,431)	(790,509)	(1,941,375)	(1,543,615)
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	1,860,819	(153,345)	(1,187,379)	1,708,145	2,029,082	2,528,818	(399,067)	937,667	2,774,349	1,981,734
Business-type activities	5,612,322	4,290,590	5,666,234	906,768	1,339,299	1,108,418	(1,459,900)	817,863	201,795	443,084
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,473,141	\$ 4,137,245	\$ 4,478,855	\$ 2,614,913	\$ 3,368,381	\$ 3,637,236	\$ (1,858,967)	\$ 1,755,530	\$ 2,976,144	\$ 2,424,818

City of Statesboro, Georgia Government-wide Net Position by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

June 30, 2015 June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013 June 30, 2012 June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009 June 30, 2008 June 30, 2007 June 30, 2006 **Governmental Activities** Net investment in capital assets 27,032,739 \$ 25,244,149 \$ 24,191,592 \$ 23,678,952 \$ 24,229,149 \$ 24,168,198 \$ 23,985,317 \$ 23,841,321 \$ 23,224,510 \$ 13,872,311 Restricted for: 4,715,524 6,096,391 7,876,543 5,576,870 3,374,025 137,990 166,489 118,623 Capital projects 3,996,808 1,256,771 Specific projects and programs 1,187,986 967,803 709,155 796,432 865,624 821,383 810,377 621,297 189,574 181,426 739,878 (328,593)Unrestricted 241,005 (244,910)(412,320)(440,181)(161,226)1,443,522 1,602,255 4,466,573 **Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Position** 32,458,538 30,598,883 30,752,228 31,939,607 30,231,462 28,202,380 25,673,562 26,072,629 25,134,962 19,777,081 **Business-type Activities** 35,992,575 33,047,246 Net investment in capital assets 46,388,355 42,160,987 31,743,483 31,190,564 31,110,236 34,151,296 33.089.016 31.093.383 199,193 Restricted for revenue bond retirement 791,247 791,288 791,193 790,834 790,672 1,046,098 199,281 194,468 186,490 Renewal & extension 200,000 200,000 200,000 200,000 200,000 3,394,458 Unrestricted 4,779,003 5,272,375 4,034,144 3,680,457 1,966,060 (232,463)123,299 372,529 2,174,345 Subtotal Business-type Activities Net Position 51,958,605 46,346,733 42,056,143 36,568,461 35,661,693 34,322,394 33,213,976 34,673,876 33,856,013 33,654,218 **Primary Government** Net investment in capital assets 73,421,094 67,405,136 60,184,167 55,422,435 55,419,713 55,278,434 57,032,563 57,992,617 56,313,526 44,965,694 Restricted Capital projects 3,996,808 4,715,524 6,096,391 7,876,543 5,576,870 3,374,025 137,990 166,489 118,623 1,256,771 Restricted for revenue bond retirement 791,247 791,288 791,193 790,834 790,672 1,046,098 199,193 199,281 194,468 186,490 Renewal & Extension 200,000 200,000 200,000 200,000 200,000 Specific projects and programs 1,187,986 967,803 709,155 796,432 865,624 810,377 621,297 189,574 821,383 181,426 Unrestricted 5,020,008 3,065,865 5,027,465 3,621,824 3,240,276 507,415 1,566,821 1,804,834 1,974,784 6,640,918 **Total Primary Government Net Position** 84,417,143 76,945,616 72,808,371 68,508,068 \$ 65.893.155 \$ 62,524,774 58.887.538 60,746,505 58,990,975 \$ 53,431,299

Notes: 1 Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted only when (1) an external party, such as the State of Georgia or the federal government, places a restriction on how the resources may be used, or (2) enabling legislation is enacted by the City.

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Source	 2006	 2007	 2008	 2009	 2010	 2011	 2012	2013	 2014	2015
Taxes	\$ 6,622,152	\$ 7,097,096	\$ 7,596,780	\$ 7,900,077	\$ 8,024,950	\$ 8,166,418	\$ 8,529,072	\$ 8,472,005	\$ 8,870,477	\$ 9,303,278
¹ Intergovernmental	3,276,532	5,124,511	4,666,388	2,723,959	6,450,717	5,859,254	5,445,203	5,748,585	4,611,692	5,988,720
Licenses and permits	855,224	783,243	772,770	703,815	865,829	926,979	941,669	1,071,307	861,217	982,677
Fines and forfeitures	1,258,238	1,610,839	1,449,617	1,766,110	1,568,641	1,475,975	1,469,610	1,246,407	1,382,420	1,318,504
Charges for services	589,913	629,416	1,009,406	1,055,605	1,088,090	1,108,952	1,089,401	1,172,760	1,308,021	1,261,129
Investment earnings	152,404	91,159	29,512	8,496	4,056	14,063	9,327	10,871	7,816	4,253
Miscellaneous	 84,203	 79,184	 49,403	 38,698	 56,671	 136,829	 39,801	 64,479	 39,141	 84,127
Total revenues	\$ 12,838,666	\$ 15,415,448	\$ 15,573,876	\$ 14,196,760	\$ 18,058,954	\$ 17,688,470	\$ 17,524,083	\$ 17,786,414	\$ 17,080,784	\$ 18,942,688
% change from prior year	7.9%	20.1%	1.0%	-8.8%	27.2%	-2.1%	-0.9%	1.5%	-4.0%	10.9%

¹ Includes special purpose local option sales tax revenue received from Bulloch County which fluctuated significantly for years prior to fiscal year 2010.

