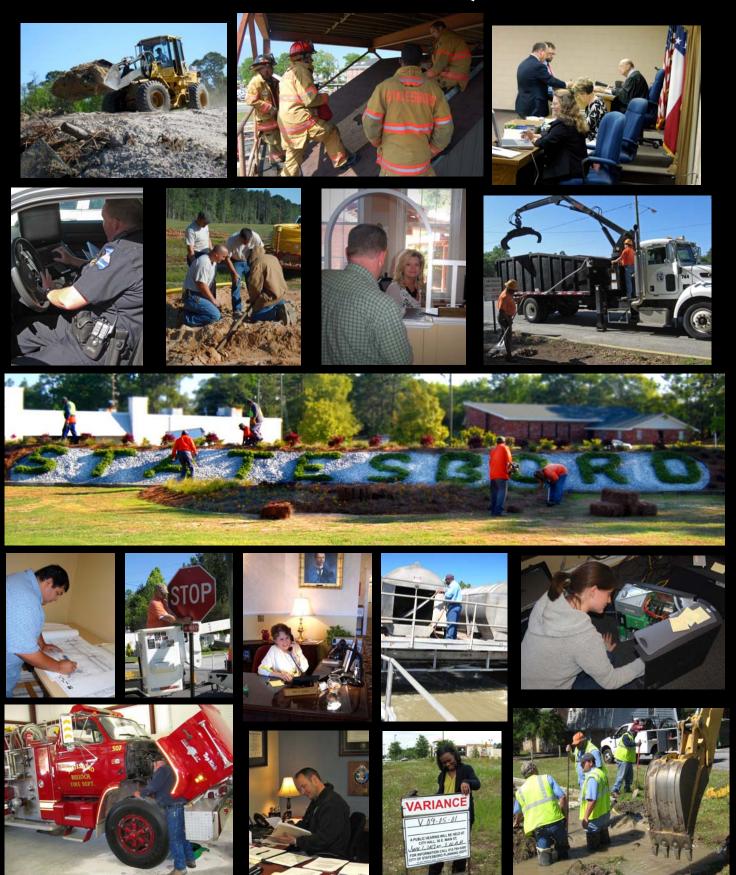
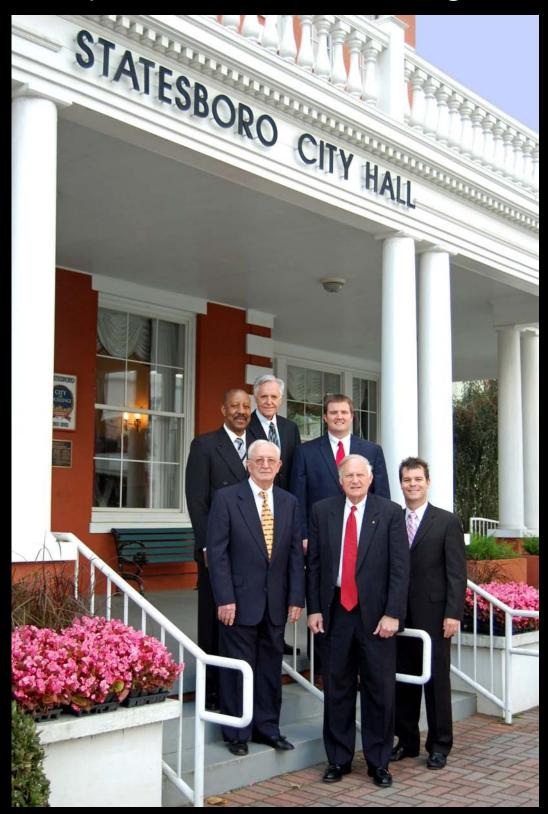
CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report FY 2010

City of Statesboro, Georgia



Councilman Gary Lewis (top left), Councilman Joe Brannen (Mayor Pro-Tem), Councilman Travis Chance, Councilman Tommy Blitch (bottom left), Mayor Bill Hatcher, Councilman Will Britt

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introductory Section (Unaudited)

Letter of Transmittalvi
List of Elected Officials (In office as of June 30, 2010)xiv
List of Appointed Officialsxv
Organizational Chartxvi
Financial Section
Independent Auditors' Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Basic Financial Statements:
Government-wide Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Activities
Fund Financial Statements:
Governmental Funds:
Balance Sheet
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of
Net Assets
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
- Budget and Actual - General Fund20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
– Budget and Actual – <i>Statesboro Fire Service Fund</i>
Proprietary Funds:
Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets24
Statement of Cash Flows
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
Supplementary Information
Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:
Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – By Fund Type: Combining Balance Sheet	50
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	~.
Fund Balances	51
General Fund:	
Comparative Balance Sheet	
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	53
Major Capital Projects Funds:	
2002 SPLOST Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	55
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. 2007 SPLOST Fund	56
Comparative Balance Sheet	57
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	58
Downtown Streetscape Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	59
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	60
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:	
Capital Improvements Program Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	61
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	62
Major Special Revenue Funds:	
Statesboro Fire Service Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	63
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	65
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Confiscated Assest Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	67
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Budget and Actual	68
Community Development Block Grant Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	69
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Budget and Actual	70
Department of Justice Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	71
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Budget and Actual	72
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	73

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Budget and Actual	74
Multiple Grant Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	75
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Budget and Actual	76
Proprietary Funds:	
Enterprise Funds:	
Major Enterprise Funds:	
Water and Sewer Operating Fund	
Comparative Statement of Net Assets	77
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	70
Fund Net Assets	78
Reclaimed Water System Fund	70
Comparative Statement of Net Assets	79
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	0.0
Fund Net Assets	80
Gas Operating Fund	0.1
Comparative Statement of Net Assets	81
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	02
Fund Net Assets	82
Solid Waste Collection Fund	02
Comparative Statement of Net Assets	83
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	0.4
	04
Solid Waste Disposal Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets	05
Comparative Statement of Net Assets	03
Fund Net Assets	96
Fulld Net Assets	00
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	87
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	88
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
Benefits Insurance Fund	
Comparative Statement of Net Assets	91
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Assets	92
Fleet Management Fund	
Comparative Statement of Net Assets	93
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Assets	94
L. L. AGDY OCT D W.	o =
chedule of SPLOST Expenditures	95

Statistical Section

(Unaudited)

Financial Trends:	
Government-wide Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense)/Revenue	
By Function/Program	S-1
Government-wide Program Revenues by Category	
Government-wide General Revenues and Other	
Changes in Net Assets	S-3
· · ·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•	
Revenue Capacity:	
Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property	S-10
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	S-11
Property Tax Levies and Collections	S-12
Principal Property Taxpayers	S-13
Government-wide General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Government-wide Net Assets by Category	
Water Sold by Type of Customer	S-17
Ratio of Total Debt Outstanding by Type	S-18
Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage	S-21
Economic and Demographic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	S-23
• 0	
•	
Operating Statistics by Function/Program	S-26
Single Audit Section	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	SA-1
Note to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	SA-2

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements That Could Have a	
Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in	
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133SA-3	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	



INTRODUCTION

CITY OF STATESBORO

COUNCIL Thomas N. Blitch Gary L. Lewis William P. Britt Travis L. Chance John Riggs



Joe R. Brannen, Mayor Frank Parker, Interim City Manager Sue Starling, City Clerk Sam Brannen, City Attorney

50 EAST MAIN STREET • P.O. Box 348 Statesboro, Georgia 30459-0348

January 25, 2011

To The Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Citizens of the City of Statesboro:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Statesboro, Georgia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 is submitted herewith. This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department. Responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the report rests with the City's management. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; that the statements and underlying financial data have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

City management's narrative on the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, is included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of this report, immediately following the independent auditor's report. The letter of transmittal is written to compliment the MD&A and the financial statements, and should be read from that perspective and in conjunction with all other CAFR sections.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of Statesboro was created by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia on December 19, 1803. The City operates under the Council/Manager form of government, providing the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets and drainage, community development, community services and general administrative services. The City also operates two public utilities (a water and sewer system and a natural gas distribution system) and provides sanitation collection and disposal services. The City and Bulloch County jointly operate a transfer station for transport of solid waste and an inert landfill.

The City reports a 2009 estimated population of, 26,874, which is based upon a special census conducted by the Department of Planning at the Georgia Institute of Technology, under contract to the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center. This is less than 1% of the total State of Georgia population. 23.1% of the Bulloch County population lives below the federal poverty level as compared to 29.7% in the State of Georgia. However, this number is impacted by the fact that 19,691 university students, when filling out

census forms, do not have significant earned income. Georgia Southern University's Bureau of Business Research and Economic Development in a recent study confirmed that the non-student population has a much higher per capita income than the census for this reason; and, the university student population has a considerable amount of disposable income, though little earned income, as they are predominantly supported financially by parents.

The City of Statesboro is the county seat of Bulloch County, Georgia, located in the southeastern corner of the state. It is included on the southern leg of the Savannah River Parkway, a four-lane connector between Savannah and Augusta. It is located 53 miles west of Savannah, 76 miles south of Augusta, 121 miles east of Macon, 144 miles southwest of Charleston, SC, 168 miles north of Jacksonville, FL, and 199 miles southeast of Atlanta. Statesboro is 15 miles from Interstate 16, and is located on US Highways 301, 80, and 25, and State Routes 73, 46, 67, and 24.

The City is approximately 14.41 square miles with an average elevation of 240 feet above sea level, the terrain being mostly flat. The climate is seasonal, but moderate, with mild winters and warm, humid summers. The average high is 58 degrees in January and 91 degrees in July. The average annual rainfall is 47.0" and the relative humidity is 62% in January and 75% in July.

Statesboro is served by the Heart of Georgia Railway Company and numerous common freight carriers. The City and Bulloch County jointly own the Statesboro Municipal Airport that is located approximately 30 minutes from Interstate 16. It is 45 minutes from the Savannah/Hilton Head International Airport, which is serviced by 6 major airlines. The City of Statesboro also is located approximately fifty miles from the Georgia Ports Authority's Savannah terminal, and is within a reasonable distance of the ports of Charleston, Beaufort, Brunswick, and Jacksonville.

There are two institutions of higher learning located in the greater Statesboro area: Georgia Southern University (GSU) within the city limits, and Ogeechee Technical College just outside the city on US Highway 301 South. Accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools and Georgia's largest and most comprehensive center of higher education south of Atlanta, Georgia Southern offers more than 114 undergraduate and graduate degree programs through the doctoral level in its eight Colleges. The University's 19,691 students come from all 50 states and 90 nations.

Ogeechee Technical College is accredited by the Commission of the Council on Occupational Education and adheres to statewide curriculum standards established by the Georgia Department of Technical and Adult Education. OTC offers 125 programs of study including 36 diploma programs, 70 certificate programs, and 19 Associate degrees in conjunction with Georgia Southern University and East Georgia College. There are 15 public schools, 3 private and parochial schools, and 1 charter school in Bulloch County educating the county's 9,476 students. A total of 614 seniors graduated from these schools in 2010.

Statesboro is a leader in health care in southeast Georgia with East Georgia Regional Medical Center, a 150-bed hospital, employing more than 730 staff and 94 physicians representing a wide range of specialties. The hospital is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, a distinction that is awarded only to those healthcare facilities that maintain the highest standards of quality.

The City is served by 6 local radio stations, WHKN, WMCD, WPMX, WPTB, WWNS and WVGS, and one daily newspaper, the *Statesboro Herald*. In addition, the *Savannah Morning News* reports on the news in Statesboro. Statesboro is covered locally by Northland Cable TV, which is located in the city. The City of Statesboro, Georgia Southern University, and Northland Cable TV have partnered to provide the community with a local government access channel, operated by the Communication Arts Department of GSU. Three television stations in Savannah also cover Statesboro regularly: WTOC (CBS), WJCL (ABC), and WSAV (NBC).

The City has 119 miles of roads of which 118 are paved. Natural gas is sold to 3,484 customers while water and sewer service is provided by the City to over 13,000 customers with an average daily water consumption of 2.79 million gallons. Statesboro has 184 miles of sanitary sewer and 219.5 miles of water mains with 1,487 fire hydrants. The City maintains a Class 3 ISO rating with 2 fire stations.

Utilities are provided by the following within the City:

City of Statesboro Water and Sewer, Sanitation and Natural Gas

Excelsior EMC Electricity
Georgia Power Company Electricity

Frontier Communications
Bulloch Rural Telephone
Northland Cable TV
Telecommunications
Telecommunications
Telecommunications

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Statesboro has an economy comprised of an industrial base, a growing university, expanding retail activity, and a regional medical center. The City has a highly diversified economy with several major industries located in the area and is a regional shopping center and health care provider for eight surrounding Georgia counties (Effingham, Screven, Jenkins, Emanuel, Candler, Evans, Tattnall, and Toombs).

The 2009 Statesboro per capita income was \$12,319 or 46% of the State of Georgia per capita income. Per capita income is total personal income (including wages, dividends, interest, rent, and government payments) divided by the total population. It is commonly used as an indicator of the quality of consumer markets and the economic wellbeing of a community. As noted above, this figure is actually skewed lower by the high number of university students who do not report earned income, but have considerable disposable income.

The area offers many educational and vocational opportunities that provide a competitive advantage for a strong workforce. The November 2010 unemployment rate was 9.3%, just below the State of Georgia at 10.1% and the national rate of 9.8%. Approximately 24% of the Bulloch County civilian labor force is employed by the government sector including one of the City's largest employers, Georgia Southern University. Other government employers include Bulloch County, Bulloch County Board of Education, Ogeechee Technical College, and the City of Statesboro. Major private sector employers in the City include East Georgia Regional Medical Center and Wal-Mart Supercenter.

The City and County are experiencing moderate growth with the City approving 166 new building permits in 2009 and 266 in 2010. The cost of housing in Bulloch County is among the lowest in the nation. The average residential sales price is \$140,585. The median value of owner occupied units was \$109,200.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For The Year. In FY 2010, the City's Water and Sewer Department expended \$478,528 for the construction of a well and a well house. This project was funded by a Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA) loan. SPLOST funds in the amount of \$286,457 were used to finance emergency sewer line repairs, emergency well repairs, and a water main extension to a well. Engineering fees for the extension of water and sewer lines along Old Register Road and the Southeast Quadrant were funded by bond proceeds.

In FY 2010, construction was near completion on the Downtown Streetscape project. In 2005, the City was awarded a \$530,000 Transportation Enhancement Grant (TE-21) to improve sidewalks and curb and gutter and for landscaping and the installation of decorative benches and lighting in the downtown area on East Main Street. An additional \$300,000 was approved to fund the West Main Street phase of the project.

In FY 2010, the City refinanced various City water and sewer system bond and loan obligations. The refinancing of the higher interest loans resulted in an approximate net present value savings of \$383,978 representing 5.7% of the City's prior debt balance. The City will also realize cash flow relief through the first seven years of the refinancing.

For The Future. A 2007 SPLOST initiative approved in July, 2006, will provide the City with an estimated \$21.7 million in funding for capital projects for FY 2008 - FY 2014. Several major projects are planned for FY 2011.

In FY 2011, landfill closure/post-closure expenses and air rights in the Wayne County Landfill will continue to be funded by 2007 SPLOST in the amount of \$1,166,000.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal control structure. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, the reliability of financial statements, and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and

the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal control structure adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis and reported on the same basis at the fund financial reporting level. However, at the government-wide financial reporting level, these activities are presented on the accrual basis.

The City's enterprise funds account for the cost of services using an "economic resources" measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with the funds are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the proprietary funds.

Budgeting Controls. Budgets have been adopted and appropriated at the fund level for each City governmental fund. Budgetary control is maintained at the line-item level by the rendering of monthly reports of revenues and expenditures. Major variances between budget and actual are reviewed monthly with the City Council on an exceptions basis. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end for budgetary purposes and are subject to reappropriation in the following year.

Cash Management. It is the City's policy to aggressively pursue all revenues due to the City including past due utility bills, court fines, and property taxes; and to pay all obligations on or before the due date. The City utilizes cash management and investment policies that emphasize safety of capital first, sufficient liquidity to meet obligations second, and the highest possible yield third.

The City currently has 15 bank accounts that service 19 funds. In 2008, the City's entire banking services were re-bid and a three-year contract was awarded to Branch Banking and Trust Company (BB &T). All City funds are deposited into a sweep investment account at a rate equal to the targeted federal funds rate multiplied by 102.5% (currently .18%).

Risk Management. The City of Statesboro is a member of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA). Administered by the Georgia Municipal Association, GIRMA is an intergovernmental risk-sharing fund created in 1987 to provide property and liability insurance coverage to Georgia local government entities. The City's coverage under this program includes property (including boiler and machinery), auto physical damage and liability, law enforcement liability, general liability, public officials' liability, employee benefits liability, pollution liability, and fidelity liability (including crime and all employee bonds). GIRMA contracts with Gallagher Basset for claims administration and with Willis Caroon for marketing and administrative support and technical assistance. Premiums are based on each individual city's loss experience and underwriting.

Long-term Financial Planning. The City of Statesboro maintains a flexible, yet thorough five year capital improvement plan whereby capital needs are identified several years before funding and implementation, to allow adequate time for planning. This plan

also provides for the orderly replacement of facilities and equipment. The City's current five year plan has identified \$58,232,808 in projected expenditures through FY 2016; \$4,766,450 of this was budgeted for the 2010 fiscal year. In FY 2011, the City has budgeted \$12,394,248 in projected expenditures, with \$3,178,000 being funded from the 2007 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax and 7,400,000 being funded from the water and sewer revenue bond for water and sewer line extensions. The projects funded from the 2007 SPLOST include \$586,000 in street projects, \$650,000 for fire equipment, \$250,000 for police vehicles, \$625,000 for solid waste equipment, and \$1,200,000 for solid waste disposal projects.

Relevant Financial Polices. The City of Statesboro financial policies state that the City will not appropriate fund balance or net assets in any fund that would hinder meeting the reserve targets. However, with the recent recession, the City has opted to appropriate fund balance and net assets to cover revenue shortfall from business licenses and building permits and unexpected expenditures in the last quarter of the fiscal year. The City also continued furlough days for all employees through the first quarter of the fiscal year in order to reduce the amount of fund balance or net assets that would need to be used.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. State law requires annual audits of the accounting records by independent certified public accountants selected by the City Council. This requirement has been met, and the auditor's opinion is included in this report. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The auditor's examination encompassed the basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Awards. In 2010, the City received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting, A government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This is the sixth consecutive year the City has received this award.

Also in 2009, the City received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009 from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). This award is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting. It is presented to governments whose budgets adhere to program standards and its attainment represents significant achievement by the organization in providing a budget document that clearly presents financial, accounting, and policy information. In order to receive this award a government must publish a budget document which meets program criteria as a policy document, financial plan, operations guide, and as a communications device. This is the sixth consecutive year the

City has received this award. Both the Certificate of Achievement and the Distinguished Budget award are valid for a period of one year. The City has sent in its application for the GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, but at this time has not received any notification.

Acknowledgments. We wish to express our gratitude and appreciation to the members of the staff of the City of Statesboro Finance Department for their assistance and support in the preparation of this report. We wish to acknowledge the guidance and technical support provided by our independent auditors, Thigpen, Lanier, Westerfield & Deal.

Respectfully submitted,

Frank C. Parker, III Interim City Manager Cindy S. West Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Statesboro Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

Executive Director



CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA MAYOR AND COUNCIL

Joe R. Brannen



In office since September 1998 Current term expires December 2013

Tommy Blitch District 1



In office since 2004 Current term expires December 2013

Gary L. Lewis District 2



In office since January 1998 Current term expires December 2011

William P. Britt District 3



In office since January 2004 Current term expires December 2011

John Riggs District 4



In office since January 2010 Current term expires December 2013

Travis L. ChanceDistrict 5



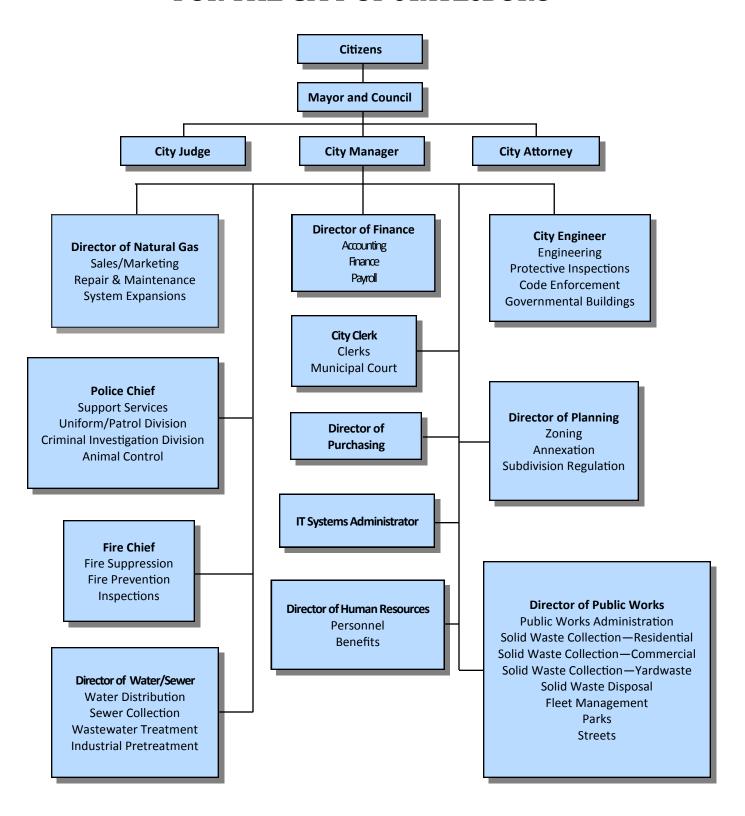
In office since January 2008 Current term expires December 2011

CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA APPOINTED PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

As of June 30, 2010

NAME	POSITION	LENGTH OF TIME WITH CITY
Shane Haynes	City Manager	2 years
Sam Brannen	City Attorney	43 years
Cindy West	Finance Director	13 years
Sue Starling	City Clerk	20 years
Michael Graves	Human Resources Director	1 year
Robert Cheshire	City Engineer/Public Works Director	1 year
Wendell Turner	Public Safety Director	17 years
Steve Hotchkiss	Natural Gas Director	19 years
Christian Lentz	Planning Director	2 years
Wendell Turner	Public Safety Director	17 years
Robert Cheshire	Public Works Director	21 years
Wayne Johnson	Water/Wastewater Director	28 years
Seth LaVine	Information Technology Director	2 years

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR THE CITY OF STATESBORO





THIGPEN, LANIER, WESTERFIELD & DEAL

MARSHALL R. THIGPEN, CPA
WILLIAM RUSSELL LANIER, CPA
JOSEPH S. WESTERFIELD, CPA
RICHARD N. DEAL, CPA
KAY S. PROCTOR, CPA
LEE ANN LANE, CPA
JENNIFER GROOMS, CPA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
201 SOUTH ZETTEROWER AVENUE
P.O. BOX 505
STATESBORO, GEORGIA 30459
PHONE (912) 489-8756
FAX (912) 489-1243

MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSITUTE OF CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Statesboro, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Statesboro, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Statesboro, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Statesboro, Georgia as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Statesboro Fire Service Special Revenue Fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2011, on our consideration of the City of Statesboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Statesboro, Georgia's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, schedule of SPLOST expenditures, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, schedule of SPLOST expenditures, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

January 25, 2011

Thispen, Lamer, Westerfield + Deal



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the City of Statesboro, Georgia's (the City's) annual financial report, the City's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City had total net assets (assets exceeded liabilities) of \$62,524,774 at 2010 fiscal year-end. That is \$3,637,236 or 6.2%, higher than the total net assets of \$58,887,538 at 2009 fiscal year-end. Fiscal year 2009 had seen a \$1,858,967, or 3.1%, decrease in total net assets.
- Total net assets are comprised of the following:
 - (1) Capital assets, net of related debt, of \$55,278,434 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets. The figure for fiscal year 2009 was \$57,032,563. That is a decrease of \$1,754,129, or 3.1%. There was a decrease of \$960,054, or 1.7%, for fiscal year 2009.
 - (2) Net assets of \$5,441,506 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations. That is \$4,093,946, or 304%, more than the fiscal year 2009 amount of \$1,347,560. That was \$160,493 (or 13.5%) more than fiscal year 2008's \$1,187,067. The large increase in restricted net assets is a result of the receipt of \$3,321,448 in 2007 SPLOST funds that were not spent as of June 30, 2010 and \$1,046,098 in bond proceeds placed in a debt retirement fund for the new water and sewer revenue bonds issued in fiscal year 2010.
 - (3) Unrestricted net assets of \$1,804,834 represent the portion available to maintain the City's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors. This is a \$1,297,419 (or 255%) increase over the fiscal year 2009 total of \$507,415. That amount was a \$1,059,406 (or 67.6%) decrease over fiscal year 2008's figure of \$1,566,821. FY 2008 had seen a \$407,963 (or 20.7%) decrease over FY 2007's amount. In fiscal year 2010, unrestricted net assets for business-type activities increased by \$2,198,523 primarily due to an increase in revenues for the Water and Sewer Operating Fund. The unrestricted net assets for the governmental activities in fiscal year 2010 declined by \$901,104 (or 122%) primarily due to the decline in fines and forfeitures, the settlement of a lawsuit by a former employee, and the General Fund making a large transfer to the Benefits Insurance Fund for health insurance.
- The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$4,294,517, compared to \$2,068,826 in fiscal year 2009. This is a \$2,225,691 (or 107.6%) increase. The primary reason is an increase in fund balance in the 2007 SPLOST fund. The City did not start receiving its portion of the 2007 SPLOST for certain projects until February 2010 after other SPLOST projects had been completed according to the SPLOST agreement. The fiscal year 2009 ending fund balance for governmental funds showed a decrease of \$284,524 (or 12.1%). Unreserved fund balance of \$4,079,357 for fiscal year 2010 is a \$2,195,585 (or 116.6%) increase from fiscal year 2009. Unreserved fund balance of \$1,883,772 for fiscal year 2009 was a \$286,339 (or 13.2%) decrease from the \$2,170,111 in fiscal year 2008.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$(98,438). That compares to \$947,789 for fiscal year 2009 which represented 6.7% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out in fiscal year 2009. Fiscal year 2008's unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,478,379, or 10.8% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Assets*. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between them reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by sales and property taxes from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, and public works. Business-type activities include the natural gas distribution system, the water and wastewater systems, and the solid waste collection and disposal systems.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 14 & 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all other (non-major) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The City has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 16-22 of this report.

Individual fund information for non-major governmental funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

2. Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City's proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. These enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization for gas, water and wastewater utilities; and for solid waste collection and disposal systems.

The basic enterprise fund financial statements are presented on pages 23-26 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 27 of this report.

Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying note disclosures, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget presentations. The budgetary comparison statement is included as a basic financial statement for the general fund and the Statesboro Fire Service Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules for all other governmental funds can be found in a later section of this report. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget. During the fiscal year, the Mayor and City Council adopted by resolution one budget amendment, or revision, to the original budget resolution.

As discussed, the City reports major funds in the basic financial statements. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in this section of this report beginning on page 50.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The City's net assets at fiscal year 2010 were \$62,524,774, compared to the fiscal year 2009 figure of \$58,887,538. The following table provides a summary of the City's net assets:

Summary of Net Assets

													Percent	age
	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities To							of To	al
		2010		2009		2010		2009		2010		2009	2010	2009
Assets:														
Current assets	\$	6,701,131	\$	4,039,691	\$	4,962,182	\$	2,873,996	\$	11,663,313	\$	6,913,687	13%	9%
Capital assets		25,932,860		25,720,181		42,795,839		44,056,922		68,728,699		69,777,103	77%	90%
Other noncurrent assets		-		-		9,141,567		435,998		9,141,567		435,998	10%	1%
Total assets		32,633,991		29,759,872		56,899,588		47,366,916		89,533,579		77,126,788	100%	100%
Liabilities:														
Current liabilities		2,479,401		2,197,448		2,151,710		2,270,460		4,631,111		4,467,908	17%	24%
Long-term liabilities		1,952,210		1,888,862		20,425,484		11,882,480		22,377,694		13,771,342	83%	76%
Total liabilities		4,431,611		4,086,310		22,577,194		14,152,940		27,008,805		18,239,250	100%	100%
Net assets:														
Investment in capital assets,														
net of debt		24,168,198		23,985,317		31,110,236		33,047,246		55,278,434		57,032,563	88%	97%
Restricted		4,195,408		948,367		1,246,098		399,193		5,441,506		1,347,560	9%	2%
Unrestricted		(161,226)		739,878		1,966,060		(232,463)		1,804,834		507,415	3%	1%
Total net assets	\$	28,202,380	s	25,673,562	s	34,322,394	\$	33,213,976		62,524,774		58,887,538	100%	100%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) June 30, 2010

The current ratio divides the current assets by the current liabilities, and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. For fiscal year 2010, the current ratio for governmental activities is 2.7 and 2.3 for business type activities. For fiscal year 2009, the current ratio for governmental activities was 1.8, and for business type activities 1.3. For the City, overall, the current ratio for fiscal year 2010 is 2.5, compared to 1.5 for fiscal year 2009. For fiscal year 2008, the current ratio for governmental activities was 2.0 and for business type activities 1.4. For the City, overall, the current ratio was 1.7.

