



CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR
ENDING
JUNE 30, 2008

City of Statesboro, Georgia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 Prepared by the Finance Department of the City of Statesboro



The City of Statesboro has a growing economy influenced by a strong industrial base, a growing regional university and a regional medical center. While single-family housing and multi-family housing continue to grow, the commercial/retail segment of the City is experiencing rapid expansion. Pictured above at the City of Statesboro welcome sign are Mayor Bill Hatcher, Council Member Will Britt, Director of Administration and Finance Judy McCorkle, Council Member Tommy Blitch, Mayor Pro Tem Joe Brannen, Council Member Gary Lewis, City Manager George Wood and Council Member John Morris.

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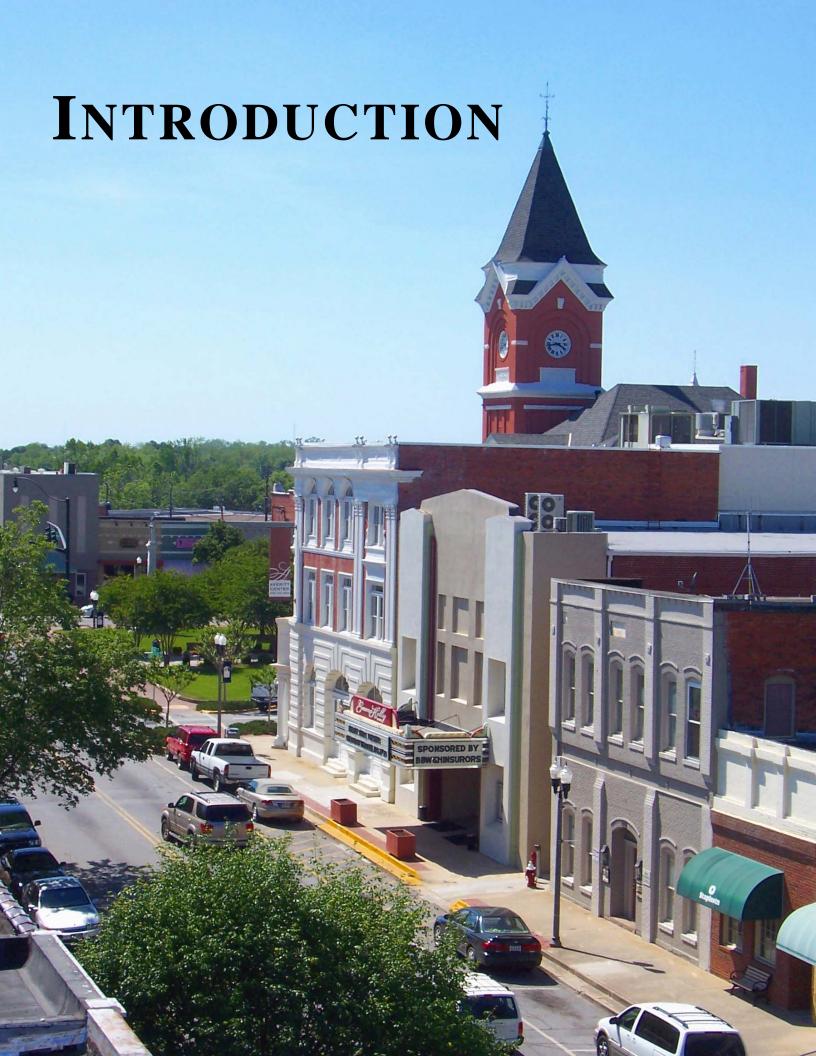
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CITY OF STATESBORO

COUNCIL
Thomas N. Blitch
Joe R. Brannen
William P. Britt
Travis L. Chance
Gary L. Lewis



William S. Hatcher II, Mayor R. Shane Haynes, City Manager Sue Starling, City Clerk Sam Brannen, City Attorney

50 East Main Street • P. O. Box 348 Statesboro, Georgia 30459-0348

January 26, 2009

To The Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Citizens of the City of Statesboro:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Statesboro, Georgia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 is submitted herewith. This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department. Responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the report rests with the City's management. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; that the statements and underlying financial data have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

City management's narrative on the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, is included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of this report, immediately following the independent auditor's report. The letter of transmittal is written to compliment the MD&A and the financial statements, and should be read from that perspective and in conjunction with all other CAFR sections.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of Statesboro was created by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia on December 19, 1803. The City operates under the Council/Manager form of government, providing the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets and drainage, community development, community services and general administrative services. The City also operates two public utilities (a water and sewer system and a natural gas distribution system) and provides sanitation collection and disposal services. The City and Bulloch County now jointly operate a transfer station for transport of solid waste and an inert landfill.

The City reports a 2007 estimated population of, 25,953, which is based upon a special census conducted by the Department of Planning at the Georgia Institute of Technology, under contract to the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center. This is less than 1% of the total State of Georgia population. 33.5% of the Bulloch County population lives below the federal poverty level as compared to 14.3% in the State of Georgia. However,

this number is impacted by the fact that 17,764 university students, when filling out census forms, do not have significant earned income. Georgia Southern University's Bureau of Business Research and Economic Development in a recent study confirmed that the non-student population has a much higher per capita income than the census for this reason; and, the university student population has a considerable amount of disposable income, though little earned income, as they are predominantly supported financially by parents.

The City of Statesboro is the county seat of Bulloch County, Georgia, located in the southeastern corner of the state. It is included on the southern leg of the Savannah River Parkway, a four-lane connector between Savannah and Augusta. It is located 53 miles west of Savannah, 76 miles south of Augusta, 121 miles east of Macon, 144 miles southwest of Charleston, SC, 168 miles north of Jacksonville, FL, and 199 miles southeast of Atlanta. Statesboro is 15 miles from Interstate 16, and is located on US Highways 301, 80, and 25, and State Routes 73, 46, 67, and 24.

The City is approximately 13.5 square miles with an average elevation of 240 feet above sea level, the terrain being mostly flat. The climate is seasonal, but moderate, with mild winters and warm, humid summers. The average temperature is 52 degrees in January and 82 degrees in July. The average annual rainfall is 47.0" and the relative humidity is 53% in January and 57% in July.

Statesboro is served by the Heart of Georgia Railway Company and numerous common freight carriers. The City and Bulloch County jointly own the Statesboro Municipal Airport that is located approximately 30 minutes from Interstate 16. It is 45 minutes from the Savannah/Hilton Head International Airport, which is serviced by 7 major airlines. The City of Statesboro also is located approximately fifty miles from the Georgia Ports Authority's Savannah terminal, and is within a reasonable distance of the ports of Charleston, Beaufort, Brunswick, and Jacksonville.

There are two institutions of higher learning located in the greater Statesboro area: Georgia Southern University (GSU) within the city limits, and Ogeechee Technical College just outside the city on US Highway 301 South. Accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools and Georgia's largest and most comprehensive center of higher education south of Atlanta, Georgia Southern offers more than 120 undergraduate and graduate degree programs through the doctoral level in its eight Colleges. The University's 17,764 students come from all 50 states and 86 nations.

Ogeechee Technical College is accredited by the Commission of the Council on Occupational Education and adheres to statewide curriculum standards established by the Georgia Department of Technical and Adult Education. OTC offers over 120 programs of study including 40 diploma programs, 60 certificate programs, and 21 Associate degrees in conjunction with Georgia Southern University and East Georgia College. There are 15 public schools, 3 private and parochial schools, and 1 charter school in

Bulloch County educating the county's 9,380 students. A total of 495 seniors graduated from these schools in 2008.

Statesboro is a leader in health care in southeast Georgia with East Georgia Regional Medical Center, a 150-bed hospital, employing more than 750 staff and 75 physicians representing a wide range of specialties. The hospital is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, a distinction that is awarded only to those healthcare facilities that maintain the highest standards of quality.

The City is served by 6 local radio stations, WHKN, WMCD, WPMX, WPTB, WWNS and WVGS, and one daily newspaper, the *Statesboro Herald*. In addition, the *Savannah Morning News* reports on the news in Statesboro. Statesboro is covered locally by Northland Cable TV, which is located in the city. The City of Statesboro, Georgia Southern University, and Northland Cable TV have partnered to provide the community with a local government access channel, operated by the Communication Arts Department of GSU. Three television stations in Savannah also cover Statesboro regularly: WTOC (CBS), WJCL (ABC), and WSAV (NBC).

The City has 118.5 miles of roads of which 117.5 are paved. Natural gas is sold to 3,432 customers while water and sewer service is provided by the City to over 13,000 customers with an average daily water consumption of 3.23 million gallons. Statesboro has 177 miles of sanitary sewer and 212 miles of water mains with 1,747 fire hydrants. The City maintains a Class 3 ISO rating with 2 fire stations.

Utilities are provided by the following within the City:

City of Statesboro Water and Sewer, Sanitation and Natural Gas

Excelsior EMC Electricity
Georgia Power Company Electricity

Frontier Communications
Bulloch Rural Telephone
Northland Cable TV
Telecommunications
Telecommunications
Cable Television

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Statesboro has an economy comprised of an industrial base, a growing university, expanding retail activity, and a regional medical center. The City has a highly diversified economy with several major industries located in the area and is a regional shopping center and health care provider for eight surrounding Georgia counties (Effingham, Screven, Jenkins, Emanuel, Candler, Evans, Tattnall, and Toombs).

The 2007 Bulloch County per capita income was \$17,110 or 69% of the State of Georgia per capita income. Per capita income is total personal income (including wages, dividends, interest, rent, and government payments) divided by the total population. It is commonly used as an indicator of the quality of consumer markets and the economic well being of a community. As noted above, this figure is actually skewed lower by the high

number of university students who do not report earned income, but have considerable disposable income.

The area offers many educational and vocational opportunities that provide a competitive advantage for a strong workforce. The November 2008 unemployment rate was 6.7%, just below the State of Georgia at 7.2% and equal to the national rate of 6.7%. Approximately 20% of the Bulloch County civilian labor force is employed by the government sector including one of the City's largest employers, Georgia Southern University. Other government employers include Bulloch County, Bulloch County Board of Education, Ogeechee Technical College, and the City of Statesboro. Major private sector employers in the City include East Georgia Regional Medical Center, Wal-Mart SuperCenter, and The Sack Company.

The City and County are experiencing moderate growth with the City approving 331 new building permits in 2007 and 172 in 2008. The cost of housing in Bulloch County is among the lowest in the nation. The average residential sales price is \$122,697. The median value of owner occupied units was \$94,600.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For The Year. In FY 2008, the City completed several major projects and capital expenditures. Street and drainage projects for FY 2008 were primarily funded by SPLOST in the amount of \$328,778. The City expended \$139,171 on an intersection improvement at U.S. 301 South and Rucker Lane, \$63,227 on a ditch stabilization project, and \$80,000 on a transportation plan. The City's Water and Sewer Department expended \$938,767 to extend water and sewer mains along Cawana Road. This project was funded by a Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA) loan. SPLOST funds in the amount of \$433,363 were used to finance the replacement of deteriorated water and sewer mains on Donnie Simmons Way and Central Street.

The construction of a new 25,000 sq. foot Police Station with a total project cost of approximately \$6.3 million was completed in October, 2007. This new facility will house 75 employees and replaces a thirty year old facility which was built to accommodate 36 employees.

With the construction of the new Police Department facility completed, renovation plans for the former Police building to house the Municipal Court began with the governing body approving the architectural design of the project in 2007.

Equipment and vehicle replacements were included in the FY 2008 budget for the Finance Department, Streets Department and Police Department. These replacements are part of a scheduled plan to maintain City equipment while reducing maintenance cost. Equipment replacements were also made in the Solid Waste Disposal and Solid Waste Collection Funds in the amount of \$376,583. The City also received \$317,722 in a US Department of Justice grant that will provide for the deployment of mobile data terminals in police patrol units along with the purchase of other public safety equipment.

For The Future. A 2007 SPLOST initiative approved in July, 2006 will provide the City

with an estimated \$21.7 million in funding for capital projects for FY 2008 - FY 2014. Several major projects are planned for FY 2009.

In FY 2009, landfill closure/post-closure expenses and air rights in the Wayne County Landfill will continue to be funded by 2007 SPLOST in the amount of \$1,166,000.

A water and sewer project will be funded by a Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA) loan or a revenue bond to provide trunk water and sewer lines to single-family residential property on Cawana Road and to commercial property fronting GA 67 at a projected cost of \$3,000,000

In 2005, the City was awarded a \$530,000 Transportation Enhancement Grant (TE-21) to improve sidewalks and curb and gutter and for landscaping and the installation of decorative benches and lighting in the downtown area on East Main Street. An additional \$300,000 was approved to fund the West Main Street phase of the project. Construction should begin on this project in 2009, following approval of design plans by the Georgia Department of Transportation.

In a planning partnership with Bulloch County, the City and County will continue to work to develop a blueprint that will guide them through the next 10 years. The update of the Comprehensive Plan will allow both jurisdictions to share data, partner on public involvement, and collaborate on important issues facing both the City and the County. This will result in a vision for the City that capitalizes on and preserves Statesboro's historic, cultural and economic resources while providing for a better quality of life for our citizens.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal control structure. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, the reliability of financial statements, and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal control structure adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis and reported on the same basis at the fund financial reporting level. However, at the government-wide financial reporting level, these activities are presented on the accrual basis.

The City's enterprise funds account for the cost of services using an "economic resources" measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with the funds are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the proprietary funds.

Budgeting Controls. Budgets have been adopted and appropriated at the fund level for each City governmental fund. Budgetary control is maintained at the line-item level by the rendering of monthly reports of revenues and expenditures. Major variances between budget and actual are reviewed monthly with the City Council on an exceptions basis. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end for budgetary purposes and are subject to reappropriation in the following year.

Cash Management. It is the City's policy to aggressively pursue all revenues due to the City including past due utility bills, court fines, and property taxes; and to pay all obligations on or before the due date. The City utilizes cash management and investment policies that emphasize safety of capital first, sufficient liquidity to meet obligations second, and the highest possible yield third.

The City currently has 9 bank accounts that service 19 funds. In 2008, the City's entire banking services were re-bid and a three-year contract was awarded to Branch Banking and Trust Company (BB &T). All City funds are deposited into a sweep investment account at a rate equal to the targeted federal funds rate multiplied by 102.5% (currently .18%).

Risk Management. The City of Statesboro is a member of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA). Administered by the Georgia Municipal Association, GIRMA is an intergovernmental risk-sharing fund created in 1987 to provide property and liability insurance coverage to Georgia local government entities. The City's coverage under this program includes property (including boiler and machinery), auto physical damage and liability, law enforcement liability, general liability, public officials' liability, employee benefits liability, pollution liability, and fidelity liability (including crime and all employee bonds). GIRMA contracts with Gallagher Basset for claims administration and with Willis Caroon for marketing and administrative support and technical assistance. Premiums are based on each individual city's loss experience and underwriting.

The City also participates in GMA's Workers Compensation Self-Insurance Fund. (WCSIF). WCSIF is a group self-insured program authorized by state statute and administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. It was created in 1982 to provide workers compensation statutory insurance coverage to Georgia local government entities. The program provides periodic safety and risk control publications, communication materials, and safety training to its member cities. Workers compensation claims are administered in house by GMA employees, with contributions based on each individual city's loss experience and underwriting. In FY 2006, based on prior years loss experience and claims, the City elected to self insure a much larger portion of the claims by increasing the deductible to \$50,000 per occurrence and thereby significantly decreasing the annual premium. This strategy has worked extremely well, allowing the City to set aside significant reserves to cover any future deductible payments.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. State law requires annual audits of the accounting records by independent certified public accountants selected by the City Council. This requirement has been met, and the auditor's opinion is included in this report. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free

supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The auditor's examination encompassed the basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

Awards. In 2008, the City received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting, A government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This is the fourth consecutive year the City has received this award.

Also in 2008, the City received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2008 from the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). This award is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting. It is presented to governments whose budgets adhere to program standards and its attainment represents significant achievement by the organization in providing a budget document that clearly presents financial, accounting, and policy information. In order to receive this award a government must publish a budget document which meets program criteria as a policy document, financial plan, operations guide, and as a communications device. This is the fifth consecutive year the City has received this award. Both the Certificate of Achievement and the Distinguished Budget award are valid for a period of one year.

Acknowledgments. We wish to express our gratitude and appreciation to the members of the staff of the City of Statesboro Finance Department for their assistance and support in the preparation of this report. We wish to acknowledge the guidance and technical support provided by our independent auditors, Thigpen, Lanier, Westerfield & Deal. Finally, we acknowledge the interest and support of the Mayor and City Council. Their proactive involvement in the financial affairs of the City has not only fulfilled their fiduciary obligations to the public, it has made our job much easier.

Respectfully submitted,

R. Shane Haynes

Cindy S. West City Manager Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Statesboro Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WINTED STATES AS SO CANADA CONTROL STATES AS SO CANADA CONTROL STATES AS SO CANADA CAN

Olme S. Cox

President

Executive Director



CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA MAYOR AND COUNCIL

William S. Hatcher, II Mayor



In office since January 2000 Current term expires December 2009

Tommy BlitchDistrict 1



In office since 2004 Current term expires December 2009 Current term expires December 2011

Gary L. Lewis District 2



In office since January 1998

William P. Britt District 3



In office since January 2004 Current term expires December 2011

Joe R. Brannen District 4



In office since September 1998 Current term expires December 2009

Travis L. Chance District 5



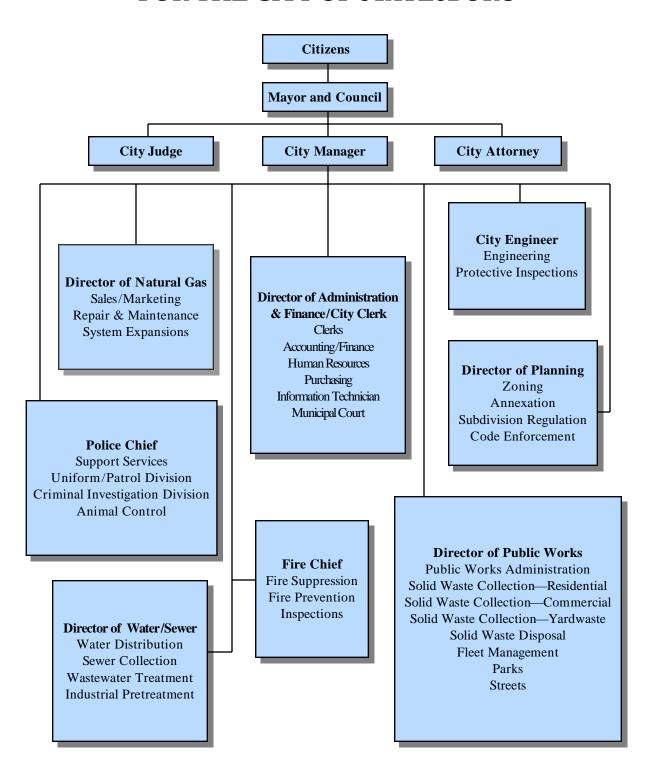
In office since January 2008 Current term expires December 2011

CITY OF STATESBORO, GEORGIA APPOINTED PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

As of June 30, 2008

NAME	DOCUTION	LENGTH OF TIME WITH
NAME	POSITION	CITY
George A. Wood	City Manager	8 years
Sam Brannen	City Attorney	42 years
Judy M. McCorkle	City Clerk/Director of Administration & Finance	15 years
Mazhar Elhaj	City Engineer	12 years
Dennis Merrifield	Fire Chief	2 year
Steve Hotchkiss	Natural Gas Director	18 years
Jim Shaw	Planning Director	2 year
Stan York	Police Chief	32 years
Bobby Colson	Public Works Director	21 years
Wayne Johnson	Water/Wastewater Director	27 years

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR THE CITY OF STATESBORO





MARSHALL R. THIGPEN, CPA WILLIAM RUSSELL LANIER, CPA JOSEPH S. WESTERFIELD, CPA RICHARD N. DEAL, CPA KAY S. PROCTOR, CPA

THIGPEN, LANIER, WESTERFIELD & DEAL

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
201 SOUTH ZETTEROWER AVENUE
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FAX (912) 489-1243

MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Statesboro, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Statesboro, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Statesboro, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Statesboro, Georgia as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Statesboro Fire Service Special Revenue Fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 26, 2009, on our consideration of the City of Statesboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 14 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Statesboro, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, schedule of SPLOST expenditures, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and schedule of SPLOST expenditures have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

January 26, 2009

Thiggen, Lanier, Westerfield + Dal

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the City of Statesboro, Georgia's (the City's) annual financial report, the City's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City had total net assets (assets exceeded liabilities) of \$60,746,505 at 2008 fiscal year-end. That is \$1,755,530, or 3.0%, higher than the total net assets of \$58,990,975 at 2007 fiscal year-end. Fiscal year 2007 had seen a \$2,976,144, or 5.3%, increase in total net assets. This is a positive trend, documenting that the City is investing in the needed infrastructure, buildings, and equipment for a growing city, while simultaneously preserving adequate liquidity to meet normal cash flow requirements and any emergencies.
- Total net assets are comprised of the following:
 - (1) Capital assets, net of related debt, of \$57,992,617 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets. The figure for fiscal year 2007 was \$56,313,526. That is an increase of \$1,679,091, or 3.0%. There was an increase of \$8,764,300, or 18.4%, for fiscal year 2007. This is a positive trend as it indicates that the City is making adequate investments in capital assets, while meeting its operating expenses.
 - (2) Net assets of \$1,187,067 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations. That is \$484,402, or 68.9%, more than the fiscal year 2007 amount of \$702,665. That was \$1,122,022 (or 61.5%) less than fiscal year 2006's \$1,824,687.
 - (3) Unrestricted net assets of \$1,566,821 represent the portion available to maintain the City's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors. This is a \$407,963(or 20.7%) decrease over the fiscal year 2007 total of \$1,974,784. That amount was a \$4,666,134 (or 70.3%) decrease over fiscal year 2006's figure of \$6,640,918. FY 2006 had seen a \$1,229,755 (or 15.6%) decrease over FY 2005's amount. In fiscal year 2008, unrestricted net assets for business-type activities decreased by \$249,230 (or 66.9.%) primarily due to a portion of the Solid Waste Disposal Fund Air Rights expenses not being reimbursed from 2007 SPLOST. The unrestricted net assets for the governmental activities in fiscal year 2008 declined by \$158,733 (or 9.9%) primarily due to the decline in building permits, fines and forfeitures revenues.
- The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$2,353,350, compared to \$1,370,394 in fiscal year 2007. This is a \$982,956 (or 71.7%) increase. The primary reason was the City received \$900,000 in 2007 SPLOST proceeds for the Cemetery Expansion Project that it had originally funded out of the General Fund before it was entitled to 2007 SPLOST proceeds. The fiscal year 2007 ending fund balance for governmental funds showed a decrease of \$4,090,568 (or 74.9%). Unreserved fund balance of \$2,170,111 for fiscal year 2008 is a \$1,158,922 (or 114.6%) increase from fiscal year 2007. Unreserved fund balance of \$1,011,189 for fiscal year 2007 was a \$4,069,327 (or 80.1%) decrease from the \$5,080,516 in fiscal year 2006.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,478,379, or 11.2% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out in the next fiscal year's budget. That compares to \$2,595,299 or 18.9% of total General Fund expenditures in fiscal year 2007. Fiscal year 2006's unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,823,745, or 30.0% of total General Fund expenditures.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Assets*. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between them reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by sales and property taxes from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, and streets. Business-type activities include the natural gas distribution system, the water and wastewater systems, and the solid waste collection and disposal systems.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 15 & 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. The Georgia Department of Community Affairs has adopted a Uniform Chart of Accounts which all Georgia cities must use. It sets out regulations regarding when the various funds should be used. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all other (non-major) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The City has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 17-23 of this report.

Individual fund information for non-major governmental funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

2. Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City's proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. These enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization for gas, water and wastewater utilities; and for solid waste collection and disposal systems.

The basic enterprise fund financial statements are presented on pages 24-27 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 28 of this report.

Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying note disclosures, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget presentations. The budgetary comparison statement is included as a basic financial statement for the general fund and the Statesboro Fire Service Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules for all other governmental funds can be found in a later section of this report. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget. During the fiscal year, the Mayor and City Council adopted by resolution three budget amendments, or revisions, to the original budget resolution.

As discussed, the City reports major funds in the basic financial statements. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in this section of this report beginning on page 50.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The City's net assets at fiscal year 2008 were \$60,746,505, compared to the fiscal year 2007 figure of \$58,990,975. The following table provides a summary of the City's net assets:

Summary of Net Assets

								Percent	age
	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total						of Total		
		2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	8 2007		2007
Assets:									
Current assets	\$	4,765,091 \$	4,162,747 \$	4,084,405 \$	4,174,387 \$	8,849,496 \$	8,337,134	11%	11%
Capital assets		25,880,086	24,506,079	44,050,494	42,716,638	69,930,580	67,222,717	88%	88%
Other noncurrent assets		-	-	460,625	480,347	460,625	480,347	1%	1%
Total assets		30,645,177	28,668,826	48,595,524	47,371,372	79,240,701	76,040,198	100%	100%
Liabilities:									
Current liabilities		2,422,488	1,971,972	2,879,385	2,517,969	5,301,873	4,489,941	29%	26%
Long-termliabilities		2,150,060	1,561,892	11,042,263	10,997,390	13,192,323	12,559,282	71%	74%
Total liabilities		4,572,548	3,533,864	13,921,648	13,515,359	18,494,196	17,049,223	100%	100%
Net assets:									
Investment in capital assets,									
net of debt		23,841,321	23,224,510	34,151,296	33,089,016	57,992,617	56,313,526	95%	96%
Restricted		787,786	308,197	399,281	394,468	1,187,067	702,665	2%	1%
Urrestricted		1,443,522	1,602,255	123,299	372,529	1,566,821	1,974,784	3%	3%
Total net assets	\$	26,072,629 \$	25,134,962 \$	34,673,876 \$	33,856,013	60,746,505	58,990,975	100%	100%

The City continues to maintain a high current ratio. The current ratio divides the current assets by the current liabilities, and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. For fiscal year 2008, the current ratio for governmental activities is 2.0 and 1.4 for business type activities. For fiscal year 2007, the current ratio for governmental activities was 2.1, and for business type activities 1.7. For the City, overall, the current ratio for fiscal year 2008 is 1.7, compared to 1.9 for fiscal year 2007. For fiscal year 2006, the current ratio for governmental activities was 4.7 and for business type activities 2.1. For the City, overall, the current ratio was 3.1. These ratios remained consistently strong for both the governmental activities and the business type activities in all three years.

The City reported positive balances in net assets for both governmental and business-type activities. Net assets for fiscal year 2008 increased by \$937,667 for governmental activities, and by \$817,863 for business-type activities. Net assets for fiscal year 2007 increased by \$2,774,349 for governmental activities and by \$201,795 for business type activities. Net assets also increased in fiscal year 2006. The City's overall financial position continued to strengthen in all three years.