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property	Vehicles	Franchise	Insurance Premium	Alcoholic Beverage	Other	Total
	<u> </u>						
2006	2,951,977	193,355	1,221,274	1,136,795	621,962	119,951	6,245,314
2007	3,187,407	212,955	1,310,552	1,189,372	651,652	140,001	6,691,939
2008	3,503,408	212,301	1,432,343	1,240,647	682,476	103,079	7,174,254
2009	3,581,923	191,028	1,587,617	1,270,366	683,371	128,778	7,443,083
2010	3,704,711	181,813	1,688,915	1,258,448	675,794	75,431	7,585,112
2011	3,695,637	186,679	1,815,932	1,221,874	647,353	125,888	7,693,363
2012	3,675,552	201,337	1,974,408	1,333,111	672,491	145,669	8,002,568
2013	3,524,293	281,377	1,897,448	1,415,987	690,423	108,511	7,918,039
2014	3,647,594	511,443	1,740,726	1,466,120	693,278	83,299	8,142,460
2015	3,923,619	515,177	1,765,369	1,531,963	698,554	94,532	8,529,214
Percentage Change In Dollars Over	220/	16604	450/	250/	120/	210/	270/
10 Years	33%	166%	45%	35%	12%	-21%	37%

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
runction	2000	2007	2000	2007	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013
Current:										
General government	\$ 1,789,557	\$ 2,008,167	\$ 2,140,864	\$ 2,461,925	\$ 2,202,086	\$ 2,396,839	\$ 1,762,517	\$ 1,838,780	\$ 1,839,076	\$ 1,514,518
Municipal court	412,762	638,695	625,001	684,444	588,804	555,219	541,681	569,468	555,185	576,371
Public safety	6,356,845	6,783,582	7,751,876	7,973,168	8,441,641	7,961,549	8,135,532	8,192,129	8,456,060	9,259,590
Streets/public works	1,673,729	1,824,491	1,864,703	1,779,706	1,852,879	1,849,010	1,917,899	1,940,179	1,987,420	2,030,080
Parks and cemeteries	412,075	406,397	433,076	444,407	430,178	376,518	338,438	377,665	369,113	367,113
Engineering	671,252	640,078	669,869	721,165	797,572	557,869	396,485	403,009	410,968	366,351
Planning and zoning	115,238	210,989	233,314	290,564	319,139	465,345	260,767	314,132	366,749	367,044
Community services	215,159	681,439	198,260	436,326	185,625	171,704	171,883	166,669	169,058	182,010
Community development	413,832	484,187	495,059	539,549	533,993	554,130	622,364	857,758	927,358	703,722
Total Current	12,060,449	13,678,025	14,412,022	15,331,254	15,351,917	14,888,183	14,147,566	14,659,789	15,080,987	15,366,799
% Change From Prior Year	1.3%	13.4%	5.4%	6.4%	0.1%	-3.0%	-5.0%	3.6%	2.9%	1.9%
Capital Outlay	2,373,967	8,003,416	2,429,833	1,062,731	1,547,723	1,575,578	1,232,555	3,961,860	3,011,216	3,236,507
% Change From Prior Year	12.0%	237.1%	-69.6%	-56.3%	45.6%	1.8%	-21.8%	221.4%	-24.0%	7.5%
Debt Service		4=0 -00								
Principal	119,184	170,689	254,295	347,306	304,313	331,413	278,869	223,853	486,759	469,498
Interest	66,886	67,886	46,241	30,966	34,202	42,893	27,512	22,064	51,909	24,249
Total Debt Service	186,070	238,575	300,536	378,272	338,515	374,306	306,381	245,917	538,668	493,747
% Change From Prior Year	43.8%	28.2%	26.0%	25.9%	-10.5%	10.6%	-18.1%	-19.7%	119.0%	-8.3%
Total Expenditures	\$ 14,620,486	\$ 21,920,016	\$ 17,142,391	\$ 16,772,257	\$ 17,238,155	\$ 16,838,067	\$ 15,686,502	\$ 18,867,566	\$ 18,630,871	\$ 19,097,053
			-1-							
% Change From Prior Year	3.3%	49.9%	-21.8%	-2.2%	2.8%	-2.3%	-6.8%	20.3%	-1.3%	2.5%
Debt Service as a Percentage of Total										
Noncapital Expenditures	1.5%	1.7%	2.0%	2.4%	2.2%	2.5%	2.1%	1.6%	3.4%	3.1%