Net assets for fiscal year 2010 increased by \$2,528,818 for governmental activities, and by \$1,108,418 for business-type activities. Net assets for fiscal year 2009 decreased by \$399,067 for governmental activities and by \$1,459,900 for business type activities.

Note that in fiscal year 2010, 85.7%, and in fiscal year 2009, 93.4% of the governmental activities' net assets were invested in capital assets. On the business type activities, the City has spent 90.6% of its net assets in fiscal year 2010, and 99.5% in fiscal year 2009 on capital assets. This is not unusual, as the business type activities are primarily utilities, which are very capital-intensive operations. Expansion of these systems is necessary for the continued growth of the City and for its financial position, as these utility systems generate considerable revenues for all the City's operations. 88.4% in fiscal year 2010, and 96.8% in fiscal year 2009 of the City's total net assets were included in capital assets.

The following table provides a summary of the changes in net assets, with comparative data for both fiscal years 2010 and 2009:

Summary of Changes in Net Assets

		201												
	Governmental			Business			Percentage	G	overnmental		Business			Percentage
		Activities		Activities		Total	of Total		Activities		Activities		Total	of Total
Revenues:														
Program:														
Charges for services	\$	3,522,560	\$	17,896,580	\$	21,419,140	58%	\$	3,525,530	\$	17,412,955	\$	20,938,485	65%
Operating grants		134,935		18,556		153,491	1%		162,191		48,198		210,389	1%
Capital grants and contributions		6,315,782		704,703		7,020,485	19%		2,561,768		138,792		2,700,560	8%
General:														
Taxes		8,089,577				8,089,577	22%		7,912,524		-		7,912,524	25%
Other		65,785	_	257,122	_	322,907	1%	_	34,097	_	239,090	_	273,187	1%
Total revenues		18,128,639		18,876,961	_	37,005,600	100%	_	14,196,110	_	17,839,035	_	32,035,145	100%
Program Expenses:														
General government		2,364,710		-		2,364,710	7%		2,683,348		-		2,683,348	8%
Municipal court		603,544		-		603,544	2%		697,203		-		697,203	2%
Public safety		8,935,759		-		8,935,759	27%		8,465,499		-		8,465,499	25%
Public works		2,530,638		-		2,530,638	8%		2,452,550		-		2,452,550	7%
Community development		534,041		-		534,041	2%		539,771		-		539,771	2%
Parks and cemetries		514,166		-		514,166	2%		533,706		-		533,706	2%
Engineering		850,662		-		850,662	3%		760,687		-		760,687	2%
Planning and zoning		326,066		-		326,066	1%		285,709		-		285,709	1%
Community services		284,557		-		284,557	1%		535,258		-		535,258	2%
Interest		34,202		-		34,202	0%		30,966		-		30,966	0%
Water and sewer		-		6,906,526		6,906,526	21%		-		6,557,573		6,557,573	19%
Gas		-		4,293,665		4,293,665	13%		-		5,040,258		5,040,258	15%
Solid waste collection		-		2,094,925		2,094,925	6%		-		2,026,631		2,026,631	6%
Solid waste disposal			_	3,103,903	_	3,103,903	9%			_	3,284,953	_	3,284,953	10%
Total expenses		16,978,345		16,399,019		33,377,364	100%		16,984,697		16,909,415		33,894,112	100%
Excess (deficiency)		1,150,294		2,477,942		3,628,236			(2,788,587)		929,620		(1,858,967)	
Transfers		1,369,524		(1,369,524)		-			2,389,521		(2,389,521)	_	<u>-</u>	
Change in net assets		2,528,818		1,108,418		3,637,236			(399,067)		(1,459,900)		(1,858,967)	
Beginning net assets		25,673,562		33,213,976		58,887,538			26,072,629	_	34,673,876		60,746,505	
Ending net assets	\$	28,202,380	\$	34,322,394	\$	62,524,774		\$	25,673,562	\$	33,213,976	\$	58,887,537	

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Bulloch County (including the City of Statesboro) is one of only eight counties out of 159 in Georgia that do not receive any of the 1% Local Option Sales Tax (LOST). A local Constitutional Amendment was passed by the Georgia General Assembly in the 1981 Session (Georgia Laws, 1981, p. 1931) which called for a referendum on the question of whether or not the local option sales tax should go to the Bulloch County Board of Education, with a dollar for dollar reduction in the school property tax. (Boards of Education in Georgia are limited to a maximum millage rate of 20.) The referendum passed on November 2, 1982. Since that time, this money has gone to the Board of Education. Since most Georgia counties and cities negotiate a formula to distribute this sales tax among the county and city governments in that county, this puts both the City of Statesboro and Bulloch County government at a distinct disadvantage relative to almost all the other cities and counties in the state. It means that we have to rely more heavily on the local property tax and user fees than these other cities and counties. For example, if the City and County had equally split this approximately \$9,759,490 in local option sales taxes in fiscal year 2010, the City would have had \$4,879,745 in additional revenue. That is more than the City collected in property taxes. In effect, the City could have done away with its property tax levy totally if not for this local legislation and referendum in the early 1980's.

However, the City of Statesboro and Bulloch County (and the other cities in the county) do share the proceeds of a 1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST), which has passed referendums in both 2002 for a five-year term and in 2006 (beginning collections in 2007) for a six-year term. In fiscal year 2010, sales taxes of \$5,332,133 out of \$18,058,954 in total governmental funds revenues, or 29.5%, were received from the 2002 SPLOST and the 2007 SPLOST. Of that money, \$1,562,968 was transferred to the business-type funds for capital projects (water and sewer and solid waste disposal systems). The remaining, \$3,769,165, will be used primarily for governmental activities, or 20.9% of the governmental funds' total revenues. And all of that money will be spent on capital outlay, not operating costs, as the SPLOST funds are earmarked by state law specifically for capital outlay only. Similarly, in fiscal year 2009, \$1,885,252 in sales taxes represented 13.3% of the \$14,196,110 in governmental funds revenues. But all of it was used to finance capital projects.

The City is heavily reliant on taxes to support governmental activities operations. In total, taxes make up 44.6% of revenues as compared to 55.7% in fiscal year 2009. Property taxes provided \$3,960,151 or 21.8% of the City's total governmental activities revenue as compared to 26.7% in fiscal year 2009.

Also, note that program revenues covered 58.7% in fiscal year 2010, and 36.8% in fiscal year 2009 of governmental operating expenses. This means that the government's taxpayers and the City's other general revenues funded the remaining 41.3% in fiscal year 2010, and 63.2% in fiscal year 2009 of the governmental activities. As this documents, the general economy and the local businesses have a major impact on the City's revenue streams.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

The public safety function comprises 52.6% of the City's total governmental activity expenses and 26.8% of the total City expenses in fiscal year 2010. In fiscal year 2009, the figures were 49.8% and 25.0% respectively. In fiscal year 2010, general government totaled 13.9% of the total governmental activity expense, and 7.1 of the total City expenses. In fiscal year 2009, general government totaled 15.8% of the total governmental activity expenses, and 7.9% of the total City expenses. Of the total \$17 million of governmental expenses, depreciation is 10.3% of that total. In fiscal year 2009, the numbers were \$17 million and 10.1% respectively.

The following table presents the cost of each of the City's programs, including the net costs (i.e., total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net costs illustrate the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	Governme	ental Activities									
	2010 20										
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost							
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services							
General government	\$ 2,364,710	\$ 1,703,251	\$ 2,683,348	\$ 1,917,687							
Municipal court	603,544	603,544	697,203	697,203							
Public safety	8,935,759	4,851,381	8,465,499	5,209,571							
Public works	2,530,638	(2,411,915)	2,452,550	330,787							
Community development	534,041	534,041	539,771	539,771							
Parks and cemetries	514,166	514,166	533,706	533,706							
Engineering	850,662	565,775	760,687	660,050							
Planning and zoning	326,066	326,066	285,709	285,709							
Community services	284,557	284,557	535,258	529,758							
Interest	34,202	34,202	30,966	30,966							
Total	16,978,345	\$ 7,005,068	16,984,697	\$ 10,735,208							

For fiscal year 2010 and 2009, all functions required a subsidy from general revenues except for public works in fiscal year 2010. In fiscal year 2010, \$4,444,299 in SPLOST revenue received from the County was included in program revenue for public works.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Revenues vs. Expenses

For fiscal year 2008, the operating revenues for the utility funds were 3.5% higher than 2007 and operating expenses were .6% below fiscal year 2007. Within the total business type activities of the City, these activities reported \$1,751,428 in operating income, or an increase of 71.4% compared to fiscal year 2007. After transfers in and out between other funds, these funds reported a profit of \$939,555 or an increase of \$809,402 compared to fiscal year 2007. The primary reasons for this increase were due to a capital contribution for the Gateway Phase II Industrial Park water and sewer lines expansion and a decrease in the cost of natural gas.

For fiscal year 2009, the operating revenues for the utility funds were 4.5% lower than 2008 and operating expenses were 2.4% below fiscal year 2008. Within the total business type activities of the City, these activities reported \$1,328,682 in operating income, or a decrease of 24.1% compared to fiscal year 2008. After transfers in and out between other funds, these funds reported a loss of \$1,317,492, or a decrease of \$2,257,047, compared to fiscal year 2008. The primary reasons for this decrease were due to a decrease in water usage and larger transfers from the enterprise funds to the general fund.

For fiscal year 2010, the operating revenues for utility funds were 3.2% higher than 2009 and operating expenses were 3.5% below fiscal year 2009. Within the total business type activities of the City, these activities reported \$2,463,461 in operating income, or an increase of 85.4% compared to fiscal year 2009. After transfers in and out between other funds, these funds reported a gain of \$1,265,553, or an increase of \$2,583,045, compared to fiscal year 2009. The primary reason for this increase was an increase in rates for services in the enterprise funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) June 30, 2010

Each specific fund reported the following operating income or loss:

	2010		2009
	<u>Amount</u>	Percent <u>Change</u>	Amount Percent Change
Water and sewer fund	\$1,960,152	106.3%	\$ 950,051 (38.0)%
Gas fund	\$1,015,231	1.0%	\$ 1,004,836 6.9%
Solid waste collection fund	\$ 551,434	2.6%	\$ 537,567 1.4%
Solid waste disposal fund	\$(1,063,356)	8.6%	\$ (1,163,772) 6.9%

The operating income for the water and sewer fund increased by 106.3% in fiscal year 2010 since operating revenues were up 19.3% primarily due to an increase in water and sewer rates..

The gas fund's operating income increased by 1.0% over fiscal year 2009. Operating revenues were down 12.2% and operating expenses were down 14.9% primarily because of a decrease in the cost of natural gas.

The solid waste collection fund's operating income increased 2.6% from last year since operating revenues were 2.6% above fiscal year 2009 and expenses were 2.6% above fiscal year 2009.

Finally, the solid waste disposal fund's operating loss decreased by 8.6% from fiscal year 2009. Operating revenues decreased by 4.5% and operating expenses decreased by 5.9%. The revenues do not cover all expenses, and SPLOST is therefore used to make up the difference.

The City transfers resources from its enterprise funds to the general fund for the following reasons:

- Since the City does not do any indirect cost allocation, the transfers help cover the General Fund's indirect costs that could be charged to the enterprise funds as indirect costs. These costs include the various staff divisions, such as personnel, finance, purchasing, and records, as well as part of the City Manager's time.
- If these enterprise funds were privately owned, the City would be entitled to a franchise fee equal to 5% of the gross revenues, similar to CATV, electricity, or telephone service providers. These transfers offset some of these costs.
- If these enterprise funds were privately owned, the City would be entitled to property taxes on the property in service, net of
 accumulated depreciation, similar to CATV, electricity, or telephone service providers. These transfers are made in lieu of
 property taxes.
- If these enterprise funds were privately owned, their approved rate tariffs would include a reasonable return on shareholder equity. Since the City's taxpayers are in fact the investors who started and financed these operations, they are being rewarded with a comparable return on equity in the form of lower property taxes. This return can be made while still maintaining retail rates that are at or below the surrounding market prices offered by private utility companies. For example, the City's natural gas system rates are considerably lower than any investor-owned utility or private gas marketer in our geographic area.
- Hosting a sizable regional university, as well as being the county seat, results in a considerable amount of state and county property not being subject to property taxation. However, services such as police, fire, street repair and cleaning, and traffic signalization must be provided and expanded as needed, and must be funded from general revenues. Transfers from the enterprise funds help offset this burden, while sharing it more equitably among all citizens and institutions.

The solid waste disposal fund recognized a transfer in from the 2007 SPLOST fund of \$1,276,511 in fiscal year 2010, which was used for the purchase of landfill space (air rights) in the Wayne County Solid Waste Landfill and for post-closure costs for our Lakeview Landfill.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$4,294,517 in fiscal year 2010, compared to \$2,068,826 in fiscal year 2009, and \$2,353,350 in fiscal year 2008. Of these year-end totals, \$4,079,357 in fiscal year 2010, \$1,883,772 in fiscal year 2009, and \$2,170,011 in fiscal year 2008 was unreserved indicating availability for continuing City service requirements.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show an increase in fiscal year 2010 of \$2,225,691 or 107.6% compared to a decrease in fiscal year 2009 of \$284,524, or 12.1%. This fiscal year 2010 increase is primarily the result of the City receiving 2007 SPLOST funds of \$3,204,247 over amounts spent during the year.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,022,689 in fiscal year 2010. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$527,298 in fiscal year 2009, and decreased by \$1,115,834 in fiscal year 2008 and by \$1,257,835 in fiscal year 2007. The decreases in 2007 through 2009 were planned uses of fund balance to help finance the Averitt Arts Center operations and the new Police Station. The decrease in 2010 was the result of budgeting for a deficit, the settlement of a lawsuit by a former employee, and making a large transfer to the Benefits Insurance Fund because of increased health insurance costs.

Total taxes for the governmental fund were \$7,585,112, or 1.9% higher than in fiscal year 2009. Total property taxes in fiscal year 2010 were \$3,704,711 compared to \$3,581,923 in fiscal year 2009. In fiscal year 2009, total taxes were \$7,443,083, or 3.7% higher than the \$7,174,254 in fiscal year 2008.

The general fund's total expenditures decreased by \$344,912 or 2.7%, in fiscal year 2010 compared to an increase of \$758,152 or 6.4%, in fiscal year 2009. The fiscal year 2009 increase was due primarily to the settlement of a lawsuit by a former employee and the write off of a receivable from the Arts Council.

The General Fund's ending unreserved, undesignated fund balance of \$(98,438) represents the equivalent of (.7%) of the \$13,455,225 in annual expenditures and transfers out budgeted for the next fiscal year. The City's overall cash flow varies little from month to month. The only real peak is in the December-February timeframe, when property taxes become due, then delinquent. The reason for this is that the utility revenues are consistent on a monthly basis, and other General Fund revenues come in during months when property taxes do not. Given this relatively stable cash flow environment, the City has set a target for unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the General Fund of 25% of the next fiscal year's budgeted General Fund expenditures and transfers out. This provides more than adequate cash flow to handle these monthly fluctuations, while providing a cushion against any major unexpected events. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance is at (.7%), below the 25% target set for undesignated fund balance. The governing body has adopted a conservative General Fund budget for FY 2011, and should begin replenishing this fund balance to a level equal to the targeted amount over an anticipated five-year period.

The Statesboro Fire Service Fund was created in fiscal year 2008. This fund accounts for the operations of the Statesboro Fire Department, which serves all the citizens of Statesboro and county citizens within the five-mile fire district. This fund had a fund balance of \$425,424 at year-end compared to \$527,242 at the end of fiscal year 2009. This represents a \$101,818 or 19.3% decrease. The decrease in fund balance was the result of significant capital expenditures in fiscal year 2010.

The 2007 SPLOST fund's ending unreserved, undesignated fund balance was \$3,321,448 for fiscal year 2010. This is an increase of \$3,204,247 over fiscal year 2009. The reason is the City began receiving its portion of SPLOST in February 2010 for projects that have not been started in fiscal year 2010.

The Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. Each of the fund statements give detailed information about their financial condition.

Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund – The revenue side of the budget was amended downward by \$293,058, or 2.8% primarily to reflect lower collections of fines and forfeitures. Overall, the City recognized revenues equal to 100.3% of budgeted revenues in the final appropriated budget. The total expenditure budget was decreased through budget amendments by \$33,497 or .3%. Overall, the City recognized expenditures equal to \$33,684 more than, or 100.3%, of budgeted expenditures in the final appropriated budget. In summary, the budget was overspent by .3%, while revenue estimates were .3% over.

On the revenue side of the budget, property taxes came in \$35,424 lower than the amended budget. Automobile taxes came in \$30,187 less than budgeted. Franchise fees came in \$108,761 more than budgeted. Licenses and Permits came in \$81,354 more than budgeted. The budgeted amount had been amended upward due to a slight increase in the construction industry. Fines and Forfeitures came in \$31,521 less than budgeted. In total, General Fund revenues came in \$28,599 more than the budgeted amount.

On the expenditure side, the City Clerk's Office, Animal Control, Municipal Court, Planning, and Debt Service costs were considerably below the budgeted amounts. Governing Body, Financial Administration, Information Technology, Engineering, Police, and Streets exceeded the budget due to some end of year adjustments. Overall, the General Fund expenditures were \$33,684 more than budgeted.

Transfers in were \$80,175 below budget and transfers out were \$303,384 over budget as a result of a \$303,384 unbudgeted transfer to the Benefits Insurance internal service fund.

Fund Balance was budgeted to decrease by \$636,186 primarily due to a decrease in fines and forfeitures and the settlement of a lawsuit. However, fund balance decreased by \$386,503 more than budgeted, to end at \$1,022,689 less than the previous year's fund balance.

The FY 2011 Budget for the General Fund has used very conservative revenue projections to build the fund balance as discussed earlier.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental (including the fleet management internal service fund) and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010 was \$25,932,859 and \$42,795,839 respectively, for a total of \$68,728,698. That compares to fiscal year 2009 numbers of \$25,720,181 and \$44,056,922 respectively, for a total of \$69,777,103. The fiscal year 2010 totals in this net investment were a .8% increase for governmental and a 2.9% decrease for business-type activities. The overall decrease was 1.5% for the City as a whole. See Note 3D for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities				Business Act	;	Total					
	2010	0 2009		2010			2009		2010	2009		
Non-depreciable assets:												
Land	\$ 1,636,113	\$	1,636,113	\$	549,410	\$	549,410	\$	2,185,523	\$	2,185,523	
Construction in progress	 2,163,786		1,025,087		1,006,791		472,561	_	3,170,577		1,497,648	
Total non-depreciable	 3,799,899		2,661,200		1,556,201		1,021,971		5,356,100		3,683,171	
Depreciable assets:												
Buildings	14,059,521		14,059,521		2,020,491		2,020,491		16,080,012		16,080,012	
Improvements other												
than buildings	372,622		372,622		60,354,265		59,975,086		60,726,887		60,347,708	
Machinery and												
equipment	7,933,423		7,200,632		9,489,532		9,477,290		17,422,955		16,677,922	
Infrastructure	11,613,800		11,613,800				-		11,613,800		11,613,800	
Total depreciable assets	33,979,366		33,246,575		71,864,288		71,472,867		105,843,654		104,719,442	
Less accumulated												
depreciation	 11,846,405		10,187,594		30,624,650		28,437,916		42,471,055		38,625,510	
Book value -												
depreciable assets	 22,132,961		23,058,981		41,239,638		43,034,951		63,372,599		66,093,932	
Percentage depreciated	 35%		31%		43%		40%		40%		37%	
Total book value	\$ 25,932,860	\$	25,720,181	\$	42,795,839	\$	44,056,922	\$	68,728,699	\$	69,777,103	

At June 30, 2010, the depreciable capital assets for governmental activities were 35% depreciated. This percentage is higher than the fiscal year 2009 amount of 31%.

The major increase in capital assets in fiscal year 2010 was several road projects and the acquisition of equipment for the police and fire department using grant proceeds.

In the City's business type activities, 43% of the asset values were depreciated at June 30, 2010. This percentage is higher than the fiscal year 2009 percentage of 40%.

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the bonded debt outstanding was reduced by \$245,000 to \$740,000. The notes payable for the water and sewer and natural gas systems increased by \$492,040 to \$9,220,542. The capital leases for governmental activities were increased by \$757,196 to \$2,038,765. Combined, that was an increase of long-term debt of \$1,004,236.

In fiscal year 2009, the capital leases increased by \$61,971; the bonded debt decreased by \$255,000; and the notes payable increases by \$975,068. Combined, this represented an increase of long-term debt of \$782,039.

In fiscal year 2010, the City issued \$15,040,000 in water and sewer refunding and improvement revenue bonds to advance refund water and sewer revenue refunding bonds of \$215,000 and several water and sewer notes payable totaling \$6,132,934. In addition, \$7,675,000 of the bond proceeds were provided to fund future water and sewer projects. Total long-term debt for the City increased by \$8,344,163 in fiscal year 2010.

Outstanding Debt

	 Governi Activi		tal	Business-type Activities					Totals								
	2010		2009		2009		2010		2009		2010		2009				
Capital leases	\$ 1,764,662	\$ 1,734,864		\$ 285,697		\$ 365,872		\$	2,050,359	\$	2,100,736						
Revenue bonds (including unamortized premium)	-		-		15,326,084		485,000		15,326,084		485,000						
Notes payable	-		-		3,749,066 10,195,610		10,195,610	3,749,066			10,195,610						
Landfill closure and postclosure care	-		-		1,697,688		1,831,935		1,697,688		1,831,935						
Other post employment benefits	124,209		-		-		-		-		50,894	50,894		175,103			-
Compensated absences	 493,440		581,638		173,914		175,686		667,354		757,324						
Total	\$ 2,382,311	\$	2,316,502	\$	21,283,343	\$	13,054,103	\$	23,665,654	\$	15,370,605						

See Note 3G for additional information about the City's long-term debt.

Economic Conditions Affecting the City

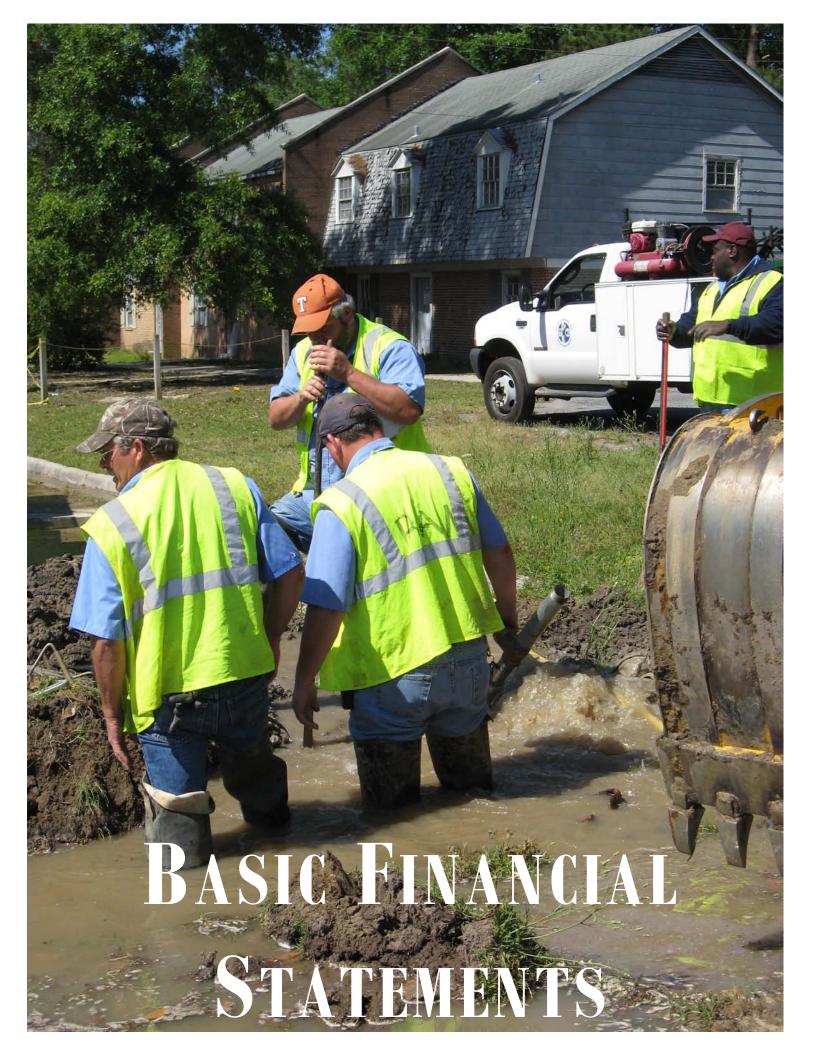
As of November 2010, the local unemployment rate was 9.3%, which was slightly lower than the state rate of 10.1% and the national rate of 9.8%. Our local economy is experiencing the effects of the national recession, declines in the financial markets, and the recent credit crunch caused by substandard home mortgages. New residential construction and home sales have declined significantly.

As in the past, a strong industrial base, a growing regional public university, a regional medical center and increasing medical specialties, and a regional retail base influence Statesboro's economy. This diversification should continue to help the local economy weather the current recession better than the nation as a whole.

The outlook long-term is considerably more upbeat. Coastal Georgia is projected to be one of the hottest real estate markets in the country over the next decade, as thousands of baby boomers seek inexpensive, warmer climates for retirement. That will fuel the housing, medical, and retail segments of our local economy as well. Georgia Southern University should continue its student body expansion. The new industrial park puts us in a prime position to benefit from additional industrial investment as the weakened dollar continues to attract capital to the United States. With our recent investments in water, sewer, natural gas, and roads, this community should be in an excellent position to benefit from these economic opportunities.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City's Finance Department at 50 East Main Street, Statesboro, Georgia, 30458, or call (912) 764-5468.