Note that in fiscal year 2008, 91.4%, and in fiscal year 2007, 92.4% of the governmental activities' net assets were invested in capital assets. This documents that the City continues to invest adequately in the capital assets needed to provide services, while meeting its ongoing operating expenses. On the business type activities, the City has spent 98.5% of its net assets in fiscal year 2008, and 97.7% in fiscal year 2007 on capital assets. This is not unusual, as the business type activities are primarily utilities, which are very capital-intensive operations. Expansion of these systems is necessary for the continued growth of the City and for its financial position, as these utility systems generate considerable revenues for all the City's operations. 95.5% in fiscal year 2008, and 95.5% in fiscal year 2007 of the City's total net assets were included in capital assets.

The following table provides a summary of the changes in net assets, with comparative data for both fiscal years 2008 and 2007:

Summary of Changes in Net Assets

		200	8											
	G	overnmental Activities		Business Activities		Total	Percentage of Total	G	Governmental Activities		Business Activities		Total	Percentage of Total
Revenues:														
Program:														
Charges for services	\$	3,231,793	\$	18,208,538	\$	21,440,331	62%	\$	3,023,498	\$	17,621,472	\$	20,644,970	59%
Operating grants		359,659		45,586		405,245	1%		156,840		72,273		229,113	0%
Capital grants and contributions		280,917		631,417		912,334	3%		393,153		1,621,579		2,014,732	6%
General:														
Taxes		11,627,103		-		11,627,103	33%		11,632,065		-		11,632,065	33%
Other		100,435	_	321,195	_	421,630	1%	_	244,137	_	309,302	_	553,439	2%
Total revenues		15,599,907		19,206,736	_	34,806,643	100%		15,449,693	_	19,624,626	_	35,074,319	100%
Program Expenses:														
General government		2,266,551		-		2,266,551	7%		2,110,223		-		2,110,223	7%
Municipal court		635,975		-		635,975	2%		639,563		-		639,563	2%
Public safety		7,978,175		-		7,978,175	24%		7,154,050		-		7,154,050	22%
Public works		2,531,841		-		2,531,841	8%		2,272,342		-		2,272,342	7%
Community development		495,059		-		495,059	1%		484,187		-		484,187	1%
Parks and cemetries		528,039		-		528,039	2%		478,762		-		478,762	1%
Engineering		701,021		-		701,021	2%		701,041		-		701,041	2%
Planning and zoning		241,067		-		241,067	1%		210,291		-		210,291	1%
Community services		349,975		-		349,975	1%		807,676		-		807,676	3%
Interest		46,241		-		46,241	0%		67,886		-		67,886	0%
Water and sewer		-		6,394,274		6,394,274	19%		-		5,990,457		5,990,457	19%
Gas		-		5,299,783		5,299,783	16%		-		5,833,902		5,833,902	18%
Solid waste collection		-		1,968,174		1,968,174	6%		-		1,891,991		1,891,991	6%
Solid waste disposal			_	3,614,938	_	3,614,938	11%		-	_	3,455,805	_	3,455,805	11%
Total expenses		15,773,944		17,277,169	_	33,051,113	100%		14,926,021	_	17,172,155	_	32,098,176	100%
Excess (deficiency)		(174,037)		1,929,567		1,755,530			523,672		2,452,471		2,976,144	
Transfers		1,111,704		(1,111,704)		-			2,250,677		(2,250,677)		-	
Change in net assets		937,667		817,863		1,755,530			2,774,349		201,795		2,976,144	
Beginning net assets		25,134,962		33,856,013		58,990,975			22,360,613		33,654,218		56,014,831	
Ending net assets	\$	26,072,629	\$	34,673,876	\$	60,746,505		\$	25,134,962	\$	33,856,013	\$	58,990,975	

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Bulloch County (including the City of Statesboro) is one of only eight counties out of 159 in Georgia that do not receive any of the 1% Local Option Sales Tax (LOST). A local Constitutional Amendment was passed by the Georgia General Assembly in the 1981 Session (Georgia Laws, 1981, p. 1931) which called for a referendum on the question of whether or not the local option sales tax should go to the Bulloch County Board of Education, with a dollar for dollar reduction in the school property tax. (Boards of Education in Georgia are limited to a maximum millage rate of 20.) The referendum passed on November 2, 1982. Since that time, this money has gone to the Board of Education. Since most Georgia counties and cities negotiate a formula to distribute this sales tax among the county and city governments in that county, this puts both the City of Statesboro and Bulloch County government at a distinct disadvantage relative to almost all the other cities and counties in the state. It means that we have to rely more heavily on the local property tax and user fees than these other cities and counties. For example, if the City and County had equally split this approximately \$10,732,910 in local option sales taxes in fiscal year 2008, the City would have had \$5,366,455 in additional revenue. That is more than the City collected in property taxes. In effect, the City could have done away with its property tax levy totally if not for this local legislation and referendum in the early 1980's.

However, the City of Statesboro and Bulloch County (and the other cities in the county) do share the proceeds of a 1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST), which has passed referendums in both 2002 for a five-year term and in 2006 (beginning collections in 2007) for a six-year term. At first glance it appears that the City is heavily reliant on sales taxes to support governmental operations. In fiscal year 2008, sales taxes of \$4,025,812 out of \$15,573,876 in total governmental funds revenues, or 25.8%, were received from the 2002 SPLOST and the 2007 SPLOST. However, \$1,753,296 of that money was transferred to the business-type funds for capital projects (water and sewer, solid waste collection, and solid waste disposal systems). Only \$2,272,516 remained for governmental activities, or only 14.6% of the governmental funds' total revenues. And all of that money was spent on capital outlay, not operating costs, as the SPLOST funds are earmarked by state law specifically for capital outlay only. In fact, \$1,000,000 of it went to the new Police Station construction. Similarly, in fiscal year 2007, \$4,574,518 in sales taxes represented 29.7% of the \$15,415,448 in governmental funds revenues. But all of it was used to finance capital projects.

Also, note that program revenues covered 24.5% in fiscal year 2008, and 23.9% in fiscal year 2007 of governmental operating expenses. This means that the government's taxpayers and the City's other general revenues funded the remaining 75.5%% in fiscal year 2008, and 76.1% in fiscal year 2007 of the governmental activities. As this documents, the general economy and the local businesses have a major impact on the City's revenue streams.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

The public safety function comprises 50.6% of the City's total governmental activity expenses and 24.1% of the total City expenses in fiscal year 2008. In fiscal year 2007, the figures were 47.9% and 22.3% respectively. In fiscal year 2008, general government totaled 14.3% of the total governmental activity expense, and 6.9% of the total City expenses. In fiscal year 2007, general government totaled 14.1% of the total governmental activity expenses, and 6.6% of the total City expenses. Of the total \$15.8 million of governmental expenses, depreciation is 8.2% of that total. In fiscal year 2007, the numbers were \$14.9 million and 7.5% respectively.

The following table presents the cost of each of the City's programs, including the net costs (i.e., total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net costs illustrate the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	Govern	ıment	tal Activities				
	007						
			Net Cost of Services				Net Cost f Services
\$	2,266,551	\$	1,484,493	\$	2,110,223	\$	1,489,660
	635,975		635,975		639,563		639,563
	7,978,175		5,134,967		7,154,050		4,938,106
	2,531,841		2,449,225		2,272,342		1,886,712
	495,059		490,559		484,187		484,187
	528,039		528,039		478,762		478,762
	701,021		547,284		701,041		368,437
	241,067		241,067		210,291		210,291
	349,975		343,725		807,676		788,926
	46,241		46,241		67,886		67,886
	15,773,944	\$	11,901,575		14,926,021	\$	11,352,530
	\$	\$ 2,266,551 635,975 7,978,175 2,531,841 495,059 528,039 701,021 241,067 349,975	\$ 2,266,551 \$ 635,975 7,978,175 2,531,841 495,059 528,039 701,021 241,067 349,975 46,241	Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services \$ 2,266,551 \$ 1,484,493 635,975 635,975 7,978,175 5,134,967 2,531,841 2,449,225 495,059 490,559 528,039 528,039 701,021 547,284 241,067 241,067 349,975 343,725 46,241 46,241	2008 Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services Total Cost of Services \$ 2,266,551 \$ 1,484,493 \$ 635,975 6,35,975 635,975 5,134,967 2,531,841 2,449,225 495,059 495,059 490,559 528,039 701,021 547,284 241,067 349,975 343,725 46,241 46,241 46,241 46,241	Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services Total Cost of Services \$ 2,266,551 \$ 1,484,493 \$ 2,110,223 635,975 635,975 639,563 7,978,175 5,134,967 7,154,050 2,531,841 2,449,225 2,272,342 495,059 490,559 484,187 528,039 528,039 478,762 701,021 547,284 701,041 241,067 241,067 210,291 349,975 343,725 807,676 46,241 46,241 67,886	Z008 Z007 Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services Total Cost of Services o \$ 2,266,551 \$ 1,484,493 \$ 2,110,223 \$ 635,975 635,975 635,975 639,563 7,978,175 5,134,967 7,154,050 2,531,841 2,449,225 2,272,342 495,059 490,559 484,187 528,039 528,039 478,762 701,021 547,284 701,041 241,067 241,067 210,291 349,975 343,725 807,676 46,241 46,241 67,886

For fiscal year 2008 and 2007, all functions required a subsidy from general revenues.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Revenues vs. Expenses

For fiscal year 2006, the operating revenues for the utility funds were 12.7% above fiscal year 2005, and operating expenses were 14.1% above fiscal year 2005. Within the total business type activities of the City, these activities reported \$1,896,291 in operating income, or a increase of 1.4% compared to fiscal year 2005. After transfers in and out between other funds, these funds reported a profit of \$392,852, or a decrease of 18.6% compared to fiscal year 2005. It should be noted, however, that the Natural Gas Fund transferred \$263,000 to the CIP Fund to help finance the new Police Station. Without this one-time transfer, the profit would have been \$655,852, or a 36.0% increase compared to fiscal year 2005.

For fiscal year 2007, the operating revenues for the utility funds were 5.8% below 2006 and operating expenses were 1.3% below fiscal year 2006. Within the total business type activities of the City, these activities reported \$1,021,728 in operating income, or a decrease of 46.1% compared to fiscal year 2006. After transfers in and out between other funds, these funds reported a profit of \$130,153 or a decrease of 66.9% compared to fiscal year 2006. The primary reasons for this decrease were a reduction in the use of water and significant rate increases for electricity; and a significant reduction in natural gas usage due to a mild winter and higher gas prices. This decreased residential usage, and increased conservation by commercial customers.

For fiscal year 2008, the operating revenues for the utility funds were 3.5% higher than 2007 and operating expenses were .6% below fiscal year 2007. Within the total business type activities of the City, these activities reported \$1,751,428 in operating income, or an increase of 71.4% compared to fiscal year 2007. After transfers in and out between other funds, the funds reported a profit of \$939,555, or an increase of \$809,402, compared to fiscal year 2007. The primary reasons for this increase were due to a capital contribution for the Gateway Phase II Industrial Park water and sewer lines expansion and a decrease in the cost of natural gas.

Each specific fund reported the following operating income or loss:

	2008		2007	
	<u>Amount</u>	Percent Change	Amount Chan	
Water and sewer fund	\$1,532,011	24.6%	\$1,229,818 (31.	.1)%
Gas fund	\$ 939,540	121.3%	\$ 424,524 (38.	.7)%
Solid waste collection fund	\$ 530,190	19.0%	\$ 445,539 (2.	.2)%
Solid waste disposal fund	\$(1,250,313)	(16.0)%	\$ (1,078,154) (4.	.0)%

The operating income for the water and sewer fund increased by 24.6% in fiscal year 2008 since operating revenues were up 8.6% and operating expenses were up only 5.1%.

The gas fund's operating income increased by 121.3% over fiscal year 2007. Operating revenues were down only .5% and operating expenses were down 9.4% primarily because of a decrease in the cost of natural gas.

The solid waste collection fund's operating income increased 19.0% from last year since operating revenues were 4.7% above fiscal year 2007 and expenses were only 1.4% above fiscal year 2007.

Finally, the solid waste disposal fund's operating loss increased by 16.0% from fiscal year 2007 because operating revenues decreased by 1.7% and operating expenses increased by 3.8%. The revenues do not cover all expenses, and SPLOST is therefore used to make up the difference.

The City transfers resources from its enterprise funds to the general fund for the following reasons:

- Since the City does not do any indirect cost allocation, the transfers help cover the General Fund's indirect costs that could be charged to the enterprise funds as indirect costs. These costs include the various staff divisions, such as personnel, finance, purchasing, and records, as well as part of the City Manager's time.
- If these enterprise funds were privately owned, the City would be entitled to a franchise fee equal to 5% of the gross revenues, similar to CATV, electricity, or telephone service providers. These transfers offset some of these costs.
- If these enterprise funds were privately owned, the City would be entitled to property taxes on the property in service, net of
 accumulated depreciation, similar to CATV, electricity, or telephone service providers. These transfers are made in lieu of
 property taxes.
- If these enterprise funds were privately owned, their approved rate tariffs would include a reasonable return on shareholder equity. Since the City's taxpayers are in fact the investors who started and financed these operations, they are being rewarded with a comparable return on equity in the form of lower property taxes. This return can be made while still maintaining retail rates that are at or below the surrounding market prices offered by private utility companies. For example, the City's natural gas system rates are considerably lower than any investor-owned utility or private gas marketer in our geographic area.
- Hosting a sizable regional university, as well as being the county seat, results in a considerable amount of state and county property not being subject to property taxation. However, services such as police, fire, street repair and cleaning, and traffic signalization must be provided and expanded as needed, and must be funded from general revenues. Transfers from the enterprise funds help offset this burden, while sharing it more equitably among all citizens and institutions.

The solid waste disposal fund recognized a transfer in from the 2002 SPLOST fund of \$380,822 and a transfer in from the 2007 SPLOST fund of \$777,778 in fiscal year 2008, which was used for the purchase of landfill space (air rights) in the Wayne County Solid Waste Landfill and for post-closure costs for our Lakeview Landfill.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$2,353,350 in fiscal year 2008, compared to \$1,370,394 in fiscal year 2007, and \$5,460,962 in fiscal year 2006. Of these year-end totals, \$2,170,011 in fiscal year 2008, \$1,011,189 in fiscal year 2007, and \$5,080,516 in fiscal year 2006 was unreserved indicating availability for continuing City service requirements.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show a increase in fiscal year 2008 of \$982,956 or 71.7% compared to a decrease in fiscal year 2007 of \$4,090,568, or 74.9%. This fiscal year 2008 increase is primarily the result of the events and programs described within the analysis of the City's governmental activities.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,115,834 in fiscal year 2008. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,257,835 in fiscal year 2007, and decreased by \$954,108 in fiscal year 2006. The decreases in 2006 through 2008 were planned uses of fund balance to help finance the Averitt Arts Center operations and the new Police Station. Without these uses, the fund balance would have grown considerably more. However, the fund balance was at a very conservative level, and therefore the use of fund balance was the logical way to help finance the new Police Station without incurring bonded debt.

Total taxes in governmental funds were \$11,622,592, or .4% lower than in fiscal year 2007. Total property taxes in fiscal year 2008 was \$3,715,709 compared to 3,400,362 in fiscal year 2007. Total SPLOST funds drawn in fiscal year 2008 were \$4,025,812 compared to \$4,574,518 in fiscal year 2007. In fiscal year 2007, total taxes were \$11,671,614, or 21.1% higher than the \$9,634,307 in fiscal year 2006. Again, the difference was primarily in the amount of SPLOST revenues drawn down. The City only receives its share of 2002 SPLOST funds when it draws down cash from the County, the government who actually receives the taxes from the Georgia Department of Revenue.

Under the 2007 SPLOST agreement, the City will not have to draw down the SPLOST proceeds from the County. Instead, the agreed upon percentage will be forwarded to the City on a monthly basis. This will be much easier to administer, and will provide the City with possible additional earned interest in this fund, as the revenues will come in faster than the expenses are incurred, leaving a balance that will be invested.

The governmental funds' expenditures decreased by \$4,777,625 or 21.8%, in fiscal year 2008, compared to an increase of \$7,299,530 or 49.9%, in fiscal year 2007. The fiscal year 2008 decrease was due primarily to less capital outlays than in fiscal year 2007.

The General Fund's ending unreserved, undesignated fund balance of \$1,478,379 represents the equivalent of 11.2% of the \$13,144,231 in annual expenditures and transfers out budgeted for the next fiscal year. The City's overall cash flow varies little from month to month. The only real peak is in the December-February timeframe, when property taxes become due, then delinquent. The reason for this is that the utility revenues are fairly consistent on a monthly basis, and other General Fund revenues come in during months when property taxes do not. Given this relatively stable cash flow environment, the City has set a target for unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the General Fund of 25% of the next fiscal year's budgeted General Fund expenditures and transfers out. This provides more than adequate cash flow to handle these monthly fluctuations, while providing a cushion against any major unexpected events. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance is at 11.2%, below the 25% target set for undesignated fund balance. The governing body has adopted a conservative General Fund budget for FY 2009, and should begin replenishing this fund balance to a level equal to the targeted amount over an anticipated two-year period.

The Statesboro Fire Service Fund was created in fiscal year 2008. This fund accounts for the operations of the Statesboro Fire Department which serves all the citizens of Statesboro and county citizens within the five-mile fire district. This fund had a fund balance of \$405,509 at year end.

The 2007 SPLOST fund's ending unreserved, undesignated fund balance was \$63,203 for fiscal year 2008. This is an increase of fund balance of \$863,812 over fiscal year 2007. The primary reason for this increase is due to the City being reimbursed for the purchase of land for the cemetery expansion project.

The Capital Improvements Program's unserved, undesignated fund balance for fiscal year 2008 was (\$83,532). This was an increase in fund balance of \$818,592 over 2007 primarily due to the 2002 SPLOST transfer for the new Police Station.

The Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. Each of the fund statements give detailed information about their financial condition.

Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund – The revenue side of the budget was amended upward by \$279,908, or 2.83% primarily to reflect higher collections of property taxes. Overall, the City recognized revenues equal to 95.34% of budgeted revenues in the final appropriated budget. The total expenditure budget was increased through budget amendments by \$243,142 or 2.1%. Overall, the City recognized expenditures equal to \$72,521 less than, or only .6%, of budgeted expenditures in the final appropriated budget. In summary, the budget was slightly underspent, while revenue estimates were 4.7% under.

On the revenue side of the budget, property taxes came in \$28,692 lower than the amended budget. The budgeted amount had been amended upward due to strong growth in the tax base. Alcoholic beverage taxes came in \$24,496 more than budgeted. Licenses and Permits came in \$206,465 less than budgeted due to the decline in the construction industry. Fines and Forfeitures came in \$185,227 less than budgeted. In total, General Fund revenues came in \$474,985 less than the budgeted amount.

On the expenditure side, the Governing Body, City Clerk's Office and Planning costs were considerably below the budgeted amounts. Public Works and Municipal Court exceeded the budget due to some end of year adjustments. Overall, the General Fund expenditures were \$72,521 less than budgeted.

Fund Balance was budgeted to decrease by \$724,990 primarily due to a \$1,608,849 transfer to the Statesboro Fire Service Fund. In addition, about \$470,000 was used to offset the decrease in building permits, fines and forfeitures, and franchise fees. However, fund balance decreased by \$390,844 more than budgeted, to end at \$1,115,834 less than the previous year's fund balance.

The FY 2009 Budget for the General Fund has used very conservative revenue projections to build the fund balance as discussed earlier.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental (including the fleet management internal service fund) and business-type activities as of June 30, 2008 was \$25,880,086 and \$44,050,494 respectively, for a total of \$69,930,580. That compares to fiscal year 2007 numbers of \$24,506,079 and \$42,716,638 respectively, for a total of \$67,222,717. The fiscal year 2008 totals in this net investment were a 5.6% increase for governmental and a 3.1% increase for business-type activities. The overall increase was 4.0% for the City as a whole. See Note 3D for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

Capital Assets (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities					Business Act	;	Total				
		2008		2007		2008		2007		2008		2007
Non-depreciable assets:		_										
Land	\$	1,636,113	\$	1,636,113	\$	518,933	\$	518,933	\$	2,155,046	\$	2,155,046
Construction in progress		859,810		6,882,782		1,293,528		2,723,820		2,153,338		9,606,602
Total non-depreciable		2,495,923		8,518,895		1,812,461		3,242,753		4,308,384		11,761,648
Depreciable assets:												
Buildings		13,802,209		8,057,114		2,020,491		1,902,530		15,822,700		9,959,644
Improvements other												
than buildings		312,083		312,083		57,981,363		53,788,788		58,293,446		54,100,871
Machinery and												
equipment		7,010,121		5,677,678		8,514,111		8,236,220		15,524,232		13,913,898
Infrastructure		10,968,423		9,596,374		-		-		10,968,423		9,596,374
Total depreciable assets		32,092,836		23,643,249		68,515,965		63,927,538		100,608,801		87,570,787
Less accumulated												
depreciation		8,708,673		7,656,065		26,277,932		24,453,653		34,986,605		32,109,718
Book value -												
depreciable assets		23,384,163		15,987,184		42,238,033		39,473,885		65,622,196		55,461,069
Percentage depreciated		27%		32%		38%		38%		35%		37%
Total book value	\$	25,880,086	\$	24,506,079	\$	44,050,495	\$	42,716,638	\$	69,930,580	\$	67,222,717

At June 30, 2008, the depreciable capital assets for governmental activities were 27% depreciated. This percentage is less than the fiscal year 2007 amount of 32%.

The major increase in capital assets in fiscal years 2008 and 2007 for governmental activities was the construction of the new Police Station and purchase of equipment and furniture for the Police Station.

In the City's business type activities, 38% of the asset values were depreciated at June 30, 2008 and 2007.

In fiscal year 2007, Phase II of the Gateway Industrial Park was constructed. It consisted of water and sewer line extensions to this portion of the industrial park. Also constructed in FY 2007 was the Westside Outfall Sewer Line Project, and the W. Grady Street

water and sewer line replacements. The Donnie Simmons Way and Central Street projects were started as well. The SCADA system at the WWTP was also upgraded.

In fiscal year 2008, the construction of the Cawana Road/GA 67 water and sewer line extensions began. The Donnie Simmons Way and Central Street projects were completed as well.

In fiscal year 2008, work began on the US 301 South/Rucker Lane intersection. In addition, services were run for a new shopping center that includes Hobby Lobby, TJ Maxx, Books-a-Million, and Petco.

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2006, the bonded debt outstanding was reduced by \$575,000, to \$1,585,000. The notes payable for the water and sewer and natural gas systems were reduced by \$513,052 to \$8,630,926. The capital leases for governmental activities were decreased by \$119,184 to \$1,305,245.

In fiscal year 2007, the capital leases decreased by \$23,676; the bonded debt decreased by \$600,000; and the notes payable increased by \$97,576. Combined, this represented a decrease in debt of \$526,100 or 4.6%.

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the bonded debt outstanding was reduced by \$245,000 to \$740,000. The notes payable for the water and sewer and natural gas systems increased by \$492,040 to \$9,220,542. The capital leases for governmental activities were increased by \$757,196 to \$2,038,765. Combined, that was an increase of long-term debt of \$1,004,236.

Going forward, the City will be executing GEFA loans or issuing revenue bonds for the Cawana Road/GA 67 Water and Sewer Extensions. The City has invested in several large water and sewer projects in the recent past that have increased our potential customer base and corrected line deficiencies. With the addition of this project, the City will be well-positioned to capitalize on the commercial, industrial, and residential growth of this community in the next decade.

	 Govern Activ	tal ————	Business-type Activities				Totals					
	2008	 2007	2008	2007			2008		2007			
Capital leases	\$ 2,038,765	\$ 1,281,569	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,038,765	\$	1,281,569			
Revenue bonds	-	-	740,000		985,000		740,000		985,000			
Notes payable	-	-	9,220,542		8,728,502		9,220,542		8,728,502			
Landfill closure and postclosure care	-	-	1,965,761		2,069,732		1,965,761		2,069,732			
Compensated absences	573,251	529,234	178,256		176,011		751,507		705,245			
Total	\$ 2,612,016	\$ 1,810,803	\$ 12,104,559	\$	11,959,245	\$	14,716,575	\$	13,770,048			

See Note 3G for additional information about the City's long-term debt.

Economic Conditions Affecting the City

As of November 2008, the local unemployment rate was 6.7% which was comparable to the state and national rate. Our local economy is experiencing the effects of the national recession, declines in the financial markets, and the recent credit crunch caused by substandard home mortgages. New residential construction and home sales have declined significantly.

As in the past, Statesboro's economy is influenced by a strong industrial base, a growing regional public university, a regional medical center and increasing medical specialties, and a regional retail base. This diversification should continue to help the local economy weather the current recession better than the nation as a whole.

The outlook long-term is considerably more upbeat. Coastal Georgia is projected to be one of the hottest real estate markets in the country over the next decade, as thousands of baby boomers seek inexpensive, warmer climates for retirement. That will fuel the housing, medical, and retail segments of our local economy as well. Georgia Southern University should continue its student body expansion. The new industrial park puts us in a prime position to benefit from additional industrial investment as the weakened dollar continues to attract capital to the United States. With our recent investments in water, sewer, natural gas, and roads, this community should be in an excellent position to benefit from these economic opportunities.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City's Finance Department at 50 East Main Street, Statesboro, Georgia, 30458, or call (912) 764-5468.