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total Revenues	\$ 12,838,666	\$ 15,415,448	\$ 15,573,876	\$ 14,196,760	\$ 18,058,954	\$ 17,688,470	\$ 17,524,083	\$ 17,786,414	\$ 17,080,784	\$ 18,942,688
Total Expenditures	14,620,486	21,920,016	17,142,391	16,772,257	17,238,155	16,838,067	15,686,502	18,867,566	18,630,871	19,097,053
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,781,820)	(6,504,568)	(1,568,515)	(2,575,497)	820,799	850,403	1,837,581	(1,081,152)	(1,550,087)	(154,365)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,910,887	2,414,000	2,551,471	2,290,973	1,404,892	1,479,037	773,443	(800,814)	680,585	182,324
Net Change in Fund Balances	129,067	(4,090,568)	982,956	(284,524)	2,225,691	2,329,440	2,611,024	(1,881,966)	(869,502)	27,959

City of Statesboro, Georgia Governmental Fund - Fund Balances Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund	'									
Nonspendable	\$ 199,020	\$ 169,631	\$ 170,717	\$ 174,009	\$ 197,547	\$ 214,608	\$ 211,929	\$ 233,964	\$ 185,417	\$ 255,626
Unassigned	3,823,745	2,595,299	1,478,379	947,789	(98,438)	(33,145)	290,475	313,505	614,769	1,387,427
Subtotal General Fund	4,022,765	2,764,930	1,649,096	1,121,798	99,109	181,463	502,404	547,469	800,186	1,643,053
General Fund Percentage Change	19.2%	-31.3%	-40.4%	-32.0%	-91.2%	83.1%	176.9%	9.0%	46.2%	105.3%
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	-	-	12,522	11,045	17,613	17,370	23,792	31,726	42,708	39,390
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,602	-	16,513	29,593
Unassigned	-	(1,702,733)	-	-	-	(64,478)	-	(256,988)	(405,267)	(316,375)
Restricted										
Special Revenue Funds	181,426	189,574	608,775	799,332	803,770	848,254	772,640	934,417	1,330,362	1,148,596
Capital Projects Fund	1,256,771	118,623	82,957	136,651	3,374,025	5,641,348	7,876,543	6,096,391	4,699,011	3,967,215
Subtotal All Other										
Governmental Funds	1,438,197	(1,394,536)	704,254	947,028	4,195,408	6,442,494	8,732,577	6,805,546	5,683,327	4,868,419
Total Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	199,020	169,631	183,239	185,054	215,160	231,978	235,721	265,690	228,125	295,016
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,602	-	16,513	29,593
Restricted	1,438,197	308,197	691,732	935,983	4,177,795	6,489,602	8,649,183	7,030,808	6,029,373	5,115,811
Unassigned	3,823,745	892,566	1,478,379	947,789	(98,438)	(97,623)	290,475	56,517	209,502	1,071,052
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,460,962	\$ 1,370,394	\$ 2,353,350	\$ 2,068,826	\$ 4,294,517	\$ 6,623,957	\$ 9,234,981	\$ 7,353,015	\$ 6,483,513	\$ 6,511,472
All Governmental Funds										
Percentage Change	2.4%	-74.9%	71.7%	-12.1%	107.6%	54.2%	39.4%	-20.4%	-11.8%	0.4%