City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	D. G.			
	Primary Government Governmental Business-type		- C	
	Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,413,838	\$ 1,840,682	\$ 6,254,520	\$ 215,193
Receivables:				
Accounts	145,530	1,835,253	1,980,783	-
Taxes	458,550	-	458,550	-
Hotel/motel taxes	38,265	-	38,265	-
Intergovernmental	1,366,868	1,907	1,368,775	9,862
Notes	204,365	-	204,365	-
Internal balances	(372,931)	372,931	-	-
Inventory	134,038	345,644	479,682	-
Prepaid items	312,608	63,183	375,791	1,055
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents		502,582	502,582	
Total Current Assets	6,701,131	4,962,182	11,663,313	226,110
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents	-	8,945,808	8,945,808	-
Deferred charges	-	195,759	195,759	-
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable capital assets	3,799,899	1,556,201	5,356,100	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	22,132,961	41,239,638	63,372,599	862,798
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,932,860	51,937,406	77,870,266	862,798
Total Assets	22 622 001	56 900 599	80 522 570	1 000 000
Total Assets	32,633,991	56,899,588	89,533,579	1,088,908
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	883,327	629,792	1,513,119	5,278
Accrued payroll	266,268	11,911	278,179	3,184
Intergovernmental payable	-	29,040	29,040	-
Accrued interest payable	-	120,526	120,526	-
Claims payable	535,000	-	535,000	-
Unearned revenue	167,446	-	167,446	-
Other payables	197,259	-	197,259	-
Compensated absences payable	98,688	34,783	133,471	-
Capital leases payable	331,413	80,175	411,588	-
Notes payable	-	143,009	143,009	23,087
Revenue bonds payable	-	475,000	475,000	-
Customer deposits	-	502,582	502,582	-
Landfill post-closure care costs		124,892	124,892	
Total Current Liabilities	2,479,401	2,151,710	4,631,111	31,549
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	394,752	139,131	533,883	-
Other post employment benefits payable	124,209	50,894	175,103	
Capital leases payable (net of current portion)	1,433,249	205,522	1,638,771	-
Revenue bonds payable, net of unamortized				
premium (net of current portion)	-	14,851,084	14,851,084	-
Notes payable (net of current portion)	-	3,606,057	3,606,057	724,201
Landfill post-closure care costs (net of current portion)		1,572,796	1,572,796	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,952,210	20,425,484	22,377,694	724,201
Total Liabilities	4,431,611	22,577,194	27,008,805	755,750
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	24,168,198	31,110,236	55,278,434	115,510
Restricted for:	21,100,170	51,110,250	22,270,134	115,510
Capital projects	3,374,025	_	3,374,025	_
Program purposes	821,383	=	821,383	_
Revenue bond retirement	021,303	1,046,098	1,046,098	-
Renewal and extension	_	200,000	200,000	_
Unrestricted	(161,226)	1,966,060	1,804,834	217,648
	<u></u>			
Total Net Assets	\$ 28,202,380	\$ 34,322,394	\$ 62,524,774	\$ 333,158

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Pros	gram Revenues				Net (E	xpens	se) Revenue and	Chan	ges in Net Asset	s	
				Оре	rating Grants,		,			Prima	ary Government	:	•		
		(Charges for		ontributions	Ca	pital Grants	(Governmental		usiness-Type			C	omponent
Program/Function	Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	a	and Interest	and	Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total		Ûnit
Primary Government	_														
General government	\$ 2,364,710	\$	661,459	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,703,251)	\$	-	\$	(1,703,251)	\$	-
Municipal court	603,544		-		-		-		(603,544)		-		(603,544)		-
Public safety	8,935,759		2,576,214		134,935		1,373,229		(4,851,381)		-		(4,851,381)		-
Public works	2,530,638		-		-		4,942,553		2,411,915		-		2,411,915		-
Community development	534,041		-		-		-		(534,041)		-		(534,041)		-
Parks and cemeteries	514,166		-		-		-		(514,166)		-		(514,166)		-
Engineering	850,662		284,887		-		-		(565,775)		-		(565,775)		-
Planning and zoning	326,066		-		-		-		(326,066)		-		(326,066)		-
Community services	284,557		-		-		-		(284,557)		-		(284,557)		-
Interest	34,202		-		-		-		(34,202)		-		(34,202)		-
Total Governmental Activities	16,978,345		3,522,560		134,935		6,315,782		(7,005,068)				(7,005,068)		_
	 -,,-		- ,- ,	-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,,		(1,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,				(1,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,		
Business-Type Activities:															
Water and sewer	6,906,526		8,045,383		-		704,703		-		1,843,560		1,843,560		-
Gas	4,293,665		5,276,270		18,556		-		-		1,001,161		1,001,161		-
Solid waste collection	2,094,925		2,605,201		-		-		-		510,276		510,276		-
Solid waste disposal	 3,103,903		1,969,726		-						(1,134,177)		(1,134,177)		
Total Business-Type Activities	16,399,019		17,896,580		18,556		704,703				2,220,820		2,220,820		
Total - Primary Government	\$ 33,377,364	\$	21,419,140	\$	153,491	\$	7,020,485		(7,005,068)		2,220,820		(4,784,248)		_
Component Unit									_		_				
Downtown Statesboro	105.510		22.402		101 100		100.000								07.040
Development Authority	\$ 125,742	\$	22,492	\$	101,199	\$	100,000				-		-		97,949
			eral Revenues												
			erty taxes levied	for:					2.050.151				2050151		
			neral purposes						3,960,151		-		3,960,151		-
			l/motel taxes						439,838		-		439,838		-
			ance premium ta	ixes					1,258,448		-		1,258,448		-
			chise taxes						1,688,915		-		1,688,915		-
			rtaxes						751,225		4.700		751,225		-
			on sale of capita	l asset	S				4,641		4,708		9,349		-
			tment earnings						4,473		4,153		8,626		236
		Misc	ellaneous						56,671	_	248,261		304,932	_	21,178
		Tota	l General Rever	nues					8,164,362		257,122		8,421,484		21,414
		Tran	sfers						1,369,524		(1,369,524)				
		Tota	l General Rever	nues ar	nd Transfers				9,533,886		(1,112,402)		8,421,484		21,414
		Chai	nge in Net Asset	s					2,528,818		1,108,418		3,637,236		119,363
		Net A	Assets Beginning	g of Ye	ear				25,673,562		33,213,976		58,887,538		213,795
		Net A	Assets End of Y	ear				\$	28,202,380	\$	34,322,394	\$	62,524,774	\$	333,158

City of Statesboro, Georgia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

		General	Fire	Statesboro Fire Service		2002 SPLOST	2007 SPLOST	_	Dowtown Streetscape		Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	254,765	¢ 010.0	126	\$	53,747	\$ 2,970,246	\$		\$	300,158	\$	4,397,952
Receivables:	Э	254,765	\$ 819,0	J30	Э	33,747	\$ 2,970,240	Ф	-	Э	300,138	ф	4,397,932
Accounts		59.154		_		_	_		_		_		59,154
Taxes		458,550		_		_	_		_		_		458,550
Hotel/motel taxes		-50,550		_		_	_		_		38,265		38,265
Intergovernmental		20,611	39.8	812		452,932	727.998		48.640		76,875		1.366.868
Interfund		1,041,532		-		1,588	334,111		482,558		30,121		1,889,910
Notes		-		_		-	-		-		204,365		204,365
Prepaid items		197,547	17,6	513									215,160
Total Assets	\$	2,032,159	\$ 876,4	461	\$	508,267	\$ 4,032,355	\$	531,198	\$	649,784	\$	8,630,224
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	398,388	\$ 24,1	111	\$	25,709	\$ 117,421	\$	266,117	\$	8,830	\$	840,576
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes		256,357	8,9	984		-	-		-		-		265,341
Interfund payable		938,621	403,4	146		482,558	593,486		265,081		72,533		2,755,725
Deferred revenue		262,310	14,4	196		-	-		-		-		276,806
Other liabilities		77,374									119,885		197,259
Total Liabilities		1,933,050	451,0)37		508,267	710,907		531,198		201,248		4,335,707
Fund Balances Reserved for prepaid items Unreserved:		197,547	17,6	513		-	-		-		-		215,160
Undesignated, reported in: General fund		(00.420)											(00.420)
		(98,438)	407,8	-		-	-		-		395,959		(98,438)
Special revenue funds Capital projects funds		-	407,8	511		-	3,321,448		-		52,577		803,770 3,374,025
Capital projects fullus							3,341,448				32,311		3,374,023
Total Fund Balances		99,109	425,4	124			3,321,448				448,536		4,294,517
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,032,159	\$ 876,4	461	\$	508,267	\$ 4,032,355	\$	531,198	\$	649,784	\$	8,630,224

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) \left(x\right)$

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 4,294,517
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets Are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities (excludes internal service funds) are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 37,363,041 (11,604,407)	25,758,634
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property taxes		109,360
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the operation and maintanance of the vehicle fleet workers' compensation, and health insurance to individual funds. Certain assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities columns in the statement of net assets.		400,507
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are reported on the fund balance sheet but eliminated on the government-wide statement of net assets: Interfund receivables Interfund payables	\$ 1,585,034 (1,585,034)	-
Liabilities, including capital leases, compensated absences and other post employment benefits payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds but are reported on the statement of net assets: Capital leases payable Other post employment benefits payable Compensated absences	\$ (1,764,662) (119,767) (476,209)	(2,360,638)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities		\$ 28,202,380

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General	Statesboro Fire Service	2002 SPLOST	2007 SPLOST	Downtown Streetscape	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 3,886,524	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,886,524
Insurance premium taxes	1,258,448	-	-	-	-	-	1,258,448
Franchise taxes	1,688,915	-	-	-	-	-	1,688,915
Other taxes	751,225	-	-	-	-	-	751,225
Hotel/motel taxes	-	-	-	-	-	439,838	439,838
Intergovernmental	-	256,000	691,524	4,640,609	492,775	369,809	6,450,717
Licenses and permits	865,829	-	-	-	-	-	865,829
Fines and forfeitures	1,439,339	-	-	-	-	129,302	1,568,641
Charges for services	205,961	882,129	-	-	-	-	1,088,090
Investment earnings	-	896	-	2,378	-	782	4,056
Miscellaneous	44,920	2,151				9,600	56,671
Total Revenues	10,141,161	1,141,176	691,524	4,642,987	492,775	949,331	18,058,954
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	2,202,086	-	-	-	-	-	2,202,086
Municipal court	588,804	-	-	-	-	-	588,804
Public safety	5,398,510	2,652,638	-		-	390,493	8,441,641
Public works	1,852,879	-	-	-	-	-	1,852,879
Community development	94,155	-		-	-	439,838	533,993
Parks and cemeteries	430,178	_	_	_	_		430,178
Engineering	797,572	_	_	_	_	_	797,572
Planning and zoning	319,139	_					319,139
Community services	185,625	_	_		_	_	185,625
Capital Outlay	103,023	_	12,001	496,340	996,122	43,260	1,547,723
Debt Service:	-	-	12,001	490,340	990,122	43,200	1,547,725
Principal retirement	304,313			-			304,313
1	34,202	-	-	-	-	-	,
Interest and fiscal charges	34,202						34,202
Total Expenditures	12,207,463	2,652,638	12,001	496,340	996,122	873,591	17,238,155
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	(2,066,302)	(1,511,462)	679,523	4,146,647	(503,347)	75,740	820,799
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Sale of capital assets	4,641	-	-	-	-	-	4,641
Transfers in	2,752,000	1,409,644	89,492	-	482,558	91,000	4,824,694
Transfers out	(1,713,028)	-	(769,015)	(1,276,511)	-	-	(3,758,554)
Inception of capital lease obligations				334,111			334,111
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,043,613	1,409,644	(679,523)	(942,400)	482,558	91,000	1,404,892
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,022,689)	(101,818)	-	3,204,247	(20,789)	166,740	2,225,691
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,121,798	527,242		117,201	20,789	281,796	2,068,826
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 99,109	\$ 425,422	\$ -	\$ 3,321,448	\$ -	\$ 448,536	\$ 4,294,517

City of Statesboro, Georgia Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net Changes In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds										
Amounts reported for governmental activities statement of activities are different										
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expe However, in the statement of activitie assets is allocated over their estimate- depreciation expense. This is the am exceeded depreciation expense in the	es, the cost of those d useful lives as ount by which capitalized capital outlay									
	Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$	(1,723,633) 1,946,709		223,076					
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes:										
	109,360 (35,733)		73,627							
Elimination of transfers between governmental funds: Transfers in Transfers out 1,892,202 (1,892,202)										
Governmental funds do not report the cost of disposed capital assets but the cost is reported on the statement of activities										
The internal service funds used by management to the costs of self-insurance and fleet n to individual funds are not reported in statement of activities. Governmenta and related internal service fund reve	nanagement n the government-wide ıl fund expenditures				66,947					
Other financing sources for the inception of capita on the fund level operating statement liability on the governmental-wide fin	but are reported as a				(334,111)					
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expend governmental funds, but the repayme liabilities in the statement of net asset	ent reduces long-term				304,313					
Compensated absences and other post employment benefits (OPEB) reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.										
in governmental funds.	Compensated absences liability @ 6/30/09 Compensated absences liability @ 6/30/08	\$	(476,209) 565,251		89,042					
	OPEB liability @ 6/30/09 OPEB liability @ 6/30/08	\$	(119,767)		(119,767)					
Change In Net Assets of Governmental Activit	ies			\$	2,528,818					

City of Statesboro, Georgia

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 3,743,720	\$ 3,740,135	\$ 3,704,711	\$ (35,424)
Automobiles	212,000	212,000	181,813	(30,187)
Franchise	1,684,165	1,580,154	1,688,915	108,761
Insurance premium	1,295,775	1,258,448	1,258,448	-
Alcoholic beverage	705,000	708,800	675,794	(33,006)
Other	118,475	118,475	75,431	(43,044)
Licenses and permits	718,225	784,475	865,829	81,354
Charges for services	187,850	192,095	205,961	13,866
Fines and forfeitures	1,692,060	1,470,860	1,439,339	(31,521)
Investment earnings	5,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Miscellaneous	43,350	46,120	44,920	(1,200)
Total Revenues	10,405,620	10,112,562	10,141,161	28,599
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government				
Governing body	203,319	235,319	325,330	(90,011)
City manager's office	338,329	338,329	325,790	12,539
City clerk's office	518,269	446,269	426,368	19,901
Elections	22,250	14,250	13,620	630
Financial administration	564,152	587,627	592,849	(5,222)
Legal	-	23,345	23,345	-
Information technology	224,759	252,759	257,181	(4,422)
Human resources	149,269	110,924	101,528	9,396
Government buildings	124,428	116,428	105,511	10,917
Records management	7,900	7,900	4,030	3,870
General administration fees	31,381	34,534	26,534	8,000
Total general government	2,184,056	2,167,684	2,202,086	(34,402)
Municipal court	646,993	625,693	588,804	36,889

(continued)

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

101 me	rear	Ended June	50, 2			(con	tinued)
		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Public safety Police	\$	5,272,376	\$	5,272,376	\$ 5,393,510	\$	(121,134)
Emergency management	Ψ	5,000	Ψ	5,000	5,000	Ψ	(121,134)
Animal control		42,402		42,402			42,402
Total public safety		5,319,778		5,319,778	5,398,510		(78,732)
Streets/public works		1,783,796		1,788,796	1,852,879		(64,083)
Parks and cemeteries		440,722		440,722	430,178		10,544
Engineering		816,909		776,909	797,572		(20,663)
Planning and zoning		350,457		350,457	319,139		31,318
Community services							
Arts Center		145,013		147,013	147,008		5
Other		40,600		40,600	38,617		1,983
Total community services		185,613		187,613	185,625		1,988
Community development		94,692		94,692	94,155		537
Debt Service:							
Principal retirement		338,500		375,675	304,313		71,362
Interest and fiscal charges		45,760		45,760	34,202		11,558
Total Debt Service		384,260		421,435	338,515		82,920
Total Expenditures		12,207,276		12,173,779	12,207,463		(33,684)
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(1,801,656)		(2,061,217)	(2,066,302)		(5,085)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		2,832,175		2,832,175	2,752,000		(80,175)
Transfers out		(1,409,644)		(1,409,644)	(1,713,028)		(303,384)
Sale of capital assets		2,500		2,500	4,641		2,141
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,425,031		1,425,031	1,043,613		(381,418)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(376,625)	\$	(636,186)	(1,022,689)	\$	(386,503)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year					1,121,798	•	
Fund Balances End of Year					\$ 99,109	-	

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Statesboro Fire Service Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$ - 835,931 1,500	\$ 256,000 835,931 1,500	\$ 256,000 882,129 896 2,151	\$ - 46,198 (604) 2,151
837,431	1,093,431	1,141,176	47,745
2,317,263 (1,479,832)	2,573,263 (1,479,832)	2,652,638	(79,375) (31,630)
1,409,644	1,409,644	1,409,644	\$ (31,630)
ψ (70,100)	ψ (70,100)	527,242	φ (31,030)
	\$ - 835,931 1,500 837,431 2,317,263 (1,479,832)	Budget Budget \$ - \$ 256,000 835,931 835,931 1,500 1,500 - - 837,431 1,093,431 2,317,263 2,573,263 (1,479,832) (1,479,832) 1,409,644 1,409,644	Budget Budget Actual \$ - \$ 256,000 \$ 256,000 835,931 835,931 882,129 1,500 1,500 896 - - 2,151 837,431 1,093,431 1,141,176 2,317,263 2,573,263 2,652,638 (1,479,832) (1,479,832) (1,511,462) 1,409,644 1,409,644 1,409,644 \$ (70,188) \$ (70,188) (101,818)

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2010

				ype Activities - orise Funds			Governmental
	Water and Sewer	Reclaimed Water System	Gas	Solid Waste Collection	Solid Waste Disposal	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Assets		Trutter System		Concessor	Disposar		Tunus
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 945,774	\$ 300,532	\$ 375,719	\$ 218,407	\$ 250	\$ 1,840,682	\$ 15,886
Receivables: Accounts	374,943		123,575	118,222	12,241	628,981	86,376
Unbilled accounts	574,700	_	236,699	214,444	180,429	1,206,272	-
Intergovernmental	-	_	1,907	-	100,427	1,907	_
Interfund	1,146,358	72,715	29,714	32,126	194,444	1,475,357	360,183
Inventory	271,217	-	74,427	=	=	345,644	134,038
Prepaid items	30,524	=	19,812	2,421	10,426	63,183	97,448
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents	419,513		83,069			502,582	
Total Current Assets	3,763,029	373,247	944,922	585,620	397,790	6,064,608	693,931
Noncurrent Assets:							
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	8,945,808	_	-	_	-	8,945,808	-
Deferred Charges	195,759	=	=	=	=	195,759	=
Capital Assets:							
Land	347,981	-	78,004	-	123,425	549,410	-
Construction in progress	723,641	208,063	9,896	-	65,191	1,006,791	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	36,049,622		2,719,981	877,361	1,592,674	41,239,638	174,226
Total Noncurrent Assets	46,262,811	208,063	2,807,881	877,361	1,781,290	51,937,406	174,226
Total Assets	50,025,840	581,310	3,752,803	1,462,981	2,179,080	58,002,014	868,157
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	191,660	80,560	187,514	99,292	70,766	629,792	42,751
Accrued payroll	7,634	-	1,471	1,679	1,127	11,911	927
Intergovernmental payable	=	=	29,040	=	=	29,040	=
Compensated absences payable	23,413	-	4,256	3,950	3,165	34,783	3,446
Notes payable	119,455	-	23,554	-	-	143,009	-
Capital leases payable	475.000	-	6,690	47,567	25,918	80,175	
Revenue bonds payable Customer deposits	475,000 419,513	-	83,069	-	-	475,000 502,582	-
Landfill post-closure care costs	417,513	_	-		124,892	124,892	-
Accrued interest payable	118,042	-	2,484	=		120,526	-
Claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	535,000
Interfund payable	103,160		9,602	73,284	775,027	961,073	8,652
Total Current Liabilities	1,457,877	80,560	347,680	225,772	1,000,895	3,112,783	590,776
Long-Term Liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	93,651	-	17,023	15,798	12,658	139,131	13,785
Other post employment benefits payable	30,719	=	5,770	9,756	4,649	50,894	4,442
Landfill post-closure care costs (net of current portion)	2 204 662	=	211 205	-	1,572,796	1,572,796 3,606,057	-
Notes payable (net of current portion) Capital leases payable (net of current portion)	3,294,662	-	311,395 20,068	107,700	77,754	205,522	-
Revenue bonds payable, net of unamortized premium			20,000	107,700	77,754	203,322	
(net of current portion)	14,851,084					14,851,084	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	18,270,116		354,256	133,254	1,667,857	20,425,484	18,227
Total Liabilities	19,727,993	80,560	701,936	359,026	2,668,752	23,538,267	609,003
Net Assets							
nvested in capital assets, net of related debt	26,056,287	208,063	2,446,174	722,094	1,677,618	31,110,236	174,226
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	1,046,098	,	-,,-,		-	1,046,098	,220
Restricted for renewal and extension	200,000	=	=	-	=	200,000	=
Unrestricted	2,995,462	292,687	604,693	381,861	(2,167,290)	2,107,413	84,928
Total Net Assets	\$ 30,297,847	\$ 500,750	\$ 3,050,867	\$ 1,103,955	\$ (489,672)	34,463,747	\$ 259,154
	net assets are diffe		e activities in the stater internal service fund a pe activities.			(141,353)	
	Net assets of busines	ss-type activities				\$ 34,322,394	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				pe Activities - rise Funds			Governmental
	Water and Sewer	Reclaimed Water System	Gas	Solid Waste Collection	Solid Waste Disposal	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues		_					
Charges for services	\$ 8,045,383	\$ -	\$ 5,276,270	\$ 2,605,201	\$ 1,969,726	\$ 17,896,580	\$ 4,247,145
Miscellaneous	197,419		2,854		47,988	248,261	
Total Operating Revenues	8,242,802		5,279,124	2,605,201	2,017,714	18,144,841	4,247,145
Operating Expenses							
Salaries	1,857,376	-	351,675	501,342	276,964	2,987,357	253,946
Employee benefits	893,994	-	139,788	348,204	166,503	1,548,489	117,270
Purchased services	1,412,781	-	196,225	912,613	2,361,106	4,882,725	183,135
Materials and supplies	404,664	-	51,371	98,652	40,420	595,107	23,619
Cost of sales	-	-	3,377,219	-	-	3,377,219	312,041
Depreciation	1,661,790	-	123,515	181,756	235,791	2,202,852	19,897
Claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,729,990
Other	52,045		24,100	11,200	286	87,631	1,236
Total Operating Expenses	6,282,650		4,263,893	2,053,767	3,081,070	15,681,380	4,641,134
Operating Income (Loss)	1,960,152		1,015,231	551,434	(1,063,356)	2,463,461	(393,989)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Investment earnings	2,337	750	375	353	338	4,153	417
Intergovernmental	-		18,556	-	-	18,556	_
Interest expense	(510,876)	-	(10,700)	-	-	(521,576)	_
Amortization	(38,928)	-		-	-	(38,928)	-
Gain on disposal of capital assets	4,708					4,708	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(542,759)	750	8,231	353	338	(533,087)	417
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers	1,417,393	750	1,023,462	551,787	(1,063,018)	1,930,374	(393,572)
Capital contributions	204,703	500,000	=	=	_	704,703	=
Transfers in	286,457	-	_	_	1,276,511	1,562,968	303,384
Transfers out	(1,215,000)	(89,492)	(925,000)	(543,000)	(160,000)	(2,932,492)	-
Change in Net Assets	693,553	411,258	98,462	8,787	53,493	1,265,553	(90,188)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	29,604,294	89,492	2,952,405	1,095,168	(543,165)		349,342
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 30,297,847	\$ 500,750	\$ 3,050,867	\$ 1,103,955	\$ (489,672)		\$ 259,154

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net revenue of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities.

(157,135) \$ 1,108,418

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				type Activities - prise Funds			Governmental
	Water and Sewer	Reclaimed Water System	Gas	Solid Waste Collection	Solid Waste Disposal	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Cash received from customers	\$ 8,181,393	\$ -	\$ 5,284,165	\$ 2,598,074	\$ 2,005,629	\$ 18,069,261	\$ 4,215,975
Cash payments to employees for services	(2,711,165)	-	(485,150)	(843,773)	(434,725)	(4,474,813)	(365,003)
Cash payments for goods and services	(1,783,541)	-	(3,608,246)	(976,403)	(2,571,498)	(8,939,688)	(501,328)
Cash payments for claims				-			(3,610,627)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	3,686,687		1,190,769	777,898	(1,000,594)	4,654,760	(260,983)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Operating grants received	-	-	32,524	-	-	32,524	-
Advances from (to) other funds	(875,947)	(72,715)	(20,112)	41,766	(85,766)	(1,012,774)	(351,531)
Transfers in	286,457	-	- 1	· -	1,276,511	1,562,968	303,384
Transfers out	(1,215,000)	(89,492)	(925,000)	(543,000)	(160,000)	(2,932,492)	<u> </u>
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,804,490)	(162,207)	(912,588)	(501,234)	1,030,745	(2,349,774)	(48,147)
Cash Flows from Capital and							
Related Financing Activities							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,708	-	-	-	-	4,708	-
Capital contributions	204,703	500,000	-	-	-	704,703	-
Proceeds from loan	301,501	-	-	-	-	301,501	-
Payments on capital lease	-	-	(6,690)	(47,567)	(25,918)	(80,175)	-
Debt issuance cost	(197,881)						
Proceeds from revenue bonds	15,329,228	-	-	-	-	15,329,228	-
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(485,000)	-	-	-	-	(485,000)	-
Principal paid on notes payable	(6,688,596)	-	(59,449)	-	-	(6,748,045)	-
Interest paid on debt	(473,445)	-	(10,998)		-	(484,443)	-
Payments for capital acquisitions	(794,137)	(38,011)	(13,447)	(11,043)	(4,571)	(861,209)	(9,500)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	7,201,081	461,989	(90,584)	(58,610)	(30,489)	7,681,268	(9,500)
1 mmong 1200 mg	7,201,001	,,,,,,	(>0,501)	(20,010)	(50,105)	7,001,200	(2,500)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Investment earnings	2,337	750	375	353	338	4,153	417
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,085,615	300,532	187,972	218,407	-	9,990,407	(318,213)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	1,225,480		270,816		250	1,496,546	334,099
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 10,311,095	\$ 300,532	\$ 458,788	\$ 218,407	\$ 250	\$ 11,486,953	\$ 15,886

(continued)

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Business-ty Enterpr							Governmental Activities -	
- -	Water and Sewer		Reclaimed Water System		Gas		olid Waste Collection	Solid Waste Disposal		Total		Internal vice Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities													
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,960,152	\$	-	\$	1,015,231	\$	551,434	\$	(1,063,356)	\$	2,463,461	\$ (393,989)	
Adjustments:													
Depreciation	1,661,790		-		123,515		181,756		235,791		2,202,852	19,897	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:													
Accounts receivable	(85,772)		-		8,837		(7,127)		(12,085)		(96,147)	(31,170)	
Materials and supplies inventory	29,451		-		10,933		-		-		40,384	7,210	
Prepaid items	32,331		-		3,535		21,039		(1,747)		55,158	(14,424)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:													
Accounts payable	24,167		-		17,121		25,023		(33,692)		32,619	10,280	
Accrued payroll	7,634		-		1,471		1,679		1,127		11,911	927	
Compensated absences payable	1,852		-		(928)		(5,662)		2,966		(1,772)	844	
Other post employment benefits payable	30,719		-		5,770		9,756		4,649		50,894	4,442	
Sales taxes payable	-		-		9,080		-		-		9,080	-	
Customer deposits	24,363		-		(3,796)		-		-		20,567	-	
Accrued landfill postclosure costs	-		-		-		-		(134,247)		(134,247)	-	
Claims payable	<u>-</u>		-		-		-		-			 135,000	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 3,686,687	\$	-	\$	1,190,769	\$	777,898	\$	(1,000,594)	\$	4,654,760	\$ (260,983)	



Index

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
Reporting Entity	
Basis of Presentation	
Measurement Focus	
Basis of Accounting	
Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity	
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	
Receivables	
Interfund Balances	1-E-3
Consumable Inventories	
Prepaid Items	
Restricted Assets	1-E-6
Capital Assets	1-E-7
Compensated Absences	1-E-8
Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations	1-E-9
Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs	1-E-10
Fund Equity	1-E-11
Operating Revenues and Expenses	1-E-12
Contributions of Capital	1-E-13
Interfund Activity	1-E-14
Estimates	1-E-15
Comparative Data	1-E-16
Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability Budgetary Information Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations Deficit Fund Equities	2-A 2-B
Detailed Notes on All Funds	3
Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Receivables	
Property Taxes	
Capital Assets	
Interfund Balances and Transfers	
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care	
Long-Term Debt	
Pensions	
Defined Contribution Plan	
Net Assets	
Other Notes	4
Risk Management	
Contingent Liabilities	
Joint Ventures	
Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax	
Other Post–Employment Benefits	
Subsequent Events.	
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The City of Statesboro (the "City") was chartered by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, community development, community services and general administrative services. The City also operates two public utilities (water and sewer system and gas system) and provides sanitation services. The City and Bulloch County jointly operate a transfer station for transport of solid waste and an inert landfill.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities at the government-wide financial reporting level and to its enterprise funds at the fund reporting level, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### 1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, levies their taxes or issues their debt.

The component unit columns included on the government-wide financial statements identify the financial data of the City's discretely presented component unit. It is reported separately to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

A brief description of the City's discretely presented component unit follows:

**Downtown Statesboro Development Authority** (the Authority) – The Authority is a public corporation created in 1981. The primary purpose of the Authority is to promote industry and trade in the downtown area. The City Council appoints one board member and provides its primary funding. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the City. There are no separate financial statements for the Authority.

After reviewing the above criteria, the City has determined that the Statesboro-Bulloch County Airport and the Statesboro-Bulloch County Parks and Recreation Department do not qualify as component units of the City.

#### **Related Organizations**

The Housing Authority of the City of Statesboro, Georgia is considered a related organization based upon the criteria in GASB Statement 14. The Housing Authority is a legally separate entity and the City does not appoint any of its board members. The City of Statesboro, Georgia is not able to impose its will upon the Housing Authority and a financial benefit/burden relationship does not exist between them. Therefore, based upon the criteria above, the Housing Authority of the City of Statesboro, Georgia is a related organization and is excluded from the reporting entity.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The primary government and the component unit are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and City's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with service charges to external customers.

The statement of net assets presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the City.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the City. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

**Fund Financial Statements** - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds.

Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

*Fund Accounting* - The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City uses two categories of funds: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds - Government funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The City reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**The General Fund** – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund's fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of the State of Georgia.