City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	G	overnmental		ary Governmei usiness-type	IL		Co	mponent
	G	Activities	ь	Activities		Total	Cu	Unit
Assets								
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,672,088	\$	400,479	\$	3,072,567	\$	193,992
Receivables:								
Accounts		149,367		1,742,976		1,892,343		-
Taxes		193,462		-		193,462		-
Hotel/motel taxes		38,610		-		38,610		-
Intergovernmental		1,147,481		90,695		1,238,176		3,089
Notes		419,642		-		419,642		-
Other		559,418		-		559,418		-
Internal balances		(832,228)		832,228		-		-
Inventory		155,816		446,764		602,580		-
Prepaid items		261,435		121,617		383,052		1,065
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents		-		449,646		449,646		-
Total Current Assets		4,765,091		4,084,405		8,849,496		198,146
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents		-		399,281		399,281		-
Deferred charges		-		61,344		61,344		-
Capital Assets:								
Nondepreciable capital assets		2,495,923		1,812,461		4,308,384		-
Depreciable capital assets, net		23,384,163		42,238,033		65,622,196		147
Total Noncurrent Assets		25,880,086		44,511,119		70,391,205		147
Total Assets		30,645,177		48,595,524		79,240,701		198,293
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable		1,080,247		1,221,441		2,301,688		13,570
Accrued payroll		178,231		43,716		221,947		1,565
Intergovernmental payable		-		15,365		15,365		-
Accrued interest payable		_		86,921		86,921		_
Claims payable		511,000		-		511,000		_
Unearned revenue		27,160		_		27,160		_
Other payables		163,894		_		163,894		_
Compensated absences payable		114,650		35,651		150,301		_
Capital leases payable		347,306		-		347,306		-
Notes payable		-		635,087		635,087		_
Revenue bonds payable		_		255,000		255,000		-
Customer deposits		-		449,646		449,646		-
Landfill post-closure care costs		-		136,558		136,558		-
Total Current Liabilities		2,422,488		2,879,385		5,301,873		15,135
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)		458,601		142,605		601,206		-
Capital leases payable (net of current portion)		1,691,459		-		1,691,459		-
Revenue bonds payable (net of current portion)		-		485,000		485,000		-
Notes payable (net of current portion)		-		8,585,455		8,585,455		-
Landfill post-closure care costs (net of current portion)				1,829,203		1,829,203		-
Total Long-Term Liabilities		2,150,060		11,042,263		13,192,323		-
Total Liabilities		4,572,548		13,921,648		18,494,196		15,135
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		23,841,321		34,151,296		57,992,617		147
Restricted for:		-,,		. ,,		, –,,		
Capital projects		166,489		-		166,489		_
Program purposes		621,297		-		621,297		_
Revenue bond retirement		´-		199,281		199,281		-
Renewal and extension		-		200,000		200,000		-
Unrestricted		1,443,522		123,299		1,566,821		183,011
Total Net Assets	\$	26,072,629	\$	34,673,876	\$	60,746,505	\$	183,158

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

				Program Revenues					Net (I	Expens	e) Revenue and	Chan	ges in Net Asset	s	
				Ope	rating Grants,		-		,		ary Government				
Program/Function	Expenses		Charges for vices and Sales	Co	ontributions nd Interest		ital Grants contributions	(Governmental Activities		usiness-Type Activities		Total	Co	mponent Unit
Primary Government	 Emperioro		rees und sures			- unu			1101111100		1101111100		10111		
General government	\$ 2,266,551	\$	689,222	\$	92,836	\$	_	\$	(1,484,493)	\$	_	\$	(1,484,493)	\$	-
Municipal court	635,975		-		-		_		(635,975)		_		(635,975)		_
Public safety	7,978,175		2,388,834		260,573		193,801		(5,134,967)		_		(5,134,967)		_
Public works	2,531,841		_,,		,		82,616		(2,449,225)		_		(2,449,225)		_
Community development	495,059		_		_		4,500		(490,559)		_		(490,559)		_
Parks and cemeteries	528,039		_		_		-		(528,039)		_		(528,039)		_
Engineering	701.021		153,737				_		(547,284)		_		(547,284)		_
Planning and zoning	241,067		155,757				_		(241,067)		_		(241,067)		_
Community services	349,975				6,250				(343,725)				(343,725)		
Interest	46,241		-		0,230		-		(46,241)		-		(46,241)		-
merest	 70,241			-				_	(40,241)	-			(40,241)		
Total Governmental Activities	 15,773,944		3,231,793		359,659		280,917		(11,901,575)	_	-		(11,901,575)		
Business-Type Activities:															
Water and sewer	6,394,274		7,267,501		-		631,417		-		1,504,644		1,504,644		-
Gas	5,299,783		6,179,396		45,586		-		-		925,199		925,199		-
Solid waste collection	1,968,174		2,471,249		-		-		-		503,075		503,075		-
Solid waste disposal	 3,614,938		2,290,392		-		-		-		(1,324,546)		(1,324,546)		-
Total Business-Type Activities	 17,277,169		18,208,538		45,586		631,417	_	-		1,608,372		1,608,372		-
Total - Primary Government	\$ 33,051,113	\$	21,440,331	\$	405,245	\$	912,334		(11,901,575)		1,608,372		(10,293,203)		-
Component Unit Downtown Statesboro Development Authority	\$ 104,689	\$	-	\$	1,800	\$									(102,889)
			eral Revenues												
			erty taxes levied	for:											
			eneral purposes						3,720,220		-		3,720,220		-
		Sales	taxes						4,025,812		-		4,025,812		-
		Hote	l/motel taxes						422,526		-		422,526		-
			ance premium ta	axes					1,240,647		-		1,240,647		-
		Franc	chise taxes						1,432,343		-		1,432,343		-
		Othe	r taxes						785,555		-		785,555		-
		Payn	nent from City						-		-		-		95,372
		Gain	(loss) on sale of	capital	assets				(18,855)		74,269		55,414		-
		Inves	tment earnings						69,887		58,365		128,252		6,189
		Misc	ellaneous						49,403		188,561		237,964		10,145
		Tota	l General Reve	nues					11,727,538		321,195		12,048,733		111,706
		Trans	sfers					_	1,111,704		(1,111,704)		-		-
		Tota	l General Reve	nues an	d Transfers				12,839,242		(790,509)		12,048,733		111,706
		Chai	nge in Net Asset	s					937,667		817,863		1,755,530		8,817
		Net A	Assets Beginnin	g of Ye	ar				25,134,962		33,856,013		58,990,975		174,341
		Net A	Assets End of Y	ear				\$	26,072,629	\$	34,673,876	\$	60,746,505	\$	183,158

City of Statesboro, Georgia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

		General	Statesboro Fire Service			2002 SPLOST		2007 SPLOST		Capital provements Program	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmenta Funds		
Assets				****										4 500 660	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	733,835	\$	290,074	\$	-	\$	557,899	\$	-	\$	207,512	\$	1,789,320	
Receivables:		62.104												62.104	
Accounts		63,194		-		-		-		-		-		63,194	
Taxes Hotel/motel taxes		193,462		-		-		-		-		-		193,462	
		-		-		207.452		- 104 444		-		38,610		38,610	
Intergovernmental		57,980		209,837		397,453		194,444		-		287,767		1,147,481	
Interfund		1,006,938		1,664		-		-		-		-		1,008,602	
Notes		266,109		-		-		-		-		153,533		419,642	
Other		-		-		-		-		559,418		-		559,418	
Prepaid items	-	170,717		12,522		-	-					1,112		184,351	
Total Assets	\$	2,492,235	\$	514,097	\$	397,453	\$	752,343	\$	559,418	\$	688,534	\$	5,404,080	
Liabilities															
Accounts payable	\$	572,685	\$	54,352	\$	67,685	\$	_	\$	80,983	\$	203,629	\$	979,334	
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	Ψ	133,740	Ψ	40,676	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	203,027	Ψ	174,416	
Interfund payable		29,591		-		316,168		689,140		561,967		85,774		1,682,640	
Deferred revenue		23,286		13,560		13,600		-		501,507		-		50,446	
Other liabilities		83,837		-		13,000		_		_		80,057		163,894	
Other madmides		03,037										00,037		103,074	
Total Liabilities		843,139	_	108,588		397,453		689,140		642,950		369,460		3,050,730	
Fund Balances															
Reserved for prepaid items		170,717		12,522		-		_		-		_		183,239	
Unreserved:															
Undesignated, reported in:															
General fund		1,478,379		-		-		_		-		_		1,478,379	
Special revenue funds		-		392,987		-		_		-		215,788		608,775	
Capital projects funds		-				-		63,203		(83,532)		103,286		82,957	
Total Fund Balances		1,649,096		405,509		_		63,203		(83,532)		319,074		2,353,350	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,492,235	\$	514,097	\$	397,453	\$	752,343	\$	559,418	\$	688,534	\$	5,404,080	

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 2,353,350
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets Are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities (excludes internal service funds) are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 34,310,221 (8,507,068)	25,803,153
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property taxes		23,286
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the operation and maintanance of the vehicle fleet and health insurance to individual funds. Certain assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities columns in the statement of net assets.		485,837
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are reported on the fund balance sheet but eliminated on the government-wide statement of net assets: Interfund receivables Interfund payables	\$ 1,008,602 (1,008,602)	-
Liabilities, including capital leases and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds but are reported on the statement of net assets: Capital leases payable Compensated absences	\$ (2,038,765) (554,232)	(2,592,997)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities		\$ 26,072,629

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Miscellaneous 37,087 2,828 - - - 9,488 49,40 Total Revenues 9,708,818 826,912 2,348,034 1,685,355 82,616 922,141 15,573,87 Expenditures Current: Corner Sement 2,140,864 - - - - 2,140,864 Municipal court 625,001 - - - - 2,2140,864 Municipal court 625,001 - - - - 2,2140,864 Municipal court 625,001 - - - - 450,151 7,751,87 Public works 1,864,703 - - - - 450,151 7,751,87 Public works 1,864,703 - - - - 433,076 433,076 - - - 495,037 - - 1,864,70 - - - - - - - - - - - - <		General	Statesboro Fire Service	2002 SPLOST	2007 SPLOST	Capital Improvements Program	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Sales races		Φ 2.715.700	Φ.	Φ.	Φ.	•	Φ.	Φ 2.715.700
Instrume perminim taxes	± •	\$ 3,715,709	\$ -			\$ -	\$ -	
Franchis taxes 1,432,343			-	2,348,034	1,677,778	-	-	, ,
Other taxes 785,555 - - - 785,555 1.1. Text of the Intelled most laxes - - 42,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 422,526 426,526	1		-	-	-	-	-	
Hotelmost taxes			-	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental 92.836			-	-	-	-	-	,
Licenses and permits				-	-	-	,	
Fines and forfeitures			8,477	-	-	82,616	,	,
Charges for services			-	-	-	-	_	
Investment earnings			-	-	-	-	33,054	
Miscellaneous 37,087 2,828 - - - 9,488 49,40 Total Revenues 9,708,818 826,912 2,348,034 1,685,355 82,616 922,141 15,573,87 Expenditures Curren: Coursel:	E		,	-	-	-		
Total Revenues 9,708,818 826,912 2,348,034 1,685,355 82,616 922,141 15,573,876				-	7,577	-		29,512
Expenditures Current: Ceneral government	Miscellaneous	37,087	2,828	-			9,488	49,403
Current Curr	Total Revenues	9,708,818	826,912	2,348,034	1,685,355	82,616	922,141	15,573,876
General government	Expenditures							
Municipal court 625,001 - - 625,000 Public safety 5,266,817 2,034,908 - 450,151 7,751,875 Public works 1,864,703 - - - 433,276 495,057 Parks and cemeteries 433,076 - - - 433,276 495,057 Parks and cemeteries 433,076 - - - 433,076 198,260 - - - 433,076 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - 198,260 - - - - - - - - - <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:							
Public safety 5,266,817 2,034,908 -	General government	2,140,864	-	-	-	-	-	2,140,864
Public works	Municipal court	625,001	-	-	-	-	-	625,001
Community development	Public safety	5,266,817	2,034,908	-		-	450,151	7,751,876
Parks and cemeteries 433,076 433,077 Engineering 669,869 433,077 Engineering 669,869 669,869 669,869 669,869 669,869 69,869 198,260 Capital Outlay 198,260 198,260 Capital Outlay	Public works	1,864,703	-	-	-	-	-	1,864,703
Engineering 669,869 669,869 Planning and zoning 233,314 689,869 Planning and zoning 198,260 233,314 Community services 198,260 198,266 Capital Outlay 372,516 43,765 1,998,215 15,337 2,429,83. Debt Service: 254,299 Interest and fiscal charges 46,241 46,24 Total Expenditures 11,794,223 2,034,908 372,516 43,765 1,998,215 898,764 17,142,39 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,085,405) (1,207,996) 1,975,518 1,641,590 (1,915,599) 23,377 (1,568,512) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets 23,620 4,656 28,277 Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 1,722,700 - 6,116,347 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,644) Inception of capital lease obligations 1,011,491 - (1,2500) 2,551,47 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,47 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,956 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,39-250.	Community development	61,783	-	-	-	-	433,276	495,059
Planning and zoning 233,314 - - - - 233,314	Parks and cemeteries	433,076	-	-	-	-	-	433,076
Community services 198,260 198,266 Capital Outlay 372,516 43,765 1,998,215 15,337 2,429,83: Debt Service: 254,295 Interest and fiscal charges 46,241 254,295 Interest and fiscal charges 11,794,223 2,034,908 372,516 43,765 1,998,215 898,764 17,142,39 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,085,405) (1,207,996) 1,975,518 1,641,590 (1,915,599) 23,377 (1,568,51: Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets 23,620 4,656 28,277 Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 1,722,700 - 6,116,344 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,644 Inception of capital lease obligations 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,47 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,956 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,39-	Engineering	669,869	-	-	_	-	-	669,869
Community services 198,260 198,266 Capital Outlay 372,516 43,765 1,998,215 15,337 2,429,83: Debt Service: 254,295 Interest and fiscal charges 46,241 254,295 Interest and fiscal charges 11,794,223 2,034,908 372,516 43,765 1,998,215 898,764 17,142,39 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,085,405) (1,207,996) 1,975,518 1,641,590 (1,915,599) 23,377 (1,568,51: Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets 23,620 4,656 28,277 Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 1,722,700 - 6,116,344 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,644 Inception of capital lease obligations 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,47 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,956 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,39-	Planning and zoning	233,314	-	-	-	-	-	233,314
Capital Outlay - - 372,516 43,765 1,998,215 15,337 2,429,835 Deb Service: - - - - - - 254,295 - - - - 254,295 - - - - 254,295 - - - - - 46,24 Total Expenditures 11,794,223 2,034,908 372,516 43,765 1,998,215 898,764 17,142,39 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,085,405) (1,207,996) 1,975,518 1,641,590 (1,915,599) 23,377 (1,568,513) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Contract (Uses) 82,276 4,656 - - - - 2,827 - - 2,827 - - 2,827 - - 2,827 - - - 2,827 - - - 2,827 - - - - 2,827 - - - - - -			_	_	_	_	_	198,260
Debt Service: Principal retirement 254,295 - - - - - 254,295 Interest and fiscal charges 46,241 - - - - - - - - - 46,24 Total Expenditures 11,794,223 2,034,908 372,516 43,765 1,998,215 898,764 17,142,39 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,085,405) (1,207,996) 1,975,518 1,641,590 (1,915,599) 23,377 (1,568,512) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets 23,620 4,656 - - - - 28,276 Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 - - 1,722,700 - 6,116,347 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,644 Inception of capital lease obligations - - - - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 Total Other Financing Sources (U	Capital Outlay	´-	_	372,516	43,765	1,998,215	15,337	2,429,833
Principal retirement 254,295 254,295	-			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	,,		, .,
Total Expenditures		254.295	_	_	_	_	_	254,295
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,085,405) (1,207,996) 1,975,518 1,641,590 (1,915,599) 23,377 (1,568,512) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets 23,620 4,656 28,276 Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 1,722,700 - 6,116,344 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,642) Inception of capital lease obligations 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,477 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,956 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,394	_	- ,	-					46,241
Cunder) Expenditures (2,085,405) (1,207,996) 1,975,518 1,641,590 (1,915,599) 23,377 (1,568,51) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets 23,620 4,656 - - - - 28,270 Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 - - 1,722,700 - 6,116,349 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,64) Inception of capital lease obligations - - - - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,47 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,950 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 - - - (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,399	Total Expenditures	11,794,223	2,034,908	372,516	43,765	1,998,215	898,764	17,142,391
Cunder) Expenditures (2,085,405) (1,207,996) 1,975,518 1,641,590 (1,915,599) 23,377 (1,568,51) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets 23,620 4,656 - - - - 28,270 Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 - - 1,722,700 - 6,116,349 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,64) Inception of capital lease obligations - - - - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,47 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,950 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 - - - (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,399	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Sale of capital assets 23,620 4,656 - - - - 2,276 Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 - - 1,722,700 - 6,116,349 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,649) Inception of capital lease obligations - - - - - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,47 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,956 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 - - - (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,394	•	(2,085,405)	(1,207,996)	1,975,518	1,641,590	(1,915,599)	23,377	(1,568,515)
Sale of capital assets 23,620 4,656 - - - - 2,276 Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 - - 1,722,700 - 6,116,349 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,649) Inception of capital lease obligations - - - - - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,47 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,956 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 - - - (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,394	Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in 2,784,800 1,608,849 - - 1,722,700 - 6,116,34 Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,64) Inception of capital lease obligations - - - - 1,011,491 - 1,011,49 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,47 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,950 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 - - - (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,394		23,620	4,656	_	_	_	_	28,276
Transfers out (1,838,849) - (1,975,518) (777,778) - (12,500) (4,604,64) Inception of capital lease obligations - - - - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 969,571 1,613,505 (1,975,518) (777,778) 2,734,191 (12,500) 2,551,47 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,950 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 - - - (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,396	•	,	,	_	_	1.722.700	_	
Inception of capital lease obligations - - - - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,491 - 1,011,492 -			-,000,000	(1.975.518)	(777.778)	-,,	(12.500)	
Net Change in Fund Balances (1,115,834) 405,509 - 863,812 818,592 10,877 982,956 Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 - - (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,394			. <u> </u>			1,011,491		1,011,491
Fund Balances Beginning of Year 2,764,930 - - (800,609) (902,124) 308,197 1,370,394	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	969,571	1,613,505	(1,975,518)	(777,778)	2,734,191	(12,500)	2,551,471
	Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,115,834)	405,509	-	863,812	818,592	10,877	982,956
Enul Beloness End of Veen	Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,764,930	_		(800,609)	(902,124)	308,197	1,370,394
	Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,649,096	\$ 405,509	•	\$ 63,203	\$ (83,532)	\$ 319,074	\$ 2,353,350

City of Statesboro, Georgia Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net Changes In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds								
Amounts reported for governmental activities in statement of activities are different be								
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend However, in the statement of activities, assets is allocated over their estimated u depreciation expense. This is the amoun exceeded depreciation expense in the cu	the cost of those seful lives as nt by which capitalized capital outlay							
	epreciation expense \$ (1,273,089) apital outlay 2,687,170		1,414,081					
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not pr current financial resources are not repor in the funds.								
D	roperty taxes: eferred @ 6/30/08 \$ 23,286 eferred @ 6/30/07 (18,775)		4,511					
	s: \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}2\) \(\f		-					
Governmental funds do not report the cost of dispose is reported on the statement of activities			(47,131)					
The internal service funds used by management to cl the costs of self-insurance and fleet man to individual funds are not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental for and related internal service fund revenue	nagement ne government-wide und expenditures		(618,143)					
Other Financing sources for the inception of capital on the fund level operating statement but liability on the governmental-wide financing.	at are reported as a		(1,011,491)					
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure governmental funds, but the repayment liabilities in the statement of net assets.	re in the reduces long-term		254,295					
Compensated absences reported in the statement of a do not require the use of current financiaresources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.	al							
Li	ability @ 6/30/07 \$ (554,232) ability @ 6/30/06 512,821		(41,411)					
Change In Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	937,667					

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Duagor	Duuger	1100001	(Tregutive)
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 3,252,100	\$ 3,532,100	\$ 3,503,408	\$ (28,692)
Automobiles	200,000	200,000	212,301	12,301
Franchise	1,478,590	1,478,590	1,432,343	(46,247)
Insurance premium	1,236,945	1,236,945	1,240,647	3,702
Alcoholic beverage	657,980	657,980	682,476	24,496
Other	132,825	132,825	103,079	(29,746)
Licenses and permits	979,235	979,235	772,770	(206,465)
Intergovernmental	103,000	103,000	92,836	(10,164)
Charges for services	142,530	142,538	198,096	55,558
Fines and forfeitures	1,601,790	1,601,790	1,416,563	(185,227)
Investment earnings	64,000	64,000	17,212	(46,788)
Miscellaneous	54,900	54,800	37,087	(17,713)
Total Revenues	9,903,895	10,183,803	9,708,818	(474,985)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government				
Governing body	185,754	220,554	207,408	13,146
City manager's office	456,487	506,687	506,922	(235)
City clerk's office	549,107	551,107	531,926	19,181
Elections	11,500	14,592	14,589	3
Financial administration	610,802	560,802	554,719	6,083
Information technology	133,900	143,900	144,468	(568)
Human resources	148,890	142,890	140,166	2,724
Records management	8,370	8,370	9,092	(722)
General administration fees	31,189	31,189	31,574	(385)
Total general government	2,135,999	2,180,091	2,140,864	39,227
Municipal court	666,035	602,335	625,001	(22,666)

(continued)

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(continued)

							(001	itinaca)
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	į	Variance Positive Negative)
Public safety Police	\$	4,872,749	\$	5,222,749	\$	5,216,977	\$	5,772
Emergency management	Ф	5,000	Ф	5,000	Ф	5,000	ф	3,112
Animal control		46,125		46,125		44,840		1,285
Total public safety		4,923,874		5,273,874		5,266,817		7,057
Streets/public works		1,808,052		1,858,052		1,864,703		(6,651)
Parks and cemeteries		430,726		430,726		433,076		(2,350)
Engineering		661,428		677,928		669,869		8,059
Planning and zoning		440,033		276,033		233,314		42,719
Community services								
Arts Center		140,613		160,613		160,613		-
Other		37,350		37,350		37,647		(297)
Total community services		177,963		197,963		198,260		(297)
Community development		62,428		62,678		61,783		895
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement		250,064		250,064		254,295		(4,231)
Interest and fiscal charges		67,000		57,000		46,241		10,759
Total Debt Service		317,064		307,064		300,536		6,528
Total Expenditures		11,623,602		11,866,744		11,794,223		72,521
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(1,719,707)		(1,682,941)		(2,085,405)		(402,464)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		2,640,000		2,784,800		2,784,800		-
Transfers out		(1,175,891)		(1,838,849)		(1,838,849)		-
Sale of capital assets		12,000		12,000		23,620		11,620
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,476,109		957,951		969,571		11,620
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(243,598)	\$	(724,990)		(1,115,834)	\$	(390,844)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						2,764,930		
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	1,649,096		

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statesboro Fire Service Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 151,315	\$ 8,477	\$ (142,838)
Charges for services	938,258	625,000	811,310	186,310
Investment earnings	-	-	4,297	4,297
Miscellaneous		100	2,828	2,728
Total Revenues	938,258	776,415	826,912	50,497
Expenditures Current:				
Fire	2,027,397	2,395,264	2,034,908	360,356
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(1,089,139)	(1,618,849)	(1,207,996)	410,853
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Sale of capital assets	1,089,139	1,608,849	1,608,849 4,656	4,656
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,089,139	1,608,849	1,613,505	4,656
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ (10,000)	405,509	\$ 415,509
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 405,509	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2008

Reclaimed Water System \$	\$ 230,599 296,951 268,961 1,720 27,927 86,235 28,698 77,300	\$ 85,044 100,267 202,654 23,055	\$ 250 7,672 191,708 - 486,111 - 10,772	Total \$ 400,479 740,187 1,002,789 90,695 1,452,232 446,764	S 882,76
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	296,951 268,961 1,720 27,927 86,235 28,698 77,300	100,267 202,654 - - 23,055	7,672 191,708 - 486,111	740,187 1,002,789 90,695 1,452,232	
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	296,951 268,961 1,720 27,927 86,235 28,698 77,300	100,267 202,654 - - 23,055	7,672 191,708 - 486,111	740,187 1,002,789 90,695 1,452,232	
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	296,951 268,961 1,720 27,927 86,235 28,698 77,300	100,267 202,654 - - 23,055	7,672 191,708 - 486,111	740,187 1,002,789 90,695 1,452,232	
-	268,961 1,720 27,927 86,235 28,698 77,300	202,654 - - - 23,055 -	191,708 - 486,111	1,002,789 90,695 1,452,232	86,17
	268,961 1,720 27,927 86,235 28,698 77,300	202,654 - - - 23,055 -	191,708 - 486,111	1,002,789 90,695 1,452,232	86,17
	1,720 27,927 86,235 28,698 77,300	23,055	486,111	90,695 1,452,232	-
-	27,927 86,235 28,698 77,300	23,055	=	1,452,232	
	86,235 28,698 77,300	23,055	=		-
	28,698 77,300	<u> </u>	10,772	446,764	-
	77,300	<u> </u>	10,772		155,8
				121,617	77,08
	1,018,391			449,646	
- -		411,020	696,513	4,704,409	1,201,8
- - -					
- - -					
-	=	=	=	399,281	=
-	=	=	=	61,344	=
-					
	78,004	=	123,425	518,933	=
31,333	7,607	-	6,845	1,293,528	7,2
	2,960,833	812,654	1,729,472	42,238,033	69,6
31,333	3,046,444	812,654	1,859,742	44,511,119	76,9
31,333	4,064,835	1,223,674	2,556,255	49,215,528	1,278,7
_	420,022	88,233	83,956	1,221,441	100,9
_	5,328	7,968	4,045	43,716	3,8
	15,365	7,500	4,045	15,365	5,0
=	4,078	4,740	2,210	35,651	3,8
-		4,740	2,210		3,0
-	107,256	-	-	635,087	-
-		-	-	255,000	-
-	77,300	-	-	449,646	-
-	-	-	136,558	136,558	-
-	3,192	-	-	86,921	-
-	=	-	=	-	511,0
			778,194	778,194	
	632,541	100,941	1,004,963	3,657,579	619,5
=	16,312	18,963	8,841	142,605	15,2
-	-	-	1,829,203	1,829,203	-
-	394,666	-	=	8,585,455	-
				485,000	
	410,978	18,963	1,838,044	11,042,263	15,2
	1,043,519	119,904	2,843,007	14,699,842	634,7
31,333	2,544,522	812,654	1,859,742	34,151,296	76,9
-	-	-	-	199,281	-
	-	-	-	200,000	-
-	476,794	291,116	(2,146,494)	(34,891)	567,
-	\$ 3,021,316	\$ 1,103,770	\$ (286,752)	34,515,686	\$ 644,0
	\$ 31,333	\$ 31,333 \$ 3,021,316 ted for business-type activities in the star	\$ 31,333 \$ 3,021,316 \$ 1,103,770 ted for business-type activities in the statement of rent because certain internal service fund assets and	\$ 31,333 \$ 3,021,316 \$ 1,103,770 \$ (286,752) ted for business-type activities in the statement of rent because certain internal service fund assets and	199,281 200,000 - 476,794 291,116 (2,146,494) (34,891) \$ 31,333 \$ 3,021,316 \$ 1,103,770 \$ (286,752) 34,515,686 rted for business-type activities in the statement of

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

\$ 34,673,876

Net assets of business-type activities

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
	Water and Sewer	Reclaimed Water System	Gas	Solid Waste Collection	Solid Waste Disposal	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds					
Operating Revenues												
Charges for services	\$ 7,267,501	\$ -	\$ 6,179,396	\$ 2,471,249	\$ 2,290,392	\$ 18,208,538	\$ 3,967,239					
Miscellaneous	101,702		25,508		61,351	188,561						
Total Operating Revenues	7,369,203		6,204,904	2,471,249	2,351,743	18,397,099	3,967,239					
Operating Expenses												
Salaries	1,762,189	-	355,860	553,030	274,856	2,945,935	256,113					
Employee benefits	622,888	-	116,335	225,438	108,534	1,073,195	93,267					
Purchased services	1,442,061	-	175,197	886,399	2,950,744	5,454,401	227,593					
Materials and supplies	448,737	-	76,365	122,635	61,428	709,165	33,200					
Cost of sales	-	-	4,340,908	-	-	4,340,908	328,158					
Depreciation	1,555,563	-	164,563	148,635	206,100	2,074,861	21,431					
Claims	· · · · · ·	-	· -	· -	· -	· · · · ·	3,386,814					
Other	5,754		36,136	4,922	394	47,206	873					
Total Operating Expenses	5,837,192		5,265,364	1,941,059	3,602,056	16,645,671	4,347,449					
Operating Income (Loss)	1,532,011		939,540	530,190	(1,250,313)	1,751,428	(380,210)					
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)												
Investment earnings	49,001	-	2,610	6,754	-	58,365	40,375					
Intergovernmental	· -	_	45,586	-	_	45,586	· -					
Interest expense	(463,160)	-	(22,109)	_	-	(485,269)	-					
Amortization	(24,537)	_	-	_	_	(24,537)	_					
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	441			11,726	62,102	74,269						
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(438,255)		26,087	18,480	62,102	(331,586)	40,375					
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers	1,093,756	-	965,627	548,670	(1,188,211)	1,419,842	(339,835)					
Capital contributions	631,417	=	=	=	_	631,417	_					
Transfers in	563,363	31,333	_	_	1,158,600	1,753,296	_					
Transfers out	(1,251,000)		(925,000)	(532,000)	(157,000)	(2,865,000)	(400,000)					
Change in Net Assets	1,037,536	31,333	40,627	16,670	(186,611)	939,555	(739,835)					
Net Assets Beginning of Year	29,608,483		2,980,689	1,087,100	(100,141)		1,383,862					
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 30,646,019	\$ 31,333	\$ 3,021,316	\$ 1,103,770	\$ (286,752)		\$ 644,027					

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net revenue of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities.