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Amo	unts						
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Agricultural	Conservation Use	Utility	Motor Vehicles and Mobile	Other	Less: Tax Exempt	Total Taxable Assessed	Total Direct Tax	Estimated Actual	Annual Percentage
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Homes	Property	Property	Value ¹	Rate ²	Value	Change
<u> 1 cai</u>	Troperty	Troperty	Troperty	Troperty	Troperty	Troperty	Homes	Troperty	Troperty	value	Katt	v aluc	Change
2006	152,086,310	274,694,201	5,908,250	1,142,680	1,424,200	18,524,040	28,606,845	139,084	8,985,597	473,540,013	6.921	1,206,314,025	0.9%
2007	157,668,335	291,603,982	5,795,995	1,302,000	1,346,440	16,218,390	27,556,331	266,774	3,931,944	497,826,303	6.921	1,254,395,618	4.0%
2008	192,623,437	349,207,061	5,998,633	879,840	1,688,920	15,879,960	29,724,461	120,480	8,794,116	587,328,676	6.358	1,490,306,980	18.8%
2009	198,301,459	364,606,300	9,438,297	788,800	527,600	15,171,200	32,148,066	139,999	7,730,648	613,391,073	6.358	1,552,804,303	4.2%
2010	200,928,770	371,633,720	11,259,654	746,640	527,600	15,104,470	32,646,286	64,840	4,214,899	628,697,081	6.358	1,582,279,950	1.9%
2011	189,022,386	372,885,823	10,948,474	808,861	1,017,661	14,299,932	28,656,965	210,954	8,662,633	609,188,423	6.358	1,544,627,640	-2.4%
2012	187,609,087	371,446,074	10,948,474	808,861	1,017,661	14,301,419	28,656,965	145,669	8,662,633	606,271,577	6.358	1,537,335,525	-0.5%
2013	170,805,157	394,890,632	11,862,370	722,925	998,417	15,091,201	32,017,910	108,511	7,952,346	618,544,777	6.358	1,566,242,808	1.9%
2014	171,698,992	426,599,183	13,124,317	839,776	919,170	14,825,297	32,391,960	7,300	8,950,361	651,455,634	6.358	1,651,014,988	5.4%
2015	167,743,631	396,436,485	13,706,737	786,715	546,033	14,650,801	27,318,326	7,300	10,029,025	611,167,003	6.358	1,552,990,070	-5.9%
						Percer	ıtages						
2006	31.5%	56.9%	1.2%	0.2%	0.3%	3.8%	5.9%	0.0%	1.9%	98.1%			
2007	31.4%	58.1%	1.2%	0.3%	0.3%	3.2%	5.5%	0.1%	0.8%	99.2%			
2008	32.3%	58.6%	1.0%	0.1%	0.3%	2.7%	5.0%	0.0%	1.5%	98.5%			
2009	31.9%	58.7%	1.5%	0.1%	0.1%	2.4%	5.2%	0.0%	1.3%	98.7%			
2010	31.7%	58.7%	1.8%	0.1%	0.1%	2.4%	5.2%	0.0%	0.7%	99.3%			
2011	30.6%	60.4%	1.8%	0.1%	0.2%	2.3%	4.6%	0.0%	1.4%	98.6%			
2012	30.5%	60.4%	1.8%	0.1%	0.2%	2.3%	4.7%	0.0%	1.4%	98.6%			
2013	27.3%	63.0%	1.9%	0.1%	0.2%	2.4%	5.1%	0.0%	1.3%	98.7%			
2014	26.0%	64.6%	2.0%	0.1%	0.1%	2.2%	4.9%	0.0%	1.4%	98.6%			
2015	27.0%	63.8%	2.2%	0.1%	0.1%	2.4%	4.4%	0.0%	1.6%	98.4%			

Source:

Georgia Department of Revenue, Tax Digest Consolidation Summary City of Statesboro Tax Office

¹ All property is assessed at 40% of fair market value.

² Tax rates expressed in rate per \$1,000

City of Statesboro, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed taxable value)

			Overlapping Rates ¹					
Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Bulloch County	Bulloch County Schools	State of Georgia ²	Total Overlapping	Total Overlapping and Direct		
2006	6.921	8.630	9.450	0.250	18.330	25.251		
2007	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498		
2008	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498		
2009	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498		
2010	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498		
2011	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498		
2012	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498		
2013	6.358	10.440	9.950	0.200	20.590	26.948		
2014	6.358	10.440	9.950	0.200	20.590	26.948		
2015	6.358	10.440	9.950	0.200	20.590	26.948		

Source:

Georgia Department of Revenue, Property Tax Division

¹ Overlapping rates are those of Bulloch County governments and the State of Georgia that apply to property owners within the City of Statesboro.

² The State of Georgia levies one fifth of one mill on each county's taxable property to help finance their certification of each Georgia county's tax digests.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected V	Within the				To	otal	
	Taxes Levied Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections	Collections Total Collections to Date			Uncollected Taxes		
Fiscal	for the		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage		Percentage	
Year	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy	Amount	of Levy	
2006	2,955,195	2,893,494	97.91%	61,681	2,955,175	100.00%	20	0.00%	
2007	3,117,016	3,105,291	99.62%	11,664	3,116,955	100.00%	61	0.00%	
2008	3,367,186	3,334,179	99.02%	32,857	3,367,036	100.00%	150	0.00%	
2009	3,578,352	3,549,025	99.18%	29,177	3,578,202	100.00%	150	0.00%	
2010	3,710,229	3,605,588	97.18%	104,641	3,710,229	100.00%	-	0.00%	
2011	3,672,791	3,622,799	98.64%	49,753	3,672,552	99.99%	239	0.01%	
2012	3,646,967	3,587,428	98.37%	59,539	3,646,967	100.00%	-	0.00%	
2013	3,506,320	3,479,916	99.25%	24,813	3,504,729	99.95%	1,591	0.05%	
2014	3,592,347	3,531,126	98.30%	58,261	3,589,387	99.92%	2,960	0.08%	
2015	3,712,063	3,636,117	97.95%	-	3,636,117	97.95%	75,946	2.05%	

Source:

City of Statesboro Tax Office

City of Statesboro, Georgia Principal Property Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 and Nine Years Ago