Statesboro Fire Service Fund – This fund accounts for revenues collected from city taxpayers and taxpayers in the county's five mile fire district used to fund the City's fire department.

**2002 SPLOST Fund** – This fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax collected pursuant to a 2002 referendum for various capital improvements within the City.

**2007 SPLOST Fund** – This fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax collected pursuant to a 2007 referendum for various capital improvements within the City.

**Downtown Streetscape Fund** – This fund accounts for receipts and disbursements used to improve sidewalks, curb and gutter, landscaping, and lighting in a portion of downtown.

**Proprietary Funds** - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. The proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds and internal service funds. The City's major enterprise funds consist of:

Water and Sewer Operating Fund - This fund accounts for the water and sewer provided to the City's constituents.

**Reclaimed Water System Fund** – This fund accounts for the reclaimed water provided for irrigation to the City's constituents.

Gas Operating Fund – This fund accounts for the gas services provided to the City's constituents.

Solid Waste Collection Fund – This fund accounts for the solid waste collection program.

Solid Waste Disposal Fund - This fund accounts for the solid waste disposal program.

The City's internal service funds account for the City's health and workers compensation insurance and fleet management programs.

#### 1-C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statements of net assets. The statements of changes in fund net assets present increases (i.e.,

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

#### 1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues – Exchange Transactions** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

**Revenues - Non-exchange Transactions -** Non-exchange transactions in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, sales taxes, interest and federal and state grants.

**Deferred/Unearned Revenue** - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

On governmental fund financial statements (i.e., on the modified accrual basis), receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue (i.e., they are measurable but not available) rather than as revenue.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met (e.g., cash advances) also are recorded as deferred revenue.

Deferred revenue is reported at the fund financial reporting level but reclassified as "unearned revenue" on the government-wide statement of net assets, where applicable.

**Expenses/Expenditures** - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

#### 1-E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

#### 1-E-1 Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

three months of the date acquired by the City.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Georgia law authorizes the City to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the State of Georgia or of any other states
- Obligations of the United States Government
- Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States Government or United States Government agency
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government
- Prime bankers' acceptances
- The State of Georgia local government investment pool (i.e., Georgia Fund I)
- Repurchase agreements
- Obligations of the other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia

#### 1-E-2 Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable. Unbilled water, sewer and gas charges are accrued as receivables and revenue at June 30, 2010.

#### 1-E-3 Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/interfund payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns on the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances on this statement. These amounts are ultimately eliminated from the total column on the statement of net assets.

#### 1-E-4 Consumable Inventories

On the government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method).

#### 1-E-5 Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2010, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reserved as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

#### 1-E-6 Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent sinking funds required by enterprise fund revenue bonds and designated as such by management, customer utility deposits, funds held specifically for water and sewer system improvements, and funds designated for capital purchases.

#### 1-E-7 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but does not report these assets in the City fund financial statements.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital assets utilized by proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the proprietary funds' statement of net assets.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, water and sewer lines and gas lines. Water and sewer lines and gas lines are classified as "improvements other than buildings". Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by enterprise funds is capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, right-of-ways and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings	15 – 40 years	15 - 40 years
Improvements other than buildings	8 – 40 years	15 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years	5 – 15 years
Infrastructure	12-25 years	

At the inception of capital leases at the governmental fund reporting level, expenditures and an "other financing source" of an equal amount are reported at the net present value of future minimum lease payments.

#### 1-E-8 Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due."

#### 1-E-9 Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of those funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1-E-10 Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the proprietary fund type statement of net assets, bond premiums and discounts are netted against bonds payable and bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges. On the government-wide and proprietary fund type statement of activities, bond premiums and discounts and bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

At the governmental fund reporting level, bond premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses, separately from the face amount of the bonds issued. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expenditure.

#### 1-E-11 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net assets".

**Fund Balance** – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available, spendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation in future periods. Designations are management's intent to set aside these resources for specific services.

**Net Assets** - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net assets are reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### 1-E-12 Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water, sewer, gas, solid waste, and the insurance benefits and fleet management programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of each fund and include administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### 1-E-13 Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### 1-E-14 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and the after non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported as general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated. Transfers between funds reported in the business type activities column are eliminated. Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are eliminated from the total column.

#### 1-E-15 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### 1-E-16 Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

**2-A.** Budgetary Information – The City adopts an annual operating budget for the general fund and each special revenue fund. A project budget is adopted for each capital projects fund. The budget resolution reflects the total of each department's appropriation in each fund.

All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget generally is the department level within each individual fund. The City Manager may approve budget transfers within departments. Any change in total to a fund or departmental appropriation within a fund requires City Council approval.

During the year, the City Council approved budget revisions.

All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### 2-B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2010, expenditures exceeded appropriations for the following departments within the general fund:

Governing body	\$ 90,011
Financial administration	5,222
Information Technology	4,422
Police	121,134
Street/Public works	64,083
Engineering	20,663

These overexpenditures were funded primarily by underexpenditures in other departments and available fund balance.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$79,375 in the Statesboro Fire Service and \$3,197 in the Department of Justice Grant special revenue funds and these overexpenditures were funded by additional revenues over budget and by available fund balance.

#### Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

#### 2-C. Deficit Fund Equities

The solid waste disposal fund had a deficit net asset balance of \$489,672 at June 30, 2010.

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### 3-A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (i.e., checking and certificates of deposits) was \$15,702,910 and the bank balance was \$15,802,756. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$15,552,756 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

#### Cash & Cash Equivalent Reconciliation:

	Cash and				
	Cash Equiva				
Fund Reporting Level:					
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	\$	4,397,952			
Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Assets		1,840,682			
Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Assets - Restricted		9,448,390			
Internal Service Fund Statement of Net Assets		15,886			
Total	\$	15,702,910			

#### 3-B. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2010, consisted of taxes, interest, accounts (billings for user charges, including unbilled utility receivables), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants.

Receivables and payables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectibility. The allowances for uncollectibles netted against receivables at June 30, 2010 follow:

	Allowance			
	For			
Fund	Uncollectibles			
General	\$	6,250		
Water and sewer		151,145		
Gas		82,427		
Solid waste collection		48,161		
Solid waste disposal		579		

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-C. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on or about October 20 of each year and are due and payable within 60 days of the tax bill mailing date. The City bills and collects its own property taxes.

Property tax revenues at the fund reporting level are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables (i.e. collectible in 60 days). For the year ended June 30, 2010, property taxes were levied on September 22, 2009 and were due December 20, 2009.

#### 3-D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity (including the fleet management internal service fund) for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2009			Balance 6/30/2010
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,636,113	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,636,113
Construction in progress-infrastructure	871,030	996,122	-	1,867,152
Construction in progress	154,057	142,577	-	296,634
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,661,200	1,138,699	<u> </u>	3,799,899
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	14,059,521	-	-	14,059,521
Improvements other than buildings	372,622	-	-	372,622
Machinery and equipment	7,200,632	817,510	84,719	7,933,423
Infrastructure	11,613,800			11,613,800
Total capital assets being depreciated	33,246,575	817,510	84,719	33,979,366
Total capital assets	35,907,775	1,956,209	84,719	37,779,265
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	2,263,935	344,669	-	2,608,604
Improvements other than buildings	109,891	24,813	-	134,704
Machinery and equipment	4,611,992	765,266	84,719	5,292,539
Infrastructure	3,201,776	608,782		3,810,558
Total accumulated depreciation	10,187,594	1,743,530	84,719	11,846,405
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 25,720,181	\$ 212,679	\$ -	\$ 25,932,860

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Governmental	activities	depreciation	expense:
Compand age			

General government	\$ 101,542
Municipal court	4,035
Public safety	799,425
Public works	630,253
Parks and cemeteries	72,164
Engineering	17,282
Community services	98,932
Fleet management internal service fund	 19,897
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,743,530

The following table presents the changes in capital assets for the City's enterprise funds:

	Balance 7/1/2009 Additions			Additions	De	ductions	Balance 6/30/2010		
Business-type activities:	'	_		_				_	
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	549,410	\$	-	\$	-	\$	549,410	
Construction in progress	_	472,561		543,722		9,492		1,006,791	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,021,971		543,722		9,492		1,556,201	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings		2,020,491		-		-		2,020,491	
Improvements other than buildings		59,975,086		379,179		-		60,354,265	
Machinery and equipment		9,477,290		28,360		16,118		9,489,532	
Total capital assets being depreciated		71,472,867		407,539		16,118		71,864,288	
Total capital assets		72,494,838		951,261		25,610		73,420,489	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		801,864		57,422		-		859,286	
Improvements other than buildings		21,049,204		1,493,596		-		22,542,800	
Machinery and equipment		6,586,848		651,834		16,118		7,222,564	
Total accumulated depreciation		28,437,916		2,202,852		16,118		30,624,650	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	44,056,922	\$	(1,251,591)	\$	9,492	\$	42,795,839	

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The following table presents the changes in capital assets for the City's component unit:

	E	Balance					]	Balance	
	7/1/2009		Additions		Deductions		6/30/2010		
Component Unit - Downtown Statesboro									
Development Authority:									
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings	\$	-	\$	853,559	\$	-	\$	853,559	
Improvements other than buildings		12,552		-		-		12,552	
Machinery and equipment		7,445		1,840				9,285	
Total capital assets being depreciated		19,997		855,399				875,396	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		-		5,335		-		5,335	
Improvements other than buildings		-		837		-		837	
Machinery and equipment		6,033		393				6,426	
Total accumulated depreciation		6,033		6,565				12,598	
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	13,964	\$	848,834	\$	-	\$	862,798	

#### 3-E. - Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances at June 30, 2010, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting period, and (3) payments between funds are made. The City expects to repay all interfund balances within one year.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
General Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$ 1,833			
	Multiple Grant Fund	70,700			
	Downtown Streetscape Fund	265,081			
	Solid Waste Disposal Fund	304,876			
	2007 SPLOST Fund	399,042			
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	General Fund	30,121			
2002 SPLOST Fund	General Fund	1,588			
2007 SPLOST Fund	Statesboro Fire Service Fund	334,111			
Downtown Streetscape Fund	2002 SPLOST Fund	482,558			
Water and Sewer Operations Fund	General Fund	708,584			
•	Solid Waste Disposal Fund	437,774			
Reclaimed Water System Fund	General Fund	72,715			
Gas Operating Fund	General Fund	29,714			
Solid Waste Collection Fund	General Fund	32,126			
Benefits Insurance Fund	General Fund	63,773			
	Statesboro Fire Service Fund	69,335			
	Water and Sewer Operations Fund	103,160			
	Gas Operating Fund	9,602			
	Solid Waste Collection Fund	73,284			
	Solid Waste Disposal Fund	32,377			
	Fleet Management Fund	8,652			
Solid Waste Disposal Fund	2007 SPLOST Fund	194,444			
_		\$ 3,725,450			

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

					Tra	nfers From:				
				2002		2007		Reclaimed		Water and
		General SPLOST SPLOST Water System		er System	Sew	er Operating				
Transfer to:		Fund	Fund Fund Fund		Fund Fund Fund		•		Fund	
General Fund		_		-		_	\$	-	\$	1,124,000
Statesboro Fire Service Fund	\$	1,409,644		-		-		-		-
2002 SPLOST Fund		-		-		-		89,492		-
Downtown Streetscape Fund		-	\$	482,558		-		-		-
Capital Improvements Fund		-		-		-		-		91,000
Benefits Insurance Fund		303,384		-		-		-		-
Water and Sewer Operating Fund		-		286,457		-		-		-
Solid Waste Disposal Fund				-	\$	1,276,511		-		
	\$	1,713,028	\$	769,015	\$	1,276,511	\$	89,492	\$	1,215,000

	Transfers From:								
		0 :		olid Waste		olid Waste			
Transfer to:	Gas Operating Fund			Collection Fund		Disposal Fund		Total	
General Fund	\$	925,000	\$	543,000	\$	160,000	\$	2,752,000	
Statesboro Fire Service Fund		-		-		-		1,409,644	
2002 SPLOST Fund		-		-		-		89,492	
Downtown Streetscape Fund								482,558	
Capital Improvements Fund		-		-		-		91,000	
Benefits Insurance Fund		-		-		-		303,384	
Water and Sewer Operating Fund								286,457	
Solid Waste Disposal Fund								1,276,511	
	\$	925,000	\$	543,000	\$	160,000	\$	6,691,046	

Transfers are used to report revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, to segregate money for anticipated capital projects (e.g., SPLOST approved projects); to report enterprise fund transfers for the equivalent of franchise fees and property taxes as if the utility funds were privately owned; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

All City transfers either occur on a regular basis or are consistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

#### 3-F. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care

State and federal laws and regulations required the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Effective July 1, 1997, the City stopped accepting waste into its landfill. The remaining accrued landfill postclosure care costs liability at June 30, 2010, was \$1,697,688. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2010. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, unexpected mitigation requirements, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-G. Long-Term Debt

Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds - During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the City issued revenue bonds of \$15,040,000. The City issued the Series 2010 Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds to advance refund Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1995, with an outstanding balance of \$215,000, and ten Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA) notes with an outstanding balance of \$6,132,934. Additionally, a portion of the net proceeds was deposited into the Water and Sewer System Fund Construction Account. The amount of outstanding bonds at June 30, 2010 was \$15,040,000.

The City pledges income derived from the constructed or acquired assets to pay debt service. The revenue bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The bonds require principal payments each April 1 and interest is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 each year.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize all obligations outstanding, as of June 30, 2010 follow:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2011	\$ 475,000	\$ 558,425	\$ 1,033,425	
2012	450,000	596,021	1,046,021	
2013	465,000	579,021	1,044,021	
2014	475,000	569,721	1,044,721	
2015	480,000	560,221	1,040,221	
2016-2020	2,690,000	2,518,755	5,208,755	
2021-2025	3,325,000	1,887,005	5,212,005	
2026-2030	4,105,000	1,088,030	5,193,030	
2031-2033	2,575,000	213,636	2,788,636	
Total	\$ 15,040,000	\$ 8,570,835	\$ 23,610,835	

*Notes Payable* – The City has entered into a number of notes with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA), and One Georgia Authority with balances at June 30, 2010, as follows:

	\$ 3,749,066
GEFA (2008-L05WJ), payable in monthly installments of \$6,705 including interest at 4.10% through July 1, 2029	1,063,824
GEFA (2007-L31WJ), payable in monthly installments of \$3,247 including interest at 4.40% through March 1, 2029	496,870
GEFA (2006-L25WJB), \$650,000 loan, \$301,501 drawn at June 30, 2010, payable in 240 monthly installments including interest at 4.28% after completion of related project	301,501
GEFA (2006-L25WJA), payable in monthly installments of \$10,381 including interest at 4.28% through April 1, 2028	1,551,922
One Georgia Authority, payable in quarterly installments of \$8,334 including interest at 3% through April 1, 2022	\$ 334,949

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Component Unit - Downtown Statesboro Development Authority							
Note payable to BB&T, payable in monthly installments							
of \$5,000	of \$5,000 including interest at a variable rate (5% at June 30, 2010),						
with a final payment of principal and interest due April 10, 2015					\$	747,288	

Annual debt service requirements to amortize all notes payable outstanding, as of June 30, 2010 follow:

Primary Government				Component Unit				
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2011	\$ 143.009	\$ 154.479	\$ 297.488	\$ 23,167	\$ 36,833	\$ 60,000		
2012	164,699	161,044	325,743	24,353	35,647	60,000		
2013	171,581	154,162	325,743	25,599	34,401	60,000		
2014	178,653	147,090	325,743	26,908	33,092	60,000		
2015	186,052	139,691	325,743	647,261	26,528	673,789		
2016-2020	1,052,587	576,133	1,628,720	-	-	-		
2021-2025	1,083,986	303,896	1,387,882	-	-	-		
2026-2030	768,499	59,234	827,733					
Total	\$ 3,749,066	\$ 1,695,729	\$ 5,444,795	\$ 747,288	\$ 166,501	\$ 913,789		

Capital Leases - The City currently has the following outstanding capital leases.

Capital Lease – City Hall - In 1995 the Downtown Statesboro Development Authority provided for the issuance of a Revenue Bond in the amount of \$1,500,000 to provide for the acquisition, renovation, and equipping of the old Jaeckel Hotel for the purpose of converting it to the new Statesboro City Hall.

The Bond bears an interest rate of 70% of the prime rate but can never be less than 4.2% or more than 10.5%. Interest on the Bond is paid to Sea Island Bank by the City of Statesboro semi-annually on the first day of June and the first day of December beginning June 1, 1997. Principal payments are made in annual installments on December 1, each year beginning in 1997 and ending in 2022.

Upon payment in full of the debt the Downtown Statesboro Development Authority will convey the property to the City without further consideration.

The total cost for the project under the capital lease was \$1,733,719.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The lease requires annual payments as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
		_		
2011	58,500	40,015	98,515	
2012	62,000	37,485	99,485	
2013	65,500	34,808	100,308	
2014	69,500	31,972	101,472	
2015	73,500	28,970	102,470	
2016-2020	439,000	93,157	532,157	
2021-2022	214,000	9,114	223,114	
		_		
Total	\$ 982,000	\$ 275,521	\$ 1,257,521	

Capital Lease – Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) – The City has entered into lease agreements with GMA to purchase the following equipment:

	 Cost
2007 Tymco Street Sweeper	\$ 92,846
Motorola Communication Equipment	249,404
(8) 2008 Dodge Chargers	217,168
Police Office Furnishings	316,742
2008 Chevrolet Silverado	21,108
2008 F150 Truck	15,412
2009 F150 Truck	22,297
(2) 2008 East Tandem Trucks	129,590
2008 F250 Truck	18,036
2008 Peterbilt 320 Garbage Truck	202,834
Pierce Custom Contender Fire Engine	 334,111
	\$ 1,619,548

The leases require annual payments without interest as follows:

Year	Principal
2011	353,088
2012	282,644
2013	217,128
2014	148,677
2015	66,822
Total	\$ 1,068,359

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

*Changes in Long-term Debt* - Changes in the City's long-term obligations consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2010:

Primary Government Governmental Activities	utstanding 7/1/2009	Additions	I	Reductions	Outstanding 6/30/2010	ounts Due One Year
Capital lease - City Hall Capital lease - GMA Other post employment benefits Compensated absences	\$ 1,037,000 697,864 - 581,638	\$ 334,111 124,209 24,762	\$	55,000 249,313 - 112,960	\$ 982,000 782,662 124,209 493,440	\$ 58,500 272,913 - 98,688
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,316,502	\$ 483,082	\$	417,273	\$ 2,382,311	\$ 430,101
Business-Type Activities						
Water and sewer revenue bonds Unamortized bond premium	\$ 485,000	\$ 15,040,000 289,228 15,329,228	\$	485,000 3,144 488,144	\$ 15,040,000 286,084 15,326,084	\$ 475,000
Notes payable - water fund	9,801,212	301,501		6,688,596	3,414,117	119,455
Notes payable - gas fund	394,398	-		59,449	334,949	23,554
Capital lease - GMA Landfill closure and	365,872	-		80,175	285,697	80,175
post-closure care	1,831,935	-		134,247	1,697,688	124,892
Other post employment benefits	-	50,894		-	50,894	-
Compensated absences	 175,686	 4,818		6,590	 173,914	 34,783
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 13,054,103	\$ 15,686,441	\$	7,457,201	\$ 21,283,343	\$ 857,859
Component Unit  Downtown Statesboro  Development Authority  Note payable	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 750,000	\$	2,712	\$ 747,288	\$ 23,087

The capital lease obligations for governmental funds will be paid from the General Fund and for business-type activities from the fund which incurred the capital lease obligation. The compensated absences and other post employment benefits liability for governmental funds will be paid from the General Fund and for business-type activities from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. Principal and interest payments related to notes payable for the City's Water and Sewer System are financed from income derived from the operation of the Water and Sewer System. Principal and interest payments related to notes payable for the City's gas system are financed from income derived from this system. The landfill closure and post-closure care liability will be retired from the solid waste disposal fund.

#### 3-H. Pensions

**Plan Description** - The City's defined benefit pension plan, the City of Statesboro Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (the "System"), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for cities in the State of Georgia. The City is assigned the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report can be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

#### Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

**Funding Policy** - Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The minimum annual contribution requirements of the City are established by Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10).

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation - For 2010, the City's annual pension cost of \$914,465 for the plan was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2010, actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 3.5% per year for inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases of 3.5% per year attributed to seniority/merit, and (d) no post-retirement benefit increase. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a tenyear period. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is thirty years from 1982 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over fifteen years for actuarial gains and losses, twenty years for plan provisions and thirty years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods at a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year.

Schedul	e of Funding	Progress
---------	--------------	----------

·					·	(6)
				(4)		Unfunded
	(1)	(2)	(3)	Unfunded	(5)	AAL/(Funding
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Funded	AAL/(Funding	Annual	Excess) as a
Valuation	Value	Accrued	Ratio	Excess)	Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets	Liability (AAL)	(1)/(2)	(2)-(1)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
3/1/2008	\$ 13,175,098	\$ 14,037,526	93.9%	\$ 862,428	\$ 9,369,557	9.2%
3/1/2009	11,035,485	14,895,270	74.1%	3,859,785	10,180,533	37.9%
1/1/2010	14,933,885	14,298,326	104.4%	(635,559)	11,335,059	(5.6)%

Schodula	f Employer	Contributions
Schedule o	t Employer	Contributions

	Annual	_		
Year Ended	Pension	Percentage		
June 30	Cost	Contributed		
2008	\$ 743,290	100%		
2009	1,197,070	100%		
2010	914,465	100%		

#### 3-I. Defined Contribution Plan

The City sponsors a defined contribution retirement plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for the City Manager and Municipal Court Judge. The plan is administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The City Council is responsible and has authority to amend the plan provisions. The City contributes 4 percent of salary to the plan. The employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The City did not make any contributions to the plan during the year ended June 30, 2010.

#### Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### 3-J. Net Assets

Net assets on the government-wide statement of net assets as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Business			
	Governmental	Type	Component	
Investments in capital assets, net of related debt:	Activities	Activities	Unit	
	_			
Cost of capital assets	\$ 37,779,265	\$ 73,420,489	\$ 875,396	
Less accumulated depreciation	11,846,405	30,624,650	12,598	
Book value	25,932,860	42,795,839	862,798	
Less capital related debt	1,764,662	19,360,847	747,288	
Plus unspent bond proceeds		7,675,244		
	_			
Investments in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 24,168,198	\$ 31,110,236	\$ 115,510	

#### Note 4 – Other Notes

#### 4-A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City has joined the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA). This membership allows the City to share liability, crime, motor vehicle, and property damage risks.

Chapter 85 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorizes Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. The Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) is a municipal interlocal risk management agency to function as an unincorporated nonprofit instrumentality of its member municipalities – GIRMA establishes and administers one or more group self insurance funds and a risk management service to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty and property losses occurring in the operation of municipal government. GIRMA is to defend and protect in accordance with the member government contract and related coverage descriptions any member of GIRMA against liability or loss.

The City of Statesboro must participate at all times in at least one fund which is established by GIRMA. The City of Statesboro retains the first \$5,000 of each risk of loss in the form of a deductible. The City files all claims with GIRMA. GIRMA bills the City for any risk of loss up to the \$5,000 deductible.

The basis for estimating the liabilities for unpaid claims is "IBNR" established by an actuary.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City paid 44 claims up to the \$5,000 deductible totaling \$44,371. The City is not aware of any claims which the City is liable for (up to \$5,000) which were outstanding and unpaid at June 30, 2010. No provisions have been made in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010 for any estimate of potential unpaid claims.

Pursuant to Title 34, Chapter 9, Article 4 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the City of Statesboro became a member of the Georgia Municipal Association Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund. The liability of the fund to the employees of any employer (City) is specifically limited to such obligations as are imposed by applicable state laws against the employer for workers' compensation and/or employer's liability.

The fund is to defend, in the name of and on behalf of the members, any suits or other proceedings which may at any time be

#### *Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)*

instituted against them on account of injuries or death within the purview of the Workers' Compensation Law of Georgia, or on the basis of employer's liability, including suits or other proceedings alleging such injuries and demanding compensation therefore, although such suits, other proceedings, allegations or demands be wholly groundless, false or fraudulent. The Fund

is to pay all costs assessed against members in any legal proceedings defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

The City's responsibilities relating to the workers' compensation pool is to pay all costs, other than those referenced in the above paragraph regarding litigation. The City prepays an estimated annual premium based upon claims experience. Then an audit is conducted of actual experience, with the difference in the premium being paid or refunded as applicable.

In fiscal year 2006, based on prior years loss experience and claims, the City elected to self insure a portion of its workers' compensation claims by increasing the deductible to \$50,000 per occurrence and thereby significantly decreasing the annual premium.

In January 1991 the City elected to establish a self-insurance fund (an internal service fund) to cover all employee health insurance claims. The City makes payments to this fund on a monthly basis based on estimated premiums provided by the third party administrator to fund this program. Amounts are also withheld from employees by payroll deduction and paid to the self-insurance fund.

A third party administrator pays all claims from funds provided to them from the self-insurance fund's bank account. The City carries specific reinsurance for claims from one individual within one year exceeding \$60,000. The claims liability of

\$535,000 reported at June 30, 2010 represents known claims incurred on or prior to June 30, 2010 and an estimate for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Changes in the fund's claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2010 were as follows:

	Be	ginning of	(	Current Year				End of
	Fis	scal Year	Clair	Claims and Changes		Claim	Fis	scal Year
Date	I	Liability	i	in Estimates	Payments		Liability	
				_				
2008	\$	185,760	\$	3,386,814	\$	3,061,574	\$	511,000
2009		511,000		3,503,065		3,614,065		400,000
2010		400,000		3,729,990		3,594,990		535,000

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, and there have been no settlements that exceed the City's insurance coverage during the past three years.

#### 4-B. Contingent Liabilities

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The City was a defendant in several lawsuits at June 30, 2010. In the opinion of City management, the outcome of these contingencies will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

#### 4-C. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the nine county coastal Georgia area, is a member of the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center (RDC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City paid \$26,534 in such dues. Membership in an RDC is required by the Official Code of

#### *Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)*

Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RDC in Georgia. The RDC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center, P.O. Box 1917, Brunswick, Georgia 31521.

#### 4-D. Hotel-Motel Lodging Tax

The City has levied a 5% lodging tax. A summary of the transactions for the year ended June 30, 2010 follows:

		Percentage of tax receipts
Lodging tax receipts	\$ 439,838	
Disbursements to the:		
Statesboro Convention and Visitors Bureau for promotion of tourism	(303,488)	69.0%
Statesboro Arts Council for performing arts center	(101,163)	23.0%
Downtown Statesboro Development Authority for promotion of tourism	(35,187)	8.0%
Total	\$ -	

All expenditures were for promotion of tourism as required by O.C.G.A. 48-13-51.

#### 4-E. Other Post-Employment Benefits

**Plan Description.** The City sponsors a single-employer post-retirement medical plan. The plan provides medical, prescription and death benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. At June 30, 2010, three retired employees were eligible to participate. Since the plan has no assets, reporting another employee benefit trust fund in the accompanying financial statements is not required nor was a separate or stand-alone report issued.

**Funding Policy.** The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. Plan members are not required to contribute; however, plan members receiving healthcare benefits pay for 50% of the health care insurance premium for individual and family coverage if the employee had 10 to 25 years of service at retirement and 100% of coverage if the employee has 25 or more years of service.

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the City made no contributions and instead elected to continue funding on a *pay-as-you-go* basis, which amounted to \$23,348 for 2010. These costs are recognized as an expense when claims or premiums are paid.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other post-retirement benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB Obligation.

#### *Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)*

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 110,900
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	-
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	-
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	110,900
Contributions Made	(23,348)
Increase in Net Obligation	87,552
Net OPEB Obligation (BOY)	87,551
Net OPEB Obligation (BOY)	\$ 175,103

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2009-2010 is as follows:

Fiscal Year Annual OPE		ual OPEB	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB		
Ended	Cost		Contributed	Ol	oligation	
6/30/2009	\$	110,899	21%	\$	87,551	
6/30/2010		110,900	21%		87,552	

**Funded Status and Funding Progress.** As of July 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,014,592 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,014,592. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$9,868,977 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 10.3%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and includes the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing the benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2008 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan assets at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after three years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using a standard balanced portfolio expectation for retirement plan asset returns. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2008 was 30 years.

#### 4-F. Subequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 25, 2011, the date that the financial statements were available for issue. No subsequent events were noted.