(121,692) 8 817,863

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

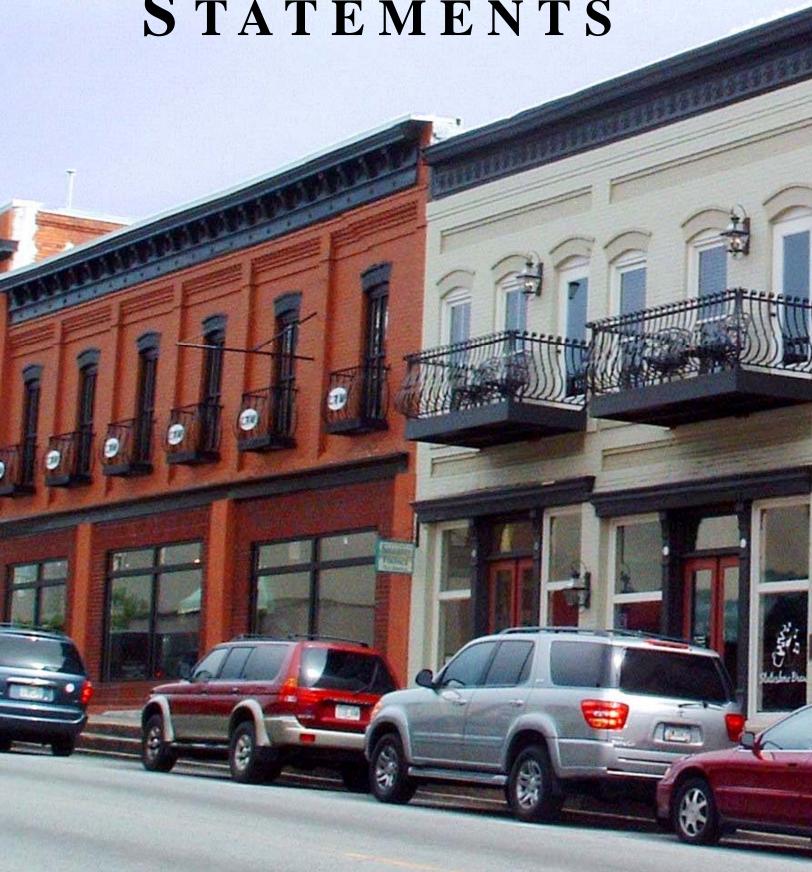
				Business-ty Enterp					Go	vernmental
	 Water and Sewer	V	claimed Vater ystem	Gas	olid Waste Collection	s	olid Waste Disposal	Total		ctivities - Internal vice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments for goods and services Cash payments for claims	\$ 7,319,402 (2,369,432) (1,959,355)	\$	- - - -	\$ 6,003,405 (470,706) (4,530,802)	\$ 2,467,477 (780,941) (986,544)	\$	2,352,908 (384,362) (3,102,224)	\$ 18,143,192 (4,005,441) (10,578,925)	\$	4,410,966 (346,269) (591,351) (3,042,782)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	 2,990,615			 1,001,897	 699,992		(1,133,678)	 3,558,826		430,564
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Operating grants received Advances from (to) other funds Transfers in Transfers out	 (788,302) 563,363 (1,251,000)		31,333	46,599 288,145 - (925,000)	 (1,182) - (532,000)		307,662 1,158,600 (157,000)	46,599 (193,677) 1,753,296 (2,865,000)		- - - (400,000)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital	(1.455.000)		21 222	(500.256)	(500,100)		1 200 252	(1.050.500)		(400,000)
Financing Activities	 (1,475,939)		31,333	 (590,256)	 (533,182)		1,309,262	 (1,258,782)		(400,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Capital contributions	7,020 542,442		-	-	12,051		62,102	81,173 542,442		-
Proceeds from loan Principal paid on revenue bonds	1,047,073 (245,000)		-	-	-		-	1,047,073 (245,000)		-
Principal paid on notes Interest paid on debt Payments for capital acquisitions	(446,411) (457,026) (2,853,809)		(31,333)	(108,622) (22,500) (43,780)	(241,353)		(245,347)	(555,033) (479,526) (3,415,622)		(28,488)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,405,711)		(31,333)	(174,902)	(229,302)		(183,245)	(3,024,493)		(28,488)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment earnings	 49,001			2,610	6,754			 58,365		40,375
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					, , ,					
and Cash Equivalents	(842,034)		-	239,349	(55,738)		(7,661)	(666,084)		42,451
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	 1,698,247			 68,550	 140,782		7,911	 1,915,490		840,317
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 856,213	\$		\$ 307,899	\$ 85,044	\$	250	\$ 1,249,406	\$	882,768

(continued)

City of Statesboro, Georgia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
		Water and Sewer		Gas		olid Waste Collection	S	olid Waste Disposal		Total	-	Internal vice Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	ı												
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,532,011	\$	939,540	\$	530,190	\$	(1,250,313)	\$	1,751,428	\$	(380,210)	
Adjustments:													
Depreciation		1,555,563		164,563		148,635		206,100		2,074,861		21,431	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:													
Accounts receivable		(79,981)		(210,249)		(3,772)		1,165		(292,837)		443,727	
Materials and supplies inventory		(101,213)		(21,190)		-		-		(122,403)		(30,800)	
Prepaid items		(2,497)		2,353		(3,411)		(2,174)		(5,729)		(17,142)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:													
Accounts payable		40,907		113,362		30,823		16,487		201,579		71,435	
Accrued payroll		6,545		2,018		1,790		1,091		11,444		505	
Interfund payable		-		-		-		-		-		(6,228)	
Compensated absences payable		9,100		(529)		(4,263)		(2,063)		2,245		2,606	
Sales taxes payable		-		3,279		-		-		3,279		-	
Customer deposits		30,180		8,750		-		-		38,930		-	
Accrued landfill postclosure costs		-		-		-		(103,971)		(103,971)		-	
Claims payable												325,240	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	2,990,615	\$	1,001,897	\$	699,992	\$	(1,133,678)	\$	3,558,826	\$	430,564	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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The City of Statesboro (the "City") was chartered by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, community development, community services and general administrative services. The City also operates two public utilities (water and sewer system and gas system) and provides sanitation services. The City and Bulloch County jointly operate a transfer station for transport of solid waste and an inert landfill.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities at the government-wide financial reporting level and to its enterprise funds at the fund reporting level, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, levies their taxes or issues their debt.

The component unit columns included on the government-wide financial statements identify the financial data of the City's discretely presented component unit. It is reported separately to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

A brief description of the City's discretely presented component unit follows:

Downtown Statesboro Development Authority (the Authority) – The Authority is a public corporation created in 1981. The primary purpose of the Authority is to promote industry and trade in the downtown area. The City Council appoints one board member and provides its primary funding. Therefore, the Authority is fiscally dependent on the City. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained at the Authority's administrative office.

After reviewing the above criteria, the City has determined that the Statesboro-Bulloch County Airport and the Statesboro-Bulloch County Parks and Recreation Department do not qualify as component units of the City.

Related Organizations

The Housing Authority of the City of Statesboro, Georgia is considered a related organization based upon the criteria in GASB Statement 14. The Housing Authority is a legally separate entity and the City does not appoint any of its board members. The City of Statesboro, Georgia is not able to impose its will upon the Housing Authority and a financial benefit/burden relationship does not exist between them. Therefore, based upon the criteria above, the Housing Authority of the City of Statesboro, Georgia is a related organization and is excluded from the reporting entity.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The primary government and the component unit are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and City's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with service charges to external customers.

The statement of net assets presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the City.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the City's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the City. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds.

Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

Fund Accounting - The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City uses two categories of funds: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds - Government funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The City reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The General Fund – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund's fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of the State of Georgia.

Statesboro Fire Service Fund – This fund accounts for revenues collected from city taxpayers and taxpayers in the county's five mile fire district used to fund the City's fire department.

2002 SPLOST Fund – This fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax collected pursuant to a 2002 referendum for various capital improvements within the City.

2007 SPLOST Fund – This fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax collected pursuant to a 2007 referendum for various capital improvements within the City.

Capital Improvements Program Fund – This fund accounts for revenues used to acquire or construct major governmental capital assets. This fund is funded primarily from interfund transfers.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. The proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds and internal service funds. The City's major enterprise funds consist of:

Water and Sewer Operating Fund - This fund accounts for the water and sewer provided to the City's constituents.

Reclaimed Water System Fund – This fund accounts for the reclaimed water provided for irrigation to the City's constituents.

Gas Operating Fund - This fund accounts for the gas services provided to the City's constituents.

Solid Waste Collection Fund - This fund accounts for the solid waste collection program.

Solid Waste Disposal Fund - This fund accounts for the solid waste disposal program.

The City's internal service funds account for the City's health and workers compensation insurance and fleet management programs.

1-C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statements of net assets. The statements of changes in fund net assets present increases (i.e.,

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Revenues - Non-exchange Transactions - Non-exchange transactions in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, sales taxes, interest and federal and state grants.

Deferred/Unearned Revenue - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

On governmental fund financial statements (i.e., on the modified accrual basis), receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue (i.e., they are measurable but not available) rather than as revenue.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met (e.g., cash advances) also are recorded as deferred revenue.

Deferred revenue is reported at the fund financial reporting level but reclassified as "unearned revenue" on the government-wide statement of net assets, where applicable.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

1-E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1-E-1 Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

three months of the date acquired by the City.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Georgia law authorizes the City to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the State of Georgia or of any other states
- Obligations of the United States Government
- Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States Government or United States Government agency
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government
- Prime bankers' acceptances
- The State of Georgia local government investment pool (i.e., Georgia Fund I)
- Repurchase agreements
- Obligations of the other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia

1-E-2 Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable. Unbilled water, sewer and gas charges are accrued as receivables and revenue at June 30, 2008.

1-E-3 Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/interfund payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns on the statement of net assets, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances on this statement. These amounts are ultimately eliminated from the total column on the statement of net assets.

1-E-4 Consumable Inventories

On the government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method).

1-E-5 Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2008, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reserved as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

1-E-6 Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent sinking funds required by enterprise fund revenue bonds and designated as such by management, customer utility deposits, funds held specifically for water and sewer system improvements, and funds designated for capital purchases.

1-E-7 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but does not report these assets in the City fund financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital assets utilized by proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the proprietary funds' statement of net assets.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, water and sewer lines and gas lines. Water and sewer lines and gas lines are classified as "improvements other than buildings." Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by enterprise funds is capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, right-of-ways and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings	15 – 40 years	15 - 40 years
Improvements other than buildings	8-40 years	15 – 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years	5 – 15 years
Infrastructure	12 – 25 years	

At the inception of capital leases at the governmental fund reporting level, expenditures and an "other financing source" of an equal amount are reported at the net present value of future minimum lease payments.

1-E-8 Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due."

1-E-9 Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of those funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-10 Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the proprietary fund type statement of net assets, bond premiums and discounts are netted against bonds payable and bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges. On the government-wide and proprietary fund type statement of activities, bond premiums and discounts and bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

At the governmental fund reporting level, bond premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses, separately from the face amount of the bonds issued. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expenditure.

1-E-11 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net assets."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. The City reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available, spendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation in future periods. Designations are management's intent to set aside these resources for specific services.

Net Assets - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. This net asset amount also is adjusted by any bond issuance deferral amounts. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net assets are reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

1-E-12 Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for water, sewer, gas, solid waste, and the insurance benefits and fleet management programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of each fund and include administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1-E-13 Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

1-E-14 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and the after non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported as general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated. Transfers between funds reported in the business type activities column are eliminated. Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are eliminated from the total column.

1-E-15 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1-E-16 Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

2-A. Budgetary Information – The City adopts an annual operating budget for the general fund and each special revenue fund. A project budget is adopted for each capital projects fund. The budget resolution reflects the total of each department's appropriation in each fund.

All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget generally is the department level within each individual fund. The City Manager may approve budget transfers within departments. Any change in total to a fund or departmental appropriation within a fund requires City Council approval.

During the year, the City Council approved budget revisions.

All unexpended annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

2-B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2008, expenditures exceeded appropriations for the following departments within the general fund:

City manager's office	\$ 235
Information technology	568
Records management	722
General administration fees	385
Municipal court	22,666
Street/Public works	6,651
Parks and cemeteries	2,350
Community services	297
Debt service - Principal retirement	4,231

These overexpenditures were funded by underexpenditures in other departments.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

2-C. Deficit Fund Equities

The following individual funds had a deficit fund balance/net asset balance at June 30, 2008:

Solid waste disposal fund	\$286,752
Capital improvements program fund	83,532

The deficit in the capital improvements program fund will be eliminated by the receipt of SPLOST funds and lease proceeds in fiscal year 2009.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

3-A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (i.e., checking and certificates of deposits) was \$3,921,494 and the bank balance was \$4,044,400. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,844,400 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Cash & Cash Equivalent Reconciliation:

	Cash and				
	Cash Equivale				
Fund Reporting Level:					
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	\$	1,789,320			
Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Assets		400,479			
Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Assets - Restricted		848,927			
Internal Service Fund Statement of Net Assets		882,768			
Total	\$	3,921,494			

3-B. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2008, consisted of taxes, interest, accounts (billings for user charges, including unbilled utility receivables), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants.

Receivables and payables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectibility. The allowances for uncollectibles netted against receivables at June 30, 2008 follow:

	A	llowance
		For
Fund	Unc	ollectibles
General	\$	4,450
Water and sewer		146,639
Gas		91,437
Solid waste collection		39,035
Solid waste disposal		579

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-C. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on or about October 20 of each year and are due and payable within 60 days of the tax bill mailing date. The City bills and collects its own property taxes. Property tax revenues at the fund reporting level are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables (i.e. collectible in 60 days). For the year ended June 30, 2008, property taxes were levied on September 24, 2007 and were due December 20, 2007.

3-D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity (including the fleet management internal service fund) for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2007	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2008
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,636,113	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,636,113
Construction in progress-infrastructure	1,643,451	402,582	1,249,829	796,204
Construction in progress	5,239,331	63,606	5,239,331	63,606
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,518,895	466,188	6,489,160	2,495,923
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	8,057,114	5,745,095	-	13,802,209
Improvements other than buildings	312,083	-	-	312,083
Machinery and equipment	5,677,678	1,621,486	289,043	7,010,121
Infrastructure	9,596,374	1,372,049		10,968,423
Total capital assets being depreciated	23,643,249	8,738,630	289,043	32,092,836
Total capital assets	32,162,144	9,204,818	6,778,203	34,588,759
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	1,730,230	194,040	-	1,924,270
Improvements other than buildings	70,356	18,758	-	89,114
Machinery and equipment	3,748,757	587,562	241,912	4,094,407
Infrastructure	2,106,722	494,160		2,600,882
Total accumulated depreciation	7,656,065	1,294,520	241,912	8,708,673
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 24,506,079	\$ 7,910,298	\$ 6,536,291	\$ 25,880,086

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Governmental activities depreciation expense:	
General government	\$ 75,776
Municipal court	4,035
Public safety	454,467
Public works	539,804
Parks and cemeteries	88,256
Engineering	11,819
Community services	98,932
Fleet management internal service fund	21,431
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,294,520

The following table presents the changes in capital assets for the City's enterprise funds:

	Balance 7/1/2007		Additions		Deductions		Balance 6/30/2008
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	518,933	\$ -	\$	-	\$	518,933
Construction in progress		2,723,820	 38,940		1,469,232		1,293,528
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,242,753	 38,940		1,469,232		1,812,461
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings		1,902,530	120,787		2,826		2,020,491
Improvements other than buildings		53,788,788	4,201,185		8,610		57,981,363
Machinery and equipment		8,236,220	523,942		246,051		8,514,111
Total capital assets being depreciated		63,927,538	4,845,914		257,487		68,515,965
Total capital assets		67,170,291	4,884,854		1,726,719		70,328,426
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings		679,641	64,704		659		743,686
Improvements other than buildings		18,153,021	1,429,862		4,197		19,578,686
Machinery and equipment		5,620,991	580,295		245,726		5,955,560
Total accumulated depreciation		24,453,653	 2,074,861		250,582		26,277,932
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	42,716,638	\$ 2,809,993	\$	1,476,137	\$	44,050,494

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-E. - Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances at June 30, 2008, consisted of the following amounts and represent charges for services or reimbursable expenses. These remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting period, and (3) payments between funds are made. The City expects to repay all interfund balances within one year.

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		Amount			
General Fund	Multiple Grant Fund	\$	11,045		
	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund		1,112		
	Capital Improvements Program Fund		561,967		
	2002 SPLOST Fund		316,168		
	2007 SPLOST Fund		43,029		
	U.S. Department of Justice		73,617		
Statesboro Fire Service Fund	General Fund		1,664		
Water and Sewer Operations	2007 SPLOST Fund		160,000		
	Solid Waste Disposal		778,194		
Gas Operations	General Fund		27,927		
Solid Waste Disposal	2007 SPLOST Fund		486,111		
		\$	2,460,834		

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008, consisted of the following:

	Tranfers From:										
				2002		2007	N	onmajor		Water	
		General		SPLOST	5	SPLOST	Governmental		and Sewer		
Transfer to:		Fund	Fund Fund		Fund			Fund		Fund	
General Fund		-		-		-		-	\$	870,800	
Statesboro Fire Service Fund	\$	1,608,849		-		-		-		-	
Capital Improvements Fund		230,000	\$	1,000,000		-	\$	12,500		380,200	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-		-		-		-		-	
Water and Sewer Fund		-		563,363		-		-		-	
Reclaimed Water Fund		-		31,333		-		-		-	
Solid Waste Disposal Fund				380,822	\$	777,778					
	\$	1,838,849	\$	1,975,518	\$	777,778	\$	12,500	\$	1,251,000	

	Tranfers From:								
Transfer to:	Gas Fund		Solid Waste Collection Fund		Solid Waste Disposal Fund		Health Insurance Fund		Total
General Fund	\$	925,000	\$	532,000	\$	157,000	\$	300,000	\$ 2,784,800
Statesboro Fire Service Fund		-		-		-		-	1,608,849
Capital Improvements Fund		-		-		-		100,000	1,722,700
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-		-		-		-	-
Water and Sewer Fund		-		-		-		-	563,363
Reclaimed Water Fund									31,333
Solid Waste Disposal Fund						-			1,158,600
	\$	925,000	\$	532,000	\$	157,000	\$	400,000	\$ 7,869,645

Transfers are used to report revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, to segregate money for anticipated capital projects (e.g., SPLOST approved projects); to report enterprise fund transfers for the equivalent of franchise fees and property taxes as if the utility funds were privately owned; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

All City transfers either occur on a regular basis or are consistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

3-F. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care

State and federal laws and regulations required the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Effective July 1, 1997, the City stopped accepting waste into its landfill. The remaining accrued landfill postclosure care costs liability at June 30, 2008, was \$1,965,761. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2008. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, unexpected mitigation requirements, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-G. Long-Term Debt

Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds - During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996, the City issued revenue refunding bonds of \$6,730,000. The City issued the 1995 Series Revenue Refunding Bonds to advance refund Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 1978, with an outstanding balance of \$3,220,000, a \$843,354 Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA) note, and a \$1,993,690 GEFA note. Additionally, a portion of the net proceeds was deposited into the Water and Sewer Operating Fund Construction Account. The amount of outstanding refunded debt at June 30, 2008 was \$740,000.

The City pledges income derived from the constructed or acquired assets to pay debt service. The revenue bonds have interest rates ranging from 4.20 percent to 5.20 percent. The bonds require principal payments each April 1 and interest is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 each year.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize all obligations outstanding, as of June 30, 2008 follow:

Year	F	Principal I		nterest	Total	
2009 2010 2011	\$	\$ 255,000 270,000 215,000		37,835 25,085 11,180	\$	292,835 295,085 226,180
Total	\$	740,000	\$	74,100	\$	814,100

Notes Payable – The City has entered into a number of notes with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority (GEFA), the Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia (MGAG) and One Georgia Authority with balances at June 30, 2008, as follows:

GEFA (95-S84WS),payable in quarterly installments of \$18,561 including interest at 5.12% through April 1, 2016	\$	484,841
GEFA (97-L99WS),payable in quarterly installments of \$4,067 including interest at 4.76% through July 1, 2018		131,339
GEFA (97-L10WJ), payable in quarterly installments of \$20,987 including interest at 4.76% through March 1, 2019		703,170
One Georgia Authority, payable in quarterly installments of \$8,334 including interest at 3% through April 1, 2022		379,911
MGAG, payable in monthly installments of \$7,522 including interest at 5.85% through December 12, 2009		122,011
GEFA (98L44WQ), payable in quarterly installments of \$36,217 including interest at 4.79% through January 1, 2020	1	1,295,948
GEFA (97L11WJ), payable in quarterly installments of \$19,532 including interest at 4.76% through December 1, 2020		732,871
GEFA (98L81WQ), payable in quarterly installments of \$16,540 including interest at 4.24% through November 1, 2020		639,375

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Bulloch County GEFA (94-S79WJ), payable in quarterly installments of \$21,402 including interest at 5.12% through January 1, 2016	544,816
GEFA (99-L28WQ), payable in quarterly installments of \$20,543 including interest at 5.05% through April 1, 2022	821,220
GEFA (98-L80WQ), payable in quarterly installments of \$18,303 including interest at 4.24% through February 1, 2021	718,198
GEFA (99-L29WQ), payable in quarterly installments of \$24,606 including interest at 5.05% through April 1, 2022	983,658
GEFA (2006-L25WJ), payable in monthly installments of \$10,381 including interest at 4.28% through April 1, 2028	1,663,184
	\$ 9,220,542

Annual debt service requirements to amortize all notes payable outstanding, as of June 30, 2008 follow:

Year	Principal	Interest		Total	
				_	
2009	\$ 635,087	\$	416,124	\$ 1,051,211	
2010	613,208		385,390	998,598	
2011	603,783		357,162	960,945	
2012	632,626		328,324	960,950	
2013	662,862		298,088	960,950	
2014-2018	3,463,390		1,000,252	4,463,642	
2019-2023	2,066,576		294,514	2,361,090	
2024-2028	543,010		59,064	602,074	
Total	\$ 9,220,542	\$	3,138,918	\$ 12,359,460	

Capital Leases - The City currently has the following outstanding capital leases.

Capital Lease – City Hall - In 1995 the Downtown Statesboro Development Authority provided for the issuance of a Revenue Bond in the amount of \$1,500,000 to provide for the acquisition, renovation, and equipping of the old Jaeckel Hotel for the purpose of converting it to the new Statesboro City Hall.

The Bond bears an interest rate of 70% of the prime rate but can never be less than 4.2% or more than 10.5%. Interest on the Bond is paid to Sea Island Bank by the City of Statesboro semi-annually on the first day of June and the first day of December beginning June 1, 1997. Principal payments are made in annual installments on December 1, each year beginning in 1997 and ending in 2022.

Upon payment in full of the debt the Downtown Statesboro Development Authority will convey the property to the City without further consideration.

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The total cost for the project under the capital lease was \$1,733,719.

Year]	Principal	Interest		Total	
						_
2009	\$	52,500	\$	70,739	\$	123,239
2010		55,000		67,165		122,165
2011		58,500		63,391		121,891
2012		62,000		59,385		121,385
2013		65,500		55,145		120,645
2014-2018		391,000		202,825		593,825
2019-2022		405,000		55,877		460,877
Total	\$	1,089,500	\$	574,527	\$	1,664,027

Capital Lease – Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) – The City has entered into lease agreements with GMA to purchase the following equipment:

	Cost
3 Ricoh AP610N Laser Printers	\$ 2,997
Mita FS-9500DN Printer	3,249
MPF753012269 Printer	4,995
Krimesite Imager with Black Talon Stabilizer	18,950
2006 F250 Truck	17,173
2006 F150 Truck	18,244
(2) New Holland 4WD Tractors	38,655
2006 F350 Truck with Landscape Body	22,223
2006 F450 Truck	20,527
2006 Ford Five Hundred	18,662
2008 F350 Truck	25,299
2007 F150 Truck	14,440
Extrication Tool	51,411
Computer Hardware	25,519
2007 Tymco Street Sweeper	92,846
Motorola Communication Equipment	249,404
(8) 2008 Dodge Chargers	217,168
Police Office Furnishings	316,742
	\$ 1,158,504

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The leases require annual payments without interest as follows:

Year	Principal
2009	\$ 294,806
2010	247,632
2011	204,411
2012	133,966
2013	68,450
Total	\$ 949,265

Changes in Long-term Debt - Changes in the City's long-term obligations consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Governmental Activities	Outstanding 7/1/2007	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 6/30/2008	Amounts Due in One Year
Capital lease - City Hall	\$ 1,138,500	\$ -	\$ 49,000	\$ 1,089,500	\$ 52,500
Capital lease - GMA	143,069	1,011,491	205,295	949,265	294,806
Compensated absences	529,234	62,642	18,625	573,251	114,650
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,810,803	\$ 1,074,133	\$ 272,920	\$ 2,612,016	\$ 461,956
Business-Type Activities					
Water revenue bonds	\$ 985,000	\$ -	\$ 245,000	740,000	\$ 255,000
Notes payable - water fund	8,117,958	1,047,073	446,411	8,718,620	527,831
Notes payable - gas fund	610,544	-	108,622	501,922	107,256
Landfill closure and					
post-closure care	2,069,732	-	103,971	1,965,761	136,558
Compensated absences	176,011	9,100	6,855	178,256	35,651
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 11,959,245	\$ 1,056,173	\$ 910,859	\$ 12,104,559	\$ 1,062,296

The capital lease obligations will be paid from the General Fund. The compensated absences liability for governmental funds will be paid from the General Fund and for business-type activities from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. Principal and interest payments related to notes payable for the City's Water and Sewer System are financed from income derived from the operation of the Water and Sewer System. Principal and interest payments related to notes payable for the City's gas system are financed from income derived from this system. The landfill closure and post-closure care liability will be retired from the solid waste disposal fund.