	2015	;			200)6
Principal Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Principal Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Breckenridge Group Statesboro	\$ 17,285,542	2.83%	Statesboro HMA Inc.	\$	16,891,040	3.57%
Statesboro HMA Inc.	16,468,393	2.69%	Campus Club Associates, LLC		10,901,120	2.30%
Copper Beech Townhome	12,438,643	2.04%	Frontier Communications of Georgia	í	10,700,110	2.26%
Forum Statesboro LTD	11,775,508	1.93%	Lanier Drive Associates, LLC		5,633,917	1.19%
Monarch 301 LLC	11,249,168	1.84%	Health Management Associates		5,458,973	1.15%
GSU Development LLC	8,464,754	1.39%	The Garden District		5,064,400	1.07%
Diamond URS Statesboro LLC	7,901,450	1.29%	Georgia Power Co.		4,926,622	1.04%
Claude Howard Lumber Co Inc.	6,685,694	1.09%	JBPC South Inc		4,675,564	0.99%
UP Statesboro LLC	6,494,808	1.06%	The Woodlands at Statesboro		4,380,640	0.93%
Georgia Power Co	 6,377,547	1.04%	Wal-Mart Real Estate		4,263,960	0.90%
Total Principal Taxpayers	105,141,507	17.20%	Total Principal Taxpayers		72,896,346	15.39%
All Other Taxpayers	 506,025,496	82.80%	All Other Taxpayers		400,643,667	84.61%
Total	\$ 611,167,003	100.00%	Total	\$	473,540,013	100.00%

Source:

City of Statesboro Tax Office

City of Statesboro, Georgia Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	State of		Bulloch County		Total
Year	Georgia	LOST	SPLOST ²	E-SPLOST ³	Overlapping Rate
2006	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2007	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2008	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2009	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2010	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2011	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2012	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2013	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2014	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2015	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%

Source:

Georgia Department of Revenue, Sales and Use Tax Division

¹State law does not authorize the City to directly levy a sales tax, however, the City has an agreement with Bulloch County that they will receive amounts from the 2013 special purpose local option sales taxes.

² The current special purpose local option sales tax was approved effective October 1, 2013 and expires September 30, 2019.

³Effective January 1, 2004 the Bulloch County Board of Education began levying a 1% special purpose local option sales tax.

If a Customer Has Both Water and Sewer Services, the Rates Are:

			Water		
			Rate per		Rate per
Fiscal	Inside	Rate per	10,000-19,000	20,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Year	Base Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	Gallons	and up
2006	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2007	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2008	4.60	1.94	2.04	2.04	2.14
2009	4.60	1.94	2.04	2.04	2.14
2010	6.00	2.15	2.25	2.50	3.00
2011	6.50	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15
2012	6.50	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15
2013	6.50	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15
2014	6.50	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15
2015	6.50	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15
2015	6.50	2.25	2.35	2.60	

Fiscal	Outside Base	Rate per	Rate per 10,000-19,000	20,000-49,000	Rate per 50,000 Gallons
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	Gallons	and up
2006	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2007	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2008	9.20	3.88	4.08	4.08	4.28
2009	9.20	3.88	4.08	4.08	4.28
2010	12.00	4.30	4.50	5.00	6.00
2011	13.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30
2012	13.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30
2013	13.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30
2014	13.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30
2015	13.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30

			Sewer	
	Inside		Rate per	Rate per
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up
2006	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50
2007	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50
2008	4.60	2.35	2.45	2.55
2009	4.60	2.35	2.45	2.55
2010	6.00	2.60	2.70	2.80
2011	6.50	2.70	2.80	2.90
2012	6.50	2.70	2.80	2.90
2013	6.50	2.70	2.80	2.90
2014	6.50	2.70	2.80	2.90
2015	6.50	2.70	2.80	2.90

Fiscal Year	Outside Base Rate	Rate per 0-9000 Gallons	Rate per 10,000-49,000 Gallons	Rate per 50,000 Gallons and up
2005	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2006	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2007	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2008	9.20	4.70	4.90	5.10
2009	9.20	4.70	4.90	5.10
2010	12.00	5.20	5.40	5.60
2011	13.00	5.40	5.60	6.30
2012	13.00	5.40	5.60	5.80
2013	13.00	5.40	5.60	5.80
2014	13.00	5.40	5.60	5.80
2015	13.00	5.40	5.60	5.80

Note:

Rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

(continued)

(continued)

If a Residential Customer Has Water Service Only, The Rates Are:

			Water		
Fiscal	Inside	Rate per	Rate per 10,000-49,000	Rate per 20,000-49,000	Rate per 50,000 Gallons
Year	Base Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up	and up
2006	9.00	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2007	9.00	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2008	9.20	1.94	2.04	2.04	2.14
2009	9.20	1.94	2.04	2.04	2.14
2010	12.00	2.15	2.25	2.50	3.00
2011	13.00	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15
2012	13.00	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15
2013	13.00	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15
2014	13.00	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15
2015	13.00	2.25	2.35	2.60	3.15