#### City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - By Fund Type June 30, 2010

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 245,240	\$ 54,918	\$ 300,158
Receivables:			
Hotel/motel taxes	38,265	-	38,265
Interfund	30,121	-	30,121
Intergovernmental	76,875	-	76,875
Notes	204,365		204,365
Total Assets	\$ 594,866	\$ 54,918	\$ 649,784
Liabilities and Fund Balance			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 6,489	\$ 2,341	\$ 8,830
Interfund payable	72,533	-	72,533
Other	119,885		119,885
Total Liabilities	198,907	2,341	201,248
Fund Balances			
Unreserved - undesignated	395,959	52,577	448,536
		- ,	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 594,866	\$ 54,918	\$ 649,784

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Hotel/motel taxes	\$ 439,838	\$ -	\$ 439,838
Intergovernmental	364,330	5,479	369,809
Fines and forfeitures	129,302	-	129,302
Investment earnings	433	349	782
Miscellaneous	9,252	348	9,600
<b>Total Revenues</b>	943,155	6,176	949,331
Expenditures			
General government	-	9,000	9,000
Public safety	390,493	-	390,493
Community development	439,838	-	439,838
Public works	-	23,795	23,795
Engineering		10,465	10,465
Total Expenditures	830,331	43,260	873,591
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	112,824	(37,084)	75,740
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers in	<del></del>	91,000	91,000
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	112,824	53,916	166,740
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	283,135	(1,339)	281,796
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 395,959	\$ 52,577	\$ 448,536



#### City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 254,765	\$ 515,690		
Receivables:	470 770			
Taxes	458,550	225,611		
Accounts	59,154	49,468		
Intergovernmental	20,611	25,603		
Interfund	1,041,532	1,151,225		
Prepaid items	197,547	174,009		
Total Assets	\$ 2,032,159	\$ 2,141,606		
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 398,388	\$ 504,802		
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	256,357	239,764		
Other liabilities	77,374	68,235		
Interfund payable	938,621	46,274		
Deferred revenue	262,310	160,733		
Total Liabilities	1,933,050	1,019,808		
Fund Balances				
Reserved for prepaid items	197,547	174,009		
Unreserved - undesignated	(98,438)	947,789		
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	99,109	1,121,798		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,032,159	\$ 2,141,606		

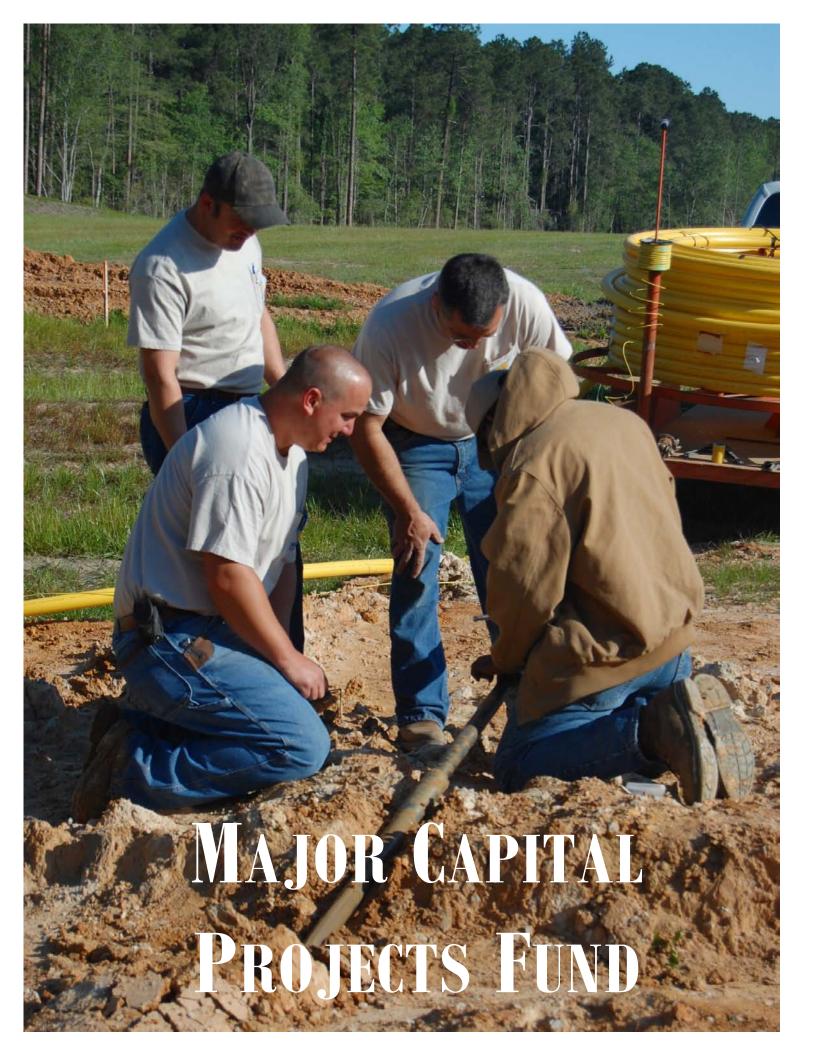
#### City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund

#### Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

		2010		2009
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property	\$	3,704,711	\$	3,581,923
Automobiles		181,813		191,028
Franchise		1,688,915		1,587,617
Insurance premium		1,258,448		1,270,366
Alcoholic beverage		675,794		683,371
Other		75,431		128,778
Licenses and permits		865,829		703,815
Intergovernmental		-		98,461
Charges for services		205,961		198,489
Fines and forfeitures		1,439,339		1,656,479
Miscellaneous		44,920		32,034
Total Revenues		10,141,161		10,132,361
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government				
Governing body		325,330		399,844
City manager's office		325,790		457,380
City clerk's office		426,368		523,584
Elections		13,620		170
Financial administration		592,849		581,311
Legal		23,345		-
Information technology		257,181		194,870
Human resources		101,528		150,424
Government buildings		105,511		86,373
Records management		4,030		36,095
General administration fees		26,534		31,874
Total general government		2,202,086		2,461,925
		<b>7</b> 00 00 4		504.444
Municipal court	_	588,804	-	684,444
Public safety:				
Police		5,393,510		5,233,278
Emergency management		5,000		5,000
Animal control		-		34,733
Total public safety		5,398,510		5,273,011
			(	(continued)

## General Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

For the Tears Ended June 50, 2010 an	ua 2009	(continued)
	2010	2009
Streets/public works	\$ 1,852,879	\$ 1,779,706
Parks and cemeteries	430,178	444,407
Engineering	797,572	721,165
Planning and zoning	319,139	290,564
Community services:		
Arts Center	147,008	399,389
Other	38,617	36,937
Total community services	185,625	436,326
Community development	94,155	82,555
Debt Service:		
Principal retirement	304,313	347,306
Interest and fiscal charges	34,202	30,966
Total Debt Service	338,515	378,272
Total Expenditures	12,207,463	12,552,375
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(2,066,302)	(2,420,014)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	2,752,000	3,501,313
Transfers out	(1,713,028)	(1,616,644)
Sale of capital assets	4,641	8,047
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	1,043,613	1,892,716
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,022,689)	(527,298)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,121,798	1,649,096
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 99,109	\$ 1,121,798



#### City of Statesboro, Georgia 2002 SPLOST Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010		2009	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	53,747	\$	-
Intergovernmental receivable		452,932		72,770
Interfund receivable		1,588		154,317
Total Assets		508,267		227,087
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	25,709	\$	6,740
Deferred revenue		-		53,096
Interfund payable		482,558		167,251
Total Liabilities	\$	508,267	\$	227,087

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia 2002 SPLOST Fund

#### Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and

#### Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010		2009		
Revenues Intergovernmental - Sales taxes	\$	691,524	\$	718,585	
Expenditures Capital outlay					
Public works		12,001		353,460	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		679,523		365,125	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		89,492 (769,015)		(365,125)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(679,523)		(365,125)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		-			
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	-	\$		

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia 2007 SPLOST Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,970,246	\$ 377,098
Intergovernmental receivable	727,998	97,223
Interfund receivable	334,111	46,274
Total Assets	\$ 4,032,355	\$ 520,595
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 117,421	\$ 111,727
Interfund payable	593,486	291,667
Total Liabilities	710,907	403,394
Fund Balances		
Unreserved - undesignated	3,321,448	117,201
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,032,355	\$ 520,595

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia 2007 SPLOST Fund

### Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	 2010	2009
Revenues	 _	 
Intergovernmental - Sales taxes	\$ 4,640,609	\$ 1,166,667
Investment earnings	 2,378	 4,401
Total Revenues	 4,642,987	 1,171,068
Expenditures		
Capital outlay:		
Parks and cemetery	142,577	52,288
Municipal court	-	58,115
Public safety	346,467	-
Public works	 7,296	 
Total Expenditures	 496,340	 110,403
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 4,146,647	 1,060,665
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Inception of capital lease obligation	334,111	_
Transfers out	(1,276,511)	(1,006,667)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (uses)</b>	(942,400)	(1,006,667)
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,204,247	53,998
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 117,201	63,203
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 3,321,448	\$ 117,201

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia Downtown Streetscape Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	 2010		2009		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable Interfund receivable	\$ 48,640 482,558	\$	37,116 37,225		
Total Assets	\$ 531,198	\$	74,341		
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities Accounts payable Intefund payable	\$ 266,117 265,081	\$	53,552		
Total Liabilities	531,198		53,552		
Fund Balances Unreserved - undesignated	 <del></del>		20,789		
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 531,198	\$	74,341		

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Downtown Streetscape Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances
For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

		2010	2009		
Revenues	\$	402 775	Φ.	46 207	
Intergovernmental	Ф	492,775	\$	46,297	
Expenditures					
Public works		996,122		128,794	
<b>Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures</b>		(503,347)		(82,497)	
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		482,558			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(20,789)		(82,497)	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		20,789		103,286	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$		\$	20,789	



# NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Capital Improvements Program Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010		2009	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,918	\$	168,035
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	2,341	\$	15,057
Interfund payable				154,317
Total Liabilities		2,341		169,374
Fund Balances				
Unreserved - undesignated		52,577		(1,339)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	54,918	\$	168,035

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Capital Improvements Program Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

Revenues         \$ 5,479         \$ 190,214           Investment earnings         349         1,648           Miscellaneous         348         -           Total Revenues         6,176         191,862           Expenditures         \$ 6,176         191,862           Capital Outlay         \$ 9,000         78,561           Public safety         9,000         78,561           Public works         2,379         238,016           Parks and cemeteries         -         2,2297           Engineering         10,465         70,833           Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)			2010		2009
Investment earnings         349         1,648           Miscellaneous         348         -           Total Revenues         6,176         191,862           Expenditures         8         1           Capital Outlay         9,000         78,561           Public safety         9         2         60,367           Public works         23,795         238,016           Parks and cemeteries         2         22,297           Engineering         10,465         70,833           Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)		ф	5 450	Ф	100.214
Miscellaneous         348         -           Total Revenues         6,176         191,862           Expenditures         2         2           Capital Outlay         9,000         78,561           Public safety         -         60,367           Public works         23,795         238,016           Parks and cemeteries         -         22,297           Engineering         10,465         70,833           Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)		\$	,	\$	
Total Revenues         6,176         191,862           Expenditures         Capital Outlay         78,561           General government         9,000         78,561           Public safety         - 60,367           Public works         23,795         238,016           Parks and cemeteries         - 22,297           Engineering         10,465         70,833           Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         - 43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)					1,648
Expenditures         Capital Outlay           General government         9,000         78,561           Public safety         -         60,367           Public works         23,795         238,016           Parks and cemeteries         -         22,297           Engineering         10,465         70,833           Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)	Miscellaneous		348		
Capital Outlay         General government       9,000       78,561         Public safety       -       60,367         Public works       23,795       238,016         Parks and cemeteries       -       22,297         Engineering       10,465       70,833         Total Expenditures       43,260       470,074         Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures       (37,084)       (278,212)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       91,000       317,000         Inception of capital lease obligations       -       43,405         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       91,000       360,405         Net Change in Fund Balances       53,916       82,193         Fund Balances Beginning of Year       (1,339)       (83,532)	Total Revenues		6,176		191,862
General government         9,000         78,561           Public safety         -         60,367           Public works         23,795         238,016           Parks and cemeteries         -         22,297           Engineering         10,465         70,833           Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)					
Public safety         -         60,367           Public works         23,795         238,016           Parks and cemeteries         -         22,297           Engineering         10,465         70,833           Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)					
Public works       23,795       238,016         Parks and cemeteries       -       22,297         Engineering       10,465       70,833         Total Expenditures       43,260       470,074         Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures       (37,084)       (278,212)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       91,000       317,000         Inception of capital lease obligations       -       43,405         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       91,000       360,405         Net Change in Fund Balances       53,916       82,193         Fund Balances Beginning of Year       (1,339)       (83,532)			9,000		
Parks and cemeteries         -         22,297           Engineering         10,465         70,833           Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)			-		
Engineering         10,465         70,833           Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)			23,795		
Total Expenditures         43,260         470,074           Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)			-		
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures         (37,084)         (278,212)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)	Engineering		10,465		70,833
Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         317,000           Inception of capital lease obligations         -         43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000         360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916         82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339)         (83,532)	Total Expenditures		43,260		470,074
Transfers in Inception of capital lease obligations         91,000 317,000 - 43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000 360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916 82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339) (83,532)	Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(37,084)		(278,212)
Transfers in Inception of capital lease obligations         91,000 317,000 - 43,405           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         91,000 360,405           Net Change in Fund Balances         53,916 82,193           Fund Balances Beginning of Year         (1,339) (83,532)	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Inception of capital lease obligations-43,405Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)91,000360,405Net Change in Fund Balances53,91682,193Fund Balances Beginning of Year(1,339)(83,532)			91.000		317 000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)91,000360,405Net Change in Fund Balances53,91682,193Fund Balances Beginning of Year(1,339)(83,532)			71,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances53,91682,193Fund Balances Beginning of Year(1,339)(83,532)	inception of capital lease obligations				43,403
Fund Balances Beginning of Year (1,339) (83,532)	<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		91,000		360,405
	Net Change in Fund Balances		53,916		82,193
<b>Fund Balances End of Year</b> \$ 52,577 \$ (1,339)	Fund Balances Beginning of Year		(1,339)		(83,532)
	Fund Balances End of Year	\$	52,577	\$	(1,339)



# MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia Statesboro Fire Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	 2010	2009
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 819,036	\$ 509,905
Intergovernmental receivable	39,812	58,635
Prepaid items	 17,613	 11,045
Total Assets	 876,461	579,585
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	24,111	40,546
Deferred revenue	14,496	11,797
Accrued payroll	8,984	-
Interfund payable	 403,446	-
Total Liabilities	 451,037	 52,343
Fund Balances		
Reserved for prepaid items	17,613	11,045
Unreserved - undesignated	 407,811	 516,197
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	 425,424	 527,242
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 876,461	\$ 579,585

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia

#### Statesboro Fire Service Fund Statement of Revenues,

#### Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 882,129	\$ 857,116
Intergovernmental	256,000	122,369
Investment earnings	896	2,082
Miscellaneous	 2,151	 2,038
Total Revenues	1,141,176	983,605
Expenditures		
Current:		
Fire	 2,652,638	 2,271,516
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(1,511,462)	(1,287,911)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	 1,409,644	 1,409,644
Net Change in Fund Balances	(101,818)	121,733
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 527,242	405,509
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 425,424	\$ 527,242



# Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2010

	Confiscated Assets		CDBG		Department of Hotel/Motel  Justice Grant Tax		Multiple Grant			Total onmajor ial Revenue Funds		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	196,301	\$		\$	48,939	\$		\$		\$	245,240
Receivables:	Ф	190,301	Ф	-	Ф	40,939	Φ	-	Ф	-	Ф	243,240
Hotel/motel taxes		-		-		_		38,265		-		38,265
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		76,875		76,875
Notes		-		204,365		-		-		-		204,365
Interfund		-		-		-		30,121		-		30,121
Total Assets	\$	196,301	\$	204,365	\$	48,939	\$	68,386	\$	76,875	\$	594,866
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	314	\$	-	\$	6,175	\$	6,489
Interfund payable		-		1,833		-		-		70,700		72,533
Other		51,499						68,386				119,885
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		51,499		1,833		314		68,386		76,875		198,907
Fund Balances												
Unreserved, undesignated		144,802		202,532		48,625						395,959
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	196,301	\$	204,365	\$	48,939	\$	68,386	\$	76,875	\$	594,866

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Co	onfiscated Assets		CDBG		CDBG		Department of Justice Grant		-		Hotel/Motel Tax		-		Total onmajor ial Revenue Funds
Revenues											'	_				
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	439,838	\$	-	\$	439,838				
Intergovernmental		-		-		8,315		-		356,015		364,330				
Fines and forfeitures		69,831		-		59,471		-		-		129,302				
Investment earnings		433		-		-		-		-		433				
Miscellaneous		_		9,252		_		_				9,252				
Total Revenues		70,264		9,252		67,786		439,838		356,015		943,155				
Expenditures Current:																
Public safety		11,281		-		23,197		-		356,015		390,493				
Community development								439,838		_		439,838				
Total Expenditures		11,281				23,197		439,838		356,015		830,331				
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>		58,983		9,252		44,589		-		-		112,824				
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		85,819		193,280		4,036						283,135				
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	144,802	\$	202,532	\$	48,625	\$	-	\$	-	\$	395,959				

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia Confiscated Assets Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 196,301	\$	118,689	
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
<b>Liabilities</b> Other liabilities	\$ 51,499	\$	32,870	
Fund Balances Unreserved, undesignated	144,802		85,819	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 196,301	\$	118,689	

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Confiscated Assets Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

#### Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2009)

					2009			
	Original and Final Budget			Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)	A	Actual
Revenues								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	70,000	\$	69,831	\$	(169)	\$	97,348
Investment earnings		505		433		(72)		365
Total Revenues		70,505		70,264		(241)		97,713
Expenditures Current:								
Public safety		24,000		11,281		12,719		35,147
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	46,505		58,983	\$	12,478		62,566
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				85,819				23,253
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	144,802			\$	85,819

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable	\$ 204,365	\$	8,224 185,056	
Total Assets	\$ 204,365	\$	193,280	
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities Interfund payable	\$ 1,833	\$	-	
Fund Balances Unreserved, undesignated	 202,532		193,280	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 204,365	\$	193,280	

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2009)

				2009			
	Original and Positive Final Budget Actual (Negative)				 Actual		
Revenues Sale of lots	\$	14,340	\$	9,252	\$	(5,088)	\$ 4,626
Expenditures Current: Community development		-		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	14,340	:	9,252	\$	(5,088)	4,626
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				193,280			188,654
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	202,532	ł		\$ 193,280

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Department of Justice Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 48,939	\$	9,948	
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 314	\$	5,912	
Fund Balances Unreserved, undesignated	48,625		4,036	
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 48,939	\$	9,948	

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Department of Justice Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2009)

				2010						2009
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Ā	Actual
Revenues										
Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	8,315 30,392	\$	8,315 59,471	\$	29,079	\$	57,310 12,283
Total Revenues		-		38,707		67,786		29,079		69,593
Expenditures Current:										
Public safety		-		20,000		23,197		(3,197)		69,438
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	18,707		44,589	\$	25,882		155
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						4,036				3,881
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	48,625			\$	4,036

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia Hotel/Motel Tax Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010			2009			
Assets	_						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	19,957			
Taxes receivable		38,265		44,154			
Interfund receivable		30,121		-			
Total Assets	\$	68,386	\$	64,111			
<b>Liabilities</b> Other liabilities	\$	68,386	\$	64,111			

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia

#### Hotel/Motel Tax Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2009)

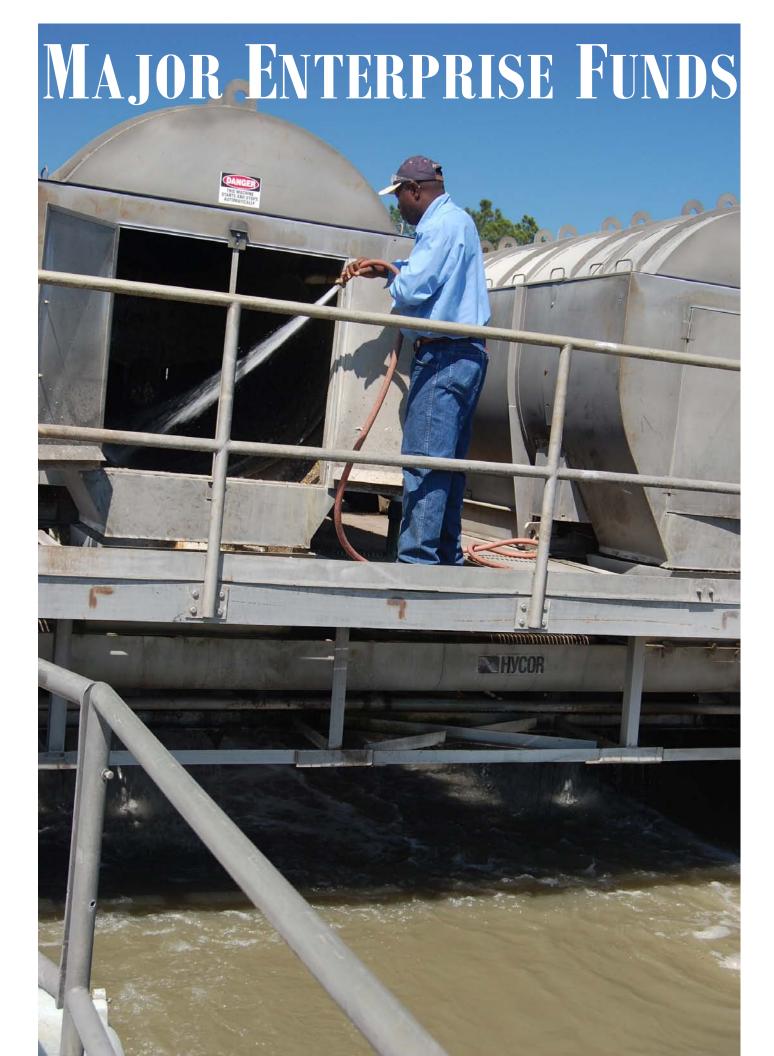
	2010				 2009		
		ginal and Final Budget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)	 Actual
Revenues							
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	444,130	\$	439,838	\$	(4,292)	\$ 456,994
Expenditures Current:							
Community development		444,130		439,838		4,292	 456,994
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$			-	\$		-
<b>Fund Balances Beginning of Year</b>				-			 -
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	-			\$ 

#### City of Statesboro, Georgia Multiple Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	 2009
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 76,875	\$ 197,945
Total Assets	76,875	197,945
Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred revenue Interfund payable	\$ 6,175 - 70,700	\$ 460 3,668 193,817
Total Liabilities	\$ 76,875	\$ 197,945

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Multiple Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2009)

	2010					2009			
		riginal udget		Final Budget		Actual	]	Variance Positive Negative)	Actual
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	6,000	\$	445,873	\$	356,015	\$	(89,858)	\$ 324,056
Expenditures Current:									
Public safety		6,000		445,873		356,015		89,858	 324,056
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						-			
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	-			\$ 



#### City of Statesboro, Georgia Water and Sewer Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009

Assets	2010	2009
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 945,774	\$ 431,138
Receivables:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , ,
Accounts	374,943	448,365
Unbilled accounts	574,700	415,506
Interfund	1,146,358	167,251
Materials and supplies inventory	271,217	300,668
Prepaid items	30,524	62,855
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents	419,513	395,150
Total Current Assets	3,763,029	2,220,933
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	8,945,808	399,192
Control Acceptor		
Capital Assets: Land	247.001	247.001
Buildings	347,981 641,859	347,981 641,859
Improvements other than buildings	55,343,426	55,003,525
Machinery and equipment	4,223,809	4,201,007
Less accumulated depreciation	(24,159,472)	(22,513,799)
Construction in progress	723,641	308,324
Construction in progress	723,041	300,324
Total Capital Assets	37,121,244	37,988,897
Other Assets:		
Unamortized debt issuance costs	195,759	17,410
Deferred loss on advance refunding		19,396
Total Other Assets	195,759	36,806
Total Noncurrent Assets	46,262,811	38,424,895
Total Assets	50,025,840	40,645,828
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	191,660	167,493
Accrued payroll	7,634	-
Accrued interest payable	118,042	77,467
Current portion of notes payable	119,455	603,137
Current portion of revenue bonds payable	475,000	270,000
Customer deposits	419,513	395,150
Compensated absences payable Interfund payable	23,413 103,160	23,042
Total Current Liabilities	1,457,877	1,536,289
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	93,651	92,170
Other post employment benefits payable	30,719	-
Notes payable (net of current portion)	3,294,662	9,198,075
Revenue bonds payable, net of unamortized premium (net of current portion)	14,851,084	215,000
Total Long-Term Liabilites	18,270,116	9,505,245
Total Liabilities	19,727,993	11,041,534
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	26,056,287	27,702,685
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	1,046,098	199,193
Restricted for renewal and extension	200,000	200,000
Unrestricted	2,995,462	1,502,416
Total Net Assets	\$ 30,297,847	\$ 29,604,294
I ORII THE MODELO	φ 50,471,041	ψ 42,004,434

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Water and Sewer Opearating Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For The Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Operating Revenues Water sales	\$ 3,587,730	\$ 3,113,135
Sewer charges	3,312,429	2,982,826
Penalties	119,252	108,568
Reconnecting charges	172,995	95,878
Service fees	228,395	159,036
Tap fees	464,180	167,155
Rental income	160,402	166,234
Miscellaneous	197,419	118,959
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	8,242,802	6,911,791
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	1,857,376	1,878,760
Employee benefits	893,994	690,706
Purchased services:		
Training	6,963	8,834
Dues and certification	4,182	7,142
Repairs and maintenance	297,526	277,915
Inspections	43,151	32,363
Contracted services	26,705	21,713
Laboratory services	13,336	15,333
Electricity	663,593	662,385
Telephone	14,774	16,710
Insurance	68,960	76,022
Equipment rental	4,698	3,464
Engineering fees	49,467	13,685
Legal fees	4,413	-
Tippage fees	185,060	131,411
Travel	23,171	26,910
Advertising	1,578	1,609
Postage	5,204	6,061
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	15,601	10,240
Materials and supplies	226,395	246,907
Chemicals	78,046	76,025
Gasoline, oil, etc.	57,843	75,048
Small equipment	26,779	26,569
Depreciation	1,661,790	1,637,871
Bad debts	46,389	10,219
Other	5,656	7,838
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	6,282,650	5,961,740
Operating Income	1,960,152	950,051
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	2,337	7,522
Interest expense	(510,876)	(479,507)
Amortization	(38,928)	(24,538)
Gain on sale of capital assets	4,708	5,302
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	(542,759)	(491,221)
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	1,417,393	458,830
Capital contributions	204,703	138,792
Transfers in	286,457	306,966
Transfers out	(1,215,000)	(1,946,313)
Change in Net Assets	693,553	(1,041,725)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	29,604,294	30,646,019
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 30,297,847	\$ 29,604,294

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Reclaimed Water System Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 300,5	32 \$ -
Interfund receivable	72,7	15 -
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	373,2	47
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets:		
Construction in progress	208,0	63 89,492
Total Assets	581,3	10 89,492
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	80,5	60 -
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	208,0	63 89,492
Unrestricted	292,6	87 -
Total Net Assets	\$ 500,7	50 \$ 89,492

### City of Statesboro, Georgia

### Reclaimed Water System Fund

### Comparative Statement of Revenues,

### Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009		
Non-Operating Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 750	\$		
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	750		-	
Capital contributions	500,000		=	
Transfers in	-		58,159	
Transfers out	 (89,492)			
Change in Net Assets	411,258		58,159	
Net Assets Beginning of Year	89,492		31,333	
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 500,750	\$	89,492	

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Gas Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009		
Assets	 2010		2007	
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 375,719	\$	183,951	
Receivables:				
Accounts	123,575		200,859	
Unbilled accounts	236,699		168,252	
Intergovernmental	1,907		15,875	
Interfund	29,714		-	
Inventory	74,427		85,360	
Prepaid items	19,812		23,347	
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents	83,069		86,865	
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	 944,922		764,509	
Capital Assets:				
Land	78,004		78,004	
Buildings	154,535		154,535	
Improvements other than buildings	4,552,919		4,543,064	
Machinery and equipment	510,555		502,735	
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,498,028)		(2,374,514)	
Construction in progress	 9,896		14,125	
Total Capital Assets	 2,807,881		2,917,949	
Total Assets	 3,752,803		3,682,458	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	187,514		170,393	
Accrued payroll	1,471		-	
Accrued interest payable	2,484		2,782	
Compensated absences payable	4,256		4,441	
Sales tax payable	29,040		19,960	
Customer deposits	83,069		86,865	
Notes payable	23,554		59,449	
Capital lease payable	6,690		6,690	
Interfund payable	 9,602		-	
Total Current Liabilities	 347,680		350,580	
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	17,023		17,766	
Other post employment benefits payable	5,770		-	
Notes payable (net of current portion)	311,395		334,949	
Capital lease payable (net of current portion)	 20,068		26,758	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	 354,256		379,473	
Total Liabilities	 701,936		730,053	
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,446,174		2,490,103	
Unrestricted	 604,693		462,302	
Total Net Assets	\$ 3,050,867	\$	2,952,405	