3-H. Pensions

Plan Description - The City's defined benefit pension plan, the City of Statesboro Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (the "System"), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for cities in the State of Georgia. The City is assigned the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report can be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

Funding Policy - Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The minimum annual contribution requirements of the City are established by Public Retirement Systems

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Standards Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10).

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation - For 2008 the City's annual pension cost of \$743,290 for the plan was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the March 1, 2008, actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 5% per year for inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases of 5.5% per year attributed to seniority/merit, and (d) no post-retirement benefit increase. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a tenyear period. The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is thirty years from 1982 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over fifteen years for actuarial gains and losses, twenty years for plan provisions and thirty years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods at a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year.

	Schedule of Funding Progress								
						(6)			
				(4)		Unfunded			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	Unfunded	(5)	AAL/(Funding			
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Funded	AAL/(Funding	Annual	Excess) as a			
Valuation	Value	Accrued	Ratio	Excess)	Covered	Percentage of			
Date	of Assets	Liability (AAL)	(1)/(2)	(2)-(1)	Payroll	Covered Payroll			
3/1/2006	\$ 11,176,525	\$ 10,979,621	101.8%	\$ (196,904)	\$ 7,001,305	(2.8)%			
3/1/2007	12,120,111	12,094,093	100.2%	(26,018)	8,058,192	(0.3)%			
3/1/2008	13,175,098	14,037,526	93.9%	862,428	9,369,557	9.2%			

Schedule of Employer Contributions							
Annual							
Year Ended	Percentage						
June 30		Cost	Contributed				
_							
2006	\$	472,066	100%				
2007		544,797	100%				
2008		743,290	100%				
		ŕ					

Defined Contribution Plan

The City participates in The Georgia Municipal Association 401(a) defined contribution plan that is administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The only employee eligible for the plan is the City Manager. The City is assigned the authority to establish and amend any provisions of the Plan.

Annual contributions to the plan are at the discretion of the City Council. Employee contributions are not required or permitted. The City contributed \$4,918 to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Note 3 – Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-I. Net Assets

Net assets on the government-wide statement of net assets as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

		Business	
	Governmental	Type	Component
Investments in capital assets, net of related debt:	Activities	Activities	Unit
Cost of capital assets	\$ 34,588,759	\$ 70,328,426	\$ 7,755
Less accumulated depreciation	8,708,673	26,277,932	7,608
Book value	25,880,086	44,050,494	147
Less capital related debt	2,038,765	9,960,542	-
Plus bond issuance and refunding amounts		61,344	
Investments in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 23,841,321	\$ 34,151,296	\$ 147

Note 4 - Other Notes

4-A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City has joined the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA). This membership allows the City to share liability, crime, motor vehicle and property damage risks.

Chapter 85 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated authorizes Georgia municipalities to form interlocal risk management agencies. The Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency (GIRMA) is a municipal interlocal risk management agency to function as an unincorporated nonprofit instrumentality of its member municipalities – GIRMA establishes and administers one or more group self insurance funds and a risk management service to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty and property losses occurring in the operation of municipal government. GIRMA is to defend and protect in accordance with the member government contract and related coverage descriptions any member of GIRMA against liability or loss.

The City of Statesboro must participate at all times in at least one fund which is established by GIRMA. The City of Statesboro retains the first \$1,000 of each risk of loss in the form of a deductible. The City files all claims with GIRMA. GIRMA bills the City for any risk of loss up to the \$1,000 deductible.

The basis for estimating the liabilities for unpaid claims is "IBNR" established by an actuary.

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the City paid 7 claims up to the \$1,000 deductible totaling \$6,229. The City is not aware of any claims which the City is liable for (up to \$1,000) which were outstanding and unpaid at June 30, 2008. No provisions have been made in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008 for any estimate of potential unpaid claims.

Pursuant to Title 34, Chapter 9, Article 4 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the City of Statesboro became a member of the Georgia Municipal Association Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund. The liability of the fund to the employees of any employer (City) is specifically limited to such obligations as are imposed by applicable state laws against the employer for workers' compensation and/or employer's liability.

The fund is to defend, in the name of and on behalf of the members, any suits or other proceedings which may at any time be instituted against them on account of injuries or death within the purview of the Workers' Compensation Law of Georgia, or on the basis of employer's liability, including suits or other proceedings alleging such injuries and demanding compensation

Note 4 - Other Notes (Continued)

therefore, although such suits, other proceedings, allegations or demands be wholly groundless, false or fraudulent. The Fund is to pay all costs assessed against members in any legal proceedings defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

The City's responsibilities relating to the workers' compensation pool is to pay all costs, other than those referenced in the above paragraph regarding litigation. The City prepays an estimated annual premium based upon claims experience. Then an audit is conducted of actual experience, with the difference in the premium being paid or refunded as applicable.

In fiscal year 2006, based on prior years loss experience and claims, the City elected to self insure a portion of its workers' compensation claims by increasing the deductible to \$50,000 per occurrence and thereby significantly decreasing the annual premium.

In January, 1991 the City elected to establish a self-insurance fund (an internal service fund) to cover all employee health insurance claims. The City makes payments to this fund on a monthly basis based on estimated premiums provided by the third party administrator to fund this program. Amounts are also withheld from employees by payroll deduction and paid to the self-insurance fund.

A third party administrator pays all claims from funds provided to them from the self-insurance fund's bank account. The City carries specific reinsurance for claims from one individual within one year exceeding \$60,000. The claims liability of \$511,000 reported at June 30, 2008 represents known claims incurred on or prior to June 30, 2008 and an estimate for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Changes in the fund's claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

	Be	ginning of	C	urrent Year				End of
	Fi	scal Year	Clain	Claims and Changes		Claim	Fis	scal Year
Date	I	Liability	in Estimates		in Estimates Payments		Liability	
2006	\$	187,193	\$	2,627,737	\$	2,484,930	\$	330,000
2007		330,000		2,951,719		3,095,959		185,760
2008		185,760		3,386,814		3,061,574		511,000

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, and there have been no settlements that exceed the City's insurance coverage during the past three years.

4-B. Contingent Liabilities

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The City was a defendant in several lawsuits at June 30, 2008. In the opinion of City management, the outcome of these contingencies will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

4-C. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the nine county coastal Georgia area, is a member of the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center (RDC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the City paid \$23,881 in such dues. Membership in an RDC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RDC in Georgia. The RDC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1

Note 4 - Other Notes (Continued)

provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center, P.O. Box 1917, Brunswick, Georgia 31521.

4-D. Hotel-Motel Lodging Tax

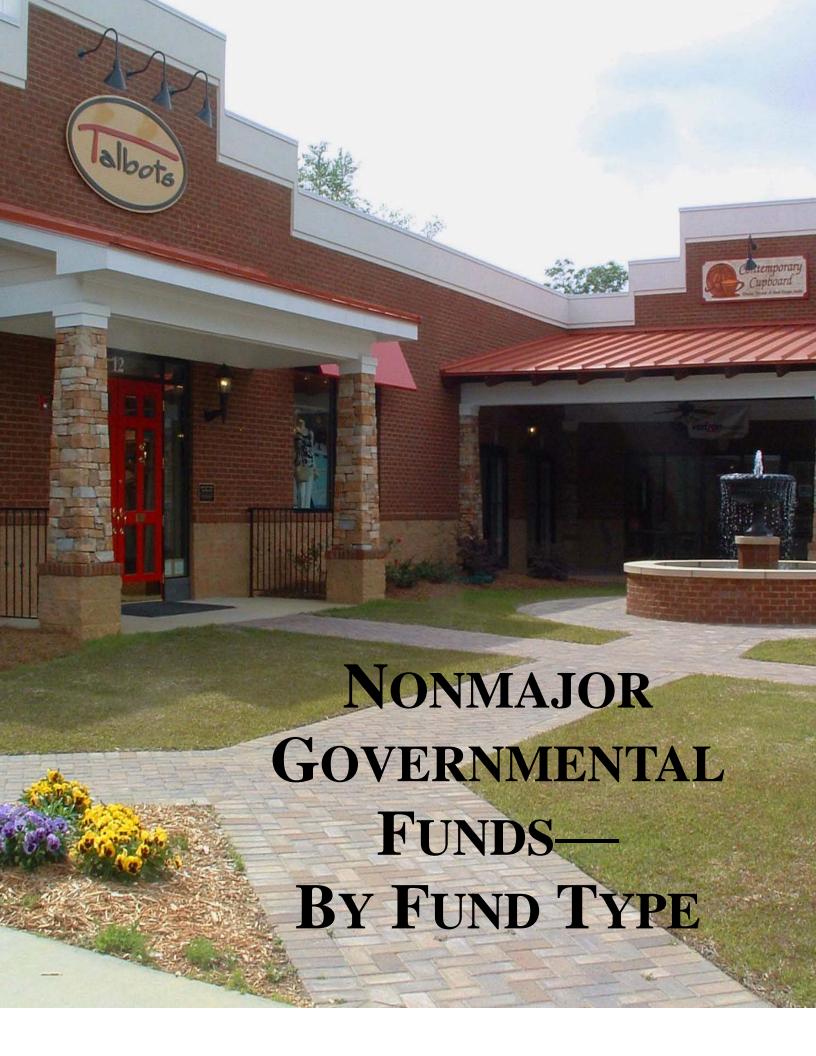
The City has levied a 5% lodging tax. A summary of the transactions for the year ended June 30, 2008 follows:

		Percentage of tax receipts
Lodging tax receipts	\$ 422,526	
Disbursements to the:		
Statesboro Convention and Visitors Bureau for promotion of tourism	(308,149)	72.9%
Statesboro Arts Council for performing arts center	(80,794)	19.1%
Downtown Statesboro Development Authority for promotion of tourism	(33,583)	7.9%
Total	\$ -	

All expenditures were for promotion of tourism as required by O.C.G.A. 48-13-41.

4-E. Other Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach early retirement age while working for the City with a minimum of ten years of service. The City contributes approximately 50% of the cost of these benefits for retirees with ten to twenty-four years of service. The City contributes 100% of the cost of these benefits for retirees with a minimum of twenty-five years of service. The provision of these benefits along with the City obligation to contribute is established under the authority of the City Council through passage of a local ordinance. At June 30, 2008 there were only two retirees eligible for the benefits. The City recognizes the cost of retiree health care benefits as an expense as claims are incurred. For the year ended June 30, 2008 those total \$2,591 within the benefits insurance internal service fund.



City of Statesboro, Georgia

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - By Fund Type June 30, 2008

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 104,194	\$ 103,318	\$ 207,512
Receivables:			
Hotel/motel taxes	38,610	-	38,610
Intergovernmental	287,767	-	287,767
Notes	153,533	-	153,533
Prepaid items	1,112		1,112
Total Assets	\$ 585,216	\$ 103,318	\$ 688,534
Liabilities and Fund Balance			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 203,597	\$ 32	\$ 203,629
Interfund payable	85,774	-	85,774
Other	80,057		80,057
Total Liabilities	369,428	32	369,460
Fund Balances			
Unreserved - undesignated	215,788	103,286	319,074
	210,7.00	100,200	217,071
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 585,216	\$ 103,318	\$ 688,534
Total Diabilities and Fund Dalances	φ 505,210	ψ 105,516	ψ 000,334

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Hotel/motel taxes	\$ 422,526	\$ -	\$ 422,526
Intergovernmental	456,647	-	456,647
Fines and forfeitures	33,054	-	33,054
Investment earnings	426	-	426
Miscellaneous	9,488		9,488
Total Revenues	922,141		922,141
Expenditures			
Public safety	450,151	-	450,151
Community development	433,276	-	433,276
Public works		15,337	15,337
Total Expenditures	883,427	15,337	898,764
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	38,714	(15,337)	23,377
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out	(12,500)		(12,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(12,500)		(12,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances	26,214	(15,337)	10,877
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	189,574	118,623	308,197
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 215,788	\$ 103,286	\$ 319,074



City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

		2008		2007
Assets	_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	733,835	\$	1,014,766
Receivables:				
Taxes		193,462		154,165
Accounts		63,194		77,363
Intergovernmental		57,980		98,158
Notes		266,109		345,877
Interfund		1,006,938		1,371,692
Prepaid items		170,717		169,631
Inventory		-		82
Total Assets	\$	2,492,235	\$	3,231,734
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	572,685	\$	188,775
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes		133,740		176,279
Other liabilities		83,837		48,145
Interfund		29,591		34,830
Deferred revenue		23,286		18,775
Total Liabilities		843,139		466,804
Fund Balances				
Reserved for prepaid items		170,717		169,631
Unreserved - undesignated		1,478,379		2,595,299
Total Fund Balances		1,649,096		2,764,930
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,492,235	\$	3,231,734

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund ve Statement of Revenues France

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Revenues		
Taxes:		
Property	\$ 3,503,408	\$ 3,187,407
Automobiles	212,301	212,955
Franchise	1,432,343	1,310,552
Insurance premium	1,240,647	1,189,372
Alcoholic beverage	682,476	651,652
Other	103,079	140,001
Licenses and permits	772,770	783,243
Intergovernmental	92,836	138,090
Charges for services	198,096	629,416
Fines and forfeitures	1,416,563	1,553,415
Investment earnings	17,212	90,083
Miscellaneous	37,087	65,004
Total Revenues	9,708,818	9,951,190
Expenditures Current:		
General government Governing body	207,408	208,517
City manager's office	506,922	425,262
City clerk's office	531,926	546,582
Elections	14,589	271
Financial administration	554,719	573,480
	144,468	95,910
Information technology Human resources	140,166	125,335
	9,092	5,003
Records management General administration fees	31,574	27,807
Total general government	2,140,864	2,008,167
Municipal court	625,001	638,695
Public safety:		
Police	5,216,977	4,802,343
Fire	-	1,922,903
Civil defense	5,000	5,000
Animal control	44,840	15,615
Total public safety	5,266,817	6,745,861
		(continued)

General Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

ntin	

	2008	2007
Streets/public works	\$ 1,864,703	\$ 1,824,491
Parks and cemeteries	433,076	392,215
Engineering	669,869	640,078
Planning and zoning	233,314	210,989
Community services: Arts Center Other	160,613 37,647	644,660 36,779
Total community services	198,260	681,439
Community development	61,783	60,280
Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	254,295 46,241	170,689 67,886
Total Debt Service	300,536	238,575
Total Expenditures	11,794,223	13,440,790
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(2,085,405)	(3,489,600)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets	2,784,800 (1,838,849) 23,620	2,222,625 (7,170) 16,310
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	969,571	2,231,765
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,115,834)	(1,257,835)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,764,930	4,022,765
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,649,096	\$ 2,764,930

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS



City of Statesboro, Georgia 2002 SPLOST Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008		2007		
Assets	Φ	207.452	Φ.	0.45.015	
Intergovernmental receivable	\$	397,453	\$	945,917	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	67,685	\$	241,795	
Deferred revenue		13,600		-	
Interfund payable		316,168		704,122	
Total Liabilities	\$	397,453	\$	945,917	

City of Statesboro, Georgia 2002 SPLOST Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Revenues Sales taxes	\$ 2,348,034	\$ 4,574,518
Expenditures Capital outlay	 _,,	
Public safety Public works	372,516	 865,945 2,346,625
Total Expenditures	372,516	3,212,570
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,975,518	1,361,948
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers out	 (1,975,518)	(1,361,948)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	-	-
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ -	\$ -

City of Statesboro, Georgia 2007 SPLOST Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

	 2008	 2007
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 557,899 194,444	\$ 515
Total Assets	\$ 752,343	\$ 515
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities Interfund payable	\$ 689,140	\$ 801,124
Fund Balances Unreserved - undesignated	 63,203	(800,609)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 752,343	\$ 515

City of Statesboro, Georgia 2007 SPLOST Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	 2007
Revenues Sales taxes Investment earnings	\$ 1,677,778 7,577	\$ - -
Total Revenues	1,685,355	-
Expenditures Capital outlay - Parks and Cemetery	43,765	640,609
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,641,590	 (640,609)
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers out	(777,778)	(160,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	863,812	(800,609)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	(800,609)	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 63,203	\$ (800,609)

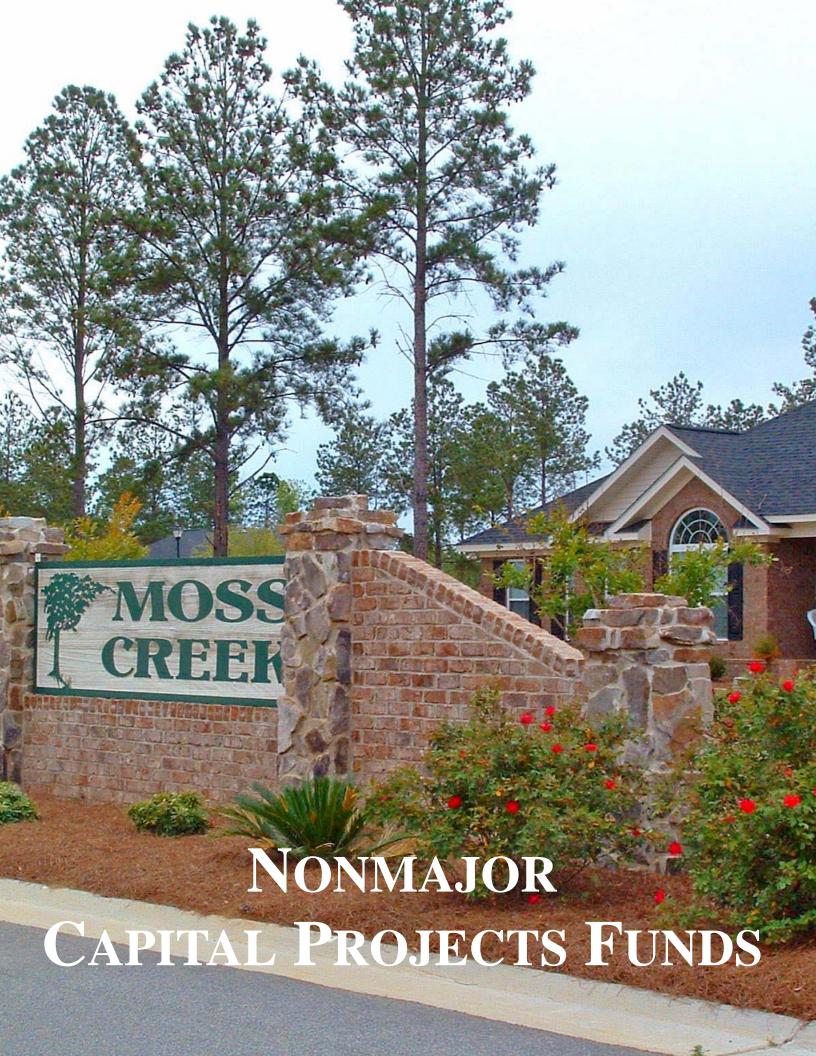
City of Statesboro, Georgia Capital Improvements Program Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

		2008		2007	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Other receivable	\$	- 559,418	\$	139,994	
Interfund receivable		-		14,956	
Total Assets	\$	559,418	\$	154,950	
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Interfund payable	\$	80,983 561,967	\$	732,074 325,000	
Total Liabilities	_	642,950		1,057,074	
Fund Balances					
Unreserved - undesignated		(83,532)		(902,124)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	559,418	\$	154,950	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Capital Improvements Program Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008		008 2007	
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	82,616	\$	385,630
Expenditures Capital Outlay General government Public safety Public works Parks and cemeteries Engineering Community services-Community Arts Center		162,321 1,412,650 328,058 - 42,403 52,783		67,334 3,229,045 786,253 2,499 37,801 27,305
Total Expenditures		1,998,215		4,150,237
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(1,915,599)		(3,764,607)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Inception of capital lease obligations		1,722,700		1,592,875 (15,553) 147,013
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,734,191		1,724,335
Net Change in Fund Balances		818,592		(2,040,272)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		(902,124)		1,138,148
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	(83,532)	\$	(902,124)

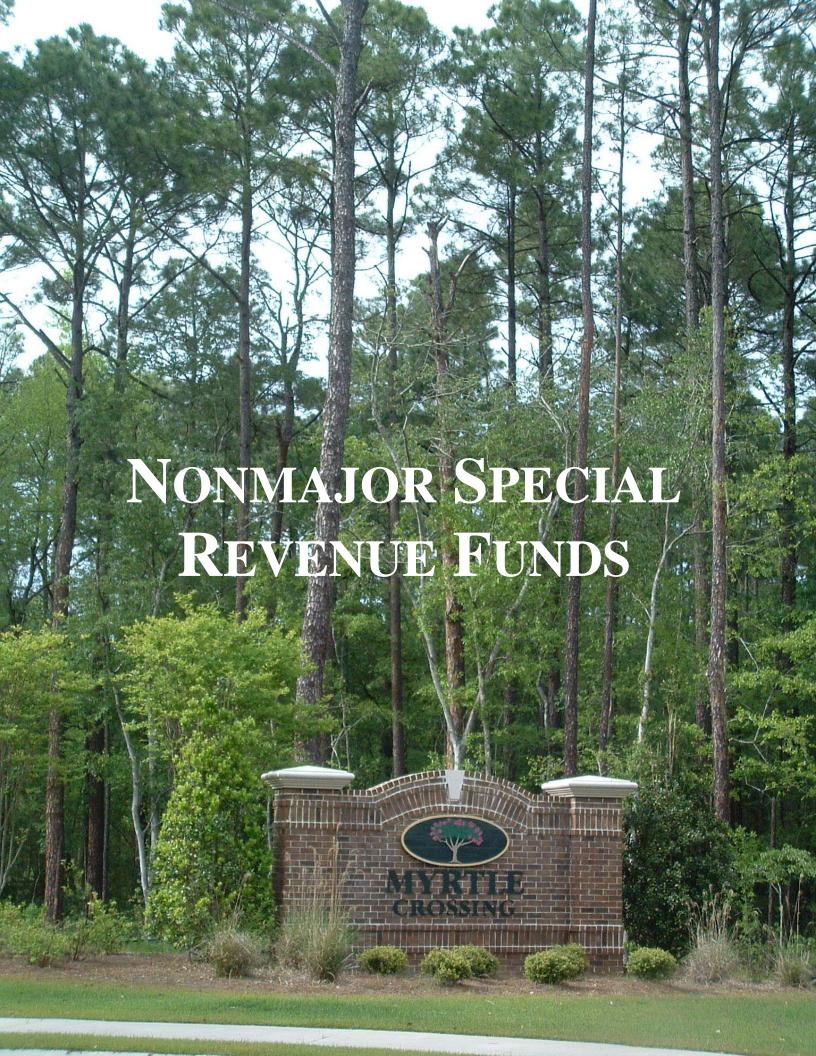


City of Statesboro, Georgia Downtown Streetscape Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 103,318	\$ 118,623
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 32	\$ -
Fund Balances Unreserved - undesignated	 103,286	 118,623
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 103,318	\$ 118,623

City of Statesboro, Georgia Downtown Streetscape Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	 2008	2007
Expenditures Public works	\$ 15,337	\$
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(15,337)	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	 118,623	118,623
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 103,286	\$ 118,623



City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2008

	 nfiscated Assets		CDBG	_	artment of tice Grant		padband less Grant	Но	tel/Motel Tax	1	Multiple Grant	Spec	Total Ionmajor ial Revenue Funds
Assets	54.700	Φ.	25.121	Φ.	4.050	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	104.104
Cash Receivables:	\$ 64,700	\$	35,121	\$	4,373	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	104,194
Hotel/motel taxes	_		_		_		_		38,610				38,610
Intergovernmental	_		_		100,448		4,500		30,010		182,819		287,767
Notes	_		153,533		-		-		_		-		153,533
Prepaid items	 -		-		_				1,112		-		1,112
Total Assets	\$ 64,700	\$	188,654	\$	104,821	\$	4,500	\$	39,722	\$	182,819	\$	585,216
Liabilities and Fund Balances													
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	27,323	\$	4,500	\$	-	\$	171,774	\$	203,597
Interfund payable	-		-		73,617		-		1,112		11,045		85,774
Other	 41,447								38,610		_		80,057
Total Liabilities	41,447		-		100,940		4,500		39,722		182,819		369,428
Fund Balances													
Unreserved, undesignated	 23,253		188,654		3,881								215,788
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 64,700	\$	188,654	\$	104,821	\$	4,500	\$	39,722	\$	182,819	\$	585,216

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Confiscated Assets	CDBG	Department of Justice Grant	Broadband Wireless Grant	Hotel/Motel Tax	Multiple Grant	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues	¢.	Ф	¢.	ф	¢ 422.526	¢	f 422.526
Hotel/motel taxes Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 252,096	\$ - 4,500	\$ 422,526	\$ - 200,051	\$ 422,526 456,647
Fines and forfeitures	27,845	-	5,209	4,500	-	200,031	33,054
Investment earnings	426	_	5,209	_	_	-	426
Miscellaneous	-	9,488					9,488
Total Revenues	28,271	9,488	257,305	4,500	422,526	200,051	922,141
Expenditures Current: Public safety Community development	2,926	<u>-</u>	253,424	4,500	- 422,526	193,801 6,250	450,151 433,276
Total Expenditures	2,926		253,424	4,500	422,526	200,051	883,427
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	25,345	9,488	3,881		- _		38,714
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out	(12,500)	<u> </u>					(12,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(12,500)	<u> </u>					(12,500)
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,845	9,488	3,881	-	-	-	26,214
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	10,408	179,166			<u> </u>		189,574
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 23,253	\$ 188,654	\$ 3,881	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 215,788

City of Statesboro, Georgia Confiscated Assets Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008		2007
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	64,700	\$ 67,424
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities Other liabilities	\$	41,447	\$ 57,016
Fund Balances Unreserved, undesignated		23,253	10,408
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	64,700	\$ 67,424

City of Statesboro, Georgia Confiscated Assets Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2007)

				20	08				2007		
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)			Actual	
Revenues											
Fines and forfeitures	\$	12,000	\$	26,660	\$	27,845	\$	1,185	\$	57,424	
Investment earnings		500		500		426		(74)		1,076	
Total Revenues		12,500		27,160		28,271		1,111		58,500	
Expenditures											
Current: Public safety				3,000		2,926		74		25,903	
rubile safety				3,000		2,920		/4		23,903	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		12,500		24,160		25,345		1,185		32,597	
Other Financing (Uses)											
Transfers out		(12,500)		(12,500)		(12,500)				(40,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	_	\$	11,660		12,845	\$	1,185		(7,403)	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						10,408				17,811	
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	23,253			\$	10,408	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

	 2008	 2007
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable	\$ 35,121 153,533	\$ 68,372 110,794
Total Assets	\$ 188,654	\$ 179,166
Fund Balances Unreserved, undesignated	\$ 188,654	\$ 179,166