	Outside		Rate per	Rate per	Rate per
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	20,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	Gallons	and up
2006	18.00	5.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2007	18.00	5.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2008	18.40	3.88	4.08	4.08	4.28
2009	18.40	3.88	4.08	4.08	4.28
2010	24.00	4.30	4.50	5.00	6.00
2011	26.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30
2012	26.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30
2013	26.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30
2014	26.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30
2015	26.00	4.50	4.70	5.20	6.30

If a Customer Has Sewer Service Only, The Rates Are:

			Sewer		
	Inside		Rate per	Rate per	
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons	
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up	
2006	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50	
2007	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50	
2008	9.20	2.35	2.45	2.55	
2009	9.20	2.35	2.45	2.55	
2010	12.00	2.60	2.70	2.80	
2011	13.00	2.70	2.80	2.90	
2012	13.00	2.70	2.80	2.90	
2013	13.00	2.70	2.80	2.90	
2014	13.00	2.70	2.80	2.90	
2015	13.00	2.70	2.80	2.90	

	Outside		Rate per	Rate per
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up
2006	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2007	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2008	18.40	4.70	4.90	5.10
2009	18.40	4.70	4.90	5.10
2010	24.00	5.20	5.40	5.60
2011	26.00	5.40	5.60	5.80
2012	26.00	5.40	5.60	5.80
2013	26.00	5.40	5.60	5.80
2014	26.00	5.40	5.60	5.80
2015	26.00	5.40	5.60	5.80

Note:

Rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Water Sold by Type of Customer Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in millions of gallons)

	Fiscal Year 2006		Fiscal Year 2007		Fiscal Year 2008		Fiscal Yo	ear	Fiscal Y	
Type of Customer	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallon	S	Gallons	% %
Residential	572.9	57%	614.3	59%	544.9	57%	616.8	56%	574.5	56%
Industrial	79.0	8%	74.9	7%	104.8	11%	75.0	7%	75.5	7%
Commercial	313.3	31%	314.2	30%	259.9	27%	339.0	31%	248.6	24%
Government	33.2	3%	37.3	4%	48.8	5%	69.3	6%	118.5	12%
Total	998.4	100%	1,040.7	100%	958.4	100%	1,100.1	100%	1,017.1	100%

	Fiscal Year 2011		Fiscal Year 2012		Fiscal Year 2013		Fiscal Y 2014		Fiscal Y 2015	
Type of Customer	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%
Residential	590.6	55%	527.3	47%	565.8	51%	557.7	51%	554.9	50%
Industrial	77.7	7%	159.7	14%	55.9	5%	65.0	6%	81.0	7%
Commercial	270.3	25%	255.5	23%	258.8	23%	241.5	22%	239.8	21%
Government	126.6	12%	178.5	16%	239.7	21%	233.1	21%	240.6	22%
Total	1,065.2	100%	1,121.0	100%	1,120.2	100%	1,097.3	100%	1,116.3	100%

City of Statesboro, Georgia Ratios of Total Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental- Activities		Busir	ness-type Activ	vities				
Fiscal Year	Capital Leases	Water Bonds	Gas Notes	Water Notes	Capital Leases	Total	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2006	1,305,245	1,585,000	707,049	7,923,878	_	10,215,927	11,521,172	2.4%	434
2007	1,281,569	985,000	610,544	8,117,958	-	9,713,502	10,995,071	2.5%	424
2008	2,038,765	740,000	501,922	8,717,620	-	9,959,542	11,998,307	2.8%	451
2009	1,734,864	485,000	394,398	9,801,212	365,872	11,046,482	12,781,346	3.9%	508
2010	1,764,662	15,040,000	334,949	3,414,117	285,697	19,074,763	20,839,425	6.0%	775
2011	1,433,249	14,565,000	311,396	3,619,516	205,522	18,701,434	20,134,683	5.6%	706
2012	1,226,380	14,115,000	287,128	3,548,390	125,347	18,075,865	19,302,245	4.2%	663
2013	2,559,566	13,650,000	262,125	3,393,763	52,173	17,358,061	19,917,627	3.4%	656
2014	2,141,210	13,175,440	236,363	3,232,490	-	16,644,293	18,785,503	3.4%	651
2015	2,038,740	12,695,000	235,540	3,430,000		16,360,540	18,399,280	2.9%	606

Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts presented in \$1,000)

	2	006	 2007	 2008	2009	 2010	 2011	2012	 2013	 2014	 2015
Assessed Value	\$ 47	73,540	\$ 497,826	\$ 587,329	\$ 613,391	\$ 628,697	\$ 609,188	\$ 606,126	\$ 618,810	\$ 651,456	\$ 611,167
Legal Debt Margin											
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	\$ 4	47,354	\$ 49,783	\$ 58,733	\$ 61,339	\$ 62,870	\$ 60,919	\$ 60,613	\$ 61,881	\$ 65,146	\$ 61,117
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount reserved for		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
repayment of general obligation debt		-	-			 			 -	 	
Total debt applicable to limit		-				 	 	 	-	 	
Legal debt margin	\$ 4	47,354	\$ 49,783	\$ 58,733	\$ 61,339	\$ 62,870	\$ 60,919	\$ 60,613	\$ 61,881	\$ 65,146	\$ 61,117
As a percentage of debt limit	1(00.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	 100.00%	100.00%	 100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Note:

Under Article 9, Section 5, Paragraph 1 of the State of Georgia Constitution, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of the assessed valuation of taxable property within the City.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2015

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Amount Applicable to Primary Government
Debt Repaid With Property Taxes			
Bulloch County Board of Education ¹	\$ 11,000,000	100.0%	\$ 11,000,000
City Direct Debt			1,937,238
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 12,937,238

Source:

¹ Bulloch County Board of Education

² Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City.

³ For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another government unit's assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total assessed value.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	Operating	Less: Operating	Net Available		Debt Service		Times
Year	Revenue	Expenses ¹	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage ²
2006	6,976,498	3,714,257	3,262,241	575,000	99,669	674,669	4.84
2007	6,782,632	4,047,644	2,734,988	600,000	71,910	671,910	4.07
2008	7,369,203	4,281,629	3,087,574	245,000	47,022	292,022	10.57
2009	6,911,791	4,323,869	2,587,922	255,000	31,512	286,512	9.03
2010	8,242,802	4,620,860	3,621,942	270,000	25,085	295,085	12.27
2011	9,152,401	5,259,636	3,892,765	475,000	558,425	1,033,425	3.77
2012	8,648,835	5,785,579	2,863,256	450,000	733,400	1,183,400	2.42
2013	9,560,134	6,491,839	3,068,295	465,000	712,666	1,177,666	2.61
2014	9,214,751	6,380,134	2,834,617	475,000	696,065	1,171,065	2.42
2015	9,916,543	8,486,549	1,429,994	480,000	560,221	1,040,221	1.37

¹ Operating expenses do not include depreciation or interest.

² The net revenues of the system must equal at least 1.20 times the highest annual debt service on bonds outstanding.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Principal Employers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 and Nine Years Ago

	2	015		200	6
<u>Employer</u>	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Georgia Southern University	2,715	22.17%	Georgia Southern University	1,850	23.67%
Bulloch County Board of Education	1,478	12.07%	Bulloch County Board of Education	1,391	17.80%
East Georgia Regional Medical Center	756	6.17%	East Georgia Regional Medical Center	635	8.12%
Bulloch County Board of Commissioners	375	3.06%	Wal-Mart Supercenter	620	7.93%
Wal-Mart Supercenter	334	2.73%	The Sack Company	529	6.77%
City of Statesboro	302	2.47%	Bulloch County Board of Commissioners	340	4.35%
Lowe's Home Center	139	1.13%	City of Statesboro	258	3.30%
Braswells	82	0.67%	Lowe's Home Center	190	2.43%
Belk	66	0.54%	Statesboro Herald	130	1.66%
The Olive Garden	51	0.42%	Robbins Packinghouse Company	120	1.54%
Total Principal Employers	6,298	51.42%	Total Principal Employers	6,063	77.57%
Other Employers	5,950	48.58%	Other Employers	1,753	22.43%
Total All Employers	12,248	100.00%	Total All Employers	7,816	100.00%

Source:

All Employers H/R Departartment
Department of Labor -Statesboro
Bulloch County Board of Education
Bulloch County Board of Commissioners
East Georgia Medical Center Human Resource Department
Wal-Mart Super Center People Department

City of Statesboro, Georgia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Estimated Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2006	26,534	486,102,880	18,320	26	9,044	3.5%
2007	25,953	444,055,830	17,110	26	8,480	4.2%
2008	26,624	425,478,144	15,981	27	9,380	6.7%
2009	25,165	327,572,805	13,017	22	9,476	9.1%
2010	26,874	349,818,858	13,017	22	9,530	10.4%
2011	28,522	359,947,640	12,620	22	9,367	12.7%
2012	29,104	457,049,216	15,704	29	9,890	10.2%
2013	30,382	577,744,112	19,016	22	9,858	14.3%
2014	28,844	548,728,256	19,024	22	9,861	12.0%
2015	30,367	635,854,613	20,939	23	10,342	8.9%

Sources:

Suburbanstats.org/statesboro/ga Zoomprospector.com/communitydetail. Georgia Department of Education Department of Labor