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Gas Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 5,192,392	\$ 5,916,703
Penalties	54,254	65,356
Tap fees	1,550	2,175
Transport fees	26,624	22,486
Service fees	1,450	1,540
Miscellaneous	2,854	5,159
Total Operating Revenues	5,279,124	6,013,419
<b>Operating Expenses</b>		
Salaries	351,675	350,900
Employee benefits	139,788	127,003
Purchased Services:		
Training	680	752
Dues and certification	2,053	2,864
Repairs and maintenance	59,030	67,607
Contracted services	65,595	58,568
Electricity	7,298	7,937
Telephone	6,003	7,160
Insurance	17,326	23,641
Equipment rental	6,713	3,057
Engineering fees	4,800	4,800
Water heater program	16,416	12,398
Travel	9,330	9,474
Advertising	841	1,474
Postage	140	83
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	2,937	4,211
Materials and supplies	29,304	41,449
Chemicals	1,301	12,262
Gasoline, oil, etc.	16,231	13,792
Small equipment	1,598	5,344
Cost of sales	3,377,219	4,095,083
Depreciation	123,515	135,013
Bad debts	11,000	5,009
Other	13,100	18,702
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	4,263,893	5,008,583
Operating Income	1,015,231	1,004,836
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	375	1,439
Intergovernmental	18,556	45,481
Interest expense	(10,700)	(15,667)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	8,231	31,253
Income Before Transfers	1,023,462	1,036,089
Transfers out	(925,000)	(1,105,000)
Change in Net Assets	98,462	(68,911)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	2,952,405	3,021,316
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 3,050,867	\$ 2,952,405

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Collection Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009

		2010	2009		
Assets		2010		2007	
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	218,407	\$	-	
Receivables:					
Accounts		118,222		119,778	
Unbilled accounts		214,444		205,761	
Interfund		32,126		1,609	
Prepaid items		2,421		23,460	
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		585,620		350,608	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Buildings		74,602		74,602	
Machinery and equipment		2,783,201		2,772,159	
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,980,442)		(1,798,687)	
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>		877,361		1,048,074	
Total Assets		1,462,981		1,398,682	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable		99,292		74,269	
Accrued payroll		1,679		-	
Compensated absences payable		3,950		5,082	
Capital lease payable		47,567		40,567	
Interfund payable		73,284		1,001	
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		225,772		120,919	
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)		15,798		20,328	
Other post employment benefits payable		9,756		-	
Capital lease payable (net of current portion)		107,700		162,267	
Total Long-Term Liabilities		133,254		182,595	
Total Liabilities		359,026		303,514	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets		722,094		845,240	
Unrestricted		381,861		249,928	
Total Net Assets	\$	1,103,955	\$	1,095,168	

### City of Statesboro, Georgia

### Solid Waste Collection Fund

### Comparative Statement of Revenues,

### Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

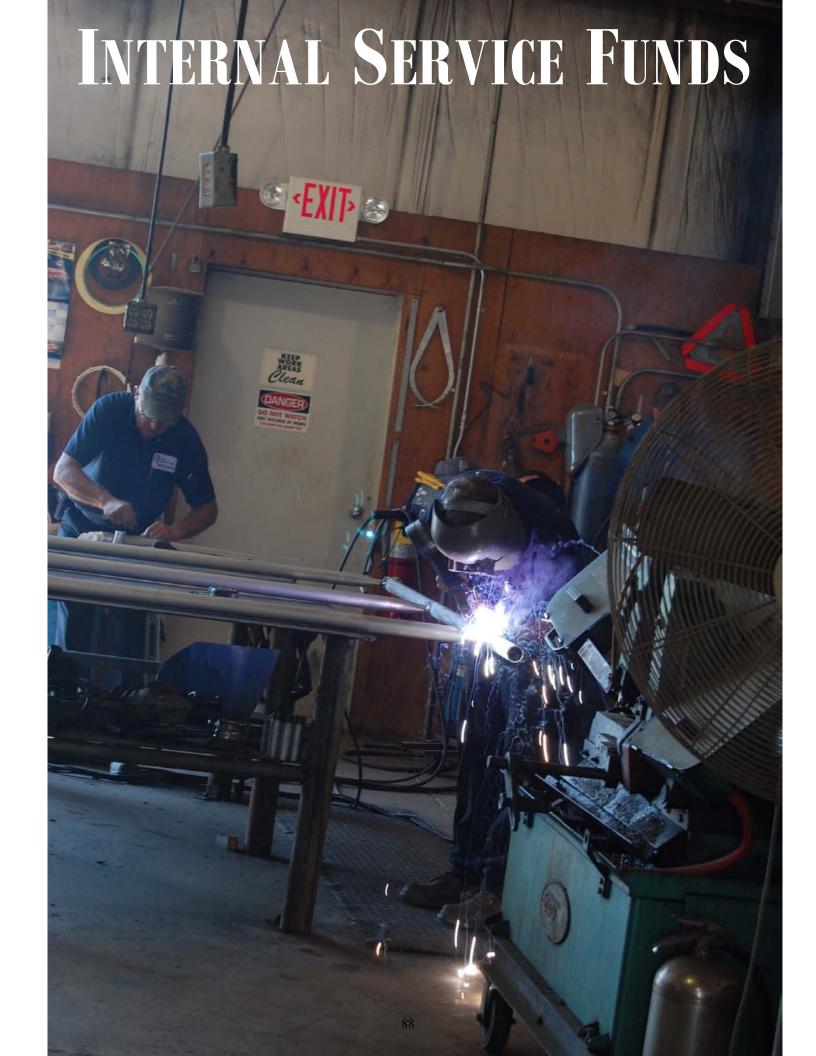
	2010	2009
Operating Revenues		
Sanitation charges	\$ 2,562,424	\$ 2,495,719
Penalties	42,777	42,871
Miscellaneous		150
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	2,605,201	2,538,740
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	501,342	556,971
Employee benefits	348,204	236,894
Purchases services:		
Training	360	890
Dues and certification	189	346
Repairs and maintenance	260,904	250,608
Telephone	1,153	1,264
Insurance	27,004	34,042
Tippage fees	622,137	610,431
Advertising	139	1,842
Travel	727	556
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	8,031	5,981
Materials and supplies	2,550	2,844
Gasoline, oil, etc.	86,483	91,953
Chemicals	1,588	658
Depreciation	181,756	199,996
Bad debts	10,605	4,988
Other	595	909
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	2,053,767	2,001,173
Operating Income	551,434	537,567
N. O. d. D. d.		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	252	255
Investment earnings	353	355
Gain on sale of capital assets		3,476
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	353	3,831
Income Before Transfers	551,787	541,398
Transfers out	(543,000)	(550,000)
Change in Net Assets	8,787	(8,602)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	1,095,168	1,103,770
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 1,103,955	\$ 1,095,168

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Disposal Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010		2009		
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	250	\$	250	
Receivables:					
Accounts	1:	2,241		10,959	
Unbilled accounts		0,429		169,626	
Interfund	194	1,444		291,667	
Prepaid items	1	0,426		8,679	
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	39	7,790		481,181	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Land	12:	3,425		123,425	
Buildings	1,149	9,495		1,149,495	
Improvements other than buildings	203	2,801		202,801	
Infrastructure	22:	5,697		225,697	
Machinery and equipment	2,00	1,387		2,001,387	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,986	5,706)		(1,750,915)	
Construction in progress	6.	5,191		60,620	
Total Capital Assets	1,78	1,290		2,012,510	
Total Assets	2,179	9,080		2,493,691	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	70	0,766		104,458	
Accrued payroll		1,127		_	
Compensated absences payable		3,165		2,571	
Capital lease payable	2:	5,918		25,918	
Interfund payable		5,027		958,016	
Landfill postclosure care costs	124	4,892		130,725	
Total Current Liabilities	1,000	0,895		1,221,688	
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable	13	2,658		10,286	
Other post employment benefits payable		4,649			
Landfill postclosure care costs (net of current portion)		2,796		1,701,210	
Capital lease payable (net of current portion)		7,754		103,672	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,66	7,857		1,815,168	
Total Liabilities	2,668	8,752		3,036,856	
Net Assets					
	1 67'	7 619		1,882,920	
Invested in capital assets		7,618			
Unrestricted	(2,16	7,290)		(2,426,085)	
Total Net Assets	\$ (489	9,672)	\$	(543,165)	

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Disposal Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Operating Revenues		
Tippage fees	\$ 1,958,316	\$ 2,063,245
Penalties	11,410	10,028
Miscellaneous	47,988	38,753
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	2,017,714	2,112,026
<b>Operating Expenses</b>		
Salaries	276,964	290,263
Employee benefits	166,503	113,789
Purchased services:		
Training	360	1,487
Dues and certification	687	4,873
Repairs and maintenance	167,308	188,589
Contracted services	53,264	63,316
Electricity	16,078	14,904
Telephone	2,485	2,611
Insurance	10,764	12,508
Equipment rental	439	205
Transportation and disposal	624,253	729,125
Air rights	1,231,017	1,324,573
Advertising	-	45
Special projects/programs	85,000	95,000
Waste reduction	45,387	39,254
Enforcement and monitoring	122,000	122,000
Travel	2,064	1,208
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	3,620	3,458
Materials and supplies	8,239	11,514
Gasoline, oil, etc.	27,949	26,641
Chemicals	612	-
Depreciation	235,791	228,396
Miscellaneous	286	2,039
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	3,081,070	3,275,798
Operating (Loss)	(1,063,356)	(1,163,772)
Non-Operating Revenues		
Investment earnings	338	2,717
Gain on sale of capital assets		57,975
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues</b>	338	60,692
(Loss) before Transfers	(1,063,018)	(1,103,080)
Transfers in	1,276,511	1,006,667
Transfers out	(160,000)	(160,000)
Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)
Change in Net Assets	53,493	(256,413)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	(543,165)	(286,752)
Net Assets End of Year	\$ (489,672)	\$ (543,165)



### City of Statesboro, Georgia

### Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds June 30, 2010

	enefits surance	Fleet Management		Total		
Assets						
Current Assets:		_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	15,886	\$ 15,886		
Accounts receivable	86,376		-	86,376		
Interfund receivable	360,183		-	360,183		
Inventory	-		134,038	134,038		
Prepaid items	 96,009		1,439	 97,448		
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	542,568		151,363	693,931		
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Depreciable capital assets, net	 		174,226	 174,226		
Total Assets	542,568		325,589	 868,157		
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts payable	7,568		35,183	42,751		
Accrued payroll	7,500		927	927		
Claims payable	535,000		-	535,000		
Compensated absences payable	333,000		3,446	3,446		
Interfund payable	-		8,652	 8,652		
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	 542,568		48,208	 590,776		
Long-Term Liabilities						
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	-		13,785	13,785		
Other post employment benefits payable	 -		4,442	 4,442		
<b>Total Long-Term Liabilities</b>	 		18,227	18,227		
Total Liabilites	 542,568		66,435	609,003		
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets	-		174,226	174,226		
Unrestricted	 		84,928	 84,928		
Total Net Assets	\$ 	\$	259,154	\$ 259,154		

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Benefits Fleet Insurance Management		Total
<b>Operating Revenues</b>			
Charges for services	\$ 3,379,107	\$ 868,038	\$ 4,247,145
Operating Expenses			
Salaries	-	253,946	253,946
Employee benefits	-	117,270	117,270
Purchased services	-	183,135	183,135
Materials and supplies	-	23,619	23,619
Cost of sales	-	312,041	312,041
Depreciation	-	19,897	19,897
Claims	3,729,990	-	3,729,990
Miscellaneous		1,236	1,236
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	3,729,990	911,144	4,641,134
Operating Income (Loss)	(350,883)	(43,106)	(393,989)
Non-Operating Revenues			
Investment earnings	254	163	417
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(350,629)	(42,943)	(393,572)
Transfers in	303,384		303,384
Change in Net Assets	(47,245)	(42,943)	(90,188)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	47,245	302,097	349,342
Net Assets End of Year	\$ -	\$ 259,154	\$ 259,154

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Benefits Insurance				Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash received from customers	\$	3,347,937	\$	868,038	\$ 4,215,975
Cash payments to employees for services		-		(365,003)	(365,003)
Cash payments for goods and services		-		(501,328)	(501,328)
Cash payments for claims		(3,610,627)			 (3,610,627)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(262,690)		1,707	 (260,983)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Advances from (to) other funds		(360,183)		8,652	(351,531)
Transfers in		303,384			 303,384
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities		(56,799)		8,652	 (48,147)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Payments for capital acquisitions		-		(9,500)	(9,500)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment earnings		254		163	417
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(319,235)		1,022	(318,213)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		319,235		14,864	 334,099
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	-	\$	15,886	\$ 15,886

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		Benefits Insurance		Fleet anagement	Total		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(350,883)	\$	(43,106)	\$	(393,989)	
Adjustments:							
Depreciation		-		19,897		19,897	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:							
Accounts receivable		(31,170)		-		(31,170)	
Materials and supplies inventory		_		7,210		7,210	
Prepaid items		(14,547)		123		(14,424)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		(1,090)		11,370		10,280	
Accrued payroll		_		927		927	
Claims payable		135,000		-		135,000	
Compensated absences payable		_		844		844	
Other post employment benefits payable				4,442		4,442	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(262,690)	\$	1,707	\$	(260,983)	

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Benefits Insurance Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Assets	·	
<b>Current Assets:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 319,235
Accounts receivable	86,376	55,206
Prepaid insurance	96,009	81,462
Interfund receivable	360,183	 -
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	542,568	 455,903
Liabilities		
<b>Current Liabilities:</b>		
Claims payable	535,000	400,000
Accounts payable	7,568	 8,658
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	542,568	 408,658
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	\$ -	\$ 47,245

### City of Statesboro, Georgia

### Benefits Insurance Fund

### Comparative Statement of Revenues,

### Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Operating Revenues Premiums - City and employees Miscellaneous	\$ 3,379,098	\$ 3,014,449 6,575
<b>Total Operating Revenue</b>	3,379,107	3,021,024
Operating Expenses Claims	 3,729,990	 3,503,065
Operating Income (Loss)	(350,883)	(482,041)
Non-Operating Revenues Investment earnings	 254	 3,106
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(350,629)	(478,935)
Transfers in	 303,384	 200,000
Change in Net Assets	(47,245)	(278,935)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	 47,245	 326,180
Net Assets End of Year	\$ _	\$ 47,245

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Fleet Management Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,886	\$ 14,864
Inventory	134,038	141,248
Prepaid items	1,439	1,562
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	151,363	157,674
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Buildings	135,458	135,458
Equipment	280,766	271,266
Less accumulated depreciation	(241,998)	(222,101)
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	174,226	184,623
Total Assets	325,589	342,297
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	35,183	23,813
Accrued payroll	927	-
Compensated absences payable	3,446	3,278
Interfund payable	8,652	
Total Current Liabilities	48,208	27,091
Long-Term Liabilities		
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	13,785	13,109
Other post employment benefits payable	4,442	<u> </u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities	18,227	13,109
Total Liabilites	66,435	40,200
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets	174,226	184,623
Unrestricted	84,928	117,474
Total Net Assets	\$ 259,154	\$ 302,097

### City of Statesboro, Georgia

### Fleet Management Fund

### Comparative Statement of Revenues,

### Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Operating Revenues	Φ 0.50.02	ο Φ οοιοιά
Parts sales and labor charges	\$ 868,03	
Miscellaneous	<del>-</del> _	119
<b>Total Operating Revenue</b>	868,03	892,033
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	253,94	
Employee benefits	117,27	98,157
Purchased services:		
Training	36	,
Dues and certification	15	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Repairs and maintenance	10,79	
Contracted services	154,58	
Electricity	12,96	
Telephone	85	
Insurance	1,85	
Equipment rental	62.	
Advertising Travel	95	1,343 4 561
Materials and supplies:	93	+ 301
Uniforms	3,31	3,714
Materials and supplies	17,10	
Gasoline, oil, etc.	3,19	
Cost of sales	312,04	
Depreciation	19,89	
Miscellaneous	1,23	
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	911,14	4 858,805
Operating Income (Loss)	(43,10	5) 33,228
Non-Operating Revenues Investment earnings	16	3 1,022
· ·		
Income Before Transfers	(42,94)	34,250
Transfers out		(50,000)
Change in Net Assets	(42,94)	3) (15,750)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	302,09	317,847
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 259,15	\$ 302,097

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Schedule of SPLOST Expenditures From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

### 2002 SPLOST

		Original		Current		Ex	xpenditures			Estimated
	Estimated Costs		Estimated Costs		Prior Years		Current Year		Total	Percentage of Completion
Joint City/County Solid Waste Disposal	\$	2,120,000	\$	2,500,822	\$ 2,500,822	\$	-	\$	2,500,822	100%
Waste Water Treatement		5,000,000		4,372,334	2,358,135		196,965		2,555,100	58%
Street and Drainage Projects		5,000,000		4,372,334	3,835,020		494,559		4,329,579	99%
Public Safety - Police Station Expansion/Renovation		2,140,000		3,140,000	3,140,000		-		3,140,000	100%
Public Safety -Police Vehicles		500,000		500,000	500,000		-		500,000	100%
Community Development		1,360,000		1,860,000	1,860,000				1,860,000	100%
	\$	16,120,000	\$	16,745,490	\$ 14,193,977	\$	691,524	\$	14,885,501	89%

Reconciliation of current year expenditures to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances:

Total 2002 SPLOST fund expenditures per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances	\$ 12,001
Transfers from other funds	(89,492)
Transfers to other funds	769,015
Total current year expenditures per above	\$ 691,524

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Schedule of SPLOST Expenditures From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

### 2007 SPLOST

	Original Estimated Costs			Current			Ex	xpenditures			Estimated
			Estimated Costs		Prior Years		Current Year		<u>Total</u>		Percentage of Completion
Joint City/County Solid Waste Disposal	\$	7,000,000	\$	7,000,000	\$	1,944,445	\$	1,276,511	\$	3,220,956	46%
Cemetery Expansion		900,000		900,000		736,662		142,577		879,239	98%
Waste and Sewer Projects		9,860,000		9,860,000		-		-		-	0%
Street and Drainage Projects		5,307,500		5,307,500		-		7,296		7,296	0.1%
Public Safety Facilities and Equipment		4,200,000		4,200,000		58,115		12,356		70,471	2%
Solid Waste Handling Equipment		1,400,000		1,400,000							0%
	\$	28,667,500	\$	28,667,500	\$	2,739,222	\$	1,438,740	\$	4,177,962	15%

Reconciliation of current year expenditures to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances:

Total 2007 SPLOST fund expenditures per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

in Fund Balances	\$ 496,340
Transfer to other funds	1,276,511
Proceeds from capital lease	 (334,111)
Total current year expenditures per above	\$ 1,438,740



### City of Statesboro, Georgia Statistical Section

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Statesboro's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	S-1
These tables contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing the City's current financial performance by placing it in historical perspective.	
Revenue Capacity  These tables contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of the City's two most significant local revenue sources, the property and sales taxes.	S-10
Debt Capacity	S-18
These tables present information that may assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Economic & Demographic Information	S-22
This table offers economic and demographic indicators that are commonly used for financial analysis and that can inform one's understanding the City's present and ongoing financial status.	
Operating Information	S-24
These tables contain service and infrastructure indicators that can inform one's understanding how the information in the City's financial statements relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	
Source:	

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003 therefore tables presenting government-wide information include only seven years.

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Government-wide Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense)/Revenue by Function/Program Last Eight Fiscal Years ² (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year 2010	)		Fiscal Year 200	)		Fiscal Year 200	8		Fiscal Year 2007	7
	-	Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/	-	Program	Net (Expense)/	-	Program	Net (Expense)/
	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1
Function/Program	Биреньев	revenues		23.реньев			23Apenoes			- Dapenses	revenues	
Governmental Activities												
General government	\$ 2,364,710	\$ 661,459	\$ (1,703,251)	\$ 2,683,348	\$ 765,661	\$ (1,917,687)	\$ 2,266,551	\$ 782,058	\$ (1,484,493)	\$ 2,110,223	\$ 620,563	\$ (1,489,660)
Municipal court	603,544	-	(603,544)	697,203	=	(697,203)	635,975	=	(635,975)	639,563	=	(639,563)
Public safety	8,935,759	4,084,378	(4,851,381)	8,465,499	3,255,928	(5,209,571)	7,978,175	3,843,208	(4,134,967)	7,154,050	3,081,888	(4,072,162)
Public works	2,530,638	4,942,553	2,411,915	2,452,550	2,121,763	(330,787)	2,531,841	2,424,054	(107,787)	2,272,342	4,094,204	1,821,862
Community development	534,041	-	(534,041)	539,771	-	(539,771)	495,059	4,500	(490,559)	484,187	_	(484,187)
Parks and cemeteries	514,166	_	(514,166)	533,706	=	(533,706)	528,039	684,374	156,335	478,762	-	(478,762)
Engineering	850,662	284,887	(565,775)	760,687	100,637	(660,050)	701,021	153,737	(547,284)	701,041	332,604	(368,437)
Planning and zoning	326,066	201,007	(326,066)	285,709	-	(285,709)	241,067	-	(241,067)	210,291	552,601	(210,291)
Community services	284,557	_	(284,557)	535,258	5,500	(529,758)	349,975	6,250	(343,725)	807,676	18,750	(788,926)
Interest on long-term debt	34,202	_	(34,202)	30,966	5,500	(30,966)	46,241	-	(46,241)	67,886	10,750	(67,886)
-	-							· <del></del>				
Subtotal Governmental Activities	16,978,345	9,973,277	(7,005,068)	16,984,698	6,249,489	(10,735,209)	15,773,944	7,898,181	(7,875,763)	14,926,021	8,148,009	(6,778,012)
Business-type Activities												
Water and sewer	6,906,526	8,750,086	1,843,560	6,557,573	6,931,624	374,051	6,394,274	7,898,918	1,504,644	5,990,457	8,317,809	2,327,352
Gas	4,293,665	5,294,826	1,001,161	5,040,258	6,053,741	1,013,483	5,299,783	6,224,982	925,199	5,833,902	6,277,707	443,805
Solid waste collection	2,094,925	2,605,201	510,276	2,026,631	2,538,590	511,959	1,968,174	2,471,249	503,075	1,891,991	2,359,448	467,457
Solid waste disposal	3,103,903	1,969,726	(1,134,177)	3,284,953	2,075,990	(1,208,963)	3,614,938	2,290,392	(1,324,546)	3,455,805	2,360,360	(1,095,445)
Subtotal Business-type Activities	16,399,019	18,619,839	2,220,820	16,909,415	17,599,945	690,530	17,277,169	18,885,541	1,608,372	17,172,155	19,315,324	2,143,169
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 33,377,364	\$ 28,593,116	\$ (4,784,248)	\$ 33,894,113	\$ 23,849,434	\$ (10,044,678)	\$ 33,051,113	\$ 26,783,722	\$ (6,267,391)	\$ 32,098,176	\$ 27,463,333	\$ (4,634,842)
		Fiscal Year 2000			Fiscal Year 200			Fiscal Year 200			Fiscal Year 2003	
	Expenses	Program	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1	Expenses	Fiscal Year 200: Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1	Expenses	Fiscal Year 200 Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1	Expenses	Fiscal Year 2003 Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/
Function/Program	Expenses		Net (Expense)/	Expenses	Program	Net (Expense)/	Expenses	Program	Net (Expense)/	Expenses	Program	
Function/Program Governmental Activities	Expenses	Program	Net (Expense)/	Expenses	Program	Net (Expense)/	Expenses	Program	Net (Expense)/	Expenses	Program	Net (Expense)/
<u> </u>	Expenses \$ 1,861,605	Program	Net (Expense)/	<b>Expenses</b> \$ 1,753,174	Program	Net (Expense)/	<b>Expenses</b> \$ 1,654,987	Program	Net (Expense)/	<b>Expenses</b> \$ 1,709,635	Program	Net (Expense)/
Governmental Activities General government	\$ 1,861,605	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1 \$ (1,289,191)	\$ 1,753,174	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,174,821)	\$ 1,654,987	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,060,436)	\$ 1,709,635	Program Revenues  \$ 583,981	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1 \$ (1,125,654)
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court	\$ 1,861,605 415,176	Program Revenues  \$ 572,414	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,289,191) (415,176)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274	Program Revenues  \$ 578,353	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,174,821) (424,274)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188	Program Revenues  \$ 594,551	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,060,436) (390,188)	\$ 1,709,635 390,355	Program Revenues  \$ 583,981 3,939	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,125,654) (386,416)
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety	\$ 1,861,605	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1 \$ (1,289,191)	\$ 1,753,174	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,174,821)	\$ 1,654,987	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,060,436)	\$ 1,709,635	Program Revenues  \$ 583,981	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1 \$ (1,125,654)
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572	* 572,414 3,217,236	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240	* 578,353 - 2,490,824 1,729,928	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312	Program Revenues  \$ 594,551  1,869,402 3,650,868	\$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875	Frogram Revenues  \$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832	\$ 572,414 - 3,217,236 1,727,145	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1 \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169	Frogram Revenues  \$ 578,353 - 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554	Frogram Revenues  \$ 594,551  1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448	**Net (Expense)/**Revenue 1	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833	Program Revenues  \$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588	**Net (Expense)/** **Revenue 1**  \$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development Parks and cemeteries	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504	* 572,414 - 3,217,236 - 1,727,145 - 17,744	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658	\$ 578,353 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928	Frogram Revenues  \$ 594,551  1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448 142,591	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 (1,397,894 (198,337)	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813)
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development Parks and cemeteries Engineering	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455	\$ 572,414 - 3,217,236 1,727,145	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1 \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241	Frogram Revenues  \$ 578,353 - 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹ \$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525	Frogram Revenues  \$ 594,551  1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448	\$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482)	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655 - 99,658	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹ \$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981)
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development Parks and cemeteries Engineering Planning and zoning	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455 117,322	* 572,414 - 3,217,236 - 1,727,145 - 17,744	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1 \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087) (117,322)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241 119,935	\$ 578,353 - 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870	\$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371) (119,935)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525 115,631	\$ 594,551 - 1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448 142,591 73,043	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹ \$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482) (115,631)	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639 127,516	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655	\$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981) (124,257)
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development Parks and cemeteries Engineering	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455	* 572,414 - 3,217,236 - 1,727,145 - 17,744	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1 \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241	\$ 578,353 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹ \$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525	\$ 594,551 1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448 142,591 73,043	\$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482)	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655 - 99,658 3,259	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹ \$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981)
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development Parks and cemeteries Engineering Planning and zoning Community services	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455 117,322 314,091	* 572,414 - 3,217,236 - 1,727,145 - 17,744	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹ \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087) (117,322) (314,091)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241 119,935	\$ 578,353 - 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870	\$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371) (119,935)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525 115,631 104,683	\$ 594,551 - 1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448 142,591 73,043	\$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 (1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482) (115,631) 1,148,817	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639 127,516 129,816	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655 - 99,658 3,259	Net (Expense)/ Revenue ¹ \$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981) (124,257) (129,816)
Governmental Activities  General government  Municipal court  Public safety  Public works  Community development  Parks and cemeteries  Engineering  Planning and zoning  Community services  Interest on long-term debt  Subtotal Governmental Activities	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455 117,322 314,091 66,886	\$ 572,414 	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087) (117,322) (314,091) (66,886)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241 119,935 197,110	\$ 578,353 - 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870	\$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371) (119,935) (197,110)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525 115,631 104,683 18,297	\$ 594,551 - 1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448 142,591 73,043 - 1,253,500	\$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482) (115,631) 1,148,817 (18,297)	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639 127,516 129,816 82,864	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655 	\$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981) (124,257) (129,816) (82,864)
Governmental Activities  General government  Municipal court  Public safety  Public works  Community development  Parks and cemeteries  Engineering  Planning and zoning  Community services  Interest on long-term debt  Subtotal Governmental Activities  Business-type Activities	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455 117,322 314,091 66,886	\$ 572,414 3,217,236 1,727,145 	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087) (117,322) (314,091) (66,886) (6,847,847)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241 119,935 197,110	\$ 578,353 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870 5,230,967	\$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371) (119,935) (197,110) 	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525 115,631 104,683 18,297	\$ 594,551 - 1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448 142,591 73,043 - 1,253,500 - 9,374,403	\$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482) (115,631) 1,148,817 (18,297)	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639 127,516 129,816 82,864	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655 - 99,658 3,259 - - 8,192,785	\$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981) (124,257) (129,816) (82,864)
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development Parks and cemeteries Engineering Planning and zoning Community services Interest on long-term debt  Subtotal Governmental Activities  Business-type Activities Water and sewer	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455 117,322 314,091 66,886 12,827,754	\$ 572,414 	Net (Expense)/ Revenue    \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087) (117,322) (314,091) (66,886) (6,847,847)  1,883,896	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241 119,935 197,110	\$ 578,353 - 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870 	\$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (95,658) (486,371) (119,935) (197,110) (6,720,453)	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525 115,631 104,683 18,297 11,250,730	\$ 594,551 1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448 142,591 73,043 1,253,500 9,374,403	\$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 (1198,337) (567,482) (115,631) 1,148,817 (18,297) (1,876,327)	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639 127,516 129,816 82,864 11,413,862	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655  99,658 3,259  - 8,192,785	Net (Expense)/ Revenue    \$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 (377,981) (124,257) (129,816) (82,864) (3,221,077)  939,388
Governmental Activities  General government  Municipal court  Public safety  Public works  Community development  Parks and cemeteries  Engineering  Planning and zoning  Community services  Interest on long-term debt  Subtotal Governmental Activities  Business-type Activities  Water and sewer  Gas	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455 117,322 314,091 66,886 12,827,754	\$ 572,414 - 3,217,236 1,727,145 - 17,744 445,368 5,979,907	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087) (117,322) (314,091) (66,886) (6,847,847)  1,883,896 706,390	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241 119,935 197,110 11,951,420 5,379,060 5,449,209	\$ 578,353 -2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870 5,230,967	\$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371) (119,935) (197,110) (6,720,453)  1,142,583 847,213	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525 115,631 104,683 18,297 11,250,730	\$ 594.551 - 1,869.402 3,650.868 1,790,448 142.591 73,043 - 1,253,500 - 9,374,403	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 (1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482) (115,631) 1,148,817 (18,297)  (1,876,327)  943,921 999,132	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639 127,516 129,816 82,864 11,413,862	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655 	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981) (124,257) (129,816) (82,864)  939,388 958,134
Governmental Activities  General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development Parks and cemeteries Engineering Planning and zoning Community services Interest on long-term debt  Subtotal Governmental Activities  Business-type Activities Water and sewer Gas Solid waste collection	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455 117,322 314,091 66,886 12,827,754	\$ 572,414 3,217,236 1,727,145 	\$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087) (117,322) (314,091) (66,886) (6,847,847)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241 119,935 197,110 	\$ 578,353 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870 5,230,967  6,521,643 6,296,422 2,218,105	\$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371) (119,935) (197,110) (6,720,453) 1,142,583 847,213 481,525	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525 115,631 104,683 18,297 11,250,730 5,080,975 4,633,855 1,770,032	\$ 594,551 1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448 142,591 73,043 - 1,253,500 - 9,374,403	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 (1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482) (115,631) 1,148,817 (18,297)  (1,876,327)  943,921 999,132 410,231	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639 127,516 129,816 82,864 11,413,862 5,201,386 4,186,230 1,675,815	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655 	\$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981) (124,257) (129,816) (82,864) (3,221,077)
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development Parks and cemeteries Engineering Planning and zoning Community services Interest on long-term debt  Subtotal Governmental Activities  Business-type Activities Water and sewer Gas	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455 117,322 314,091 66,886 12,827,754	\$ 572,414 - 3,217,236 1,727,145 - 17,744 445,368 5,979,907	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087) (117,322) (314,091) (66,886) (6,847,847)  1,883,896 706,390	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241 119,935 197,110 11,951,420 5,379,060 5,449,209	\$ 578,353 -2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870 5,230,967	\$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371) (119,935) (197,110) (6,720,453)  1,142,583 847,213	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525 115,631 104,683 18,297 11,250,730	\$ 594.551 - 1,869.402 3,650.868 1,790,448 142.591 73,043 - 1,253,500 - 9,374,403	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 (1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482) (115,631) 1,148,817 (18,297)  (1,876,327)  943,921 999,132	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639 127,516 129,816 82,864 11,413,862	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655 	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981) (124,257) (129,816) (82,864)  939,388 958,134
Governmental Activities General government Municipal court Public safety Public works Community development Parks and cemeteries Engineering Planning and zoning Community services Interest on long-term debt  Subtotal Governmental Activities  Business-type Activities Water and sewer Gas Solid waste collection	\$ 1,861,605 415,176 6,552,311 2,005,572 413,832 352,504 728,455 117,322 314,091 66,886 12,827,754	\$ 572,414 3,217,236 1,727,145 	\$ (1,289,191) (415,176) (3,335,075) (278,427) (413,832) (334,760) (283,087) (117,322) (314,091) (66,886) (6,847,847)	\$ 1,753,174 424,274 6,144,619 1,914,240 393,169 393,658 611,241 119,935 197,110 	\$ 578,353 2,490,824 1,729,928 8,992 298,000 124,870 5,230,967  6,521,643 6,296,422 2,218,105	\$ (1,174,821) (424,274) (3,653,795) (184,312) (384,177) (95,658) (486,371) (119,935) (197,110) (6,720,453) 1,142,583 847,213 481,525	\$ 1,654,987 390,188 5,564,625 2,028,312 392,554 340,928 640,525 115,631 104,683 18,297 11,250,730 5,080,975 4,633,855 1,770,032	\$ 594,551 1,869,402 3,650,868 1,790,448 142,591 73,043 - 1,253,500 - 9,374,403	Net (Expense)/ Revenue 1  \$ (1,060,436) (390,188) (3,695,223) 1,622,556 (1,397,894 (198,337) (567,482) (115,631) 1,148,817 (18,297)  (1,876,327)  943,921 999,132 410,231	\$ 1,709,635 390,355 5,527,516 2,132,875 483,833 351,813 477,639 127,516 129,816 82,864 11,413,862 5,201,386 4,186,230 1,675,815	\$ 583,981 3,939 1,964,588 4,621,705 915,655 	\$ (1,125,654) (386,416) (386,416) (3,562,928) 2,488,830 431,822 (351,813) (377,981) (124,257) (129,816) (82,864) (3,221,077)