City of Statesboro, Georgia Community Development Block Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2007)

				2007			
	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		 Actual
Revenues							
Sale of lots Miscellaneous	\$	19,120	\$	9,488	\$	(9,632)	\$ 14,090 90
Total Revenues		19,120		9,488		(9,632)	14,180
Expenditures Current: Community development		-		<u>-</u>			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	19,120		9,488	\$	(9,632)	14,180
Fund Balances Beginning of Year				179,166			 164,986
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	188,654			\$ 179,166

City of Statesboro, Georgia Department of Justice Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and June 2007

	2008	2007		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,373	\$	-	
Intergovernmental receivable	100,448		-	
Total Assets	\$ 104,821	\$		
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 27,323	\$	-	
Interfund payable	73,617		-	
Total Liabilities	 100,940			
Fund Balances				
Unreserved, undesignated	3,881			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 104,821	\$	-	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Department of Justice Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	2008									
	Original and Final Budget			Actual	I	fariance Positive Jegative)				
Revenues	_									
Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures	\$	317,722	\$	252,096 5,209	\$	(65,626) 5,209				
Total Revenues		317,722		257,305		(60,417)				
Expenditures										
Current: Public safety		317,722		253,424		64,298				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	<u> </u>		3,881	\$	3,881				
Fund Balances Beginning of Year										
Fund Balances End of Year			\$	3,881						

City of Statesboro, Georgia Broadband Wireless Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

	 2008	2	007
Assets Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 4,500	\$	-
Total Assets	\$ 4,500	\$	-
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 4,500	\$	-
Fund Balances Unreserved, undesignated	 		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,500	\$	-

City of Statesboro, Georgia Broadband Wireless Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	2008									
	Original Budget			Final Budget	A	ctual		/ariance Positive Negative)		
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$	323,298	\$	4,500	\$	(318,798)		
Expenditures Current: Community Development		-		323,298		4,500		318,798		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$		\$			-	\$			
Fund Balances Beginning of Year										
Fund Balances End of Year					\$	-				

City of Statesboro, Georgia Hotel/Motel Tax Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2	2008		2007		
Assets Cash Taxes receivable Prepaid items	\$	38,610 1,112	\$	24 44,380		
Total Assets	\$	39,722	\$	44,404		
Liabilities Other liabilities Interfund payable	\$	38,610 1,112	\$	44,404 -		
Total Liabilities	\$	39,722	\$	44,404		

City of Statesboro, Georgia Hotel/Motel Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2007)

	2008					2007				
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual	
Revenues										
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	415,000	\$	430,000	\$	422,526	\$	(7,474)	\$	405,157
Expenditures Current: Community development		415,000		430,000		422,526		7,474		405,157
Community development		413,000		430,000		722,320		7,474		403,137
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$		\$			-	\$			-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year						-				-
Fund Balances End of Year					\$				\$	-

City of Statesboro, Georgia Multiple Grant Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2008 and 2007

		2008		2007		
Assets	¢		¢	2.705		
Cash Intergovernmental receivable	\$	182,819	\$	3,795 7,935		
Inerfund receivable				4,295		
Total Assets		182,819		16,025		
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	171,774	\$	6,025		
Deferred revenue		-		10,000		
Interfund payable		11,045				
Total Liabilities	\$	182,819	\$	16,025		

City of Statesboro, Georgia Multiple Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2007)

	2008				2007			
		riginal Budget		Final Budget	 Actual]	Variance Positive Vegative)	 Actual
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	13,000	\$	219,250	\$ 200,051	\$	(19,199)	\$ 26,273
Expenditures Current: Public safety Community development		13,000		224,177 6,250	193,801 6,250		30,376	11,818 18,750
Total Expenditures		13,000		230,427	200,051		30,376	30,568
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		(11,177)	-		11,177	(4,295)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in				-	 -			 4,295
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	(11,177)	-	\$	11,177	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year					-			
Fund Balances End of Year					\$ 			\$



City of Statesboro, Georgia Water and Sewer Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Assets		-
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 84,586	\$ 961,614
Receivables: Accounts	335,297	202 167
Unbilled accounts	339,466	283,167 311,615
Intergovernmental	88,975	511,015
Interfund	938,194	160,000
Materials and supplies inventory	360,529	259,316
Prepaid items	59,092	56,595
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents	372,346	342,166
Total Current Assets	2,578,485	2,374,473
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	399,281	394,467
Capital Assets:		
Land	317,504	317,504
Buildings	641,859	644,684
Improvements other than buildings	53,125,760	49,158,883
Machinery and equipment	3,843,383	3,791,010
Less accumulated depreciation	(20,875,928)	(19,384,034)
Construction in progress	1,247,743	2,480,608
Total Capital Assets	38,300,321	37,008,655
Other Assets:		
Unamortized debt issuance costs	29,017	40,623
Deferred loss on advance refunding	32,327	45,257
Total Other Assets	61,344	85,880
Total Noncurrent Assets	38,760,946	37,489,002
Total Assets	41,339,431	39,863,475
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	629,230	588,323
Accrued payroll	26,375	19,830
Accrued interest payable	83,729	77,595
Current portion of notes payable	527,831	437,563
Current portion of revenue bonds payable	255,000	245,000
Customer deposits	372,346	342,166
Compensated absences payable	24,622	22,802
Interfund payable		10,108
Total Current Liabilities	1,919,133	1,743,387
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	98,490	91,210
Notes payable (net of current portion)	8,190,789	7,680,395
Revenue bonds payable (net of current portion)	485,000	740,000
Total Long-Term Liabilites	8,774,279	8,511,605
Total Liabilities	10,693,412	10,254,992
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	28,903,045	27,991,577
myested in edphar assets, net of related dest	199,281	194,468
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	1,,201	
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	200,000	200,000
Restricted for revenue bond retirement Restricted for renewal and extension Unrestricted		

City of Statesboro, Georgia Water and Sewer Opearating Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For The Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Operating Revenues	A 2.020.514	A 2041 601
Water sales Sewer charges	\$ 3,028,514 2,947,575	\$ 2,941,681 2,891,196
Penalties	110,909	109,154
Reconnecting charges	69,849	72,950
Service fees	132,929	82,799
Tap fees	847,600	432,725
Rental income	130,125	165,725
Miscellaneous	101,702	86,402
Total Operating Revenues	7,369,203	6,782,632
Operating Expenses	1.762.100	1 700 222
Salaries Employee hanefite	1,762,189	1,709,232
Employee benefits Purchased services:	622,888	596,743
Training	5,692	8,216
Dues and certification	5,113	4,010
Repairs and maintenance	243,211	237,880
Inspections	53,162	40,585
Contracted services	19,719	26,517
Laboratory services	14,659	13,657
Electricity	616,019	593,384
Telephone	18,747	25,277
Insurance	68,413	75,024
Equipment rental	5,022	7,442
Engineering fees Tippage fees	213,022 145,467	30,463 137,479
Travel	25,829	24,827
Advertising	2,543	2,775
Postage	5,443	5,144
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	17,808	17,918
Materials and supplies	245,639	300,270
Chemicals	84,459	62,242
Gasoline, oil, etc.	93,875	69,082
Small equipment	6,956	7,615
Depreciation Bad debts	1,555,563 394	1,505,169 31,463
Other	5,360	20,399
Total Operating Expenses	5,837,192	5,552,813
Operating Income	1,532,011	1,229,819
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	49,001	94,852
Interest expense	(463,160)	(442,809)
Amortization	(24,537)	(24,537)
Gain on sale of capital assets	441_	16,118
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(438,255)	(356,376)
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	1,093,756	873,443
Capital contributions	631,417	1,621,579
Transfers in	563,363	196,806
Transfers out	(1,251,000)	(1,675,000)
Change in Net Assets	1,037,536	1,016,828
Net Assets Beginning of Year	29,608,483	28,591,655
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 30,646,019	\$ 29,608,483

City of Statesboro, Georgia Gas Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007

		2008	2007		
Assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		_	
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	230,599	\$	-	
Receivables:					
Accounts		296,951		151,992	
Unbilled accounts		268,961		203,671	
Intergovernmental		1,720		2,733	
Interfund		27,927		325,000	
Inventory		86,235		65,045	
Prepaid items		28,698		31,051	
Restricted assets - Cash and cash equivalents		77,300		68,550	
Total Current Assets		1,018,391		848,042	
Capital Assets:					
Land		78,004		78,004	
Buildings		154,535		154,535	
Improvements other than buildings		4,543,064		4,543,064	
Machinery and equipment		524,550		505,481	
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,261,316)		(2,113,857)	
Construction in progress	-	7,607		-	
Total Capital Assets		3,046,444		3,167,227	
Total Assets		4,064,835		4,015,269	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		420,022		306,660	
Accrued payroll		5,328		3,310	
Accrued interest payable		3,192		3,583	
Compensated absences payable		4,078		4,184	
Sales tax payable		15,365		12,086	
Customer deposits		77,300		68,550	
Notes payable		107,256		101,698	
Interfund payable				8,928	
Total Current Liabilities		632,541		508,999	
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)		16,312		16,735	
Notes payable (net of current portion)		394,666		508,846	
Total Long-Term Liabilities		410,978		525,581	
Total Liabilities		1,043,519		1,034,580	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,544,522		2,556,683	
Unrestricted		476,794		424,006	
Total Net Assets	\$	3,021,316	\$	2,980,689	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Gas Operating Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 6,095,184	\$ 6,162,464
Penalties	50,042	47,989
Tap fees	3,000	3,460
Transport fees	29,535	16,388
Service fees	1,635	2,275
Miscellaneous	25,508	5,310
Total Operating Revenues	6,204,904	6,237,886
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	355,860	345,294
Employee benefits	116,335	114,604
Purchased Services:	660	1 144
Training Dues and certification	660	1,144
Repairs and maintenance	2,074 42,588	2,321
Contracted services	42,388 46,954	101,620
Electricity	7,180	6,867
Telephone	7,180	6,883
Insurance	24,589	26,439
Equipment rental	3,388	6,490
Legal fees	8,037	-
Engineering fees	4,980	5,160
Water heater program	16,938	18,428
Tippage fees	-	140
Travel	7,521	6,516
Advertising	2,814	495
Postage	132	196
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	2,672	4,447
Materials and supplies	47,069	47,734
Chemicals	704	1,163
Gasoline, oil, etc.	20,392	18,201
Small equipment	5,528	17,451
Cost of sales	4,340,908	4,885,409
Depreciation	164,563	164,097
Bad debts	13,781	16,037
Other	22,355	16,226
Total Operating Expenses	5,265,364	5,813,362
Operating Income	939,540	424,524
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	2,610	37,436
Intergovernmental	45,586	45,131
Interest expense	(22,109)	(26,723)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	26,087	55,844
Income Before Transfers	965,627	480,368
Transfers out	(925,000)	(1,310,000)
Change in Net Assets	40,627	(829,632)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	2,980,689	3,810,321
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 3,021,316	\$ 2,980,689

Solid Waste Collection Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007

	 2008	2007		
Assets	 			
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,044	\$	140,782	
Receivables:				
Accounts	100,267		102,151	
Unbilled accounts	202,654		196,998	
Prepaid items	 23,055	-	19,644	
Total Current Assets	411,020		459,575	
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets:				
Buildings	74,602		74,602	
Machinery and equipment	2,336,752		2,149,275	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,598,700)		(1,503,616)	
Total Capital Assets	 812,654		720,261	
Total Assets	 1,223,674		1,179,836	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	88,233		57,410	
Accrued payroll	7,968		6,178	
Compensated absences payable	4,740		5,593	
Interfund payable			1,182	
Total Current Liabilities	 100,941		70,363	
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	 18,963		22,373	
Total Liabilities	 119,904		92,736	
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets	812,654		720,261	
Unrestricted	291,116		366,839	
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,103,770	\$	1,087,100	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Collection Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Operating Revenues		
Sanitation charges	\$ 2,428,040	\$ 2,318,900
Penalties	43,209	40,548
Miscellaneous		65
Total Operating Revenues	2,471,249	2,359,513
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	553,030	549,454
Employee benefits	225,438	235,313
Purchases services:		400
Training Dues and certification	- 197	400 192
Repairs and maintenance	274,122	264,559
Telephone	1,357	4,219
Insurance	25,255	30,428
Tippage fees	583,035	578,544
Advertising	2,433	20
Travel	-	19
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	6,870	6,192
Materials and supplies	2,035	1,719
Gasoline, oil, etc.	112,775	77,939
Chemicals	955	934
Depreciation Bad debts	148,635 3,697	159,199 3,563
Other	1,225	1,280
Other	1,225	1,200
Total Operating Expenses	1,941,059	1,913,974
Operating Income	530,190	445,539
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	6,754	10,913
Gain on sale of capital assets	11,726	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	18,480	10,913
Income Before Transfers	548,670	456,452
Transfers out	(532,000)	(630,625)
Change in Net Assets	16,670	(174,173)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	1,087,100	1,261,273
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 1,103,770	\$ 1,087,100

City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Disposal Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007		
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 250	\$	7,911	
Receivables:				
Accounts	7,672		23,790	
Unbilled accounts	191,708		176,755	
Interfund	486,111		15,579	
Prepaid items	 10,772		8,598	
Total Current Assets	 696,513		232,633	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	123,425		123,425	
Buildings	1,149,496		1,028,709	
Improvements other than buildings	86,843		86,843	
Infrastructure	225,697		-	
Machinery and equipment	1,809,424		1,790,454	
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,541,988)		(1,452,148)	
Construction in progress	 6,845		243,212	
Total Capital Assets	 1,859,742		1,820,495	
Total Assets	2,556,255		2,053,128	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	83,956		67,469	
Accrued payroll	4,045		2,954	
Compensated absences payable	2,210		2,623	
Interfund payable	778,194		-	
Landfill postclosure care costs	136,558		142,392	
Total Current Liabilities	1,004,963		215,438	
Long-Term Liabilities:	0.044		40.404	
Compensated absences payable	8,841		10,491	
Landfill postclosure care costs	1,829,203		1,927,340	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	 1,838,044		1,937,831	
Total Liabilities	 2,843,007		2,153,269	
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets	1,859,742		1,820,495	
Unrestricted	 (2,146,494)		(1,920,636)	
Total Net Assets	\$ (286,752)	\$	(100,141)	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Solid Waste Disposal Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	 2007
Operating Revenues		
Tippage fees	\$ 2,281,631	\$ 2,319,789
Penalties	8,761	13,429
Miscellaneous	 61,351	 58,206
Total Operating Revenues	 2,351,743	 2,391,424
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	274,856	275,564
Employee benefits	108,534	113,872
Purchased services:		
Training	1,269	2,652
Dues and certification	6,136	576
Repairs and maintenance	197,584	184,666
Contracted services	97,551	64,228
Utilities	16,839	12,390
Telephone	2,453	2,830
Insurance	10,753	9,931
Equipment rental	96	198
Professional fees	615	2,585
Transportation and disposal	887,060	813,789
Air rights	1,457,850	1,468,596
Advertising	686	85
Postage	144	15
Special projects/programs	95,000	95,000
Waste reduction	38,902	29,629
Enforcement and monitoring	122,000	122,000
Toxic waste disposal	14,084	-
Travel	1,722	2,377
Materials and supplies:		
Uniforms	3,274	2,866
Materials and supplies	19,002	13,243
Gasoline, oil, etc.	38,943	28,708
Chemicals	209	3,767
Depreciation	206,100	213,798
Miscellaneous	 394	 6,213
Total Operating Expenses	 3,602,056	 3,469,578
Operating (Loss)	 (1,250,313)	 (1,078,154)
Non-Operating Revenues		
Intergovernmental	-	27,142
Gain on sale of capital assets	 62,102	 -
Total Non-Operating Revenues	 62,102	 27,142
(Loss) before Transfers	(1,188,211)	(1,051,012)
Transfers in	1,158,600	1,325,142
Transfers out	 (157,000)	 (157,000)
Change in Net Assets	(186,611)	117,130
Net Assets Beginning of Year	 (100,141)	 (217,271)
Net Assets End of Year	\$ (286,752)	\$ (100,141)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS



City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds June 30, 2008

		Benefits Isurance	Ma	Fleet nagement		Total
Assets						
Current Assets:	ф	710 410	¢.	164 250	Ф	002.760
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	718,410	\$	164,358	\$	882,768
Accounts receivable		86,173		- 155,816		86,173 155,816
Inventory Proposid items		75,202		1,882		,
Prepaid items	-	73,202		1,002		77,084
Total Current Assets		879,785		322,056		1,201,841
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Construction in progress		-		7,272		7,272
Depreciable capital assets, net				69,661		69,661
Total Capital Assets				76,933		76,933
Total Assets		879,785		398,989		1,278,774
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		42,605		58,308		100,913
Accrued wages		-		3,815		3,815
Claims payable		511,000		-		511,000
Compensated absences payable				3,804		3,804
Total Current Liabilities		553,605		65,927		619,532
Long-Term Liabilites						
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	-			15,215		15,215
Γotal Liabilites		553,605		81,142		634,747
Net Assets						
nvested in capital assets		-		76,933		76,933
Unrestricted		326,180		240,914		567,094
Total Net Assets	\$	326,180	\$	317,847	\$	644,027

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

]	Benefits Insurance	Ma	Fleet nagement	Total
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$	3,008,138	\$	959,101	\$ 3,967,239
Operating Expenses					
Salaries		-		256,113	256,113
Employee benefits		-		93,267	93,267
Purchased services		-		227,593	227,593
Materials and supplies		-		33,200	33,200
Cost of sales		-		328,158	328,158
Depreciation		-		21,431	21,431
Claims		3,386,814		-	3,386,814
Miscellaneous				873	 873
Total Operating Expenses		3,386,814		960,635	4,347,449
Operating Income (Loss)		(378,676)		(1,534)	(380,210)
Non-Operating Revenues Investment earnings		33,685		6,690	 40,375
Income (Loss) before Transfers		(344,991)		5,156	(339,835)
Transfers out		(400,000)			 (400,000)
Change in Net Assets		(744,991)		5,156	(739,835)
Net Assets Beginning of Year		1,071,171		312,691	 1,383,862
Net Assets End of Year	\$	326,180	\$	317,847	\$ 644,027

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Benefits Insurance		Fleet Management		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees for services	\$	3,451,865	\$	959,101 (346,269)	\$ 4,410,966 (346,269)
Cash payments for goods and services Cash payments for claims		(3,042,782)		(591,351)	(591,351) (3,042,782)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		409,083		21,481	430,564
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers out		(400,000)		-	(400,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Payments for capital acquistions		-		(28,488)	(28,488)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment earnings		33,685		6,690	40,375
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		42,768		(317)	42,451
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		675,642		164,675	 840,317
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	718,410	\$	164,358	\$ 882,768

City of Statesboro, Georgia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	-	Benefits Insurance		Fleet Management		Total	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities							
Operating Loss	\$	(378,676)	\$	(1,534)	\$	(380,210)	
Adjustments:							
Depreciation		-		21,431		21,431	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:							
Accounts receivable		443,727		-		443,727	
Materials and supplies inventory		-		(30,800)		(30,800)	
Prepaid items		(16,568)		(574)		(17,142)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		41,588		29,847		71,435	
Accrued wages		-		505		505	
Claims payable		325,240		-		325,240	
Interfund payable		(6,228)		-		(6,228)	
Compensated absences payable		<u>-</u>		2,606		2,606	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	409,083	\$	21,481	\$	430,564	

Benefits Insurance Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007

		2008	2007		
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	718,410	\$	675,642	
Accounts receivable		86,173		529,900	
Prepaid insurance		75,202		58,634	
Total Current Assets		879,785		1,264,176	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Claims payable		511,000		185,760	
Accounts payable		42,605		1,017	
Interfund payable				6,228	
Total Current Liabilities	1	553,605		193,005	
Net Assets					
Unrestricted	\$	326,180	\$	1,071,171	

Benefits Insurance Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007		
Operating Revenues Premiums - City and employees	\$ 3,008,138	\$	3,102,539	
Operating Expenses Claims	3,386,814	-	2,951,719	
Operating Income (Loss)	(378,676)		150,820	
Non-Operating Revenues Investment earnings	 33,685		57,484	
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(344,991)		208,304	
Transfers out	 (400,000)		-	
Change in Net Assets	(744,991)		208,304	
Net Assets Beginning of Year	1,071,171		862,867	
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 326,180	\$	1,071,171	

Fleet Management Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007		
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 164,358	\$ 164,675		
Inventory	155,816	125,016		
Prepaid items	1,882	1,308		
Total Current Assets	322,056	290,999		
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Equipment	271,266	250,050		
Less accumulated depreciation	(201,605)	(180,174)		
Construction in progress	7,272			
Total Capital Assets	76,933	69,876		
Total Assets	398,989	360,875		
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	58,308	28,461		
Accrued wages	3,815	3,310		
Compensated absences payable	3,804	3,283		
Total Current Liabilities	65,927	35,054		
Long-Term Liabilities				
Compensated absences payable (net of current portion)	15,215	13,130		
Total Liabilites	81,142	48,184		
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets	76,933	69,876		
Unrestricted	240,914	242,815		
Total Net Assets	\$ 317,847	\$ 312,691		

Fleet Management Fund

Comparative Statement of Revenues,

Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	 2008	2007		
Operating Revenues				
Parts sales and labor charges	\$ 959,050	\$	842,146	
Miscellaneous	 51			
Total Operating Revenue	959,101		842,146	
Operating Expenses				
Salaries	256,113		245,714	
Employee benefits	93,267		97,629	
Purchased services:				
Training	537		1,838	
Dues and certification	1,694		7	
Repairs and maintenance	17,911		12,239	
Contracted services	191,538		78,818	
Electricity	11,448		8,852	
Telephone	1,594		2,257	
Insurance	1,684		2,356	
Equipment rental	644		500	
Advertising	240		-	
Travel	303		3,330	
Materials and supplies:				
Uniforms	4,110		3,265	
Materials and supplies	25,549		21,639	
Gasoline, oil, etc.	3,541		3,336	
Cost of sales	328,158		292,983	
Depreciation	21,431		22,810	
Miscellaneous	 873		941	
Total Operating Expenses	 960,635		798,514	
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,534)		43,632	
Non-Operating Revenues				
Investment earnings	 6,690		-	
Change in Net Assets	5,156		43,632	
Net Assets Beginning of Year	 312,691		269,059	
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 317,847	\$	312,691	

City of Statesboro, Georgia Schedule of SPLOST Expenditures From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

2002 SPLOST

	Original	Current		E	xpenditures		Estimated
	 Estimated Costs	 Estimated Costs	Prior Years		Current Year	Total	Percentage of Completion
Joint City/County Solid Waste Disposal	\$ 2,120,000	\$ 2,500,822	\$ 2,120,000	\$	380,822	\$ 2,500,822	100%
Waste Water Treatement	5,000,000	4,372,334	1,398,314		594,696	1,993,010	46%
Street and Drainage Projects	5,000,000	4,372,334	3,109,044		372,516	3,481,560	80%
Public Safety - Police Station Expansion/Renovation	2,140,000	3,140,000	2,140,000		1,000,000	3,140,000	100%
Public Safety -Police Vehicles	500,000	500,000	500,000		-	500,000	100%
Community Development	1,360,000	1,860,000	 1,860,000			1,860,000	100%
	\$ 16,120,000	\$ 16,745,490	\$ 11,127,358	\$	2,348,034	\$ 13,475,392	80%

City of Statesboro, Georgia Schedule of SPLOST Expenditures From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

2007 SPLOST

	Original	Current		E	xpenditures		Estimated
	 Estimated Costs	Estimated Costs	Prior Years		Current Year	Total	Percentage of Completion
Joint City/County Solid Waste Disposal	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 7,000,000	\$ -	\$	937,778	\$ 937,778	13%
Cemetery Expansion	900,000	900,000	-		684,374	684,374	76%
Waste and Sewer Projects	9,860,000	9,860,000	-		-	-	0%
Street and Drainage Projects	5,307,500	5,307,500	-		-	-	0%
Public Safety Facilities and Equipment	4,200,000	4,200,000	-		-	-	0%
Solid Waste Handling Equipment	1,400,000	1,400,000	 -			 	0%
	\$ 28,667,500	\$ 28,667,500	\$ -	\$	1,622,152	\$ 1,622,152	6%

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GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Statesboro, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Statesboro, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City of Statesboro's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Statesboro's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Statesboro's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Statesboro's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Statesboro's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City of Statesboro's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Statesboro's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described below to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

1. Recording of year end receivables/payables for financial statements

The City's procedures to make sure all year end receivables and payables are included in the financial statements need to be strengthened. We noted some year end receivables and payables that were either not recorded or were misstated on the City's general ledger. All year end accruals for receivables and payables should be reviewed by the City's finance department for accuracy before completing its year end financial statements.

City response: We concur with this finding, and we will implement procedures for the finance department to review all year end accruals for accuracy before submitting the annual financial statements to the City's auditors.

2. Inadequate segregation of duties for accounts payable

During our audit we noted that the accounts payable clerk prepares all accounts payable checks and prints a signature on them using a signature plate. She also stuffs all checks in envelopes and mails them out. While the finance director does review a check register for each accounts payable check run, the actual source documents should be reviewed prior to distribution. We recommend that all checks be reviewed by an appropriate individual, such as the finance director, prior to mailing. The designated individual should review checks along with a check register for any discrepancies in amount, payee, or check number. The City should also consider having another person other than the accounts payable clerk to actually mail checks.