City of Statesboro, Georgia City Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function/program		2007	2000	2002	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2010
City Manager's Office	2	4	4	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
City Clerk's Office	9	9	9	10	10	3	3	3	3	3
Finance	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7
Legal Division	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Human Resources	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
Governmental Buildings	0	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	1	1
Engineering	4	5	5	6	7	6	5	5	5	5
Customer Service Division	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	6	6	6
Municipal Court	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Police	75	75	76	77	76	75.5	74.5	75.5	78.5	83.5
Animal Control	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Public Works Administration	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Streets	23	22	23	22	22	21	21	21	22	22
Parks	9	9	9	9	9	8	7	7	7	7
Protective Inspections	4	2	2	4	4	2	2	2	2	2
Planning and Development	2	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Code Compliance	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2
Fire Department	33	33	33	33	33	32.5	37.5	43.5	47.5	50.5
Water and Sewer	18	18	19	23	23.5	23.5	23.5	24.5	24.5	23.5
Wastewater Treatment Plant	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	28	28	28
Natural Gas	9	9	9	9	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
Solid Waste Collection	16	16	16	16	16	15	16	18	18	18
Solid Waste Disposal	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Fleet Management	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Information Technology	0	0	0	2	3	4	4	4	5	7
Total	258	260	262	274	275	266	270	282	292	302

Source:

City of Statesboro's Finance department

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function/program										
D 11										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	43	43	49	49	43	47	50	47	53	54
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Refuse collection										
Collection trucks	7	7	7	7	9	9	9	11	14	14
Streets and highways										
Streets (miles)	117	117	119	119	119	119	120	121	121	121
Traffic signals	11	12	13	15	15	15	15	16	16	16
Parks and recreation										
Acreage	52	55	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83
Water										
Water mains (miles)	198	207	212	216	219.5	219.5	221.5	227.1	233.02	237
Fire hydrants	1,665	1,734	1,803	1,872	1,487	1,487	1,503	1,533	1,596	1,596
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,900	1,900	2,900
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	171	174	177	181	184	184	187	187.8	191.9	194
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Storm sewers (miles)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Operating Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	2015
Function/program										
Police										
Physical arrests	1,863	1,794	1,736	2,185	2,105	2,587	2,350	2,184	2,386	2,300
Traffic violations	7,781	10,823	10,032	9,442	10,299	10,460	10,921	8,937	7,729	7,771
Fire										
Emergency responses	930	927	743	1,106	637	876	722	826	889	906
Fires extinguished	124	226	157	200	257	259	224	201	168	181
Inspections	639	1,353	1,289	1,973	1,343	1,046	1,139	2,096	1,692	1,904
Refuse collection										
Refuse collected (tons per month)	1,771.9	1,821.8	1,981.0	1,426.0	1,496.0	1,342.4	1,482.0	1,358.9	1,417.5	2,123.8
Streets and highways										
Resurfacing (miles)	0	7.5	1.43	2.75	0.603	1.609	1.895	4.1	3.5	3.90
Water										
New connections	275	562	187	188	367	77	497	935	298	369
Water mains breaks	13	18	8	7	19	23	26	26	18	22
Average daily consumption	3,091	3,190	3,239	3,130	2,787	2,738	3,367	3,124	3,000	3,076
(thousands of gallons)										
Peak daily consumption	4,306	4,220	4,630	5,179	4,422	4,964	4,703	4,898	4,790	4,306
(thousands of gallons)										
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment	3,721	3,615	3,444	3,106	4,000	3,270	3,280	3,595	4,780	4,960
(thousands of gallons)										

Sources:

Various City departments

LANIER, WESTERFIELD, DEAL & PROCTOR

WILLIAM RUSSELL LANIER, CPA
JOSEPH S. WESTERFIELD, CPA
RICHARD N. DEAL, CPA, CGMA
KAY S. PROCTOR, CPA, CFE, CGMA
LEE ANN LANE, CPA
JENNIFER GROOMS, CPA

WILLIAM BLAKE BLOSER, CPA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
201 SOUTH ZETTEROWER AVENUE
P.O. BOX 505
STATESBORO, GEORGIA 30459
PHONE (912) 489-8756
FAX (912) 489-1243

MEMBERS

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Statesboro, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Statesboro, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Statesboro's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Statesboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Statesboro's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Statesboro, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control described below as 2015-1 and 2015-2 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

2015-1 Capital lease proceeds not drawn down timely

The City had \$214,869 in capital lease proceeds that were not drawn down timely under a master lease agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association. Capital lease proceeds should be drawn down in a timely manner to maximize cash flow efficiency.

City response: We concur with this finding, and we will implement procedures to make sure capital lease proceeds are drawn down in a timely manner.

2015-2 Inventory costing

During our testing of unit costs for various items in inventory for the fleet management internal service fund, we noted several discrepancies in the unit cost used for reporting inventory at June 30, 2015. The unit price used to cost the year-end inventory should be the latest cost paid for those items held in the year-end inventory.

City response: We concur with this finding, and we will implement procedures to make sure the fleet management department understands to use the latest cost for purchases of items held in inventory to properly record inventory costs in the City's year-end financial statements.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Statesboro, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Statesboro Georgia's Response to Findings

The City of Statesboro, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described above. City of Statesboro's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in

accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Statesboro, Georgia February 5, 2016



50 East Main Street Statesboro, Georgia 30458 www.statesboroga.gov