¹ Net (expense)/revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues of a function or program. It indicates the degree to which a function or program supports itself with its own fees and grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. A number in parentheses are net expenses, indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, meaning that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

²The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003, therefore, only eight years of government-wide financial data is presented.

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Government-wide Program Revenues² by Category Last Eight Fiscal Years ¹ (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2009	Fiscal Year 2008	Fiscal Year 2007
Governmental Activities	<u></u>			
Charges for Services:				
General Government	\$ 661,459	\$ 672,700	\$ 689,222	\$ 518,673
Municipal Court	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	2,576,214	2,752,193	2,388,834	2,172,221
Engineering	284,887	100,637	153,737	332,604
Operating Grants and Contributions	134,935	162,191	359,659	156,840
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,315,782	2,561,768	4,306,729	4,967,671
ubtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues	9,973,277	6,249,489	7,898,181	8,148,009
usiness-type Activities				
Charges for Services:				
Water and Sewer	8,045,383	6,792,832	7,267,501	6,696,230
Gas	5,276,270	6,008,260	6,179,396	6,232,576
Solid Waste Collection	2,605,201	2,538,590	2,471,249	2,359,448
Solid Waste Disposal	1,969,726	2,073,273	2,290,392	2,333,218
Operating Grants and Contributions	18,556	48,198	45,586	72,373
Capital Grants and Contributions	704,703	138,792	631,417	1,621,579
ubtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues	18,619,839	17,599,945	18,885,541	19,315,424
rimary Government				
Charges for Services	21,419,140	20,938,485	21,440,331	- 20.644.970
Operating Grants and Contributions	153,491	210,389	405,245	- 229,213
Capital Grants and Contributions	7,020,485	2,700,560	4,938,146	6,589,250
otal Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 28,593,116	\$ 23,849,434	\$ 26,783,722	\$ 27,463,433
overnmental Activities	Fiscal Year 2006	Fiscal Year 2005	Fiscal Year 2004	Fiscal Year 2003
Charges for Services:	riscai Tear 2000	Fiscal Teal 2003	riscai Teai 2004	riscai Teai 2003
General Government				
Municipal Court	\$ 468,630	\$ 471,472	\$ 470,889	\$ 457,495
	\$ 408,030	\$ 4/1,4/2	\$ 470,889	
Public Safety	1 700 277	1 011 012	1.000.555	3,939
Engineering	1,789,377	1,911,813	1,809,666	1,757,261
Operating Grants and Contributions	445,368	124,870	73,043	99,658
Capital Grants and Contributions	103,784	116,945	213,455	334,284
ubtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues	3,172,748	2,605,867	6,807,350	5,540,148
_	5,979,907	5,230,967	9,374,403	8,192,785
susiness-type Activities				
Charges for Services:				
Water and Sewer				
Gas	6,912,432	6,135,710	5,833,055	5,976,905
Solid Waste Collection	7,496,631	6,247,110	5,558,803	5,091,818
Solid Waste Disposal	2,236,029	2,218,105	2,180,263	2,173,073
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,109,065	1,986,143	1,839,152	1,862,335
Capital Grants and Contributions	46,790	49,312	74,184	96,036
	651,162	385,933	191,841	148,113
·	031,102			
·	19,452,109	17,022,313	15,677,298	15,348.280
ubtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues		17,022,313	15,677,298	15,348,280
ubtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues		17,022,313	15,677,298	15,348,280
ubtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues rimary Government Charges for Services	19,452,109			
ubtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues rimary Government Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions	19,452,109 21,457,532	19,095,223	17,764,871	17,422,484
ubtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues rimary Government Charges for Services	19,452,109 21,457,532 150,574			17,422,484 430,320
ubtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues rimary Government Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions	19,452,109 21,457,532	19,095,223 166,257	17,764,871 287,639	17,422,484

¹ The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003, therefore, only eight years of government-wide financial data are presented.

² Program revenues are related to specific activities of the City. Their sources is either fees, fines, charges for services or grants restricted to a specific purpose.

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Government-wide General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years 1

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2009	Fiscal Year 2008	Fiscal Year 2007	Fiscal Year 2006	Fiscal Year 2005	Fiscal Year 2004	Fiscal Year 2003
Net (Expense), Total Primary Government (see page S-1)								
Governmental activities	\$ (7,005,068)	\$ (10,735,209)	\$ (7,875,763)	\$ (6,778,012)	\$ (6,847,847)	\$ (6,720,453)	\$ (1,876,327)	\$ (3,221,077)
Business activities	2,220,820	690,530	1,608,372	2,143,169	1,986,699	1,605,596	1,487,199	1,829,631
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	(4,784,248)	(10,044,678)	(6,267,391)	(4,634,842)	(4,861,148)	(5,114,857)	(389,128)	(1,391,446)
General revenues and other changes in net assets								
Governmental Activities:								
Taxes								
Property taxes levied for general purposes	3,960,151	3,785,398	3,720,220	3,360,813	3,188,375	3,111,124	2,986,241	3,010,361
Hotel/motel taxes	439,838	456,994	422,526	405,157	376,838	358,315	322,824	342,699
Insurance premium taxes	1,258,448	1,270,366	1,240,647	1,189,372	1,136,795	1,056,630	974,995	904,647
Franchise taxes	1,688,915	1,587,617	1,432,343	1,310,552	1,221,274	1,094,343	1,048,355	1,021,082
Other taxes	751,225	812,149	785,555	791,653	741,913	781,329	765,429	701,866
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	4,641	(17,225)	(18,855)	16,310	28,230	24,677	456,314	-
Investment earnings	4,473	12,624	69,887	148,643	192,461	166,013	178,010	118,764
Miscellaneous	56,671	38,698	49,403	79,184	84,203	106,974	95,180	101,670
Transfers from (to) business-type activities	1,369,524	2,389,521	1,111,704	2,250,677	1,859,492	1,282,596	(431,276)	(523,434)
<b>Subtotal Governmental Activities</b>	9,533,886	10,336,142	8,813,430	9,552,361	8,829,581	7,982,001	6,396,072	5,677,655
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>								
Gain (loss) on the sale of capital assets	4,708	66,753	74,269	16,118	58,641	(32,458)	61,294	20,467
Investment earnings	4,153	9,316	58,365	143,201	147,984	88,723	93,636	104,456
Miscellaneous	248,261	163,021	188,561	149,983	109,252	151,972	80,439	57,106
Transfers from (to) governmental activities	(1,369,524)	(2,389,521)	(1,111,704)	(2,250,677)	(1,859,492)	(1,282,596)	431,276	523,434
Subtotal Business-type Activities	(1,112,402)	(2,150,431)	(790,509)	(1,941,375)	(1,543,615)	(1,074,359)	666,645	705,463
Changes in Net Assets								
Governmental activities	2,528,818	(399,067)	937,667	2,774,349	1,981,734	1,261,548	4,519,745	2,456,578
Business-type activities	1,108,418	(1,459,900)	817,863	201,795	443,084	531,237	2,153,844	2,535,094
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 3,637,236	\$ (1,858,967)	\$ 1,755,530	\$ 2,976,144	\$ 2,424,818	\$ 1,792,785	\$ 6,673,589	\$ 4,991,672

¹ The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003, therefore, only eight years of government-wide financial data is presented.

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Government-wide Net Assets by Category Last Eight Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003
Governmental Activities	00110 00, 2010	<del>June 20, 200</del> 5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0 4110 0 0, 200 1	00000000
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 24,168,198	\$ 23,985,317	\$ 23,841,321	\$ 23,224,510	\$ 13,872,311	\$ 12,233,346	\$ 10,311,153	\$ 6,982,216
Restricted for:								
Capital projects	3,374,025	137,990	166,489	118,623	1,256,771	7,052	944,493	873,130
Specific projects and programs	821,383	810,377	621,297	189,574	181,426	224,223	327,988	206,850
Unrestricted	(161,226)	739,878	1,443,522	1,602,255	4,466,573	5,330,726	4,950,165	3,951,858
Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Assets	28,202,380	25,673,562	26,072,629	25,134,962	19,777,081	17,795,347	16,533,799	12,014,054
Business-type Activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	31,110,236	33,047,246	34,151,296	33,089,016	31,093,383	30,290,308	29,608,026	27,583,210
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	1,046,098	199,193	199,281	194,468	186,490	180,879	179,018	179,460
Renewal & extension	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
Unrestricted	1,966,060	(232,463)	123,299	372,529	2,174,345	2,539,947	2,692,853	2,563,383
Subtotal Business-type Activities Net assets	34,322,394	33,213,976	34,673,876	33,856,013	33,654,218	33,211,134	32,679,897	30,526,053
Primary Government								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	55,278,434	57,032,563	57,992,617	56,313,526	44,965,694	42,523,654	39,919,179	34,565,426
Restricted	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,		
Capital projects	3,374,025	137,990	166,489	118,623	1,256,771	7,052	944,493	873,130
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	1,046,098	199,193	199,281	194,468	186,490	180,879	179,018	179,460
Renewal & Extension	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
Specific projects and programs	821,383	810,377	621,297	189,574	181,426	224,223	327,988	206,850
Unrestricted	1,804,834	507,415	1,566,821	1,974,784	6,640,918	7,870,673	7,643,018	6,515,241
<b>Total Primary Government Net Assets</b>	\$ 62,524,774	\$ 58,887,538	\$ 60,746,505	\$ 58,990,975	\$ 53,431,299	\$ 51,006,481	\$ 49,213,696	\$ 42,540,107

¹The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003, therefore, only eight years of government-wide financial data is presented.

² Accounting standards require that net assets be reported in three components in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Net assets are considered restricted only when (1) an external party, such as the State of Georgia or the federal government, places a restriction on how the resources may be used, or (2) enabling legislation is enacted by the City.

### City of Statesboro, Georgia General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Source	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Taxes	\$ 5,906,521	\$ 5,712,647	\$ 6,116,076	\$ 6,213,085	\$ 6,411,028	\$ 6,622,152	\$ 7,097,096	\$ 7,596,780	\$ 7,900,077	\$ 8,024,950
Intergovernmental	471,087	2,096,201	5,874,432	5,767,305	2,722,812	3,276,532	5,124,511	4,666,388	2,723,959	6,450,717 1
Licenses and permits	572,402	507,983	493,836	478,554	536,257	855,224	783,243	772,770	703,815	865,829
Fines and forfeitures	1,328,118	1,348,668	1,261,107	1,351,768	1,367,790	1,258,238	1,610,839	1,449,617	1,766,110	1,568,641
Charges for services	441,872	431,049	563,410	523,276	604,108	589,913	629,416	1,009,406	1,055,605	1,088,090
Investment earnings	282,786	147,285	113,515	161,082	145,454	152,404	91,159	29,512	8,496	4,056
Miscellaneous	141,873	228,270	101,670	1,348,680	105,979	84,203	79,184	49,403	38,698	56,671
Total revenues	\$ 9,144,659	\$ 10,472,103	\$ 14,524,046	\$ 15,843,750	\$ 11,893,428	\$ 12,838,666	\$ 15,415,448	\$ 15,573,876	\$ 14,196,760	\$ 18,058,954
% change from prior year	-2.1%	14.5%	38.7%	9.1%	-24.9%	7.9%	20.1%	1.0%	-8.8%	27.2%

¹In fiscal years 2003, 2004, 2007, 2008, and 2010 the City drew down substantially more in sales taxes from the County than in prior years. The City may not levy a special purpose local option sales tax but receives a portion of the Bulloch County's special purpose local option sales tax.

### City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal				Insurance	Alcoholic		
Year	Property	Vehicles	Franchise	Premium	Beverage	Other ¹	Total
2001	2,754,100	270,421	1,009,559	896,916	542,208	433,317	5,906,521
2002	2,746,354	222,986	1,018,729	824,484	568,241	35,322	5,416,116
2003	2,935,273	210,509	1,021,082	904,647	594,883	106,983	5,773,377
2004	2,897,418	204,064	1,048,355	974,995	611,823	153,606	5,890,261
2005	2,920,576	199,835	1,094,343	1,056,630	629,362	151,967	6,052,713
2006	2,951,977	193,355	1,221,274	1,136,795	621,962	119,951	6,245,314
2007	3,187,407	212,955	1,310,552	1,189,372	651,652	140,001	6,691,939
2008	3,503,408	212,301	1,432,343	1,240,647	682,476	103,079	7,174,254
2009	3,581,923	191,028	1,587,617	1,270,366	683,371	128,778	7,443,083
2010	3,704,711	181,813	1,688,915	1,258,448	675,794	75,431	7,585,112
Percentage Change In Dollars Over 10 Years	24 50/	-32.8%	67.3%	40.3%	24.60/	92.60/	28.4%
10 Tears	34.5%	-32.8%	07.3%	40.5%	24.6%	-82.6%	28.4%

¹Fiscal year 2001 includes \$121,619 received from an audit of the hotel/motel taxes.

## City of Statesboro, Georgia General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Function	 2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		2008	2009	2010
1 unction	 2001	 2002	 2003	 2004	 2005	 2000	 2007		2000	 2007	 2010
Current:											
General government	\$ 1,458,500	\$ 1,386,832	\$ 1,634,159	\$ 1,603,534	\$ 1,686,164	\$ 1,789,557	\$ 2,008,167	\$	2,140,864	\$ 2,461,925	\$ 2,202,086
Municipal court	282,090	379,194	385,518	390,604	420,501	412,762	638,695		625,001	684,444	588,804
Public safety	4,116,306	4,660,326	5,197,807	5,426,428	5,983,162	6,356,845	6,783,582		7,751,876	7,973,168	8,441,641
Streets/public works	1,090,518	1,535,407	1,616,810	1,859,572	1,651,440	1,673,729	1,824,491		1,864,703	1,779,706	1,852,879
Parks and cemeteries	227,640	286,868	324,366	421,155	948,682	412,075	406,397		433,076	444,407	430,178
Engineering	329,437	374,887	439,151	522,804	576,857	671,252	640,078		669,869	721,165	797,572
Shop ¹	278,945	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Planning and zoning	98,543	121,277	129,935	117,721	122,457	115,238	210,989		233,314	290,564	319,139
Community services	297,495	203,626	129,816	104,683	123,199	215,159	681,439		198,260	436,326	185,625
Community development	 473,123	 352,910	 483,833	 392,554	 393,169	 413,832	 484,187	_	495,059	 539,549	 533,993
Total Current	 8,652,597	 9,301,327	 10,341,395	 10,839,055	11,905,631	 12,060,449	 13,678,025		14,412,022	 15,331,254	15,351,917
% Change From Prior Year	 8.9%	 7.5%	 11.2%	 4.8%	9.8%	 1.3%	 13.4%		5.4%	 6.4%	0.1%
Capital Outlay	 1,543,190	 2,364,006	 3,756,405	 3,852,211	2,118,841	 2,373,967	 8,003,416		2,429,833	 1,062,731	 1,547,723
% Change From Prior Year	 -35.5%	 53.2%	 58.9%	 2.6%	-45.0%	 12.0%	 237.1%		-69.6%	 -56.3%	45.6%
Debt Service											
Principal	463,502	34,500	37,000	39,000	41,000	119,184	170,689		254,295	347,306	304,313
Interest	 107,455	 94,097	 82,864	77,040	88,372	 66,886	 67,886		46,241	 30,966	 34,202
<b>Total Debt Service</b>	 570,957	 128,597	 119,864	116,040	129,372	 186,070	238,575		300,536	 378,272	338,515
% Change From Prior Year	 -0.6%	 -77.5%	-6.8%	 -3.2%	11.5%	43.8%	 28.2%		26.0%	 25.9%	-10.5%
Total Expenditures	\$ 10,766,744	\$ 11,793,930	\$ 14,217,664	\$ 14,807,306	\$ 14,153,844	\$ 14,620,486	\$ 21,920,016	\$	17,142,391	\$ 16,772,257	\$ 17,238,155
% Change From Prior Year	 -1.4%	9.5%	20.6%	4.1%	-4.4%	3.3%	49.9%		-21.8%	-2.2%	2.8%
Debt Service as a Percentage of Total Noncapital Expenditures	6.2%	1.4%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	1.5%	1.7%		2.0%	2.4%	2.2%

¹ In fiscal year 2002, the shop function was transferred into the fleet management internal service fund.

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 9,144,659	\$ 10,472,103	\$ 14,524,046	\$ 15,843,750	\$ 11,893,428	\$ 12,838,666	\$ 15,415,448	\$ 15,573,876	\$ 14,196,760	\$ 18,058,954
Total Expenditures	10,766,744	11,793,930	14,217,664	14,807,306	14,153,844	14,620,486	21,920,016	17,142,391	16,772,257	17,238,155
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,622,085)	(1,321,827)	306,382	1,036,444	(2,260,416)	(1,781,820)	(6,504,568)	(1,568,515)	(2,575,497)	820,799
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,018,480	1,658,196	(564,564)	37,662	1,521,349	1,910,887	2,414,000	2,551,471	2,290,973	1,404,892
Net Change in Fund Balances	396,395	336,369	(258,182)	1,074,106	(739,067)	129,067	(4,090,568)	982,956	(284,524)	2,225,691

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Governmental Fund - Fund Balances Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 190,475	\$ 209,413	\$ 244,757	\$ 199,020	\$ 169,631	\$ 170,717	\$ 174,009	\$ 197,547
Unreserved	4,265,343	3,778,493	3,726,401	4,589,068	4,732,116	3,823,745	2,595,299	1,478,379	947,789	(98,438)
Subtotal General Fund	4,265,343	3,778,493	3,916,876	4,798,481	4,976,873	4,022,765	2,764,930	1,649,096	1,121,798	99,109
General Fund Percentage Change	-6.6%	-11.4%	3.7%	22.5%	3.7%	-19.2%	-31.3%	-40.4%	-32.0%	-91.2%
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,522	11,045	17,613
Unreserved								,	,	,
Special Revenue Funds ¹	-	371,376	206,850	327,988	224,223	181,426	189,574	608,775	799,332	803,770
Capital Projects Fund	698,700	1,150,543	873,130	944,493	130,799	1,256,771	(1,584,110)	82,957	136,651	3,374,025
Subtotal All Other										
<b>Governmental Funds</b>	698,700	1,521,919	1,079,980	1,272,481	355,022	1,438,197	(1,394,536)	704,254	947,028	4,195,408
	<u> </u>									
<b>Total Governmental Funds</b>										
Reserved	-	-	190,475	209,413	244,757	199,020	169,631	183,239	185,054	215,160
Unreserved	4,964,043	5,300,412	4,806,381	5,861,549	5,087,138	5,261,942	1,200,763	2,170,111	1,883,772	4,079,357
<b>Total Governmental Funds</b>	\$ 4,964,043	\$ 5,300,412	\$ 4,996,856	\$ 6,070,962	\$ 5,331,895	\$ 5,460,962	\$ 1,370,394	\$ 2,353,350	\$ 2,068,826	\$ 4,294,517
All Governmental Funds										
Percentage Change	8.7%	6.8%	-5.7%	21.5%	-12.2%	2.4%	-74.9%	71.7%	-12.1%	107.6%

¹In fiscal year 2002, six special revenue funds were established to meet the requirements of the State of Georgia's mandatory chart of accounts.

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Amo	ounts						
					Conservation		Motor Vehicles		Less:	Total Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated	Annual
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Agricultural	Use	Utility	and Mobile	Other	Tax Exempt	Assessed	Tax	Actual	Percentage
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Homes	Property	Property	Value ¹	Rate ²	Value	Change
2001	113,435,172	160,103,415	12,607,760	1,721,120	367,320	10,387,350	25,934,525	194,920	435,648	324,315,934	9.200	811,878,955	6.3%
2002	133,801,032	206,049,148	9,359,213	1,244,400	1,314,600	13,981,230	28,398,320	216,768	5,733,874	388,630,837	7.750	985,911,778	21.4%
2003	133,668,976	213,243,900	7,767,909	1,286,680	1,503,720	13,981,230	28,202,404	213,320	4,504,381	395,363,758	7.750	999,670,348	1.4%
2004	133,647,220	234,104,327	6,920,280	1,531,200	1,372,640	14,680,200	28,402,633	213,320	5,096,105	415,775,715	7.741	1,052,179,550	5.3%
2005	150,273,037	272,246,100	6,758,133	1,169,760	1,510,880	18,524,000	27,819,183	151,488	5,205,094	473,247,487	6.921	1,196,131,453	13.7%
2006	152,086,310	274,694,201	5,908,250	1,142,680	1,424,200	18,524,040	28,606,845	139,084	8,985,597	473,540,013	6.921	1,206,314,025	0.9%
2007	157,668,335	291,603,982	5,795,995	1,302,000	1,346,440	16,218,390	27,556,331	266,774	3,931,944	497,826,303	6.921	1,254,395,618	4.0%
2008	192,623,437	349,207,061	5,998,633	879,840	1,688,920	15,879,960	29,724,461	120,480	8,794,116	587,328,676	6.358	1,490,306,980	18.8%
2009	198,301,459	364,606,300	9,438,297	788,800	527,600	15,171,200	32,148,066	139,999	7,730,648	613,391,073	6.358	1,552,804,303	4.2%
2010	200,928,770	371,633,720	11,259,654	746,640	527,600	15,104,470	32,646,286	64,840	4,214,899	628,697,081	6.358	1,582,279,950	1.9%
						Perce	ntages						
2001	34.9%	49.3%	3.9%	0.5%	0.1%	3.2%	8.0%	0.1%	0.1%	99.9%			
2002	33.9%	52.2%	2.4%	0.3%	0.3%	3.5%	7.2%	0.1%	1.5%	98.5%			
2003	33.4%	53.3%	1.9%	0.3%	0.4%	3.5%	7.1%	0.1%	1.1%	98.9%			
2004	31.8%	55.6%	1.6%	0.4%	0.3%	3.5%	6.7%	0.1%	1.2%	98.8%			
2005	31.4%	56.9%	1.4%	0.2%	0.3%	3.9%	5.8%	0.0%	1.1%	98.9%			
2006	31.5%	56.9%	1.2%	0.2%	0.3%	3.8%	5.9%	0.0%	1.9%	98.1%			
2007	31.4%	58.1%	1.2%	0.3%	0.3%	3.2%	5.5%	0.1%	0.8%	99.2%			
2008	32.3%	58.6%	1.0%	0.1%	0.3%	2.7%	5.0%	0.0%	1.5%	98.5%			
2009	31.9%	58.7%	1.5%	0.1%	0.1%	2.4%	5.2%	0.0%	1.3%	98.7%			
2010	31.7%	58.7%	1.8%	0.1%	0.1%	2.4%	5.2%	0.0%	0.7%	99.3%			

### Source:

Georgia Department of Revenue, Tax Digest Consolidation Summary

¹ All property is assessed at 40% of fair market value.