City response: We concur with this finding and we will implement procedures for the finance director or another finance department employee to review all accounts payable checks before mailing. We will also have another employee to actually mail the checks.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Statesboro's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Mattters

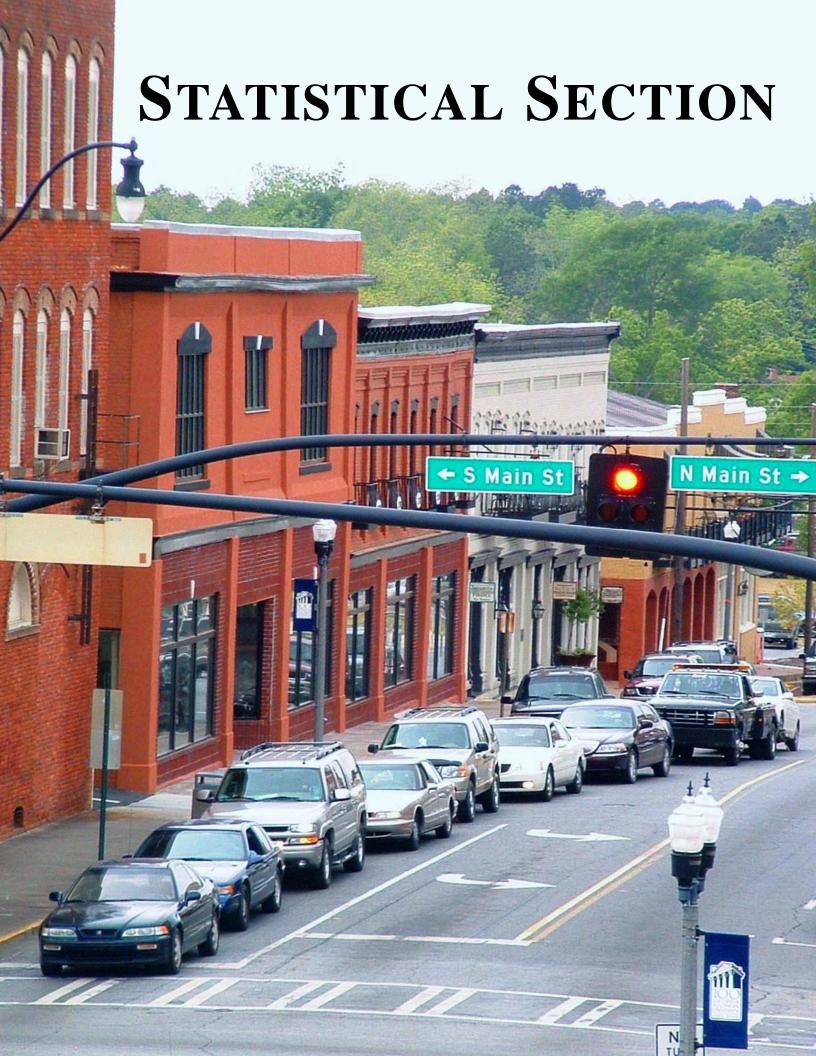
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Statesboro, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City of Statesboro's response to the findings identified in our audit is described above. We did not audit the City of Statesboro's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

January 26, 2009

Thispen, Lanier, Westerfield + Deal



City of Statesboro, Georgia Statistical Section

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Statesboro's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	S-1
These tables contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing the City's current financial performance by placing it in historical perspective.	
Revenue Capacity	S-9
These tables contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of the City's two most significant local revenue sources, the property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	S-18
These tables present information that may assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Economic & Demographic Information	S-22
This table offers economic and demographic indicators that are commonly used for financial analysis and that can inform one's understanding the City's present and ongoing financial status.	
Operating Information	S-24
These tables contain service and infrastructure indicators that can inform one's understanding how the information in the City's financial statements relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	
Source:	
Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual financial reports for the	

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003 therefore tables presenting government-wide information include only six years.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Governemnt-wide Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense)/Revenue by Function/Program Last Six Fiscal Years ² (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year 200	08		Fiscal Year 200	7		Fiscal Year 200	16		Fiscal Year 200	5		Fiscal Year 200	14		Fiscal Year 20	03
		Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/		Program	Net (Expense)/
	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Recenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1	Expenses	Revenues	Revenue 1
Function/Program																		
Governmental Activities																		
General government	\$ 2,266,551	\$ 782,058	\$ (1,484,493)	\$ 2,110,223	\$ 620,563	\$ (1,489,660)	\$ 1,861,605	\$ 572,414	\$ (1,289,191)	\$ 1,753,174	\$ 578,353	\$ (1,174,821)	\$ 1,654,987	\$ 594,551	\$ (1,060,436)	\$ 1,709,635	\$ 583,981	\$ (1,125,654)
Municipal court	635,975	-	(635,975)	639,563	-	(639,563)	415,176	-	(415,176)	424,274	-	(424,274)	390,188	-	(390,188)	390,355	3,939	(386,416)
Public safety	7,978,175	2,843,208	(5,134,967)	7,154,050	2,215,944	(4,938,106)	6,552,311	1,932,226	(4,620,085)	6,144,619	2,079,253	(4,065,366)	5,564,625	1,855,601	(3,709,024)	5,527,516	1,824,440	(3,703,076)
Public works	2,531,841	82,616	(2,449,225)	2,272,342	385,630	(1,886,712)	2,005,572	-	(2,005,572)	1,914,240	5,672	(1,908,568)	2,028,312	215,277	(1,813,035)	2,132,875	495,159	(1,637,716)
Community development	495,059	4,500	(490,559)	484,187	-	(484,187)	413,832	-	(413,832)	393,169	8,992	(384,177)	392,554	43,858	(348,696)	483,833	123,582	(360,251)
Parks and cemeteries	528,039	-	(528,039)	478,762	-	(478,762)	352,504	17,744	(334,760)	393,658	298,000	(95,658)	340,928	142,591	(198,337)	351,813	-	(351,813)
Engineering	701,021	153,737	(547,284)	701,041	332,604	(368,437)	728,455	445,368	(283,087)	611,241	124,870	(486,371)	640,525	73,043	(567,482)	477,639	99,658	(377,981)
Planning and zoning	241,067	-	(241,067)	210,291	-	(210,291)	117,322	-	(117,322)	119,935	-	(119,935)	115,631	-	(115,631)	127,516	3,259	(124,257)
Community services	349,975	6,250	(343,725)	807,676	18,750	(788,926)	314,091	-	(314,091)	197,110	-	(197,110)	104,683	1,253,500	1,148,817	129,816	-	(129,816)
Interest on long-term debt	46,241		(46,241)	67,886		(67,886)	66,886		(66,886)				18,297		(18,297)	82,864		(82,864)
Subtotal Governmental Activities	15,773,944	3,872,369	(11,901,575)	14,926,021	3,573,491	(11,352,530)	12,827,754	2,967,752	(9,860,002)	11,951,420	3,095,140	(8,856,280)	11,250,730	4,178,421	(7,072,309)	11,413,862	3,134,018	(8,279,844)
Business-type Activities																		
Water and sewer	6,394,274	7,898,918	1,504,644	5,990,457	8,317,809	2,327,352	5,679,698	7,563,594	1,883,896	5,379,060	6,521,643	1,142,583	5,080,975	6,024,896	943,921	5,201,386	6,140,774	939,388
Gas	5,299,783	6,224,982	925,199	5,833,902	6,277,707	443,805	6,837,031	7,543,421	706,390	5,449,209	6,296,422	847,213	4,633,855	5,632,987	999,132	4,186,230	5,144,364	958,134
Solid waste collection	1,968,174	2,471,249	503,075	1,891,991	2,359,448	467,457	1,769,572	2,236,029	466,457	1,736,580	2,218,105	481,525	1,770,032	2,180,263	410,231	1,675,815	2,173,073	497,258
Solid waste disposal	3,614,938	2,290,392	(1,324,546)	3,455,805	2,360,360	(1,095,445)	3,179,109	2,109,065	(1,070,044)	2,851,868	1,986,143	(865,725)	2,705,237	1,839,152	(866,085)	2,455,218	1,890,069	(565,149)
Subtotal Business-type Activities	17,277,169	18,885,541	1,608,372	17,172,155	19,315,324	2,143,169	17,465,410	19,452,109	1,986,699	15,416,717	17,022,313	1,605,596	14,190,099	15,677,298	1,487,199	13,518,649	15,348,280	1,829,631
Total Primary Government	\$33,051,113	\$ 22,757,910	\$ (10,293,203)	\$ 32,098,176	\$ 22,888,815	\$ (9,209,360)	\$ 30,293,164	\$22,419,861	\$ (7,873,303)	\$ 27,368,137	\$20,117,453	\$ (7,250,684)	\$ 25,440,829	\$ 19,855,719	\$ (5,585,110)	\$24,932,511	\$18,482,298	\$ (6,450,213)

¹ Net (expense)/revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues of a function or program. It indicates the degree to which a function or program supports itself with its own fees and grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. A number in parentheses are net expenses, indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, meaning that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

 $^{^2\}text{The}$ City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003, therefore, only six years of government-wide financial data is presented.

Government-wide Program Revenues 2 by Category

Last Six Fiscal Years ¹ (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year 2008	Fiscal Yea	r 2007	Fisca	l Year 2006	Fisc	cal Year 2005	Fisc	al Year 2004	Fisca	al Year 2003
Governmental Activities	(
Charges for Services:											
General Government	\$ 689,222	\$	518,673	\$	468,630	\$	471,472	\$	470,889	\$	457,495
Municipal Court	-		-		-		-		-		3,939
Public Safety	2,388,834	2,	172,221		1,789,377		1,911,813		1,809,666		1,757,261
Engineering	153,737		332,604		445,368		124,870		73,043		99,658
Operating Grants and Contributions	359,659		156,840		103,784		116,945		213,455		334,284
Capital Grants and Contributions	280,917		393,153		160,593		470,040		1,611,368		481,381
Subtotal Governmental Activities Program Revenues	3,872,369	3,	573,491		2,967,752		3,095,140		4,178,421		3,134,018
Business-type Activities											
Charges for Services:											
Water and Sewer	7,267,501	6,	696,230		6,912,432		6,135,710		5,833,055		5,976,905
Gas	6,179,396	6,	232,576		7,496,631		6,247,110		5,558,803		5,091,818
Solid Waste Collection	2,471,249	2,	359,448		2,236,029		2,218,105		2,180,263		2,173,073
Solid Waste Disposal	2,290,392	2,	333,218		2,109,065		1,986,143		1,839,152		1,862,335
Operating Grants and Contributions	45,586		72,373		46,790		49,312		74,184		96,036
Capital Grants and Contributions	631,417	1,	621,579		651,162		385,933		191,841		148,113
Subtotal Business-type Activities Program Revenues	18,885,541	19,	315,424		19,452,109		17,022,313		15,677,298		15,348,280
Primary Government											
Charges for Services	21,440,331	20,	644,970		21,457,532		19,095,223		17,764,871		17,422,484
Operating Grants and Contributions	405,245		229,213		150,574		166,257		287,639		430,320
Capital Grants and Contributions	912,334	2,	014,732		811,755		855,973		1,803,209		629,494
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 22,757,910	\$ 22,	888,915	\$	22,419,861	\$	20,117,453	\$	19,855,719	\$	18,482,298

¹The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003, therefore, only six years of government-wide financial data are presented.

² Program revenues are related to specific activities of the City. Their sources is either fees, fines, charges for services or grants restricted to a specific purpose.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Government-wide General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets

Last Six Fiscal Years 1
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fisca	al Year 2008	Fisca	al Year 2007	Fisc	al Year 2006	Fis	scal Year 2005	Fis	cal Year 2004	Fisca	al Year 2003
Net (Expense), Total Primary Government (see page S-1)		(11.001.555)	Φ.	(11.050.500)		(0.050.000)		(0.05 (200)		(5.052.200)		(0.250.044)
Governmental activities	\$	(11,901,575)	\$	(11,352,530)	\$	(9,860,002)	\$	(8,856,280)	\$	(7,072,309)		(8,279,844)
Business activities		1,608,372		2,143,169		1,986,699		1,605,596		1,487,199		1,829,631
Total Primary Government		(10,293,203)		(9,209,360)		(7,873,303)		(7,250,684)		(5,585,110)		(6,450,213)
General revenues and other changes in net assets												
Governmental Activities:												
Taxes												
Property taxes levied for general purposes		3,720,220		3,360,813		3,188,375		3,111,124		2,986,241		3,010,361
Sales taxes		4,025,812		4,574,518		3,012,155		2,135,827		5,195,982		5,058,767
Hotel/motel taxes		422,526		405,157		376,838		358,315		322,824		342,699
Insurance premium taxes		1,240,647		1,189,372		1,136,795		1,056,630		974,995		904,647
Franchise taxes		1,432,343		1,310,552		1,221,274		1,094,343		1,048,355		1,021,082
Other taxes		785,555		791,653		741,913		781,329		765,429		701,866
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(18,855)		16,310		28,230		24,677		456,314		110.764
Investment earnings		69,887		148,643		192,461 84,203		166,013		178,010		118,764
Miscellaneous		49,403		79,184		,		106,974		95,180		101,670
Transfers from (to) business-type activities		1,111,704		2,250,677		1,859,492		1,282,596		(431,276)		(523,434)
Subtotal Governmental Activities		12,839,242		14,126,879		11,841,736		10,117,828		11,592,054		10,736,422
Business-type Activities:												
Gain (loss) on the sale of capital assets		74,269		16,118		58,641		(32,458)		61,294		20,467
Investment earnings		58,365		143,201		147,984		88,723		93,636		104,456
Miscellaneous		188,561		149,983		109,252		151,972		80,439		57,106
Transfers from (to) governmental activities		(1,111,704)		(2,250,677)		(1,859,492)		(1,282,596)		431,276		523,434
Subtotal Business-type Activities		(790,509)		(1,941,375)		(1,543,615)		(1,074,359)		666,645		705,463
Changes in Net Assets												
Governmental activities		937,667		2,774,349		1,981,734		1,261,548		4,519,745		2,456,578
Business-type activities		817,863		201,795		443,084		531,237		2,153,844		2,535,094
Total Primary Government	\$	1,755,530	\$	2,976,144	\$	2,424,818	\$	1,792,785	\$	6,673,589	\$	4,991,672

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003, therefore, only six years of government-wide financial data is presented.

Government-wide Net Assets by Category ² Last Six Fiscal Years ¹ (accrual basis of accounting)

	June 30, 2008	J	une 30, 2007	J	une 30, 2006	Jı	ıne 30, 2005	Jı	une 30, 2004	June 30, 2003
Governmental Activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 23,841,321		\$ 23,224,510	\$	13,872,311	\$	12,233,346	\$	10,311,153	\$ 6,982,216
Restricted for:										
Capital projects	166,489		118,623		1,256,771		7,052		944,493	873,130
Specific projects and programs	621,297		189,574		181,426		224,223		327,988	206,850
Unrestricted	1,443,522	_	1,602,255		4,466,573		5,330,726		4,950,165	3,951,858
Subtotal Governmental Activities Net Assets	26,072,629	_	25,134,962		19,777,081		17,795,347		16,533,799	12,014,054
Business-type Activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	34,151,296		33,089,016		31,093,383		30,290,308		29,608,026	27,583,210
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	199,281		194,468		186,490		180,879		179,018	179,460
Renewal & extension	200,000		200,000		200,000		200,000		200,000	200,000
Unrestricted	123,299	_	372,529	_	2,174,345		2,539,947		2,692,853	2,563,383
Subtotal Business-type Activities Net assets	34,673,876	_	33,856,013		33,654,218		33,211,134		32,679,897	30,526,053
Primary Government										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	57,992,617	#	56,313,526		44,965,694		42,523,654		39,919,179	34,565,426
Restricted										
Capital projects	166,489	#	118,623		1,256,771		7,052		944,493	873,130
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	199,281	#	194,468		186,490		180,879		179,018	179,460
Renewal & Extension	200,000	#	200,000		200,000		200,000		200,000	200,000
Specific projects and programs	621,297	#	189,574		181,426		224,223		327,988	206,850
Unrestricted	1,566,821	#_	1,974,784		6,640,918		7,870,673		7,643,018	6,515,241
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$ 60,746,505		\$ 58,990,975	\$	53,431,299	\$	51,006,481	\$	49,213,696	\$ 42,540,107

¹The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003, therefore, only six years of government-wide financial data is presented.

² Accounting standards require that net assets be reported in three components in the financial statements: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Net assets are considered restricted only when (1) an external party, such as the State of Georgia or the federal government, places a restriction on how the resources may be used, or (2) enabling legislation is enacted by the City.

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Source	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Taxes	\$ 5,082,905	\$ 6,450,790	\$ 6,041,173	\$ 7,222,819	\$ 11,174,843	\$ 11,409,067 ¹	\$ 8,546,855	\$ 9,634,307	\$ 11,671,614	¹ \$ 11,622,592 ¹
Intergovernmental	310,426	524,667	336,435	586,029	815,665	571,323	586,985	264,377	549,993	640,576
Licenses and permits	533,892	509,044	572,402	507,983	493,836	478,554	536,257	855,224	783,243	772,770
Fines and forfeitures	693,245	1,121,901	1,328,118	1,348,668	1,261,107	1,351,768	1,367,790	1,258,238	1,610,839	1,449,617
Charges for services	379,333	425,792	441,872	431,049	563,410	523,276	604,108	589,913	629,416	1,009,406
Investment earnings	213,412	255,585	282,786	147,285	113,515	161,082	145,455	152,404	91,159	29,512
Miscellaneous	129,115	52,738	141,873	228,270	101,670	1,348,680	105,797	84,203	79,184	49,403
Total revenues	\$ 7,342,328	\$ 9,340,517	\$ 9,144,659	\$ 10,472,103	\$ 14,524,046	\$ 15,843,750	\$ 11,893,247	\$ 12,838,666	\$ 15,415,448	\$ 15,573,876
% change from prior year	2.7%	27.2%	-2.1%	14.5%	38.7%	9.1%	-24.9%	7.9%	20.1%	1.0%

¹In fiscal 2003, 2004, 2007 and 2008, the City drew down substantially more in sales taxes from the County than in prior years. The City may not levy a special purpose local option sales tax but receives a portion of the Bulloch County's special purpose local option sales tax.

City of Statesboro, Georgia General Fund Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal				Insurance	Alcoholic		
Year	Property ²	Vehicles	Franchise	Premium	Beverage	Other ¹	Total
1999	2,256,363	163,403	1,001,753	815,223	530,224	53,153	4,820,119
2000	2,731,093	211,701	969,827	844,446	550,906	55,007	5,362,980
2001	2,754,100	270,421	1,009,559	896,916	542,208	433,317	5,906,521
2002	2,746,354	222,986	1,018,729	824,484	568,241	35,322	5,416,116
2003	2,935,273	210,509	1,021,082	904,647	594,883	106,983	5,773,377
2004	2,897,418	204,064	1,048,355	974,995	611,823	153,606	5,890,261
2005	2,920,576	199,835	1,094,343	1,056,630	629,362	151,967	6,052,713
2006	2,951,977	193,355	1,221,274	1,136,795	621,962	119,951	6,245,314
2007	3,187,407	212,955	1,310,552	1,189,372	651,652	140,001	6,691,939
2008	3,503,408	212,301	1,432,343	1,240,647	682,476	103,079	7,174,254
Percentage Change In Dollars Over 10 Years	55.3%	29.9%	43.0%	52.2%	28.7%	93.9%	48.8%

¹ In fiscal year 2001, the method of accounting for hotel/motel taxes was changed from net to gross reporting. Also, fiscal year 2001 includes \$121,619 received from an audit of the hotel/motel taxes.

² The changes from 1999 to 2000 relate to the addition of East Georgia Regional Center as it was added to the tax digest as construction was completed.

General Governmental Expenditures by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Function		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
Current:																				
General government	\$	1,333,977	\$	1,461,926	\$	1,458,500	\$	1,386,832	\$	1.634.159	\$	1,603,534	\$	1,686,164	\$	1,789,557	\$	2,008,167	\$	2,140,864
Municipal court ¹	-	-	_	-	-	282,090	_	379,194	-	385,518	_	390,604	-	420,501	-	412,762	-	638,695	-	625,001
Public safety		4.039.403		4,104,718		4,116,306		4,660,326		5,197,807		5,426,428		5,983,162		6,356,845		6,783,582		7,751,876
Streets/public works		929,874		1,034,078		1,090,518		1,535,407		1,616,810		1,859,572		1,651,440		1,673,729		1,824,491		1,864,703
Parks and cemeteries		199,635		208,234		227,640		286,868		324,366		421,155		948,682		412,075		406,397		433,076
Engineering		324,813		321,820		329,437		374,887		439,151		522,804		576,857		671,252		640,078		669,869
Shop ²		230,679		265,396		278,945		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Planning and zoning		-		-		98,543		121,277		129,935		117,721		122,457		115,238		210,989		233,314
Community services		552,998		410,633		297,495		203,626		129,816		104,683		123,199		215,159		681,439		198,260
Community development		252,078		140,864		473,123		352,910		483,833		392,554		393,169		413,832		484,187		495,059
Total Current		7,863,457		7,947,669		8,652,597		9,301,327		10,341,395		10,839,055		11,905,631		12,060,449		13,678,025		14,412,022
% Change From Prior Year		-2.0%		1.1%		8.9%		7.5%		11.2%		4.8%		9.8%		1.3%		13.4%		5.4%
Capital Outlay		993,364		2,390,110		1,543,190		2,364,006		3,756,405		3,852,211		2,118,841		2,373,967		8,003,416		2,429,833
% Change From Prior Year		21.4%		140.6%		-35.4%		53.2%		58.9%		2.6%		-45.0%		12.0%		237.1%		-69.6%
Debt Service																				
Principal		161,960		462,066		463,502		34,500		37,000		39,000		41,000		119,184		170,689		254,295
Interest		102,241		112,234		107,455		94,097		82,864		77,040		88,372		66,886		67,886		46,241
Total Debt Service		264,201		574,300		570,957		128,597		119,864		116,040		129,372		186,070		238,575		300,536
% Change From Prior Year		18.8%		117.4%		-0.6%		-77.5%		-6.8%		-3.2%		11.5%		43.8%		28.2%		26.0%
Total Expenditures	\$	9,121,022	\$	10,912,079	\$	10,766,744	\$	11,793,930	\$	14,217,664	\$	14,807,306	\$	14,153,844	\$	14,620,486	\$	21,920,016	\$	17,142,391
% Change From Prior Year		0.6%		19.6%		-1.3%		9.5%		20.6%		4.1%		-4.4%		3.3%		49.9%		-21.8%
Debt Service as a Percentage of Total Noncapital Expenditures		3.3%		6.7%		6.2%		1.4%		1.1%		1.1%		1.1%		1.5%		1.7%		2.0%

¹ In fiscal year 2001, expenditure functions were changed as a result of the City's implementation of the State of Georgia's mandatory chart of accounts.

² In fiscal year 2002, the shop function was transferred into the fleet management internal service fund.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Governmental Fund - Fund Balances Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General Fund				-						
Reserved	\$ 393,356	\$ 305,904	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 190,475	\$ 209,413	\$ 244,757	\$ 199,020	\$ 169,631	\$ 170,717
Unreserved	3,272,845	4,261,744	4,265,343	3,778,493	3,726,401	4,589,068	4,732,116	3,823,745	2,595,299	1,478,379
Subtotal General Fund	3,666,201	4,567,648	4,265,343	3,778,493	3,916,876	4,798,481	4,976,873	4,022,765	2,764,930	1,649,096
General Fund Percentage Change	22.6%	24.6%	-6.6%	-11.4%	3.7%	22.5%	3.7%	-19.2%	-31.3%	-40.4%
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,522.00
Unreserved										
Special Revenue Funds ²	-	-	-	371,376	206,850	327,988	224,223	181,426	189,574	608,775
Capital Projects Fund ¹			698,700	1,150,543	873,130	944,493	130,799	1,256,771	(1,584,110)	82,957
Subtotal All Other										
Governmental Funds		-	698,700	1,521,919	1,079,980	1,272,481	355,022	1,438,197	(1,394,536)	704,254
Total Governmental Funds										
Reserved	393,356	305,904	_	-	190,475	209,413	244,757	199,020	169,631	183,239
Unreserved	3,272,845	4,261,744	4,964,043	5,300,412	4,806,381	5,861,549	5,087,138	5,261,942	1,200,763	2,170,111
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,666,201	\$ 4,567,648	\$ 4,964,043	\$ 5,300,412	\$ 4,996,856	\$6,070,962	\$5,331,895	\$ 5,460,962	\$ 1,370,394	\$ 2,353,350
All Governmental Funds Percentage Change	22.6%	24.6%	8.7%	6.8%	-5.7%	21.5%	-12.2%	2.4%	-74.9%	71.7%

¹In fiscal year 2001 a separate capital project fund was established.

²In fiscal year 2002, six special revenue funds were established to meet the requirements of the State of Georgia's mandatory chart of accounts.

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Residential Property Commercial Property Industrial Property Agricultural Property Use Property Utility Property and Mobile Homes Other Property Tax Exempt Property Assessed Rate Tax Actual Percentage Percentage 1999 111,977,263 139,989,353 8,522,187 1,420,332 680,440 10,387,364 23,701,460 194,920 4,747,137 292,126,182 8.500 742,183,298 6.0 2000 112,647,234 143,853,647 12,703,388 1,788,680 368,880 10,551,903 23,474,513 194,920 7,250,000 298,333,165 8.500 763,957,913 2.9 2001 113,435,172 160,103,415 12,607,760 1,721,120 367,320 10,387,350 25,934,525 194,920 435,648 324,315,934 9.200 811,878,955 6.2 2002 133,801,032 206,049,148 9,359,213 1,244,400 1,314,600 13,981,230 28,398,320 216,768 5,733,874 388,630,837 7.750 998,911,778 21. 2003<	
2000 112,647,234 143,853,647 12,703,388 1,788,680 368,880 10,551,903 23,474,513 194,920 7,250,000 298,333,165 8.500 763,957,913 2.9 2001 113,435,172 160,103,415 12,607,760 1,721,120 367,320 10,387,350 25,934,525 194,920 435,648 324,315,934 9.200 811,878,955 6.3 2002 133,801,032 206,049,148 9,359,213 1,244,400 1,314,600 13,981,230 28,398,320 216,768 5,733,874 388,630,837 7.750 985,911,778 21. 2003 133,668,976 213,243,900 7,767,909 1,286,680 1,503,720 13,981,230 28,202,404 213,320 4,504,381 395,363,758 7.750 999,670,348 1.4 2004 133,647,220 234,104,327 6,920,280 1,531,200 1,372,640 14,680,200 28,402,633 213,320 5,096,105 415,775,715 7.741 1,052,179,550 5.3 2005 150,273,037 272,246,100 6,758,133 1,169,760 1,510,880 18,524,000 27,819,183 151,488 5,205,094 473,247,527 6.921 1,196,131,553 13. 2006 152,086,310 274,694,201 5,908,250 1,142,680 1,424,200 18,524,040 28,606,845 139,084 8,985,597 473,540,013 6.921 1,206,314,025 0.5 2007 192,623,437 349,207,061 5,998,633 879,840 1,688,920 15,879,960 29,724,461 120,480 8,794,116 587,328,676 6.358 1,490,306,980 23. 2008 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2 2008	Annual Percentage Change
2000 112,647,234 143,853,647 12,703,388 1,788,680 368,880 10,551,903 23,474,513 194,920 7,250,000 298,333,165 8.500 763,957,913 2.9 2001 113,435,172 160,103,415 12,607,760 1,721,120 367,320 10,387,350 25,934,525 194,920 435,648 324,315,934 9.200 811,878,955 6.3 2002 133,801,032 206,049,148 9,359,213 1,244,400 1,314,600 13,981,230 28,398,320 216,768 5,733,874 388,630,837 7.750 985,911,778 21. 2003 133,668,976 213,243,900 7,767,909 1,286,680 1,503,720 13,981,230 28,202,404 213,320 4,504,381 395,363,758 7.750 999,670,348 1.4 2004 133,647,220 234,104,327 6,920,280 1,531,200 1,372,640 14,680,200 28,402,633 213,320 5,096,105 415,775,715 7.741 1,052,179,550 5.3 2005 150,273,037 272,246,100 6,758,133 1,169,760 1,510,880 18,524,000 27,819,183 151,488 5,205,094 473,247,527 6.921 1,196,131,553 13. 2006 152,086,310 274,694,201 5,908,250 1,142,680 1,424,200 18,524,040 28,606,845 139,084 8,985,597 473,540,013 6.921 1,206,314,025 0.5 2007 192,623,437 349,207,061 5,998,633 879,840 1,688,920 15,879,960 29,724,461 120,480 8,794,116 587,328,676 6.358 1,490,306,980 23. 2008 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2 2008	
2001 113,435,172 160,103,415 12,607,760 1,721,120 367,320 10,387,350 25,934,525 194,920 435,648 324,315,934 9.200 811,878,955 6.3 2002 133,801,032 206,049,148 9,359,213 1,244,400 1,314,600 13,981,230 28,398,320 216,768 5,733,874 388,630,837 7.750 985,911,778 21. 2003 133,668,976 213,243,900 7,767,909 1,286,680 1,503,720 13,981,230 28,202,404 213,320 4,504,381 395,363,758 7.750 999,670,348 1.4 2004 133,647,220 234,104,327 6,920,280 1,531,200 1,372,640 14,680,200 28,402,633 213,320 5,096,105 415,775,715 7.741 1,052,179,550 5.3 2005 150,273,037 272,246,100 6,758,133 1,169,760 1,510,880 18,524,000 27,819,183 151,488 5,205,094 473,247,527 6,921 1,196,131,553 13. 2006 152,086,310 274,694,201 5,908,250 1,142,680 1,424,200 18,524,040 28,606,845 139,084 8,985,597 473,540,013 6,921 1,206,314,025 0.5 2007 192,623,437 349,207,061 5,998,633 879,840 1,688,920 15,879,960 29,724,461 120,480 8,794,116 587,328,676 6.358 1,490,306,980 23. 2008 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2	6.0%
2002 133,801,032 206,049,148 9,359,213 1,244,400 1,314,600 13,981,230 28,398,320 216,768 5,733,874 388,630,837 7.750 985,911,778 21.2 2003 133,668,976 213,243,900 7,767,909 1,286,680 1,503,720 13,981,230 28,202,404 213,320 4,504,381 395,363,758 7.750 999,670,348 1.4 2004 133,647,220 234,104,327 6,920,280 1,531,200 1,372,640 14,680,200 28,402,633 213,320 5,096,105 415,775,715 7.741 1,052,179,550 5.3 2005 150,273,037 272,246,100 6,758,133 1,169,760 1,510,880 18,524,000 27,819,183 151,488 5,205,094 473,247,527 6.921 1,196,131,553 13. 2006 152,086,310 274,694,201 5,908,250 1,142,680 1,424,200 18,524,040 28,606,845 139,084 8,985,597 473,540,013 6.921 1,206,314,025 0.9 2007 192,623,437 349,207,061 5,998,633 879,840 1,688,920 15,879,960 29,724,461 120,480 8,794,116 587,328,676 6.358 1,490,306,980 23. 2008 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2	2.9%
2003 133,668,976 213,243,900 7,767,909 1,286,680 1,503,720 13,981,230 28,202,404 213,320 4,504,381 395,363,758 7.750 999,670,348 1.4 2004 133,647,220 234,104,327 6,920,280 1,531,200 1,372,640 14,680,200 28,402,633 213,320 5,096,105 415,775,715 7.741 1,052,179,550 5.3 2005 150,273,037 272,246,100 6,758,133 1,169,760 1,510,880 18,524,000 27,819,183 151,488 5,205,094 473,247,527 6.921 1,196,131,553 13. 2006 152,086,310 274,694,201 5,908,250 1,142,680 1,424,200 18,524,040 28,606,845 139,084 8,985,597 473,540,013 6.921 1,206,314,025 0.5 2007 192,623,437 349,207,061 5,998,633 879,840 1,688,920 15,879,960 29,724,461 120,480 8,794,116 587,328,676 6.358 1,490,306,980 23. 2008 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2	6.3%
2004 133,647,220 234,104,327 6,920,280 1,531,200 1,372,640 14,680,200 28,402,633 213,320 5,096,105 415,775,715 7.741 1,052,179,550 5.3 2005 150,273,037 272,246,100 6,758,133 1,169,760 1,510,880 18,524,000 27,819,183 151,488 5,205,094 473,247,527 6,921 1,196,131,553 13. 2006 152,086,310 274,694,201 5,908,250 1,142,680 1,424,200 18,524,040 28,606,845 139,084 8,985,597 473,540,013 6,921 1,206,314,025 0.9 2007 192,623,437 349,207,061 5,998,633 879,840 1,688,920 15,879,960 29,724,461 120,480 8,794,116 587,328,676 6,358 1,490,306,980 23. 2008 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2	21.4%
2005 150,273,037 272,246,100 6,758,133 1,169,760 1,510,880 18,524,000 27,819,183 151,488 5,205,094 473,247,527 6.921 1,196,131,553 13. 2006 152,086,310 274,694,201 5,908,250 1,142,680 1,424,200 18,524,040 28,606,845 139,084 8,985,597 473,540,013 6.921 1,206,314,025 0.9 2007 192,623,437 349,207,061 5,998,633 879,840 1,688,920 15,879,960 29,724,461 120,480 8,794,116 587,328,676 6.358 1,490,306,980 23. 2008 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2	1.4%
2006 152,086,310 274,694,201 5,908,250 1,142,680 1,424,200 18,524,040 28,606,845 139,084 8,985,597 473,540,013 6.921 1,206,314,025 0.9 (2007) 192,623,437 349,207,061 5,998,633 879,840 1,688,920 15,879,960 29,724,461 120,480 8,794,116 587,328,676 6.358 1,490,306,980 23. (2008) 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2 (2008) Percentages	5.3%
2007 192,623,437 349,207,061 5,998,633 879,840 1,688,920 15,879,960 29,724,461 120,480 8,794,116 587,328,676 6.358 1,490,306,980 23. 2008 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2 Percentages	13.7%
2008 198,301,459 364,606,300 9,438,297 788,800 527,600 15,171,200 32,148,066 139,999 7,730,648 613,391,073 6.358 1,552,804,303 4.2 Percentages	0.9%
Percentages	23.5%
	4.2%
1999 37.7% 47.2% 2.9% 0.5% 0.2% 3.5% 8.0% 0.1% 1.6% 98.4%	
1777 1770 1770 1770 1770 1770 1770	
2000 36.9% 47.1% 4.2% 0.6% 0.1% 3.5% 7.7% 0.1% 2.4% 97.6%	
2001 34.9% 49.3% 3.9% 0.5% 0.1% 3.2% 8.0% 0.1% 0.1% 99.9%	
2002 33.9% 52.2% 2.4% 0.3% 0.3% 3.5% 7.2% 0.1% 1.5% 98.5%	
2003 33.4% 53.3% 1.9% 0.3% 0.4% 3.5% 7.1% 0.1% 1.1% 98.9%	
2004 31.8% 55.6% 1.6% 0.4% 0.3% 3.5% 6.7% 0.1% 1.2% 98.8%	
2005 31.4% 56.9% 1.4% 0.2% 0.3% 3.9% 5.8% 0.0% 1.1% 98.9%	
2006 31.5% 56.9% 1.2% 0.2% 0.3% 3.8% 5.9% 0.0% 1.9% 98.1%	
2007 32.3% 58.6% 1.0% 0.1% 0.3% 2.7% 5.0% 0.0% 1.5% 98.5%	
2008 31.9% 58.7% 1.5% 0.1% 0.1% 2.4% 5.2% 0.0% 1.3% 98.7%	

Source:

Georgia Department of Revenue, Tax Digest Consolidation Summary

¹ All property is assessed at 40% of fair market value.

² Tax rates expressed in rate per \$1,000

City of Statesboro, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed taxable value)

		-	Overlapping Rates ¹										
Fiscal Year			Bulloch County Schools	State of Georgia ²	Total Overlapping	Total Overlapping and Direct							
1999	8.500	9.540	9.400	0.250	19.190	27.690							
2000	8.500	9.740	9.400	0.250	19.390	27.890							
2001	9.200	9.740	9.400	0.250	19.390	28.590							
2002	7.750	8.880	8.570	0.250	17.700	25.450							
2003	7.750	9.360	8.570	0.250	18.180	25.930							
2004	7.741	9.350	8.560	0.250	18.160	25.901							
2005	6.921	8.630	9.450	0.250	18.330	25.251							
2006	6.921	8.630	9.450	0.250	18.330	25.251							
2007	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498							
2008	6.358	10.440	9.450	0.250	20.140	26.498							

Source:

Georgia Department of Revenue, Property Tax Division

¹ Overlapping rates are those of Bulloch County governments and the State of Georgia that apply to property owners within the City of Statesboro.

² The State of Georgia levies one quarter of one mill on each county's taxable property to help finance their certification of each Georgia county's tax digests.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied	Collected V Fiscal Year		Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date	Total Uncollected Taxes			
Fiscal Year	for the Fiscal Year			in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
1999	2,421,278	2,116,000	87.39%	305,278	2,421,278	100.00%	-	0.00%		
2000	2,490,571	2,189,725	87.92%	300,846	2,490,571	100.00%	-	0.00%		
2001	2,896,406	2,564,160	88.53%	332,246	2,896,406	100.00%	-	0.00%		
2002	2,973,336	2,838,707	95.47%	134,629	2,973,336	100.00%	_	0.00%		
2003	3,049,469	2,879,301	94.42%	169,897	3,049,198	99.99%	271	0.01%		
2004	3,181,994	2,940,178	92.40%	241,187	3,181,365	99.98%	629	0.02%		
2005	3,243,858	3,104,218	95.70%	138,811	3,243,029	99.97%	829	0.03%		
2006	3,277,370	3,129,508	95.49%	145,826	3,275,334	99.94%	2,036	0.06%		
2007	3,415,324	3,331,010	97.53%	51,210	3,382,220	99.03%	33,104	0.97%		
2008	3,734,236	3,631,981	97.26%	-	3,631,981	97.26%	102,255	2.74%		

Source:

City of Statesboro Tax Collector's Office

City of Statesboro, Georgia
Principal Property Taxpayers
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 and Nine Years Ago

		2008	3			199	9
Principal Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Principal Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Statesboro HMA, Inc.	\$	17,188,160	2.8%	Frontier Communications of GA	\$	5,352,500	1.83%
Campus Club Associates, LLC		11,321,680	1.8%	Georgia Power		4,634,392	1.59%
Frontier Communications of Georgia		8,995,643	1.5%	JBPC South, Inc.		3,638,440	1.25%
Fairfield Stateboro Exchange	<u> </u>		1.25%	James M. Hull & Etal		3,195,640	1.09%
Inman Lanier		6,741,920	1.10%	Wal-Mart Stores East, Inc.	2,884,500		0.99%
Copper Beech Townhome		6,283,120	1.02%	SGWE Inc.		2,844,440	0.97%
Health Management Associates		5,844,945	0.95%	John R. Green		2,808,400	0.96%
Lanier Drive Associates LLC		5,648,884	0.92%	Lowe's of Statesboro		2,533,502	0.87%
Georgia Power		5,471,476	0.89%	Venture Properties LLC		1,828,160	0.63%
The Garden District		5,366,880	0.87%	Statesboro HMA, Inc.		1,686,024	0.58%
Total Principal Taxpayers		80,557,268	13.13%	Total Principal Taxpayers		31,405,998	10.75%
All Other Taxpayers	er Taxpayers 532,833,805 86.87%		86.87%	All Other Taxpayers		260,720,184	89.25%
Total \$ 613,391,073 100.00%		100.00%	Total	\$	292,126,182	100.00%	

Source:

City of Statesboro Tax Office

City of Statesboro, Georgia Overlapping Sales Tax Rates ¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	State of		Bulloch County	•	Total
Year	Georgia	LOST	SPLOST ²	E-SPLOST ³	Overlapping Rate
1999	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	-	6.00%
2000	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	_	6.00%
2001	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	-	6.00%
2002	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	-	6.00%
2003	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	-	6.00%
2004	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2005	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2006	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2007	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%
2008	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	7.00%

Source:

Georgia Departmentof Revenue, Sales and Use Tax Division

¹State law does not authorize the City to directly levy a sales tax, however, the City has an agreement with Bulloch County that they will receive amounts from both the 1997 and 2002 special purpose local option sales taxes.

² The current special purpose local option sales tax was approved effective October 1, 2007 and expires September 30, 2013.

³Effective January 1, 2004 the Bulloch County Board of Education began levying a 1% special purpose local option sales tax.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Water and Sewer Rates Fiscal Years 1999 - 2000

		V	Vater	
Fiscal Year	Rate per 0-3000 Gallons	Rate per Thousand, Next 2000 Gallons	Rate per Thousand, Next 5000 Gallons	Rate per Thousand, Over 10,000 Gallons
1999	7.00	1.65	1.40	1.10
2000	7.00	1.65	1.40	1.10
	S	Sewer		
	Rate per	Rate per		
	Thousand	Thousand		
	Gallons - City	Gallons - County		
1999	1.20	2.40		
2000	1.20	2.40		

Note:

Water rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Water and Sewer Rates Fiscal Years 2001 - 2008

If a Customer Has Both Water and Sewer Services, the Rates Are:

		W	ater			
Fiscal Year	-		Rate per 10,000-49,000 Gallons	Rate per 50,000 Gallons and up		
2001	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.10		
			2.00			
2002	4.50	1.90		2.10		
2003	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.10		
2004 2005	4.50 4.50	1.90 1.90	2.00 2.00	2.10 2.10		
2005	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.10		
2007	4.50	1.90	2.00	2.10		
2007	4.60	1.94	2.00	2.14		
	0.431		D (D . (
T. 1	Outside	D . 4	Rate per	Rate per		
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons		
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up		
2001	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.20		
2002	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.20		
2003	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.20		
2004	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.20		
2005	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.20		
2006	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.20		
2007	9.00	3.80	4.00	4.20		
2008	9.20	3.88	4.08	4.28		
		Se	wer			
	Inside		Rate per	Rate per		
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons		
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up		
2001	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2002	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2003	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2004	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2005	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2006	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2007	4.50	2.30	2.40	2.50		
2008	4.60	2.35	2.45	2.55		
	Outside		Rate per	Rate per		
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons		
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up		
2001	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00		
2002	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00		
2002	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00		
2003	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00		
2004	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00		
2005	9.00	4.60	4.80	5.00		
2007	9.00	4.60	4.80			
2008						
2008	9.20	4.70	4.90	5.10		

Note:

Rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

(continued)

City of Statesboro, Georgia Water and Sewer Rates Fiscal Years 2001 - 2008

(continued)

If a Customer Has Water Service Only, The Rates Are:

	Wa	ater	
Inside Base Rate	Rate per 0-9000 Gallons	Rate per 10,000-49,000 Gallons	Rate per 50,000 Gallons and up
9.00	1.90	2.00	2.10
			2.10
			2.10
			2.10
9.00	1.90	2.00	2.10
9.00	1.90	2.00	2.10
9.00	1.90	2.00	2.10
9.20	1.94	2.04	2.14
Outside		Rate per	Rate per
Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons
Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up
18.00	5.80	4.00	4.20
18.00	5.80	4.00	4.20
18.00	5.80	4.00	4.20
18.00	5.80	4.00	4.20
18.00	5.80	4.00	4.20
18.00	5.80	4.00	4.20
18.00	5.80	4.00	4.20
18.40	3.88	4.08	4.28
	9.00 9.00 9.00 9.00 9.00 9.00 9.00 9.00	Inside Base Rate Proceeded Proceded	Inside Base Rate Rate per 0-9000 Gallons 10,000-49,000 Gallons 9.00 1.90 2.00 9.00 1.90 2.00 9.00 1.90 2.00 9.00 1.90 2.00 9.00 1.90 2.00 9.00 1.90 2.00 9.00 1.90 2.00 9.20 1.94 2.04 Outside Base Rate per Rate Rate per 10,000-49,000 Gallons 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00 18.00 5.80 4.00<

If a Customer Has Sewer Service Only, The Rates Are:

		Se	wer					
Fiscal	Inside Base	Rate per	Rate per 10,000-49,000	Rate per 50,000 Gallons				
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up				
		0 2000 Garions	Guirons	unu up				
2001	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50				
2002	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50				
2003	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50				
2004	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50				
2005	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50				
2006	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50				
2007	9.00	2.30	2.40	2.50				
2008	9.20	2.35	2.45	2.55				
	Outside		Rate per	Rate per				
Fiscal	Base	Rate per	10,000-49,000	50,000 Gallons				
Year	Rate	0-9000 Gallons	Gallons	and up				
2001	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00				
2001	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00				
2002	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00				
2003	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00				
2005	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00				
2006	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00				
2007	18.00	4.60	4.80	5.00				
2008	18.40	4.70	4.90	5.10				

Note:

Rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Water Sold by Type of Customer Last Nine Fiscal Years

(in millions of gallons)

	Fiscal Year 2000		Fiscal Year 2001		Fiscal Year 2002		Fiscal Y		Fiscal Y 2004		Fiscal Year 2005		
Type of Customer	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	
Residential	557.6	47%	548.8	46%	529.5	45%	525.8	52%	550	59%	550.1	58%	
Industrial	102.6	9%	112.9	9%	104.8	9%	103.7	10%	75.5	8%	69.9	7%	
Commercial	301.1	26%	362.3	30%	264.7	23%	247.3	25%	283.5	30%	302.7	32%	
Government	213.5	18%	171.1	14%	275.7	23%	132.3	13%	29.9	3%	25.4	3%	
Total	1,174.8	100%	1,195.1	100%	1,174.7	100%	1,009.1	100%	938.9	100%	948.1	100%	

	Fiscal Y 200		Fiscal 200		Fiscal Y			
Type of Customer	Gallons	%	Gallons	%	Gallons	%		
Residential	572.9	57%	614.3	59%	544.9	57%		
Industrial	79.0	8%	74.9	7%	104.8	11%		
Commercial	313.3	31%	314.2	30%	259.9	27%		
Government	33.2	3%	37.3	4%	48.8	5%		
Total	998.4	100%	1,040.7	100%	958.4	100%		

City of Statesboro, Georgia Ratios of Total Debt Oustanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Govermental-		Business-typ	e Activities				
Fiscal Year			Water Notes	Total	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita	
1999	1,910,987	5,145,000	705,797	3,816,022	9,666,819	11,577,806	2.9%	510
2000	1,707,202	4,695,000	655,438	5,986,000	11,336,438	13,043,640	3.2%	575
2001	1,379,500	4,230,000	603,102	8,056,166	12,889,268	14,268,768	3.3%	620
2002	1,345,000	3,745,000	1,046,609	9,292,632	14,084,241	15,429,241	3.5%	663
2003	1,425,486	3,240,000	968,191	9,168,621	13,376,812	14,802,298	2.9%	623
2004	1,327,743	2,710,000	885,669	8,768,347	12,364,016	13,691,759	2.7%	556
2005	1,424,929	2,160,000	796,956	8,347,022	11,303,978	12,728,907	2.3%	491
2006	1,305,245	1,585,000	707,049	7,923,878	10,215,927	11,521,172	2.4%	434
2007	1,281,569	985,000	610,544	8,117,958	9,713,502	10,995,071	2.5%	424
2008	2,038,765	740,000	501,922	8,717,620	9,959,542	11,998,307	2.8%	451

Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

¹ In fiscal year 1997, the City entered into a lease agreement with the Downtown Statesboro Development Authority in the amount of \$1.5 million to provide for the acquisition, renovation and equipping the old Jaeckel Hotel for the purposes of converting this building to city hall.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts presented in \$1,000)

	1999 2000		2001 2002		2003 2004		2005			2006		2007		2008				
Assessed Value	\$	292,126	\$	298,333	\$ 324,316	\$	388,631	\$	395,364	\$ 415,776	\$	473,248	\$	473,540	\$	587,328	\$	613,391
Legal Debt Margin																		
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	\$	29,213	\$	29,833	\$ 32,432	\$	38,863	\$	39,536	\$ 41,578	\$	47,325	\$	47,354	\$	58,733	\$	61,339
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount reserved for repayment of general		-		-	-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
obligation debt					 					 		-		-				
Total debt applicable to limit		_		-	-				-							-		-
Legal debt margin	\$	29,213	\$	29,833	\$ 32,432	\$	38,863	\$	39,536	\$ 41,578	\$	47,325	\$	47,354	\$	58,733	\$	61,339
As a percentage of debt limit		100.00%		100.00%	 100.00%		100.00%		100.00%	100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%

Note:

Under Article 9, Section 5, Paragraph 1 of the State of Georgia Constitution, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of the assessed valuation of taxable property within the City.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2008

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable 1	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid With Property Taxes			
Bulloch County Board of Education ¹	\$ 11,545,000	100.0%	\$ 11,545,000
City Direct Debt			
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 11,545,000	100.0%	\$ 11,545,000

Source:

¹ Bulloch County Board of Education

² Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City.

³ For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another government unit's assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total assessed value.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	Operating	Less: Operating	Net Available		Debt Service					
Year	Revenue	Expenses ¹	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage ²			
1999	5,408,933	2,645,790	2,763,143	430,000	253,903	683,903	4.04			
2000	5,765,156	2,696,318	3,068,838	450,000	236,703	686,703	4.47			
2001	5,983,717	2,620,094	3,363,623	465,000	218,253	683,253	4.92			
2002	5,808,386	3,006,314	2,802,072	485,000	198,723	683,723	4.10			
2003	6,010,061	3,291,720	2,718,341	505,000	177,868	682,868	3.98			
2004	5,889,145	3,173,812	2,715,333	530,000	155,648	685,648	3.96			
2005	6,208,677	3,398,860	2,809,817	550,000	125,563	675,563	4.16			
2006	6,976,498	3,714,257	3,262,241	575,000	99,669	674,669	4.84			
2007	6,782,632	4,047,644	2,734,988	600,000	71,910	671,910	4.07			
2008	7,369,203	4,281,629	3,087,574	245,000	47,022	292,022	10.57			

¹ Operating expenses do not include depreciation or interest.

² The net revenues of the system must equal at least 1.20 times the highest annual debt service on bonds outstanding.

City of Statesboro, Georgia Principal Employers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 and Nine Years Ago

	2	008	199	1999			
		Percentage		Percentage			
	Number of	of Total City	Number of	of Total City			
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment			
Georgia Southern University	1,758	12.51%	1780	14.10%			
Bulloch County Board of Education	1,500	10.68%	1300	10.30%			
East Georgia Regional Medical Center	752	5.35%	600	4.75%			
Wal-Mart Supercenter	600	4.27%	300	2.38%			
The Sack Company	390	2.78%	205	1.62%			
Bulloch County Board of Commissioners	339	2.41%	230	1.82%			
City of Statesboro	279	1.99%	220	1.74%			
Lowe's Home Center	140	1.00%	130	1.03%			
Statesboro Herald	130	0.93%	144	1.14%			
Robbins Packing Company	110	0.78%	101	0.80%			
Total Principal Employers	5,998	42.69%	5,010	39.70%			
Other Employers	8,053	57.31%	7,611	60.30%			
Total All Employers	14,051	100.00%	12,621	100.00%			

Source:

City Economic Development Division. Statesboro-Bulloch Chamber of Commerce East Georgia Medical Center Human Resource Department Wal-Mart Super Center People Department

City of Statesboro, Georgia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Estimated Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
1999	22,696	403,807,232	17,792	N/A	8,351	2.6%
2000	22,698	412,740,432	18,184	26	8,367	2.7%
2001	23,018	433,636,102	18,839	26	8,354	3.5%
2002	23,269	438,364,691	18,839	26	8,498	3.2%
2003	23,744	514,603,712	21,673	26	9,429	2.9%
2004	24,604	501,946,204	20,401	26	9,707	2.9%
2005	25,915	561,785,370	21,678	26	9,826	4.5%
2006	26,534	486,102,880	18,320	26	9,044	3.5%
2007	25,953	444,055,830	17,110	26	8,480	4.2%
2008	26,624	425,478,144	15,981	27	9,380	6.7%

N/A - Information not available

Sources:

Georgia County Guide published by the University of Georgia 2000 U.S. Census Demographic Profile Georgia Department of Education Department of Labor

City of Statesboro, Georgia City Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Function/program	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2000	2007	2000
r unction/program										
City Manager's Office	2	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4
City Clerk's Office	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9
Finance	7	7	6	7	7	7	7	6	6	6
Human Resources	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Municipal Court Fund	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
Engineering	7	7	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Protective Inspections	0	0	3	3	4	4	4	4	2	2
Police	59	68	74	74	74	70	70	75	75	76
Animal Control	2	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Fire Department	24	27	31	31	32	32	32	33	33	33
Public Works Administration	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Streets	21	20	24	24	24	24	24	23	22	23
Parks	7	5	7	7	7	8	8	9	9	9
Planning	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Water and Sewer	16	16	19	18	18	20	20	18	18	19
Wastewater Treatment Plant	22	25	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Natural Gas	7	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Solid Waste Collection	14	19	19	19	19	19	19	16	16	16
Solid Waste Disposal	8	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Fleet Management	5	7	8	8	8	8	8	6	6	6
Infiltration and Inflow	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Total	214	234	259	261	263	260	260	258	260	262

Source:

City Budget Office.

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Capital Asset and Infastructure Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Function/program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	31	31	34	34	34	40	42	43	43	49
Fire stations	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Refuse collection										
Collection trucks	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	7	7	7
Streets and highways										
Streets (miles)	103	104	104	104	105	105	105	117	117	119
Traffic signals	8	8	8	8	9	11	11	11	12	13
Parks and recreation										
Acreage	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	55	83
Water										
Water mains (miles)	149	152	153	157	160	161	194	198	207	212
Fire hydrants	916	943	971	1,003	1,037	1,600	1,620	1,637	1,691	1,747
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	121	124	128	134	140	141	168	171	174	177
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	7,000	7,000	7,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Storm sewers (miles)	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5

Source:

Various City Departments.

City of Statesboro, Georgia

Operating Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Function/program						·		·		
Police										
Physical arrests	1,494	1,788	1,620	1,806	1,782	2,100	1,740	1,863	1,794	1,736
Traffic violations	7,858	12,408	10,224	10,100	8,451	8,138	7,691	7,781	10,823	10,032
Fire										
Emergency responses	852	902	772	844	890	894	855	930	927	743
Fires extinguished	113	154	122	162	102	138	214	124	226	157
Inspections	966	1,150	1,411	1,739	687	254	151	639	1,353	1,289
Refuse collection										
Refuse collected (tons per month)	N/A	N/A	1,545.2	1,574.2	1,641.3	1,716.7	1,770.4	1,771.85	1,821.79	1,981.00
Streets and highways										
Resurfacing (miles)	1.74	1.50	1.50	3.70	3.62	3.35	12.50	0	7.5	1.43
Water										
New connections	98	312	194	217	156	90	156	275	562	187
Water mains breaks	30	30	27	23	11	28	27	13	18	8
Average daily consumption	3,172	3,174	2,924	2,971	2,724	2,978	2,887	3,091	3,190	3,239
(thousands of gallons)										
Peak daily consumption	4,068	6,997	5,476	4,293	3,781	4,989	4,989	4,306	4,220	4,630
(thousands of gallons)										
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment	3,424	2,914	2,692	3,217	4,507	3,718	3,814	3,721	3,615	3,444
(thousands of gallons)										

Sources:

Various City departments.