² Tax rates expressed in rate per \$1,000

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed taxable value)

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Bulloch County	Bulloch County Schools	State of Georgia ²	Total Overlapping	Total Overlapping and Direct
2001	9.200	9.740	9.400	0.250	19.390	28.590
2002	7.750	8.880	8.570	0.250	17.700	25.450
2003	7.750	9.360	8.570	0.250	18.180	25.930
2004	7.741	9.350	8.560	0.250	18.160	25.901
2005	6.921	8.630	9.450	0.250	18.330	25.251
2006	6.921	8.630	9.450	0.250	18.330	25.251
2007	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498
2008	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498
2009	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498
2010	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498

### **Source:**

Georgia Department of Revenue, Property Tax Division

¹ Overlapping rates are those of Bulloch County governments and the State of Georgia that apply to property owners within the City of Statesboro.

² The State of Georgia levies one quarter of one mill on each county's taxable property to help finance their certification of each Georgia county's tax digests.

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected '	Within the				To	otal
	<b>Taxes Levied</b>	Fiscal Year	of the Levy	Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date	Uncollec	ted Taxes
Fiscal	for the		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage		Percentage
Year	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy	Amount	of Levy
2001	2,669,086	2,573,236	96.41%	95,850	2,669,086	100.00%	-	0.00%
2002	2,726,869	2,538,584	93.10%	188,285	2,726,869	100.00%	-	0.00%
2003	2,704,985	2,628,696	97.18%	76,276	2,704,714	99.99%	13	0.00%
2004	2,850,782	2,839,309	99.60%	11,431	2,850,281	99.98%	42	0.00%
2005	2,902,999	2,894,631	99.71%	8,046	2,902,285	99.98%	322	0.01%
2006	2,955,195	2,893,494	97.91%	61,666	2,953,206	99.93%	35	0.00%
2007	3,117,016	3,105,291	99.62%	11,725	3,084,378	98.95%	-	0.00%
2008	3,367,186	3,334,179	99.02%	33,007	3,365,914	99.96%	-	0.00%
2009	3,578,352	3,549,025	99.18%	23,546	3,572,571	99.84%	5,781	0.16%
2010	3,710,229	3,605,588	97.18%	-	3,605,588	97.18%	104,641	2.82%

Source:

City of Statesboro Tax Office

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Principal Property Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 and Nine Years Ago

	201	0		2	001
Principal Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Principal Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Statesboro HMA, Inc.	\$ 17,188,160	2.73%	Statesboro HMA, Inc.	\$ 8,350,000	2.57%
Executive Assistant of Finance	10,748,201	1.71%	Frontier Communications of GA	5,372,065	1.66%
Campus Club Associates LLC	10,550,280	1.68%	Georgia Power Co.	4,634,390	1.43%
Frontier Communications of GA	8,975,320	1.43%	Howard Claude Lumber Co.	3,956,069	1.22%
Fairfield Statesboro Exchange	7,694,560	1.22%	JBPC South Inc.	3,638,440	1.12%
Lanier, Inman Jr	6,311,441	1.00%	Statesboro Mall LLC	3,195,640	0.99%
Lanier, Inman	6,265,560	1.00%	Wal-Mart Stores East Inc.	2,957,019	0.91%
Health Management	5,541,190	0.88%	Southern Place LLC	2,914,400	0.90%
Georgia Power Co.	5,503,850	0.88%	Wal-Mart Real Estate	2,881,360	0.89%
The Garden District	5,366,879	0.85%	Green, John R	2,808,400	0.87%
Total Principal Taxpayers	84,145,441	13.38%	Total Principal Taxpayers	40,707,783	12.55%
All Other Taxpayers	544,551,640	86.62%	All Other Taxpayers	283,608,151	87.45%
Total	\$ 628,697,081	100.00%	Total	\$ 324,315,934	100.00%

### Source:

City of Statesboro Tax Office

### City of Statesboro, Georgia Overlapping Sales Tax Rates ¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	State of		<b>Bulloch County</b>	·	Total
_Year_	Georgia	LOST	SPLOST ²	E-SPLOST ³	Overlapping Rate
2001	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	=	6.00%
2002	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	-	6.00%
2003	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	-	6.00%
2004	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2005	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2006	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2007	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2008	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2009	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2010	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%

### **Source:**

Georgia Department of Revenue, Sales and Use Tax Division

¹State law does not authorize the City to directly levy a sales tax, however, the City has an agreement with Bulloch County that they will receive amounts from both the 2002 and 2007 special purpose local option sales taxes.

² The current special purpose local option sales tax was approved effective October 1, 2007 and expires September 30, 2013.

³Effective January 1, 2004 the Bulloch County Board of Education began levying a 1% special purpose local option sales tax.

### If a Customer Has Both Water and Sewer Services, the Rates Are:

			Water		
			Rate per		Rate per
Fiscal	Inside	Rate per	10,000-19,000	20,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Year	Base Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	Gallons	and up
2001	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2002	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2003	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2004	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2005	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2006	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2007	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2008	4.60	1.94	2.04	2.04	2.14
2009	4.60	1.94	2.04	2.04	2.14
2010	6.00	2.15	2.25	2.50	3.00

	Outside	<b>-</b> .	Rate per	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Rate per
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-19,000	20,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	Gallons	and up
2001	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2002	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2003	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2004	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2005	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2006	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2007	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2008	9.20	3.88	4.08	4.08	4.28
2009	9.20	3.88	4.08	4.08	4.28
2010	12.00	4.30	4.50	5.00	6.00

	Sewer					
	Inside		Rate per	Rate per		
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons		
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up		
2001	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2002	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2003	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2004	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2005	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2006	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2007	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2008	4.60	2.35	2.45	2.55		
2009	4.60	2.35	2.45	2.55		
2010	6.00	2.60	2.70	2.80		

Fiscal Year	Outside Base Rate	Rate per 0-9000 Gallons	Rate per 10,000-49,000 Gallons	Rate per 50,000 Gallons and up
2001	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2002	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2003	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2004	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2005	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2006	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2007	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2008	9.20	4.70	4.90	5.10
2009	9.20	4.70	4.90	5.10
2010	12.00	5.20	5.40	5.60

### Note:

Rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

(continued)

(continued)

If a Customer Has Water Service Only, The Rates Are:

			Water		
			Rate per	Rate per	Rate per
Fiscal	Inside	Rate per	10,000-49,000	20,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Year	Base Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up	and up
2001	9.00	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2002	9.00	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2003	9.00	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2004	9.00	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2005	9.00	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2006	9.00	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2007	9.00	1.90	2.00	2.00	2.10
2008	9.20	1.94	2.04	2.04	2.14
2009	9.20	1.94	2.04	2.04	2.14
2010	12.00	2.15	2.25	2.50	3.00

	Outside		Rate per	Rate per	Rate per
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	20,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	Gallons	and up
2001	18.00	5.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2002	18.00	5.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2003	18.00	5.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2004	18.00	5.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2005	18.00	5.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2006	18.00	5.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2007	18.00	5.80	4.00	4.00	4.20
2008	18.40	3.88	4.08	4.08	4.28
2009	18.40	3.88	4.08	4.08	4.28
2010	24.00	4.30	4.50	5.00	6.00

If a Customer Has Sewer Service Only, The Rates Are:

			Sewer	
Fiscal Year	Inside Base Rate	Rate per 0-9000 Gallons	Rate per 10,000-49,000 Gallons	Rate per 50,000 Gallons and up
2001	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50
2002	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50
2003	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50
2004	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50
2005	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50
2006	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50
2007	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50
2008	9.20	2.35	2.45	2.55
2009	9.20	2.35	2.45	2.55
2010	12.00	2.60	2.70	2.80

	Outside		Rate per	Rate per
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up
2001	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2002	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2003	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2004	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2005	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2006	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2007	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00
2008	18.40	4.70	4.90	5.10
2009	18.40	4.70	4.90	5.10
2010	24.00	5.20	5.40	5.60

#### Note:

Rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Water Sold by Type of Customer Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in millions of gallons)

	Fiscal Year 2001		Fiscal Year 2002		Fiscal Year 2003		Fiscal Y 2004		Fiscal Y 2005	
Type of Customer	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%
Residential	548.8	46%	529.5	45%	525.8	52%	550	59%	550.1	58%
Industrial	112.9	9%	104.8	9%	103.7	10%	75.5	8%	69.9	7%
Commercial	362.3	30%	264.7	23%	247.3	25%	283.5	30%	302.7	32%
Government	171.1	14%	275.7	23%	132.3	13%	29.9	3%	25.4	3%
Total	1,195.1	100%	1,174.7	100%	1,009.1	100%	938.9	100%	948.1	100%

	Fiscal Year 2006		Fiscal Year 2007		Fiscal Year 2008		Fiscal Y 2009		Fiscal Y 2010	
<b>Type of Customer</b>	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%
Residential	572.9	57%	614.3	59%	544.9	57%	616.8	56%	574.5	56%
Industrial	79.0	8%	74.9	7%	104.8	11%	75.0	7%	75.5	7%
Commercial	313.3	31%	314.2	30%	259.9	27%	339.0	31%	248.6	24%
Government	33.2	3%	37.3	4%	48.8	5%	69.3	6%	118.5	12%
Total	998.4	100%	1,040.7	100%	958.4	100%	1,100.1	100%	1,017.1	100%

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Ratios of Total Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental-		Bus	siness-type Activi					
Fiscal Year	Activities Capital Leases ¹	Water Bonds	Gas Notes	Water Notes	Capital Leases	Total	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2001	1,379,500	4,230,000	603,102	8,056,166	-	12,889,268	14,268,768	3.3%	620
2002	1,345,000	3,745,000	1,046,609	9,292,632	-	14,084,241	15,429,241	3.5%	663
2003	1,425,486	3,240,000	968,191	9,168,621	-	13,376,812	14,802,298	2.9%	623
2004	1,327,743	2,710,000	885,669	8,768,347	-	12,364,016	13,691,759	2.7%	556
2005	1,424,929	2,160,000	796,956	8,347,022	-	11,303,978	12,728,907	2.3%	491
2006	1,305,245	1,585,000	707,049	7,923,878	-	10,215,927	11,521,172	2.4%	434
2007	1,281,569	985,000	610,544	8,117,958	-	9,713,502	10,995,071	2.5%	424
2008	2,038,765	740,000	501,922	8,717,620	-	9,959,542	11,998,307	2.8%	451
2009	1,734,864	485,000	394,398	9,801,212	365,872	11,046,482	12,781,346	3.9%	508
2010	1,764,662	15,040,000	334,949	3,414,117	285,697	19,074,763	20,839,425	6.0%	775

#### **Notes:**

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

¹ In fiscal year 1997, the City entered into a lease agreement with the Downtown Statesboro Development Authority in the amount of \$1.5 million to provide for the acquisition, renovation and equipping the old Jaeckel Hotel for the purposes of converting this building to city hall.

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts presented in \$1,000)

	2001	 2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	_	2009	2010
Assessed Value	\$ 324,316	\$ 388,631	\$ 395,364	\$ 415,776	\$ 473,248	\$ 473,540	\$ 497,826	\$ 587,329	\$	613,391	\$ 628,697
Legal Debt Margin											
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	\$ 32,432	\$ 38,863	\$ 39,536	\$ 41,578	\$ 47,325	\$ 47,354	\$ 49,783	\$ 58,733	\$	61,339	\$ 62,870
Debt applicable to limit:  General obligation bonds  Less: Amount reserved for repayment of general	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
obligation debt	 	 -	 	 	 -	-		 			 -
Total debt applicable to limit	-	-	-	-	 -	 -	-	-		-	-
Legal debt margin	\$ 32,432	\$ 38,863	\$ 39,536	\$ 41,578	\$ 47,325	\$ 47,354	\$ 49,783	\$ 58,733	\$	61,339	\$ 62,870
As a percentage of debt limit	100.00%	100.00%	 100.00%	100.00%	 100.00%	 100.00%	 100.00%	100.00%	_	100.00%	 100.00%

#### Note:

Under Article 9, Section 5, Paragraph 1 of the State of Georgia Constitution, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of the assessed valuation of taxable property within the City.

## City of Statesboro, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2010

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ¹	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid With Property Taxes			
Bulloch County Board of Education ¹	\$ 9,320,000	100.0%	\$ 9,320,000
City Direct Debt			
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 9,320,000	100.0%	\$ 9,320,000

#### Source:

#### **Notes:**

¹ Bulloch County Board of Education

² Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City.

³ For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another government unit's assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total assessed value.

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

## Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	Operating	Less: Operating	Net Available		Debt Service		Times
Year	Revenue	Expenses ¹	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage ²
2001	5,983,717	2,620,094	3,363,623	465,000	218,253	683,253	4.92
2002	5,808,386	3,006,314	2,802,072	485,000	198,723	683,723	4.10
2003	6,010,061	3,291,720	2,718,341	505,000	177,868	682,868	3.98
2004	5,889,145	3,173,812	2,715,333	530,000	155,648	685,648	3.96
2005	6,208,677	3,398,860	2,809,817	550,000	125,563	675,563	4.16
2006	6,976,498	3,714,257	3,262,241	575,000	99,669	674,669	4.84
2007	6,782,632	4,047,644	2,734,988	600,000	71,910	671,910	4.07
2008	7,369,203	4,281,629	3,087,574	245,000	47,022	292,022	10.57
2009	6,911,791	4,323,869	2,587,922	255,000	31,512	286,512	9.03
2010	8,242,802	4,620,860	3,621,942	270,000	25,085	295,085	12.27

#### **Notes:**

¹ Operating expenses do not include depreciation or interest.

² The net revenues of the system must equal at least 1.20 times the highest annual debt service on bonds outstanding.

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Principal Employers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 and Nine Years Ago

	2	010		200	1
<u>Employer</u>	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Georgia Southern University	1,934	16.76%	Georgia Southern University	1,700	17.77%
Bulloch County Board of Education	1,401	12.14%	Bulloch County Board of Education	1,373	14.35%
East Georgia Regional Medical Center	725	6.28%	East Georgia Regional Medical Center	610	6.38%
Wal-Mart Supercenter	550	4.77%	Wal-Mart Supercenter	410	4.29%
Bulloch County Board of Commissioners	354	3.07%	Bulloch County Board of Commissioners	355	3.71%
City of Statesboro	275	2.38%	City of Statesboro	259	2.71%
Lowe's Home Center	145	1.26%	The Sack Company	237	2.48%
Braswells	100	0.87%	Statesboro Herald	125	1.31%
Belk	105	0.91%	Lowe's Home Center	136	1.42%
Statesboro Herald	81	0.70%	Robbins Packinghouse Company	105	1.10%
<b>Total Principal Employers</b>	5,670	49.14%	<b>Total Principal Employers</b>	5,310	55.50%
Other Employers	5,869	50.86%	Other Employers	4,258	44.50%
Total All Employers	11,539	100.00%	Total All Employers	9,568	100.00%

#### Source:

City Economic Development Division Statesboro-Bulloch Chamber of Commerce East Georgia Medical Center Human Resource Department Wal-Mart Super Center People Department

# City of Statesboro, Georgia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Estimated Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2001	23,018	433,636,102	18,839	26	8,354	3.5%
2002	23,269	438,364,691	18,839	26	8,498	3.2%
2003	23,744	514,603,712	21,673	26	9,429	2.9%
2004	24,604	501,946,204	20,401	26	9,707	2.9%
2005	25,915	561,785,370	21,678	26	9,826	4.5%
2006	26,534	486,102,880	18,320	26	9,044	3.5%
2007	25,953	444,055,830	17,110	26	8,480	4.2%
2008	26,624	425,478,144	15,981	27	9,380	6.7%
2009	25,165	327,572,805	13,017	22	9,476	9.1%
2010	26,874	349,818,858	13,017	22	9,530	10.4%

#### **Sources:**

Georgia County Guide published by the University of Georgia U.S. Census Bureau American Factfinder Georgia Department of Education Department of Labor

# City of Statesboro, Georgia City Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Function/program										
City Manager's Office	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	3	3
City Clerk's Office	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	10	10
Finance	6	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6
Information Technology	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
Human Resources	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Municipal Court	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2
Engineering	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	6	7
Protective Inspections	3	3	4	4	4	4	2	2	4	4
Governmental Buildings	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
Police	74	74	74	70	70	75	75	76	77	76
Animal Control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	2
Fire Department	31	31	32	32	32	33	33	33	33	33
Public Works Administration	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Streets	24	24	24	24	24	23	22	23	22	22
Parks	7	7	7	8	8	9	9	9	9	9
Planning/Community Developmen	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Water and Sewer	19	18	18	20	20	18	18	19	23	23.5
Wastewater Treatment Plant	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Natural Gas	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8.5
Solid Waste Collection	19	19	19	19	19	16	16	16	16	16
Solid Waste Disposal	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Fleet Management	8	8	8	8	8	6	6	6	6	6
Infiltration and Inflow	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	259	261	263	260	260	258	260	262	274	275

# **Source:**

City of Statesboro's Finance department

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Function/program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	34	34	34	40	42	43	43	49	49	43
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Refuse collection										
Collection trucks	5	5	5	5	4	7	7	7	7	9
Streets and highways										
Streets (miles)	104	104	105	105	105	117	117	119	119	119
Traffic signals	8	8	9	11	11	11	12	13	15	15
Parks and recreation										
Acreage	52	52	52	52	52	52	55	83	83	83
Water										
Water mains (miles)	153	157	160	161	194	198	207	212	216	219.5
Fire hydrants	971	1,003	1,037	1,106	1,175	1,244	1,313	1,382	1,451	1,487
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	128	134	140	141	168	171	174	177	181	184
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	7,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Storm sewers (miles)	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5

## Source:

Various City Departments

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Operating Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Function/program			<u> </u>	· <u></u>						
Police										
Physical arrests	1,620	1,806	1,782	2,100	1,740	1,863	1,794	1,736	2,185	2,105
Traffic violations	10,224	10,100	8,451	8,138	7,691	7,781	10,823	10,032	9,442	10,299
Fire										
Emergency responses	772	844	890	894	855	930	927	743	1,106	637
Fires extinguished	122	162	102	138	214	124	226	157	200	257
Inspections	1,411	1,739	687	254	151	639	1,353	1,289	1,973	1,343
Refuse collection										
Refuse collected (tons per month)	1,545.2	1,574.2	1,641.3	1,716.7	1,770.4	1,771.9	1,821.8	1,981.0	1,426.0	1,496.0
Streets and highways										
Resurfacing (miles)	1.50	3.70	3.62	3.35	12.50	0	7.5	1.43	2.75	0.603
Water										
New connections	194	217	156	90	156	275	562	187	188	367
Water mains breaks	27	23	11	28	27	13	18	8	7	19
Average daily consumption	2,924	2,971	2,724	2,978	2,887	3,091	3,190	3,239	3,130	2,787
(thousands of gallons)										
Peak daily consumption	5,476	4,293	3,781	4,989	4,989	4,306	4,220	4,630	5,179	4,422
(thousands of gallons)										
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	2,692	3,217	4,507	3,718	3,814	3,721	3,615	3,444	3,106	4,000

## **Sources:**

Various City departments

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GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Statesboro, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Statesboro, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City of Statesboro's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Statesboro's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Statesboro's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Statesboro's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. These are listed as findings 2010-1 through 2010-5. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Statesboro, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City of Statesboro, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described above. We did not audit the City of Statesboro's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

January 25, 2011

Thiggen, Lamer, Westerfield + Deal

# CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Contract Number	Federal Expenditures	
Department of Justice:				
Direct Program for Edward Byrne Memorial Justice				
Assistance Grant Program	16.738		\$ 40,844	
Pass-through program from Criminal Justice Coordinating Council	10.736		J 40,044	
for Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	B08-8-059	4,500	
for Daward Dyrne Proporties subtree Presistance Grant Program	10.750	D00-0-037	45,344	
Direct Programs:			43,544	
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant				
Program/Grants to Units of Local Government	16.804		188,551	
Public Safety Partnerships and Community Policing Grants	16.710		55,024	
Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement			,	
Assistance Discretionary Grants Program	16.580		8,316	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		5,205	
Pass-through programs from Criminal Justice Coordinating			•	
Council for ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance				
Assistance Grant Program/Grants to States and Territories	16.803	B-82-8-181	9,197	
Total Department of Justice			311,637	
Department of Homeland Security:				
Direct Program - Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044		256,000	
Pass-through programs from Georgia Emergency Management			,	
Agency - Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		49,027	
Total Department of Homeland Security			305,027	
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 616,664	

#### CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal grant activity of City of Statesboro for the year ended June 30, 2010. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of City of Statesboro, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of City of Statesboro.

#### NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### **NOTE C – SUBRECIPIENTS**

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, City of Statesboro provided federal awards to subrecipients in the amount \$94,275 for the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program to Units of Local Governments, CFDA number 16.804.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the City Council City of Statesboro, Georgia

#### Compliance

We have audited the City of Statesboro, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Statesboro, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. City of Statesboro, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of City of Statesboro, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on City of Statesboro, Georgia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Statesboro, Georgia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Statesboro, Georgia's compliance with those requirements.

As described in item 2010-8 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, City of Statesboro, Georgia, did not comply with requirements regarding reporting that are applicable to its Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program to Units of Local Governments. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for City of Statesboro, Georgia, to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, City of Statesboro, Georgia, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of City of Statesboro, Georgia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Statesboro, Georgia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Statesboro, Georgia's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2010-6 and 2010-9 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2010-7 and 2010-10 to be significant deficiencies.

City of Statesboro, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit City of Statesboro, Georgia's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

January 25, 2011

Thiggen, Lanier, Westerfield + Deal

# CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1 The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of City of Statesboro, Georgia.
- 2 Five significant deficiencies disclosed during the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The significant deficiencies were not considered to be material weaknesses.
- 3 No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of City of Statesboro, Georgia were disclosed during the audit.
- 4 Two significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs were reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133. One deficiency was reported as a material weakness.
- 5 The auditor's report on compliance for the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program to Units of Local Governments expresses a qualified opinion; the report on the remaining program is unqualified.
- 6 Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 are reported in this schedule.
- 7 The programs tested as major programs included: Assistance to Firefighters, CFDA number 97.044 and Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program/Grants to Units of Local Government, CFDA number 16.804.
- 8 The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9 City of Statesboro, Georgia did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

#### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

# 2010-1 Lack of proper documentation authorizing pay rate changes and promotions

During our audit, we reviewed Compensation and/or Title Change Forms for proper approval for various pay rate increases during the year. Numerous exceptions were noted where authorizations to increase pay rates were not signed by the employee and/or City Manager, or were not supported by written Resolution of the Mayor and City Council where applicable as indicated in the City's personnel policy. The procedures detailed in the personnel policy should be followed in order to maintain the integrity of the City's compensation plan. We also noted inadequate record keeping for maintaining support for pay rate changes since several final compensation and/or title change forms could not be located.

City response: We concur with this finding and we have implemented procedures to obtain and document proper approval for pay rate changes as required by our personnel policy.

# 2010-2 Incorrect accrual of year-end unbilled accounts receivable

We noted that the year-end accrual for unbilled accounts receivable was overstated by approximately \$934,000 because of meter reading errors and accrual calculation errors. The year-end accrual for unbilled accounts receivable should be reviewed for reasonableness and accuracy before completing the year-end financial statements.

City response: We concur with this finding and we will implement procedures for the finance department to review year end accruals for accuracy and reasonableness before submitting the annual financial statements to the City's auditors.

#### 2010-3 Accumulated deficit within internal service fund

We noted that an accumulated deficit of approximately \$600,000 within the benefits insurance fund was not properly allocated to the City's other funds at year end. As part of the year-end closing procedures, the finance department should review internal service funds for any accumulated deficits that should be allocated to the City's others funds.

City response: We concur with this finding and we will implement year-end closing procedures to review the internal control service funds for accumulated deficits.

#### 2010-4 Timely bank reconciliations

Bank reconciliations for the City's sweep account are not being completed on a timely basis. Not reconciling the sweep account on a timely basis means that errors or other problems might not be recognized and resolved on a timely basis.

City response: We concur with this finding and we will implement procedures for the reconciling of the sweep account on a more timely basis.

#### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

# 2010-5 Develop a year-end closing schedule

Trial balances for some funds were not provided to the auditors until the end of November, 2010 for this year's audit causing difficulty in meeting reporting deadlines. We believe that the year-end closing could proceed in a more timely and efficient manner by developing a closing schedule that indicates who will perform each procedure and when the completion of each procedure is due and accomplished. The timing of specific procedures could be coordinated with the timing of management's or the auditor's need for the information, and the due dates should be monitored to determine that they are being met. Also, any entries required after the year-end close for the previous fiscal year should be communicated to the auditor.

City response: We concur with this finding and we will implement procedures to establish a year-end closing schedule to improve efficiency and timeliness in the closing process.

#### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

**2010-6** Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program/Grants to Units of Local Government – CFDA No. 16.804; Grant No. 2009-SB-B9-1532

## SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

<u>Condition</u>: During our audit we noted that reports required for federal awards are not consistently reconciled with the financial records of the City.

<u>Criteria</u>: Reports required for federal awards must agree to the supporting documentation found in the City's accounting records.

<u>Effect</u>: Failure to comply with all reporting requirements stipulated in a federal award's terms and conditions is considered a violation of the award's agreement, and the awarding agency could possibly take remedial action to ensure compliance.

<u>Auditor's Recommendation</u>: We recommend that reconciliation and oversight for reporting of federal awards be centralized with an individual who has knowledge of the City's financial records and of the reporting requirements of federal awards. This reconciliation process should ensure that all transactions that are required to be included in the reports for federal awards are included.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u>: We concur with this finding and will designate a member of the finance department staff to be responsible for the oversight of proper reporting for federal awards.

#### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

2010-7 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program/Grants to Units of Local Government – CFDA No. 16.804; Grant No. 2009-SB-B9-1532

#### SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

<u>Condition</u>: The City's policies and procedures for control over property and equipment do not ensure compliance with federal regulations.

<u>Criteria</u>: For equipment that is acquired through the use of federal funds, the City is required to maintain records with a level of detail that includes serial numbers, the source of the property, the percentage of federal participation in the cost of the property, the location, the use and condition of the property, as well as ultimate disposition data. The City is also required to take a physical inventory of property and equipment at least every two years.

<u>Effect</u>: Failure to comply with these regulations increases the risk of misappropriation of property and equipment and could possibly cause noncompliance with federal award agreements.

<u>Auditor's Recommendation</u>: We recommend that one individual be designated as responsible for the property and equipment records of the City. That individual should maintain the records in a centralized location with an appropriate level of detail. We also recommend that a policy be set in place to require that all dispositions be approved by that designated individual to ensure that any dispositions of property and equipment purchased with federal funds are handled in accordance with federal regulations.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u>: We concur with this finding and we will designate a member of the City's staff to be responsible for the City's property and equipment records and policies that will include a physical inventory. This individual will be required to become knowledgeable of federal laws pertaining to property and equipment purchased with federal funds.

2010-8 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program/Grants to Units of Local Government – CFDA No. 16.804; Grant No. 2009-SB-B9-1532

<u>Condition</u>: During our audit we noted that the detailed information for a van purchased for \$41,698 was not reported as required by section 1512 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

<u>Criteria</u>: Section 1512 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 requires that the identity of the vendor, the amount of the payment, and a description of what was obtained in exchange for the payment be reported for all payments greater than \$25,000.

<u>Effect</u>: Failure to comply with all reporting requirements stipulated in a federal award's terms and conditions is considered a violation of the award's agreement, and the awarding agency could possibly take remedial action to ensure compliance.

# FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

<u>Auditor's Recommendation</u>: This instance of noncompliance is a result of finding 2010-6. Therefore, the same recommendation applies.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u>: We concur with this finding. As this finding is a result of finding 2010-6, the same corrective action applies.

#### DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

2010-9 Assistance to Firefighters Grant – CFDA No. 97.044; Grant No. EMW-2008-FR-00281 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY – MATERIAL WEAKNESS

The significant deficiency at finding 2010-6 also applies to this grant.

2010-10 Assistance to Firefighters Grant – CFDA No. 97.044; Grant No. EMW-2008-FR-00281 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

The significant deficiency at finding 2010-7 also applies to this grant.



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